A Multitumor CME/MOC-Accredited Live Webinar Series

Chronic Lymphocytic Leukemia

Tuesday, February 6, 2024 5:00 PM - 6:00 PM ET

Faculty

Lindsey Roeker, MD Jeff Sharman, MD



Faculty



Lindsey Roeker, MD
Assistant Attending Physician
Memorial Sloan Kettering Cancer Center
New York, New York



MODERATOR
Neil Love, MD
Research To Practice
Miami, Florida



Jeff Sharman, MD
Medical Director of Hematology Research
US Oncology Network
Willamette Valley Cancer Institute and Research Center
Eugene, Oregon

Commercial Support

This activity is supported by educational grants from AstraZeneca Pharmaceuticals LP and Lilly.



Dr Love — Disclosures

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CME Speaker	Curio Science, DAVA Oncology
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Stock Options/Stock — Public Company	Abbott Laboratories
Nonrelevant Financial Relationships	Medscape, PeerView

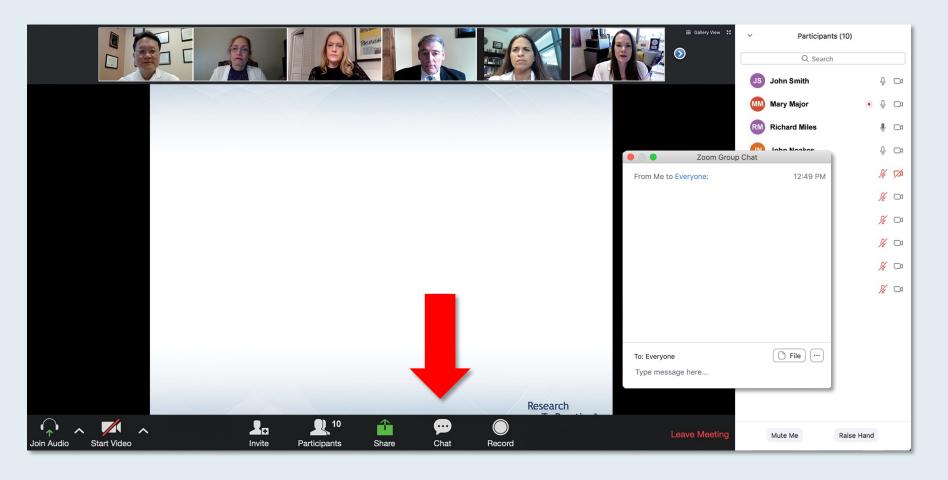


Dr Sharman — **Disclosures**

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We Encourage Clinicians in Practice to Submit Questions

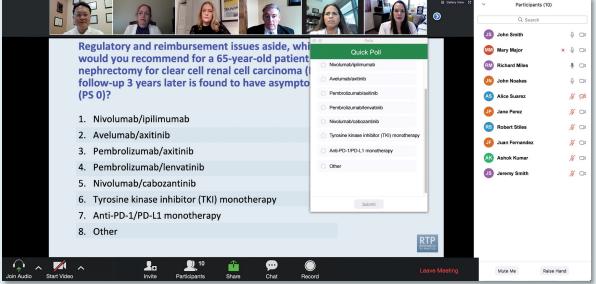


Feel free to submit questions now before the program begins and throughout the program.



Clinicians in the Audience, Please Complete the Pre- and Postmeeting Surveys







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WITH DR NEIL LOVE

Special Edition — Key Presentations on Chronic Lymphocytic Leukemia and Lymphoma from Recent Major Oncology/Hematology Conferences

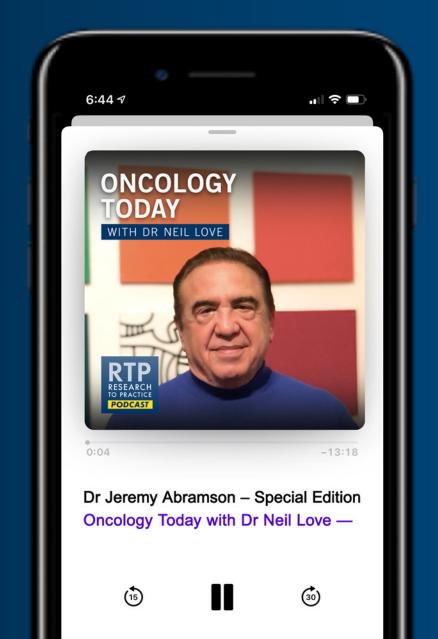


DR JEREMY ABRAMSON
MASSACHUSETTS GENERAL HOSPITAL









A Multitumor CME/MOC-Accredited Live Webinar Series

Gastroesophageal Cancers

Thursday, February 8, 2024 5:00 PM - 6:00 PM ET

Faculty

Yelena Y Janjigian, MD Zev Wainberg, MD, MSc



A Multitumor CME/MOC-Accredited Live Webinar Series

Lymphoma

Tuesday, February 13, 2024 5:00 PM - 6:00 PM ET

Faculty

Andrew M Evens, DO, MBA, MSc Sonali M Smith, MD



Consensus or Controversy? Investigator Perspectives on the Current and Future Role of Immune Checkpoint Inhibitors in the Management of Hepatobiliary Cancers — A 2024 Post-ASCO Gastrointestinal Cancers Symposium Review

A CME-Accredited Virtual Event

Thursday, February 15, 2024 5:00 PM – 6:00 PM ET

Faculty

Robin (Katie) Kelley, MD Mark Yarchoan, MD



A Multitumor CME/MOC-Accredited Live Webinar Series

Urothelial Bladder Cancer

Thursday, February 22, 2024 5:00 PM - 6:00 PM ET

Faculty

Shilpa Gupta, MD
Thomas Powles, MBBS, MRCP, MD



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Agenda

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MODULE 1: Current Management Approaches for Patients with Chronic Lymphocyctic Leukemia (CLL) — Dr Sharman

MODULE 2: Top 10 Questions — Part 1

MODULE 3: Future Directions in the Care of Patients with CLL — Dr Roeker

MODULE 4: Top 10 Questions — Part 2



Thank you for joining us!

CME and MOC credit information will be emailed to each participant within 5 business days.



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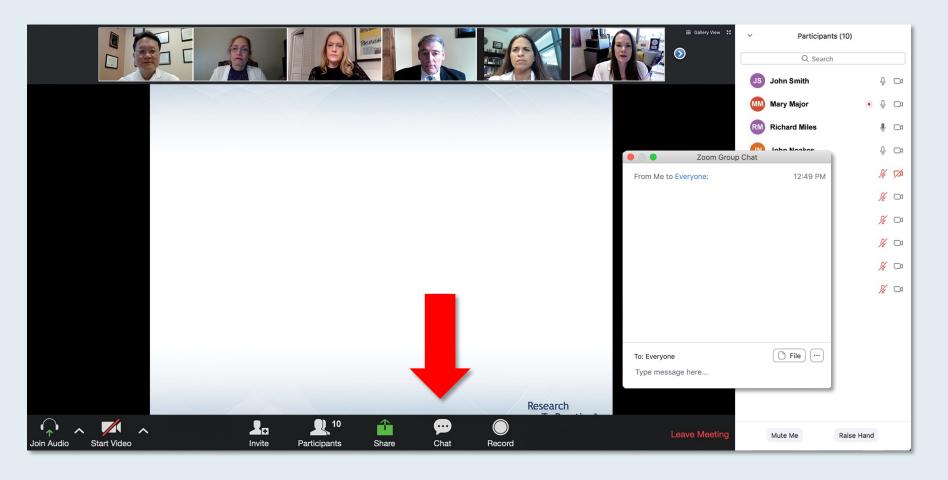


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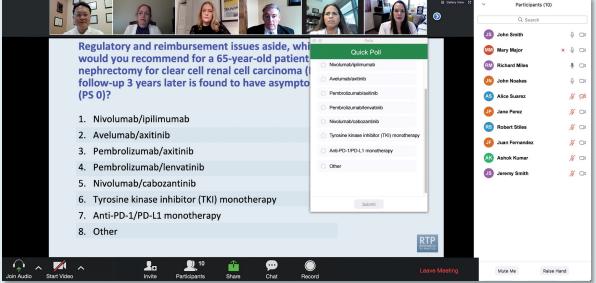


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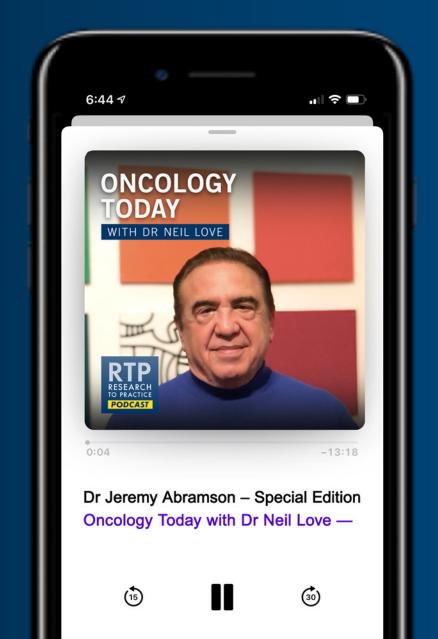


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MASSACHUSETTS GENERAL HOSPITAL









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JW Marriott Miami Turnberry

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Friday, March 22, 2024

6:30 PM - 7:00 PM

Welcome Reception

7:00 PM - 9:00 PM

Keynote Session: ER-Positive

Metastatic Breast Cancer

Erika Hamilton, MD Kevin Kalinsky, MD, MS Joyce O'Shaughnessy, MD Hope S Rugo, MD Special Feature: Clinicians with Breast Cancer

Saturday, March 23, 2024

7:30 AM - 9:10 AM

Hodgkin and Non-Hodgkin Lymphoma

Ann S LaCasce, MD, MMSc Matthew Lunning, DO Kami Maddocks, MD Andrew D Zelenetz, MD, PhD

9:30 AM - 10:20 AM

Gynecologic Cancers

Bradley J Monk, MD
David M O'Malley, MD

10:20 AM - 11:10 AM

Localized Breast Cancer; SABCS 2023 Review

Virginia Kaklamani, MD, DSc Kevin Kalinsky, MD, MS Joyce O'Shaughnessy, MD

11:10 AM - 12:00 PM

Metastatic Breast Cancer, Triple-Negative Breast Cancer, HER2-Positive Breast Cancer; SABCS 2023 Review

Erika Hamilton, MD Virginia Kaklamani, MD, DSc Hope S Rugo, MD

Saturday, March 23, 2024

12:30 PM - 1:20 PM

Prostate Cancer

Emmanuel S Antonarakis, MD Rana R McKay, MD

1:20 PM - 2:10 PM

Urothelial Bladder Cancer

Matthew D Galsky, MD Jonathan E Rosenberg, MD

2:10 PM - 3:00 PM

Renal Cell Carcinoma

Eric Jonasch, MD Brian Rini, MD 3:20 PM - 4:10 PM

Targeted Therapy for Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer

Ibiayi Dagogo-Jack, MD Helena Yu, MD

4:10 PM - 5:00 PM

Nontargeted Treatments for Lung Cancer

Edward B Garon, MD, MS Corey J Langer, MD

Sunday, March 24, 2024

7:30 AM - 8:20 AM

Multiple Myeloma

Natalie S Callander, MD Paul G Richardson, MD

8:20 AM - 9:10 AM

Gastroesophageal Cancers

Yelena Y Janjigian, MD Samuel J Klempner, MD

9:30 AM - 10:20 AM

Hepatobiliary Cancers

Ghassan Abou-Alfa, MD, MBA Richard S Finn, MD

10:20 AM - 11:10 AM

Colorectal Cancer

Kristen K Ciombor, MD, MSCI John Strickler, MD

11:10 AM - 12:00 PM

Pancreatic Cancer

Andrew Ko, MD
Eileen M O'Reilly, MD

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Year in Review Chronic Lymphocytic Leukemia

Jeff Sharman MD

Medical Director of Hematology Research
US Oncology / Sarah Cannon
Willamette Valley Cancer Institute

Future Directions in the Care of Patients with CLL

Lindsey Roeker, MD
Assistant Attending
Memorial Sloan Kettering Cancer Center
New York, NY



Jeff Sharman, MD

- Langerbeins P et al. **Ibrutinib** versus placebo in patients with **asymptomatic, treatment-naïve early stage** chronic lymphocytic leukemia (CLL): **Final results** of the **Phase 3**, double-blind, placebocontrolled **CLL12 trial**. EHA 2023;Abstract S200.
- Wiestner A et al. Long-term outcomes in chronic lymphocytic leukemia treated with ibrutinib: 10-year follow-up of a Phase 2 study. ASH 2023; Abstract 201.
- Hillmen P et al. Ibrutinib and rituximab versus fludarabine, cyclophosphamide, and rituximab for
 patients with previously untreated chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (FLAIR): Interim analysis of a
 multicentre, open-label, randomised, phase 3 trial. Lancet Oncol 2023;24(5):535-52.
- Sharman JP et al. **Acalabrutinib ± obinutuzumab** vs **obinutuzumab + chlorambucil** in **treatment-naive** chronic lymphocytic leukemia: **6-year follow-up** of **Elevate-TN**. ASH 2023;Abstract 636.
- Seymour JF et al. Detailed safety profile of **acalabrutinib vs ibrutinib** in **previously treated** chronic lymphocytic leukemia in the **ELEVATE-RR** trial. *Blood* 2023;142(8):687-99.



Jeff Sharman, MD (continued)

- Xu L et al. Broad superiority of **zanubrutinib** (zanu) over **bendamustine + rituximab** (BR) across multiple high-risk factors: Biomarker subgroup analysis in the **Phase 3 SEQUOIA** study in patients with **treatment-naive** (TN) chronic lymphocytic leukemia (CLL)/small lymphocytic lymphoma (SLL) without del(17p). ASH 2023; Abstract 1902.
- Brown J et al. Extended follow-up of **ALPINE** randomized **Phase 3** study confirms sustained superior progression-free survival of **zanubrutinib versus ibrutinib** for treatment of **relapsed/refractory** chronic lymphocytic leukemia and small lymphocytic lymphoma (R/R CLL/SLL). ASH 2023;Abstract 202.
- Fürstenau M et al. First-line venetoclax combinations in fit patients with CLL: 4-year follow-up and NGS-based MRD analysis from the Phase 3 GAIA/CLL13 trial. ASH 2023; Abstract 635.
- Al-Sawaf O et al. Venetoclax-obinutuzumab for previously untreated chronic lymphocytic leukemia:
 6-year results of the randomized CLL14 study. EHA 2023; Abstract S145.



Jeff Sharman, MD (continued)

- Kater A et al. Final 7-year follow up and retreatment substudy analysis of MURANO: Venetoclax-rituximab (VenR)-treated patients with relapsed/refractory chronic lymphocytic leukemia (R/R CLL). EHA 2023; Abstract S201.
- Crombie JL et al. **SAVE (Safe Accelerated Venetoclax Escalation)**: Initial results of a prospective, phase Ib study of venetoclax with an accelerated dose ramp-up in patients with CLL. ASCO 2023; Abstract 7512.
- Woyach JA et al. **Pirtobrutinib** in **post-cBTKi** CLL/SLL: ~30 months follow-up and subgroup analysis with/without prior BCL2i from the Phase 1/2 **BRUIN** study. ASH 2023;Abstract 325.
- Brown J et al. Genomic evolution and resistance during pirtobrutinib therapy in covalent BTK-inhibitor (cBTKi) pre-treated chronic lymphocytic leukemia patients: Updated analysis from the BRUIN study. ASH 2023; Abstract 326.



Lindsey Roeker, MD

- Ghia P et al. Relapse after **first-line fixed duration ibrutinib + venetoclax**: High response rates to ibrutinib retreatment and absence of BTK mutations in patients with chronic lymphocytic leukemia (CLL)/small lymphocytic lymphoma (SLL) with up to **5 years of follow-up** in the **Phase 2 Captivate** study. ASH 2023;Abstract 633.
- Kater A et al. Time-limited venetoclax and ibrutinib for patients with relapsed/refractory CLL who
 have undetectable MRD 4-year follow up from the randomized Phase II VISION/HO141 trial. EHA
 2023; Abstract S148.
- Hillmen P et al. **Ibrutinib plus venetoclax** with MRD-directed duration of treatment is superior to FCR and is a new standard of care for **previously untreated** CLL: Report of the **Phase III UK NCRI FLAIR** study. ASH 2023;Abstract 631.
- Woyach JA et al. Results of a **phase 3** study of **IVO vs IO** for **previously untreated** older patients (pts) with chronic lymphocytic leukemia (CLL) and impact of COVID-19 (Alliance). ASCO 2023; Abstract 7500.



Lindsey Roeker, MD (continued)

- Follows G et al. First-line fixed-duration ibrutinib plus venetoclax (Ibr + Ven) versus chlorambucil plus obinutuzumab (Clb + O): 55-month follow-up from the Glow study. ASH 2023; Abstract 634.
- Furstenau M et al. Long-term remissions with MRD-guided acalabrutinib, venetoclax and obinutuzumab in relapsed/refractory CLL: Follow-up efficacy and circulating tumor DNA analysis of the CLL2-Baag trial. ASH 2023;Abstract 203.
- Allan J et al. **Zanubrutinib and venetoclax** as **initial therapy** for CLL/SLL with **obinutuzumab triplet consolidation** in patients with minimal residual disease positivity **(BruVenG)**. ASH 2023;Abstract 3285.
- Roeker L et al. Fixed-duration pirtobrutinib combined with venetoclax ± rituximab in relapsed/refractory chronic lymphocytic leukemia: Updated results, including MRD data, from the BRUIN Phase 1b study. ASH 2023;Abstract 3269.
- Woyach JA et al. First-in-human study of the **reversible BTK inhibitor nemtabrutinib** in patients with **relapsed/refractory** chronic lymphocytic leukemia and B-cell non-Hodgkin lymphoma. *Cancer Discov* 2024;14(1):66-75.



Lindsey Roeker, MD (continued)

- Siddiqi T et al. Lisocabtagene maraleucel (liso-cel) in R/R CLL/SLL: 24-month median follow-up of TRANSCEND CLL 004. ASH 2023; Abstract 330.
- Tam C et al. Combination treatment with **sonrotoclax (BGB-11417)**, a second-generation BCL2 **inhibitor**, and **zanubrutinib**, a Bruton tyrosine kinase (BTK) inhibitor, is well tolerated and achieves deep responses in patients with **treatment-naïve** chronic lymphocytic leukemia/small lymphocytic lymphoma (TN-CLL/SLL): Data from an ongoing Phase 1/2 study. ASH 2023;Abstract 327.
- Frustaci AM et al. Results of MOLTO, a multicenter, open label, phase II clinical trial evaluating venetoclax, atezolizumab and obinutuzumab combination in Richter syndrome. ASCO 2023; Abstract 7502.
- Al-Sawaf O et al. **Tislelizumab plus zanubrutinib** in patients with **Richter transformation**: Primary endpoint analysis of the prospective, multi-center, **Phase-II RT1** trial of the German CLL Study Group. ASH 2023; Abstract 204.
- Wierda W et al. **Pirtobrutinib** in **Richter transformation**: Updated efficacy and safety results with 18-month median survival follow-up from the Phase 1/2 **BRUIN** study. ASH 2023; Abstract 1737.



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MODULE 1: Current Management Approaches for Patients with Chronic Lymphocyctic Leukemia (CLL) — Dr Sharman

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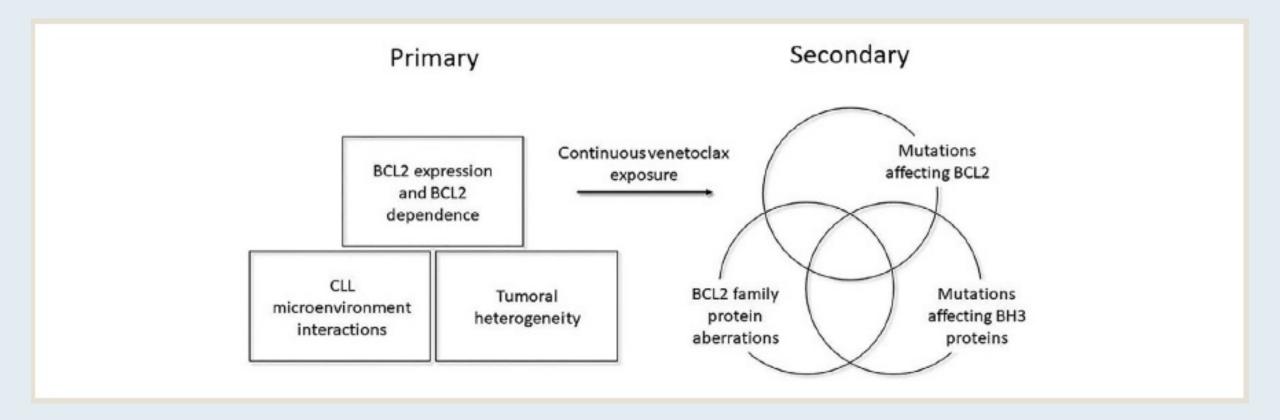
SOHO State of the Art Updates and Next Questions | Mechanisms of Resistance to BCL2 Inhibitor Therapy in Chronic Lymphocytic Leukemia and Potential Future Therapeutic Directions

Rory Bennett, ¹ Ella Thompson, ^{1,2} Constantine Tam³

Clin Lymphoma Myeloma Leuk 2022;22(11):795-804.

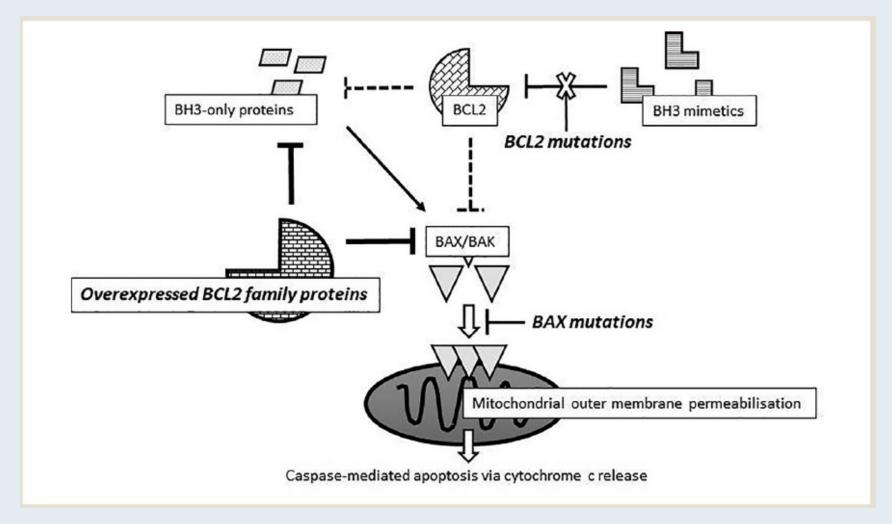


Summary of Known Factors Affecting Primary Resistance to Venetoclax and Resistance Mechanisms Acquired After Continuous Venetoclax Exposure in CLL





Mechanisms of Secondary Resistance to Bcl-2 Inhibition by BH3 Mimetics Such as Venetoclax





Reyes et al. Cancer Drug Resist 2023;6:828-37

DOI: 10.20517/cdr.2023.97

Cancer Drug Resistance

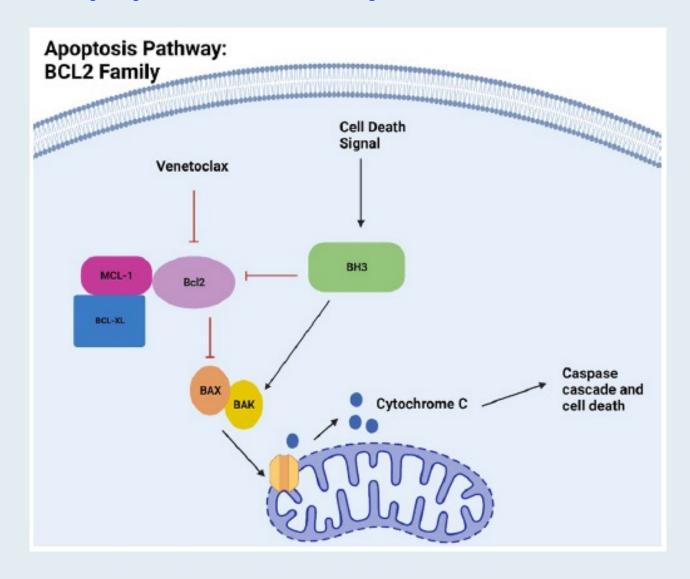
Review

Targeting BCL2 pathways in CLL: a story of resistance and ingenuity

Amanda Reyes¹, Tanya Siddiqi²

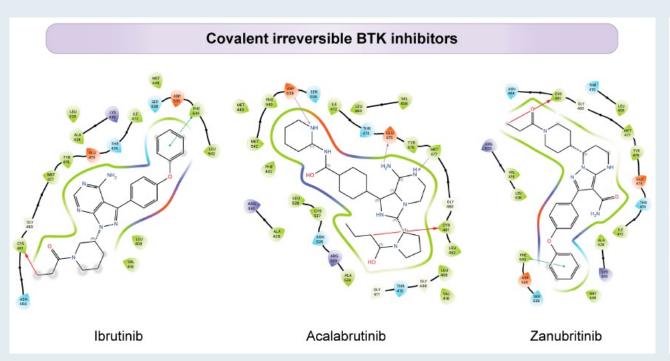


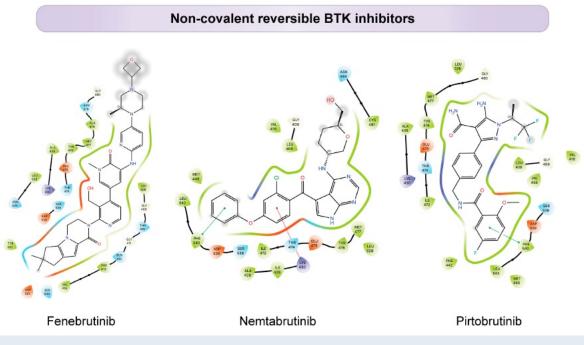
Apoptosis Pathway: Bcl-2 Proteins

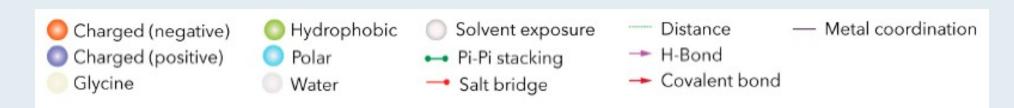




Differential Binding of Bruton Tyrosine Kinase (BTK) Inhibitors









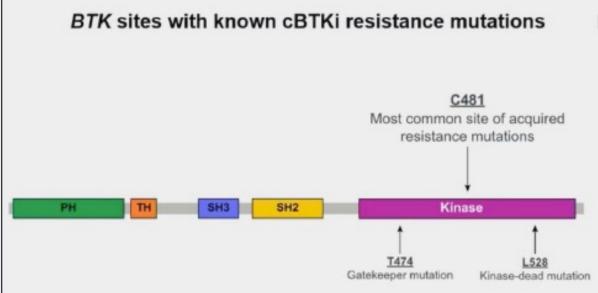
Genomic Evolution and Resistance during Pirtobrutinib Therapy in Covalent BTK-Inhibitor (cBTKi) Pre-Treated Chronic Lymphocytic Leukemia Patients: Updated Analysis from the BRUIN Study

Brown JR et al.

ASH 2023; Abstract 326.

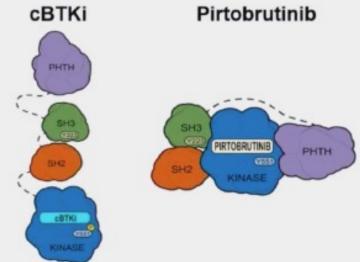


BTK Sites with Known Covalent BTK Inhibitor Resistance Mutations



- The majority of patients discontinue covalent BTK inhibitors (cBTKi) due to intolerance or progression^{1,2,3}
- BTK C481 substitutions are the most common resistance mechanism to cBTKi^{4,5,6}
- Acquired mutations have been identified in a limited number of patients treated with pirtobrutinib^{7,8}

Pirtobrutinib may stabilize BTK in a closed inactive conformation⁹



Inactive conformation of BTK by pirtobrutinib:

- blocks access to upstream kinases and phosphorylation of Y551
- inhibits both WT and C481-mutant BTK with equal low nM potency^{7,9}
- may inhibit kinase-independent BTK signaling⁹



Review

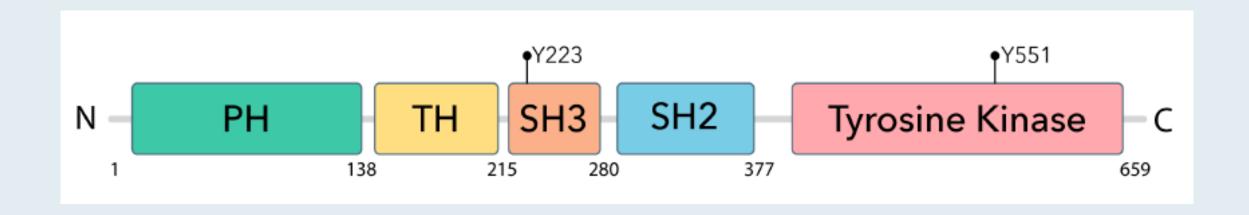
Resisting the Resistance: Navigating BTK Mutations in Chronic Lymphocytic Leukemia (CLL)

Alexandra Chirino †, Skye Montoya † D, Anita Safronenka and Justin Taylor * D

Genes (Basel) 2023 December 6;14(12):2182



BTK Domains and Activating Tyrosine Phosphorylation Sites



Map of the domains found in BTK starting at the N terminal: BTK is made up of 5 different domains: the pleckstrin homology (PH), proline-rich TEC homology (TH), SRC homology 3 (SH3), SRC homology 2 (SH2), and a catalytic (kinase) domain ending with the C terminal, totaling 659 amino acids in length.



Observed Amino Acid Mutations and Their Corresponding Resistance to Covalent and Noncovalent BTK Inhibitors in Patients with CLL (1)

7/	28	41	164	316	416	428	437
Original residue	Arginine (R)	Glutamate (E)	Glycine (G)	Threonine (T)	Valine (V)	Alanine (A)	Methionine (M)
Mutated residue	Serine (S)	Lysine (K)	Aspartate (D)	Alanine (A)	Leucine (L)	Aspartate (D)	Arginine (R)





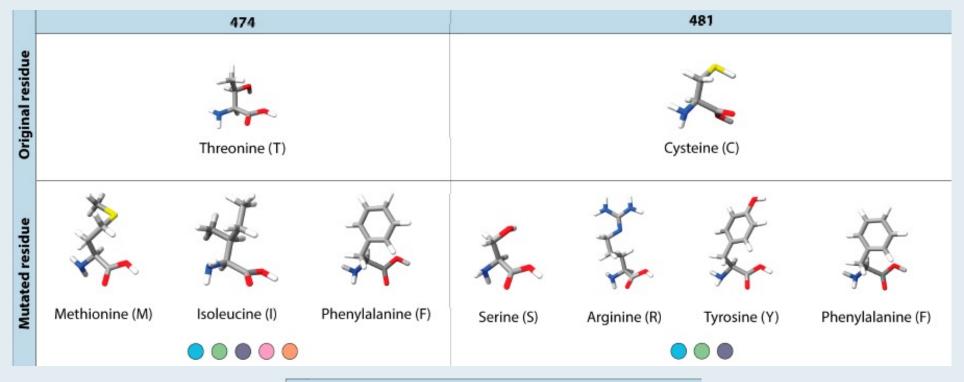
Observed Amino Acid Mutations and Their Corresponding Resistance to Covalent and Noncovalent BTK Inhibitors in Patients with CLL (2)

	477	480	490	516	528	539
Original residue	Methionine (M)	Glycine (G)	Arginine (R)	Glutamine (Q)	Leucine (L)	Aspartate (D)
Mutated residue	Isoleucine (I)	Arginine (R)	Histidine (H)	Lysine (K)	Tryptophan (W)	Histidine (H)
	00	•	•		• • • •	





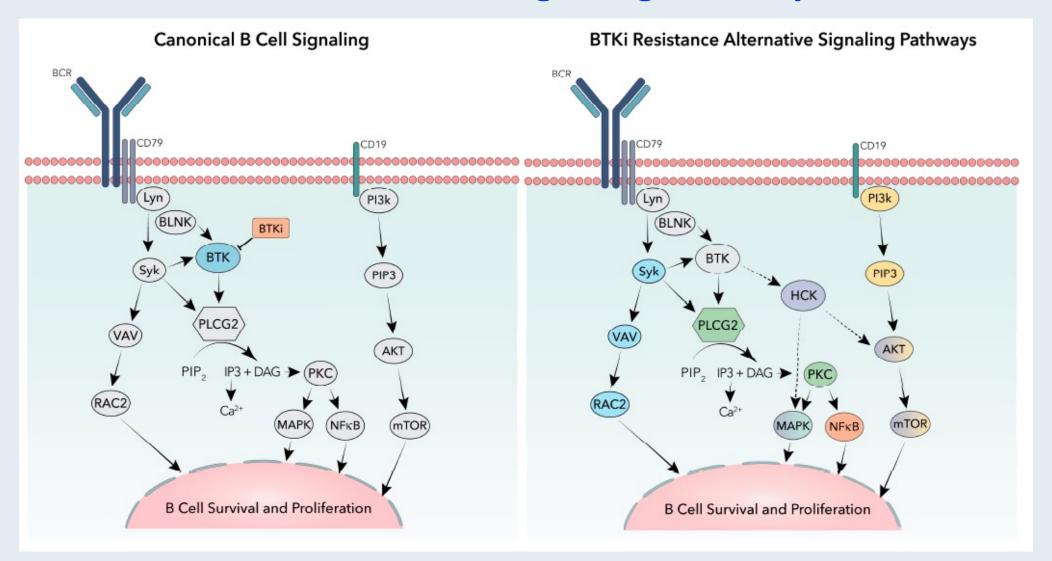
Observed Amino Acid Mutations and Their Corresponding Resistance to Covalent and Noncovalent BTK Inhibitors in Patients with CLL (3)







Canonical and Alternative Signaling Pathways in B Cells





2023;15(14):3648





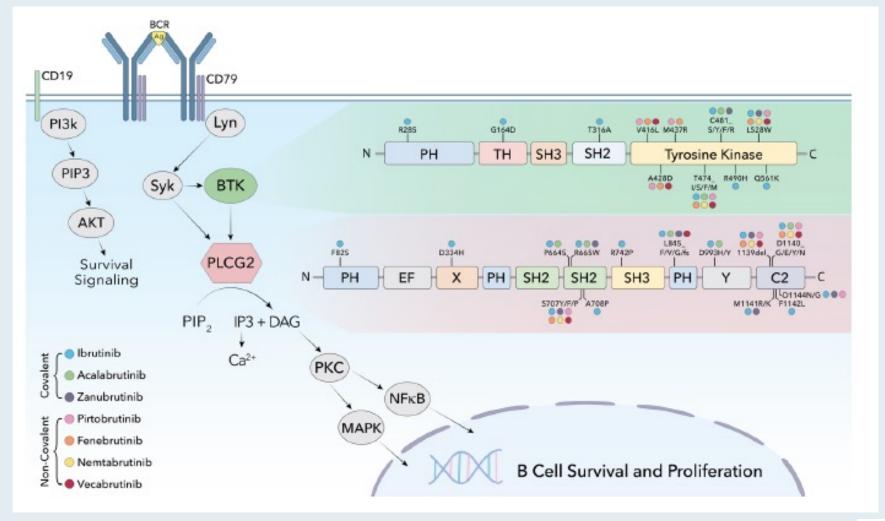
Review

Non-Covalent Bruton's Tyrosine Kinase Inhibitors in the Treatment of Chronic Lymphocytic Leukemia

Skye Montoya ¹ and Meghan C. Thompson ²,*



B-Cell Receptor Mediated Signaling, Highlighting Resistance-Causing Mutations in BTK and PLCG2 Kinases





2023;15(5):1583





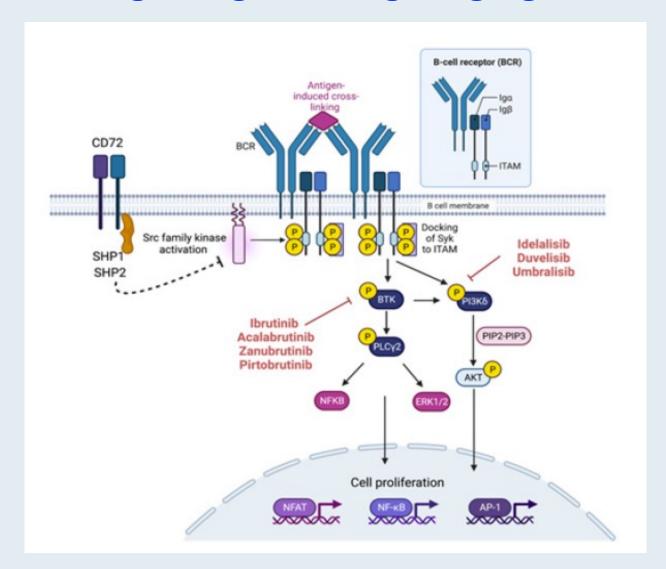
Review

Emerging Therapies in CLL in the Era of Precision Medicine

Prajish Iyer ¹ and Lili Wang ^{1,2,*}

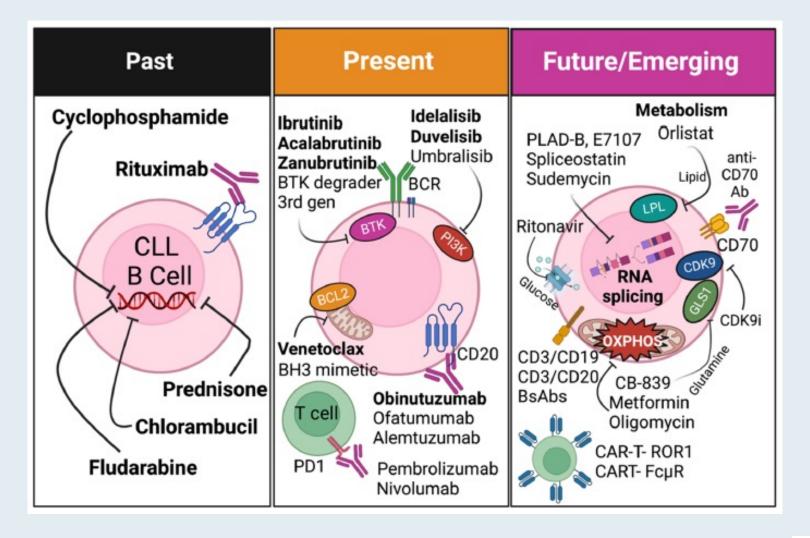


BCR Signaling and Targeting Agents





Summary of Past, Present and Emerging Treatments for CLL





Br J Haematol. 2023 January; 200(2): 137-149. doi:10.1111/bjh.18418.

Resistance to BTK inhibition in CLL and non-Hodgkin lymphoma

Shazia Nakhoda¹, Aldana Vistarop^{2,3}, Y. Lynn Wang^{2,3}

¹Department of Hematology, Fox Chase Cancer Center, Philadelphia, USA

²Department of Pathology, Fox Chase Cancer Center, Philadelphia, USA

³Blood Cell Development and Function Program, Fox Chase Cancer Center, Philadelphia, USA



Zhang et al. Biomarker Research (2022) 10:17 https://doi.org/10.1186/s40364-022-00357-5

Biomarker Research

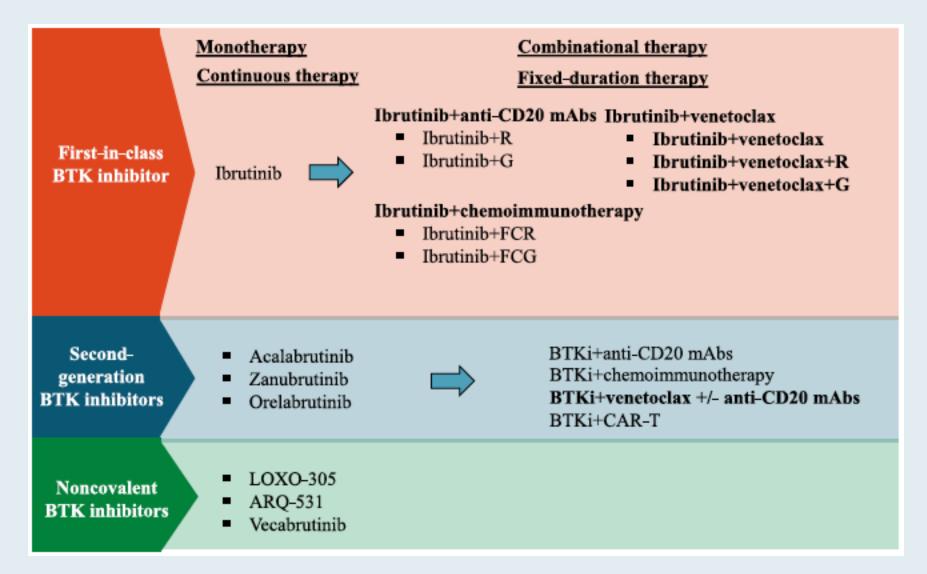
REVIEW Open Access

Combining BTK inhibitors with BCL2 inhibitors for treating chronic lymphocytic leukemia and mantle cell lymphoma

Jing Zhang^{1,2†}, Xueying Lu^{1,2†}, Jianyong Li^{1,2,3,4*} and Yi Miao^{1,2,3*}

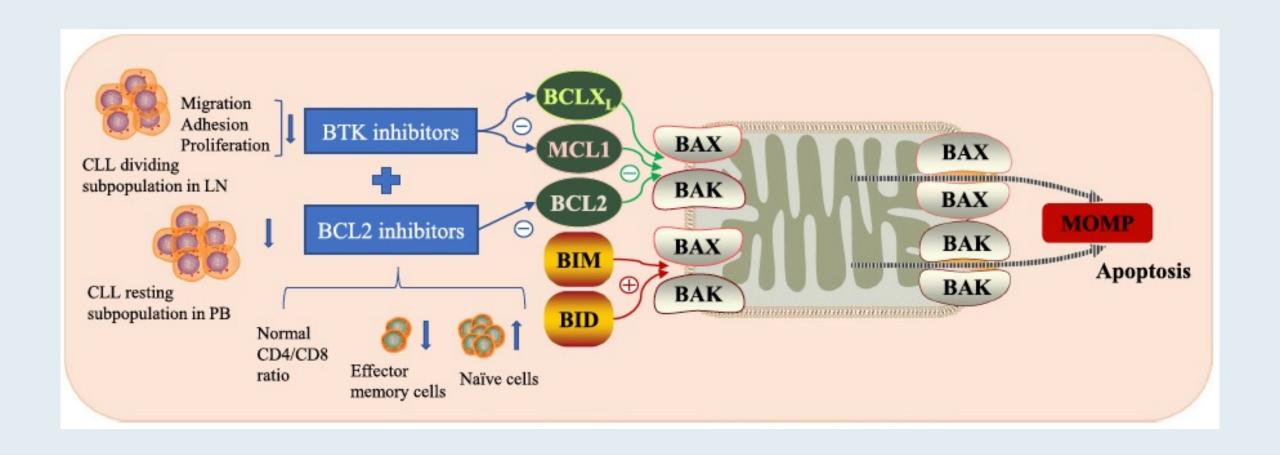


Covalent and Noncovalent BTK Inhibitors





Mechanisms of Action of BTK Inhibitors and Bcl-2 Inhibitors





Agenda

INTRODUCTION: An Audio Depiction of Mechanisms of Action of Bcl-2 Inhibitors, Anti-CD20 Antibodies and Covalent and Noncovalent BTK Inhibitors; Mechanisms of Resistance

MODULE 1: Current Management Approaches for Patients with Chronic Lymphocyctic Leukemia (CLL) — Dr Sharman

MODULE 2: Top 10 Questions — Part 1

MODULE 3: Future Directions in the Care of Patients with CLL — Dr Roeker

MODULE 4: Top 10 Questions — Part 2

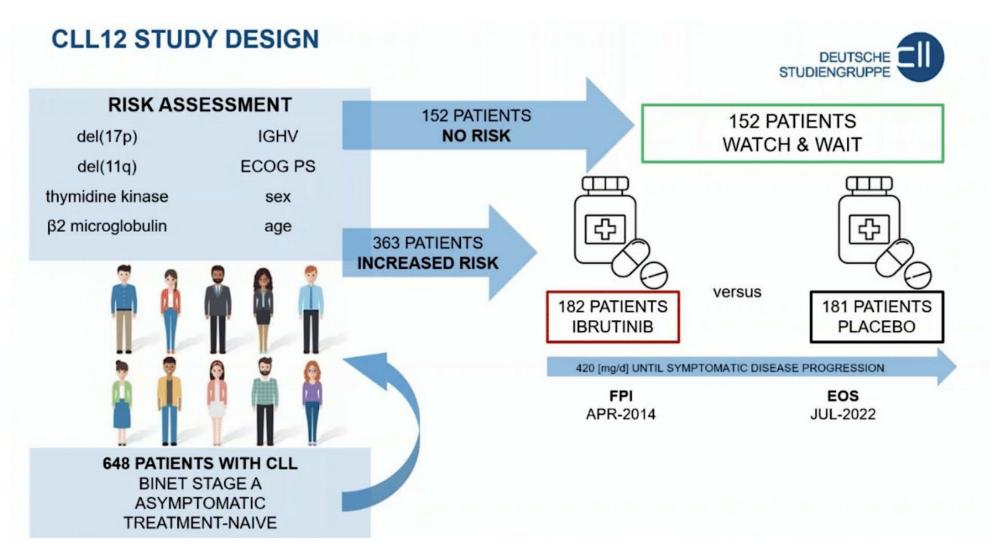


Front-Line Ibrutinib

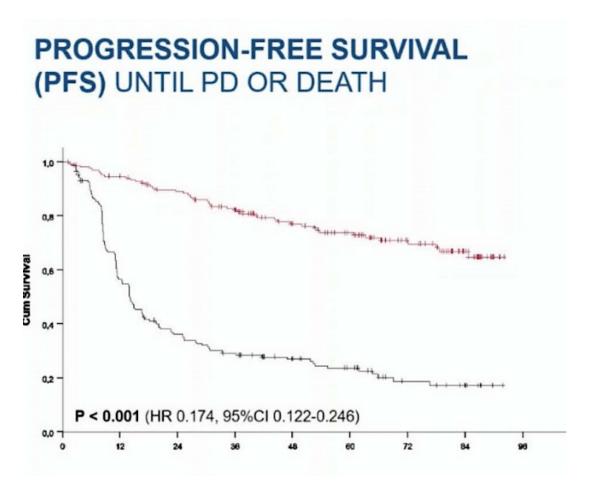
- Langerbeins P et al. **Ibrutinib** versus placebo in patients with **asymptomatic, treatment-naïve early stage** chronic lymphocytic leukemia (CLL): **Final results** of the **Phase 3**, double-blind, placebo-controlled **CLL12 trial**. EHA 2023;Abstract S200.
- Wiestner A et al. Long-term outcomes in chronic lymphocytic leukemia treated with ibrutinib: 10-year follow-up of a Phase 2 study. ASH 2023; Abstract 201.
- Hillmen P et al. **Ibrutinib and rituximab** versus **fludarabine**, **cyclophosphamide**, **and rituximab** for patients with previously untreated chronic lymphocytic leukaemia **(FLAIR)**: **Interim analysis** of a multicentre, open-label, randomised, **phase 3** trial. *Lancet Oncol* 2023;24(5):535-52.

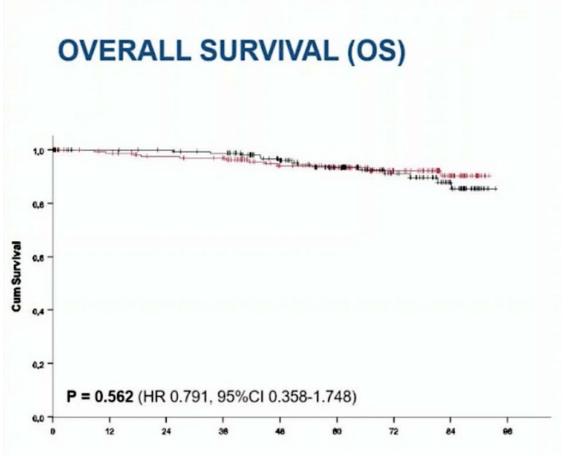


CLL12: Ibrutinib vs Watch and Wait



CLL12: Treatment improves PFS but no OS impact of early therapy





CLL12: Adverse Events (Patient Level)



	Ibrutinib N=170	Placebo N=168	Watch & wait N=152
Max. CTC grade, N (%)			
CTC grades 1 – 5	169 (99.4)	167 (99.4)	-
CTC grades 3 – 5	122 (71.8)	111 (66.1)	-
Marked as serious AE, N (%)	241 (9.9)	222 (14.9)	-
Second malignancy, N (%)			
CTC grades 1 – 5	22 (12.9)	36 (21.4)	15 (9.9)
CTC grade 5	2 (1.2)	5 (3)	2 (1.3)

CLL12: AEs of Clinical Interest (Patient Level)



	Ibrutinib N=170	Placebo N=168
Max. CTC grade, N (%)		
CTC grades 1 – 5	136 (80)	88 (52.4)
CTC grade 5	4 (2.4)	1 (0.6)
Bleeding	62 (36.5)	25 (14.9)
Cardiac arrhythmias	38 (22.4)	16 (9.5)
Cardiac event other than arrhythmia	30 (17.6)	26 (15.5)
Diarrhea	69 (40.6)	48 (28.6)
Hypertensive disorders	33 (19.4)	14 (8.3)

Frontline Ibrutinib Conclusions

- Early treatment of high risk CLL has not replaced watch and wait
- Placebo side effects considerable relative to ibrutinib
- TP53 mut/del reduces efficacy of ibrutinib but earlier use remains highly effective
- Ibrutinib superior to FCR in fit patients with variable impact on OS

Second-Generation BTK Inhibitors

- Sharman JP et al. **Acalabrutinib ± obinutuzumab** vs **obinutuzumab + chlorambucil** in **treatment-naive** chronic lymphocytic leukemia: **6-year follow-up** of **Elevate-TN**. ASH 2023;Abstract 636.
- Seymour JF et al. Detailed safety profile of **acalabrutinib vs ibrutinib** in **previously treated** chronic lymphocytic leukemia in the **ELEVATE-RR** trial. *Blood* 2023;142(8):687-99.
- Xu L et al. Broad superiority of **zanubrutinib** (zanu) over **bendamustine + rituximab** (BR) across multiple high-risk factors: Biomarker subgroup analysis in the **Phase 3 SEQUOIA** study in patients with **treatment-naive** (TN) chronic lymphocytic leukemia (CLL)/small lymphocytic lymphoma (SLL) without del(17p). ASH 2023; Abstract 1902.
- Brown J et al. Extended follow-up of ALPINE randomized Phase 3 study confirms sustained superior progression-free survival of zanubrutinib versus ibrutinib for treatment of relapsed/refractory chronic lymphocytic leukemia and small lymphocytic lymphoma (R/R CLL/SLL). ASH 2023; Abstract 202.



BTK/CD20

ELEVATE-TN study design

TN CLL (N=535)

Key inclusion criteria

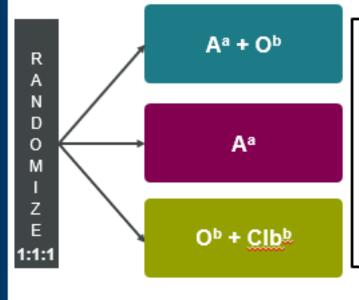
- Age ≥65 years, or >18 to <65 years with:
 - Creatinine clearance 30–69 mL/min (by Cockcroft-Gault equation)
 - CIRS-G score >6
- TN CLL requiring treatment per iwCLL 2008 criteria⁶
- ECOG PS ≤2

Key exclusion criteria

 Significant cardiovascular disease

Stratification

- · del(17p), yes vs no
- ECOG PS 0-1 vs 2
- · Geographic region



Primary endpoint

PFS (IRC-assessed): A+O vs O+Clb

Secondary/other endpoints

- PFS (IRC-assessed): A vs O+Clb
- PFS (INV-assessed)
- · ORR (IRC- and INV-assessed)
- TTNT
- OS
- uMRD
- Safety

Crossover from O+Clb to A was allowed after IRC-confirmed progression

Note: After interim analysis, PFS assessments were by investigator only.³ All analyses are ad-hoc and *P*-values are descriptive.

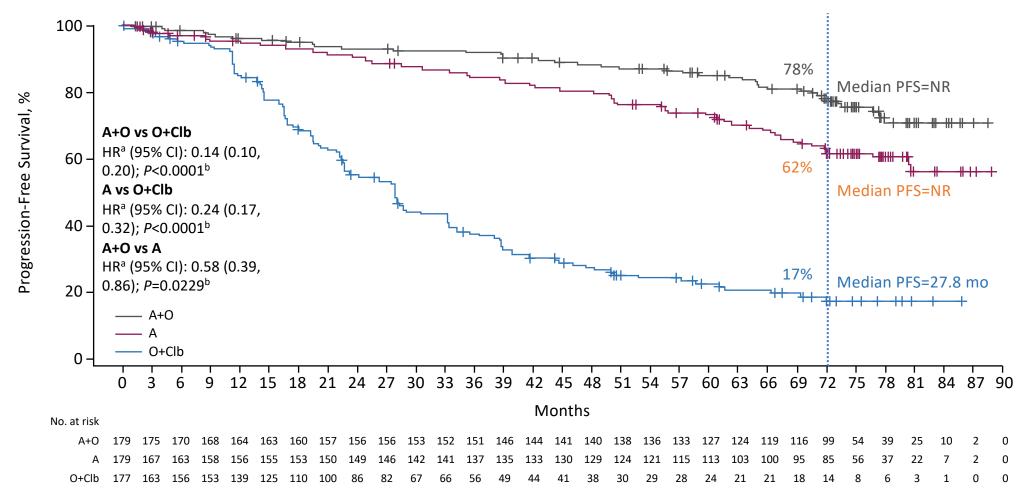
NCT02475681. Data cutoff: March 3, 2023. Patients were enrolled between September 2015 and February 2017.

Continued until disease progression or unacceptable toxicity at 100 mg PO BID.

*Treatments were fixed duration and administered for 6 cycles.

ELEVATE-TN 6 Year Update

ELEVATE-TN: Median PFS was significantly higher for A-containing arms vs O+Clb



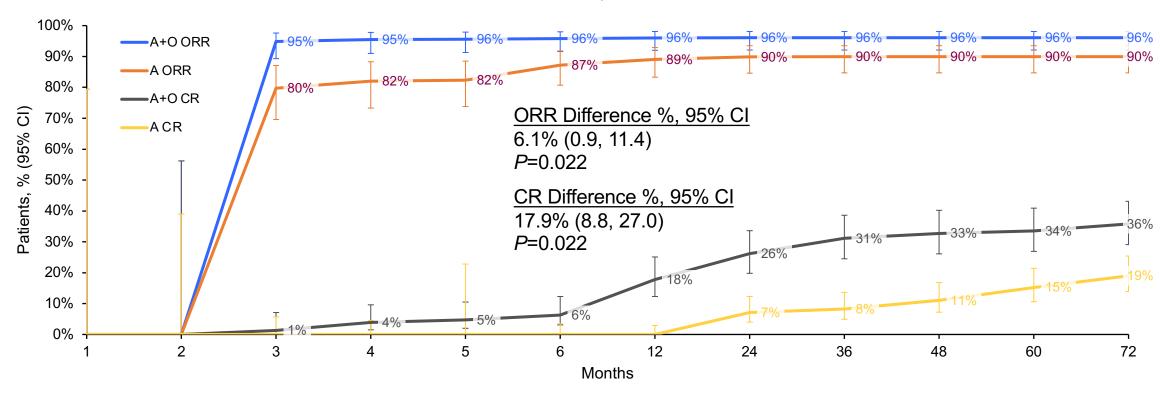
Median PFS was significantly higher for A+O vs A

^aHazard ratio based on stratified Cox proportional-hazards model.

bP-value based on stratified log-rank test.

ELEVATE-TN: ORR improves over time in acalabrutinibcontaining arms

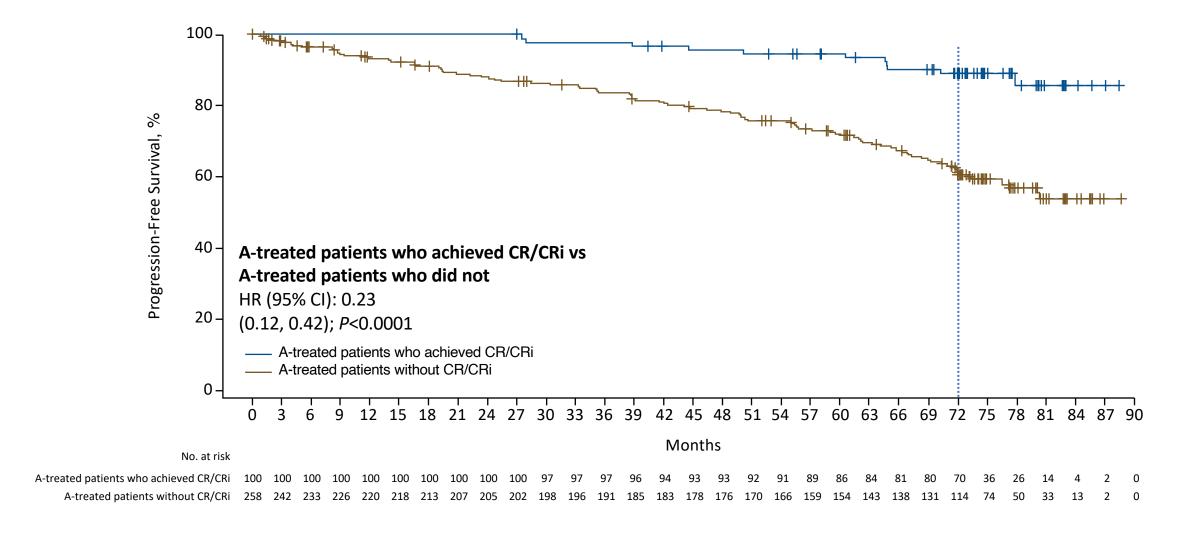




- ORR and CR/CRi rates were significantly higher with A+O and A vs O+Clb (P≤0.0499 for both arms of the analyses)
- ORR and CR/CRi rates were significantly higher with A+O vs A (P=0.022 for both comparisons)

^aORR is defined as achieving CR, CRi, nPR, or PR per the investigator per iwCLL 2008 criteria⁶ at or before initiation of subsequent anticancer therapy. ORR does not include PRL.

ELEVATE-TN: Acalabrutinib-treated patients who achieved CR/CRi had longer PFS

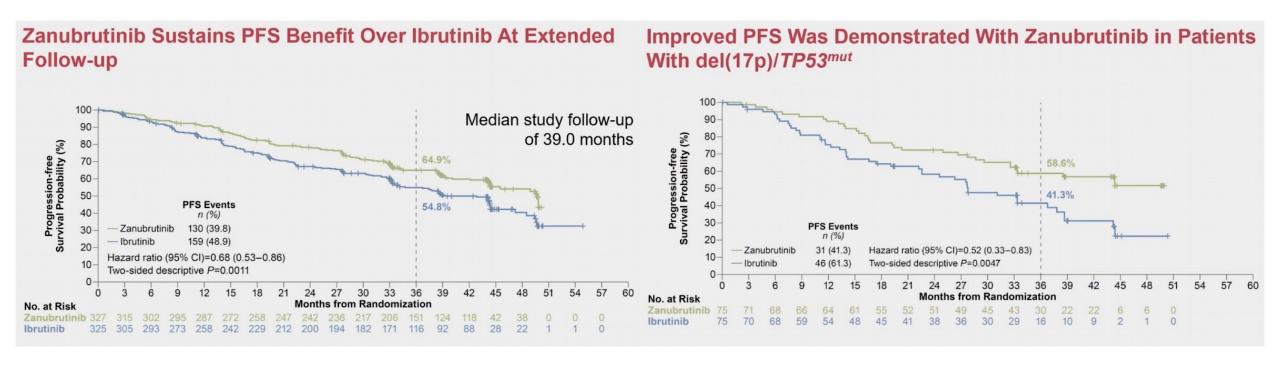


Extended Follow-up of ALPINE Randomized Phase 3 Study Confirms Sustained Superior Progression-free Survival of Zanubrutinib Versus Ibrutinib for Treatment of Relapsed/Refractory Chronic Lymphocytic Leukemia and Small Lymphocytic Lymphoma (R/R CLL/SLL)

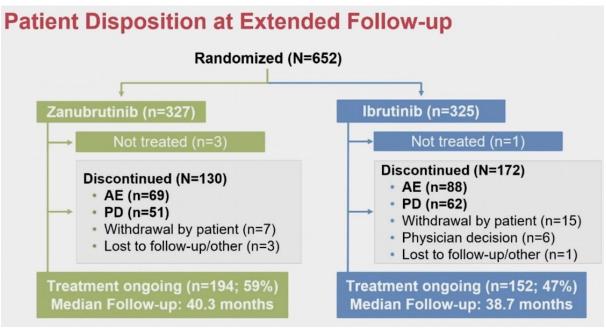
Jennifer R. Brown, MD, PhD1; Barbara Eichhorst, MD2; Nicole Lamanna, MD3; Susan M. O'Brien, MD4; Constantine S. Tam, MBBS, MD5,6; Lugui Qiu,

ALPINE Study Design (NCT03734016) R/R CLL/SLL with ≥1 prior treatment (N=652)Zanubrutinib 160 mg BID **Key Inclusion Criteria** R/R to ≥1 prior systemic therapy for R CLL/SLL 1:1 Measurable lymphadenopathy by CT or MRI Ibrutinib 420 mg QD Stratification Requires treatment per iwCLL factors: **Key Exclusion Criteria** Age, geographic region, refractoriness, Prior BTK inhibitor therapy Treatment until disease progression del(17p)/TP53 · Treatment with warfarin or other or unacceptable toxicity vitamin K antagonists Brown JR, Eichhorst B, Hillmen P, et al. N Engl J Med. 2023;388:319-332.

ALPINE: Zanu vs Ibrutinib



ALPINE: Zanu vs Ibrutinib





Second Generation BTK Conclusions

- Adding Obinutuzumab to acalabrutinib results in deeper responses and longer disease control
- Patients discontinue ibrutinib earlier than second generation BTK inhibitors and side effect profiles favor second generation agents
- Zanubrutinib beats BR in untreated CLL, study serves regulatory purpose if not clinical purpose

Venetoclax Combinations

- Fürstenau M et al. First-line venetoclax combinations in fit patients with CLL: 4-year follow-up and NGS-based MRD analysis from the Phase 3 GAIA/CLL13 trial. ASH 2023; Abstract 635.
- Al-Sawaf O et al. **Venetoclax-obinutuzumab** for **previously untreated** chronic lymphocytic leukemia: **6-year results** of the randomized **CLL14** study. EHA 2023;Abstract S145.
- Kater A et al. Final 7-year follow up and retreatment substudy analysis of MURANO: Venetoclax-rituximab (VenR)-treated patients with relapsed/refractory chronic lymphocytic leukemia (R/R CLL). EHA 2023; Abstract S201.
- Crombie JL et al. **SAVE (Safe Accelerated Venetoclax Escalation)**: Initial results of a prospective, phase Ib study of venetoclax with an accelerated dose ramp-up in patients with CLL. ASCO 2023; Abstract 7512.



Venetoclax Conclusions

- Obinutuzumab with venetoclax offers fixed duration therapy yielding impressive duration of disease control
- Bulky disease has lower PFS along with IgHV and TP53
- Obinutuzumab better than rituximab when combined with venetoclax
- Any advantage of triplet therapy emerges late
- Obi-ven can be given in both young/fit, and older/comorbid patients with similar efficacy
- Retreatment feasible
- Accelerating ramp up schedules remain a consideration

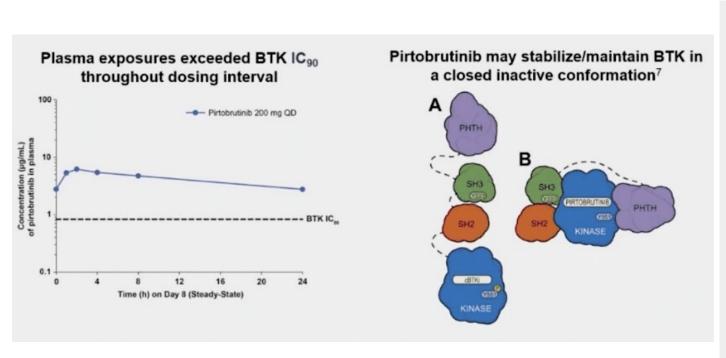
Pirtobrutinib

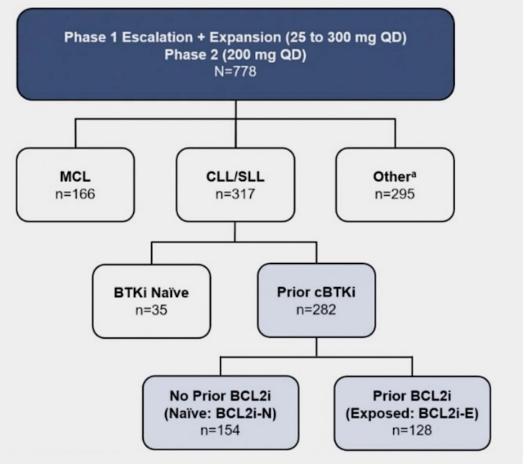
- Woyach JA et al. **Pirtobrutinib** in **post-cBTKi** CLL/SLL: ~30 months follow-up and subgroup analysis with/without prior BCL2i from the Phase 1/2 **BRUIN** study. ASH 2023;Abstract 325.
- Brown J et al. Genomic **evolution** and **resistance** during **pirtobrutinib** therapy in covalent BTK-inhibitor (cBTKi) pre-treated chronic lymphocytic leukemia patients: Updated analysis from the **BRUIN** study. ASH 2023;Abstract 326.



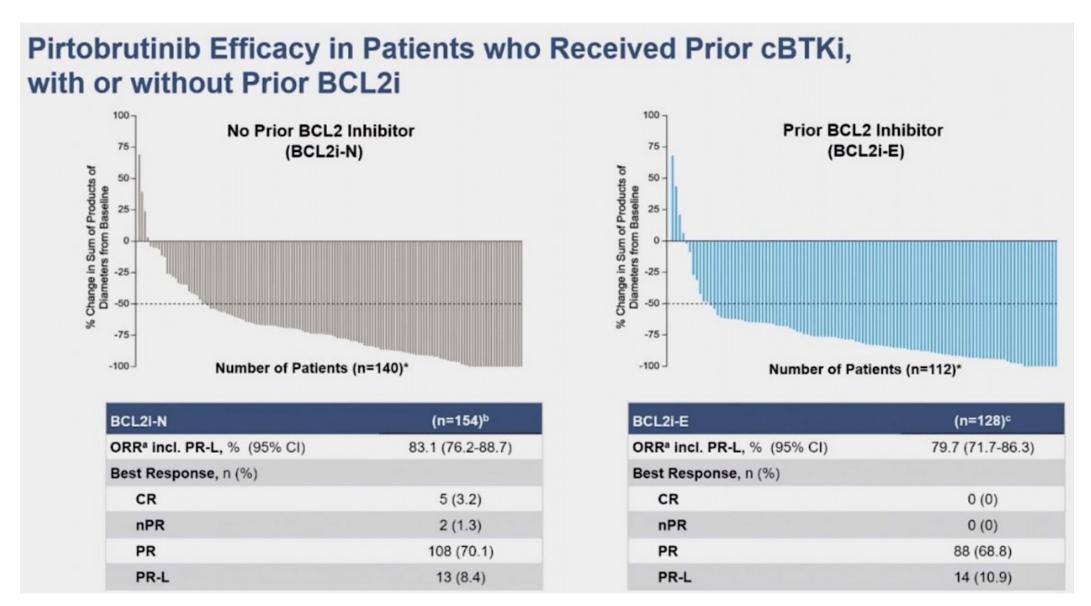
Pirtobrutinib in Post-cBTKi CLL/SLL: ~30 Months Follow-Up and Subgroup Analysis with/without Prior BCL2i from the Phase 1/2 BRUIN Study

<u>Jennifer A. Woyach</u>¹, Jennifer R. Brown², Paolo Ghia³, Lindsey E. Roeker⁴, Krish Patel⁵, Toby A. Eyre⁶, Talha

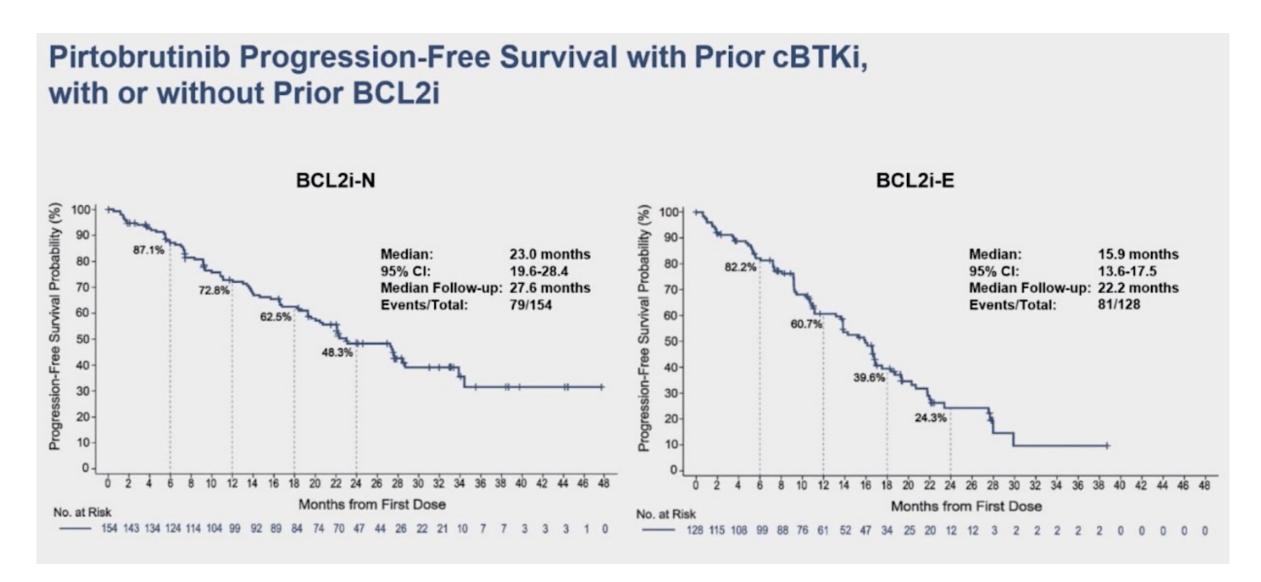




BRUIN: ORR Similar Between BCL-2 Exposed/Naive

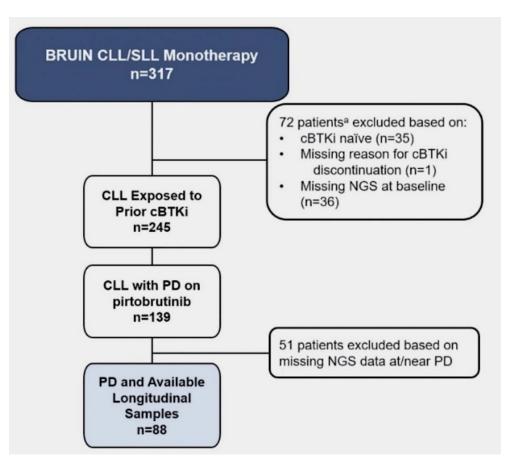


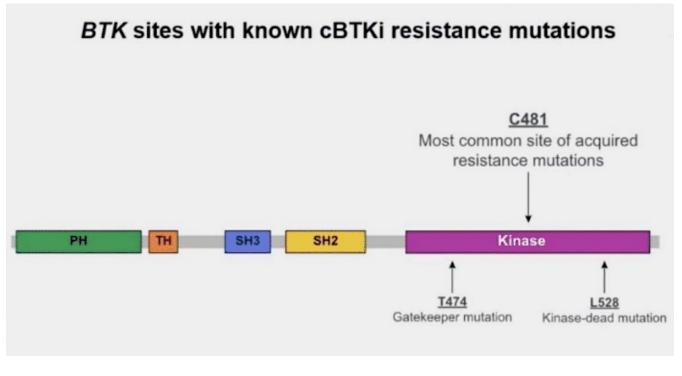
BRUIN: PFS Varied based upon prior BCL2 exposure

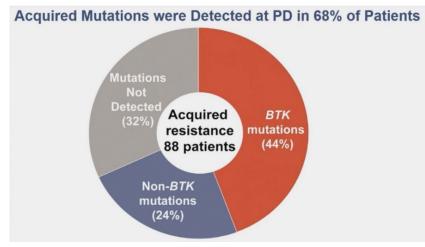


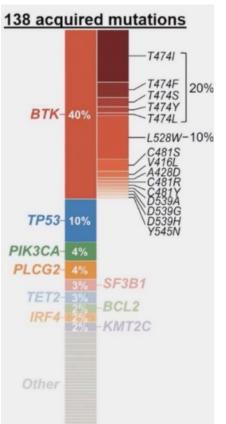
Genomic Evolution and Resistance during Pirtobrutinib Therapy in Covalent BTK-Inhibitor (cBTKi) Pre-treated Chronic Lymphocytic Leukemia Patients: Updated Analysis from the BRUIN Study

<u>Jennifer R. Brown¹</u>, Sai Prasad Desikan², Bastien Nguyen³, Helen Won³, Shady I. Tantawy², Samuel C.

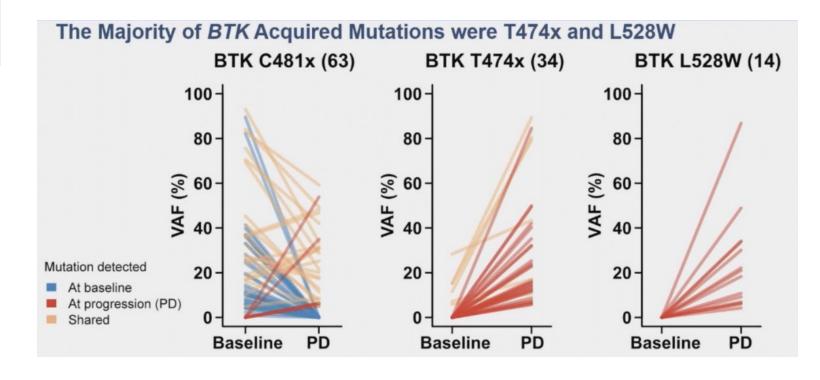








Mutation Profile Evolves on Pirtobrutinib



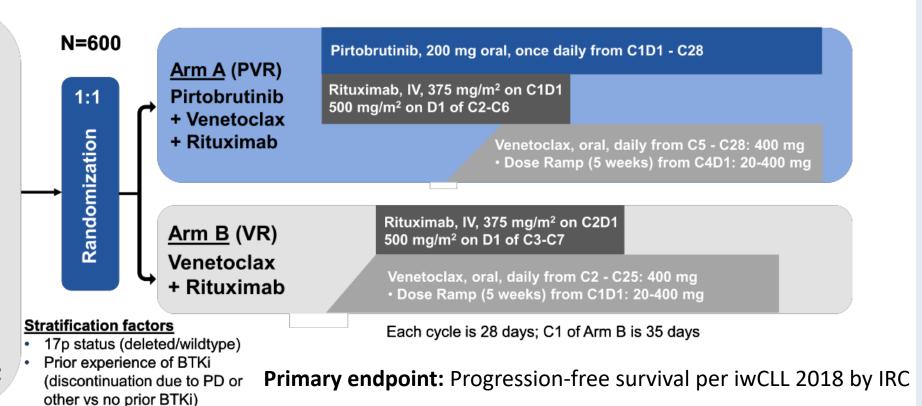
Pirtobrutinib conclusions

- Pirtobrutinib offers high response rates but modest PFS and significantly impacted by prior BCL2 use
- BTK resistance is an evolving story and clonal dynamics evolve quickly

BRUIN CLL-322: Phase III Trial Design

Key Inclusion Criteria

- Confirmed CLL/SLL per iwCLL 2018³
- Previously treated CLL/SLL (including a covalent BTKi or covalent BTKi naïve [limited to 20% of total enrollment])
- Known 17p status
 - If 17p status is unknown, local or central FISH test results during screening can be used
- No prior venetoclax
- ≥18 years of age and ECOG 0-2



June 2023: Enrollment ongoing for patients who previously received cBTKi, complete for cBTKi-naïve disease



Ongoing Phase III Trials Evaluating Pirtobrutinib

Trial	Population	Experimental Arm	Control Arm
NCT05023980, phase 3	Untreated CLL/SLL	Pirtobrutinib	Bendamustine + Rituximab
NCT04965493, phase 3	Previously treated CLL/SLL	Pirtobrutinib + Venetoclax + Rituximab	Venetoclax + Rituximab
NCT04666038, phase 3	BTK inhibitor pre-treated CLL/SLL	Pirtobrutinib	Investigator's choice of Idelalisib + Rituximab or Bendamustine + Rituximab
NCT04662255, phase 3	Previously treated, BTK inhibitor naïve MCL	Pirtobrutinib	Investigator choice of covalent BTK Inhibitor

BTK, Bruton's tyrosine kinase; CLL/SLL, chronic lymphocytic leukemia/small lymphocytic lymphoma; MCL, mantle cell lymphoma.



Agenda

INTRODUCTION: An Audio Depiction of Mechanisms of Action of Bcl-2 Inhibitors, Anti-CD20 Antibodies and Covalent and Noncovalent BTK Inhibitors; Mechanisms of Resistance

MODULE 1: Current Management Approaches for Patients with Chronic Lymphocyctic Leukemia (CLL) — Dr Sharman

MODULE 2: Top 10 Questions — Part 1

MODULE 3: Future Directions in the Care of Patients with CLL — Dr Roeker

MODULE 4: Top 10 Questions — Part 2



What is your approach to the selection of a first-line BTK inhibitor for patients requiring treatment?



How would you compare the efficacy of zanubrutinib to that of acalabrutinib monotherapy and/or acalabrutinib/obinutuzumab?



How do you approach first-line treatment for patients with high-risk disease (del(17p), TP53, IGHV unmutated)? What about asymptomatic patients?



How do you approach the use of venetoclax as first-line treatment?

Do you always use it in combination with anti-CD20 therapy; which anti-CD20 and which do you administer first?



How do you approach the use of a BTK inhibitor for a patient requiring anticoagulation?



Agenda

INTRODUCTION: An Audio Depiction of Mechanisms of Action of Bcl-2 Inhibitors, Anti-CD20 Antibodies and Covalent and Noncovalent BTK Inhibitors; Mechanisms of Resistance

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MODULE 2: Top 10 Questions — Part 1

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MODULE 4: Top 10 Questions — Part 2



Fixed-Duration Ibrutinib/Venetoclax

- Ghia P et al. Relapse after **first-line fixed duration ibrutinib + venetoclax**: High response rates to ibrutinib retreatment and absence of BTK mutations in patients with chronic lymphocytic leukemia (CLL)/small lymphocytic lymphoma (SLL) with up to **5 years of follow-up** in the **Phase 2 Captivate** study. ASH 2023;Abstract 633.
- Kater A et al. Time-limited venetoclax and ibrutinib for patients with relapsed/refractory CLL who
 have undetectable MRD 4-year follow up from the randomized Phase II VISION/HO141 trial. EHA
 2023; Abstract S148.
- Hillmen P et al. Ibrutinib plus venetoclax with MRD-directed duration of treatment is superior to FCR and is a new standard of care for previously untreated CLL: Report of the Phase III UK NCRI FLAIR study. ASH 2023; Abstract 631.
- Woyach JA et al. Results of a **phase 3** study of **IVO vs IO** for **previously untreated** older patients (pts) with chronic lymphocytic leukemia (CLL) and impact of COVID-19 (Alliance). ASCO 2023; Abstract 7500.
- Follows G et al. First-line fixed-duration ibrutinib plus venetoclax (lbr + Ven) versus chlorambucil plus obinutuzumab (Clb + O): **55-month follow-up** from the **Glow** study. ASH 2023; Abstract 634.



Ibrutinib plus venetoclax with MRD-directed duration of treatment is superior to FCR and is a new standard of care for previously untreated CLL: Report of the Phase III UK NCRI FLAIR study

I+V improves progression free and overall survival compared to FCR (a real control arm!), especially in uIGHV and regardless of cytogenetics

Relapse after first-line fixed duration ibrutinib + venetoclax: High response rates to ibrutinib retreatment and absence of BTK mutations in patients with chronic lymphocytic leukemia (CLL)/small lymphocytic lymphoma (SLL) with up to 5 years of follow-up in the Phase 2 CAPTIVATE study

Fixed duration I+V may mitigate risk of developing resistance mutations Patients can successfully be retreated with ibrutinib-based therapy First-line fixed-duration ibrutinib plus venetoclax (lbr+Ven) versus chlorambucil plus obinutuzumab (Clb+O): 55-month follow-up from the GLOW study

MRD status at end of treatment predicts PFS, especially for uIGHV (less significant for mIGHV)

I+V improves TTNT for uIGHV vs. Chlorambucil/Obin

Time-limited venetoclax and ibrutinib for patients with relapsed/refractory CLL who have undetectable MRD – 4-year follow up from the randomized Phase II VISION/HO141 trial

Patients who achieve uMRD and stop therapy can be successfully retreated upon MRD progression

Results of a phase 3 study of IVO vs IO for previously untreated older patients (pts) with chronic lymphocytic leukemia (CLL) and impact of COVID-19 (Alliance)

IVO is not superior to IO in older adults

Excess COVID-related deaths for those who received IVO

Second-Generation BTK Inhibitors in Combination with Venetoclax

- Furstenau M et al. Long-term remissions with MRD-guided acalabrutinib, venetoclax and obinutuzumab in relapsed/refractory CLL: Follow-up efficacy and circulating tumor DNA analysis of the CLL2-Baag trial. ASH 2023; Abstract 203.
- Allan J et al. Zanubrutinib and venetoclax as initial therapy for CLL/SLL with obinutuzumab triplet consolidation in patients with minimal residual disease positivity (BruVenG). ASH 2023; Abstract 3285.



Long-term remissions with MRD-guided acalabrutinib, venetoclax and obinutuzumab in relapsed/refractory CLL: Follow-up efficacy and circulating tumor DNA analysis of the CLL2-BAAG trial

Treatment with AVO in a R/R population achieves high levels of uMRD ctDNA enhances ability to detect early molecular relapse

Pirtobrutinib in Combination with Venetoclax/Rituximab

 Roeker L et al. Fixed-duration pirtobrutinib combined with venetoclax ± rituximab in relapsed/refractory chronic lymphocytic leukemia: Updated results, including MRD data, from the BRUIN Phase 1b study. ASH 2023; Abstract 3269.



Fixed-duration pirtobrutinib combined with venetoclax ± rituximab in relapsed/refractory chronic lymphocytic leukemia: Updated results, including MRD data, from the BRUIN Phase 1b study

Pirtobrutinib / Venetoclax ± Rituximab is effective (achieves high ORR) in R/R population

No DLTs observed, combination being explored in Ph3 study

Novel Agents and Strategies

- Woyach JA et al. First-in-human study of the **reversible BTK inhibitor nemtabrutinib** in patients with **relapsed/refractory** chronic lymphocytic leukemia and B-cell non-Hodgkin lymphoma. *Cancer Discov* 2024;14(1):66-75.
- Siddiqi T et al. Lisocabtagene maraleucel (liso-cel) in R/R CLL/SLL: 24-month median follow-up of TRANSCEND CLL 004. ASH 2023; Abstract 330.
- Tam C et al. Combination treatment with **sonrotoclax (BGB-11417)**, a second-generation BCL2 **inhibitor**, and **zanubrutinib**, a Bruton tyrosine kinase (BTK) inhibitor, is well tolerated and achieves deep responses in patients with **treatment-naïve** chronic lymphocytic leukemia/small lymphocytic lymphoma (TN-CLL/SLL): Data from an ongoing Phase 1/2 study. ASH 2023; Abstract 327.



New Agents

First-in-human study of the reversible BTK inhibitor nemtabrutinib in patients with relapsed/refractory chronic lymphocytic leukemia and B-cell non-Hodgkin lymphoma

Nemtabrutinib is a noncovalent BTKi with activity in CLL (regardless of C481 status) and NHL

Lisocabtagene maraleucel (liso-cel) in R/R CLL/SLL: 24-month median follow-up of TRANSCEND CLL 004

For responders, Liso-cel achieves durable remissions, even for those with double refractory disease

Combination treatment with sonrotoclax (BGB-11417), a second-generation BCL2 inhibitor, and zanubrutinib, a Bruton tyrosine kinase (BTK) inhibitor, is well tolerated and achieves deep responses in patients with treatment-naïve chronic lymphocytic leukemia/small lymphocytic lymphoma (TN-CLL/SLL): Data from an ongoing Phase 1/2 study

Sonrotoclax and Zanubrutinib is a well tolerated and effective (ORR 100%, though follow up is currently limited) combination

Richter's Transformation

- Frustaci AM et al. Results of MOLTO, a multicenter, open label, phase II clinical trial evaluating venetoclax, atezolizumab and obinutuzumab combination in Richter syndrome. ASCO 2023; Abstract 7502.
- Al-Sawaf O et al. **Tislelizumab plus zanubrutinib** in patients with **Richter transformation**: Primary endpoint analysis of the prospective, multi-center, **Phase-II RT1** trial of the German CLL Study Group. ASH 2023; Abstract 204.
- Wierda W et al. **Pirtobrutinib** in **Richter transformation**: Updated efficacy and safety results with 18-month median survival follow-up from the Phase 1/2 **BRUIN** study. ASH 2023; Abstract 1737.



Richter's Transformation

Results of MOLTO, a multicenter, open label, phase II clinical trial evaluating venetoclax, atezolizumab and obinutuzumab combination in Richter syndrome

Obin / Atezo / Ven has activity in untreated Richter's transformation with ORR of 68%, median PFS of 16 months (compares favorably to CIT)

Tislelizumab plus zanubrutinib in patients with Richter transformation: Primary endpoint analysis of the prospective, multi-center, Phase-II RT1 trial of the German CLL Study Group

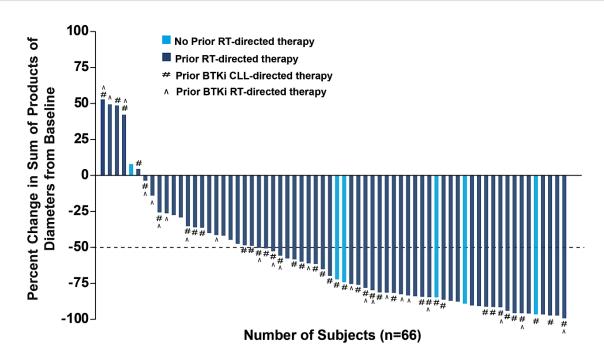
Tislelizumab / Zanubrutinib has activity in Richter's transformation (≤1 prior line) with ORR 58%, median PFS 10 months

Pirtobrutinib in Richter transformation: Updated efficacy and safety results with 18-month median survival follow-up from the Phase 1/2 BRUIN study

Characteristics	Overall n=82
Median Age, years (range)	67 (26-95)
Male, n (%)	55 (67)
ECOG PS, n (%)	
0	32 (39)
1	38 (46)
2	12 (15)
Ann Arbor Stage, n (%)	
Stage I-II	8 (10)
Stage III-IV	57 (70)
Missing	17 (21)
Tumor Bulk (cm), n (%)	
<5	39 (48)
≥5	36 (44)
No Measurable Lymph Node	7 (9)
Elevated LDH, n (%)	
Yes	66 (81)
No	16 (20)
Median Time, months (IQR)	
From Initial CLL Diagnosis to RT Presentation	61 (17-102)
From Transformation to First Pirtobrutinib Dose	5 (2-13)
Median Number of Prior Lines of, (range)	
CLL Therapy	2 (0-13)
RT Therapy	2 (0-8)
CLL and RT Therapy	4 (0-13)

Prior Therapies	Any	RT-Directed	CLL-Directed
Number of Patients, n/n (%)	81/82 (99)	74/82 (90)	65/82 (79)

	All	Prior RT Therapy
	n=82	n=74
Overall Response Rate ^a , % (95% CI)	50.0 (38.7-61.3)	48.6 (36.9-60.6)
Best Response,n (%)		
CR	11 (13.4)	9 (12.2)
PR	30 (36.6)	27 (36.5)



Median DOR = 7.4 months (9.7 mo f/u) Median PFS = 3.7 months (13.8 mo f/u) Pirtobrutinib in Richter transformation: Updated efficacy and safety results with 18-month median survival follow-up from the Phase 1/2 BRUIN study

Pirtobrutinib has single agent activity in R/R Richter's with ORR of 50%

Agenda

INTRODUCTION: An Audio Depiction of Mechanisms of Action of Bcl-2 Inhibitors, Anti-CD20 Antibodies and Covalent and Noncovalent BTK Inhibitors; Mechanisms of Resistance

MODULE 1: Current Management Approaches for Patients with Chronic Lymphocyctic Leukemia (CLL) — Dr Sharman

MODULE 2: Top 10 Questions — Part 1

MODULE 3: Future Directions in the Care of Patients with CLL — Dr Roeker

MODULE 4: Top 10 Questions — Part 2



Regulatory and reimbursement issues aside, in what situations, if any, do you believe a first-line combination of a BTKi and venetoclax (with or without an anti-CD20 antibody) is a reasonable choice for CLL?



Globally, how would you evaluate the efficacy and tolerability/convenience of a first-line combination of a BTKi and venetoclax (with or without an anti-CD20 antibody) versus a BTKi or venetoclax/obinutuzumab?



In what situations are you currently considering pirtobrutinib for CLL?

Globally, how would you evaluate the tolerability of pirtobrutinib versus acalabrutinib and zanubrutinib?

Any thoughts on the use of pirtobrutinib with venetoclax?



What are your thoughts on some of the promising therapeutic developments beyond R-CHOP for patients with Richter's transformation (Pirtobrutinib, CAR T-cell therapy)?



What are your thoughts on other new strategies and agents for patients with CLL or Richter's transformation (BTK degraders, CAR-T, bispecifics)?



Year in Review: Clinical Investigator Perspectives on the Most Relevant New Data Sets and Advances in Oncology

A Multitumor CME/MOC-Accredited Live Webinar Series

Gastroesophageal Cancers

Thursday, February 8, 2024 5:00 PM - 6:00 PM ET

Faculty

Yelena Y Janjigian, MD Zev Wainberg, MD, MSc

Moderator Neil Love, MD



Thank you for joining us!

CME and MOC credit information will be emailed to each participant within 5 business days.

