

Practical Perspectives: Optimizing the Role of BTK Inhibitors in the Management of Mantle Cell Lymphoma

A CME/MOC-Accredited Live Webinar

Wednesday, September 25, 2024

5:00 PM – 6:00 PM ET

Faculty

Tycel Phillips, MD

Michael Wang, MD

Moderator

Neil Love, MD

Faculty



Tycel Phillips, MD

Associate Professor, Division of Lymphoma
Department of Hematology and Hematopoietic
Cell Transplantation
City of Hope Comprehensive Cancer Center
Duarte, California



MODERATOR

Neil Love, MD

Research To Practice
Miami, Florida



Michael Wang, MD

Puddin Clarke Endowed Professor
Director, Mantle Cell Lymphoma
Program of Excellence
Section Chief, Rare Lymphomas
Co-PI, B-Cell Lymphoma Moonshot Project
Department of Lymphoma and Myeloma
The University of Texas MD Anderson Cancer Center
Houston, Texas

Commercial Support

This activity is supported by an educational grant from AstraZeneca Pharmaceuticals LP.

Dr Love — Disclosures

Dr Love is president and CEO of Research To Practice. Research To Practice receives funds in the form of educational grants to develop CME activities from the following companies: AbbVie Inc, Adaptive Biotechnologies Corporation, ADC Therapeutics, Agios Pharmaceuticals Inc, Alexion Pharmaceuticals, Amgen Inc, Array BioPharma Inc, a subsidiary of Pfizer Inc, Astellas, AstraZeneca Pharmaceuticals LP, Aveo Pharmaceuticals, Bayer HealthCare Pharmaceuticals, BeiGene Ltd, BeyondSpring Pharmaceuticals Inc, Black Diamond Therapeutics Inc, Blueprint Medicines, Boehringer Ingelheim Pharmaceuticals Inc, Bristol Myers Squibb, Celgene Corporation, Clovis Oncology, Coherus BioSciences, CTI BioPharma, a Sobi Company, Daiichi Sankyo Inc, Eisai Inc, Elevation Oncology Inc, EMD Serono Inc, Epizyme Inc, Exact Sciences Corporation, Exelixis Inc, Five Prime Therapeutics Inc, Foundation Medicine, G1 Therapeutics Inc, Genentech, a member of the Roche Group, Genmab US Inc, Geron Corporation, Gilead Sciences Inc, Grail Inc, GSK, Halozyme Inc, Helsinn Healthcare SA, Hologic Inc, ImmunoGen Inc, Incyte Corporation, Ipsen Biopharmaceuticals Inc, Janssen Biotech Inc, administered by Janssen Scientific Affairs LLC, Jazz Pharmaceuticals Inc, Karyopharm Therapeutics, Kite, A Gilead Company, Kronos Bio Inc, Legend Biotech, Lilly, Loxo Oncology Inc, a wholly owned subsidiary of Eli Lilly & Company, MEI Pharma Inc, Merck, Mersana Therapeutics Inc, Mirati Therapeutics Inc, Mural Oncology Inc, Natera Inc, Novartis, Novartis Pharmaceuticals Corporation on behalf of Advanced Accelerator Applications, Novocure Inc, Oncopeptides, Pfizer Inc, Pharmacyclics LLC, an AbbVie Company, Puma Biotechnology Inc, Regeneron Pharmaceuticals Inc, R-Pharm US, Sanofi, Seagen Inc, Servier Pharmaceuticals LLC, SpringWorks Therapeutics Inc, Stemline Therapeutics Inc, Sumitomo Dainippon Pharma Oncology Inc, Syndax Pharmaceuticals, Taiho Oncology Inc, Takeda Pharmaceuticals USA Inc, TerSeraTherapeutics LLC, Tesaro, A GSK Company, TG Therapeutics Inc, Turning Point Therapeutics Inc, Verastem Inc, and Zymeworks Inc.

Research To Practice CME Planning Committee Members, Staff and Reviewers

Planners, scientific staff and independent reviewers for Research To Practice have no relevant conflicts of interest to disclose.

Dr Phillips — Disclosures

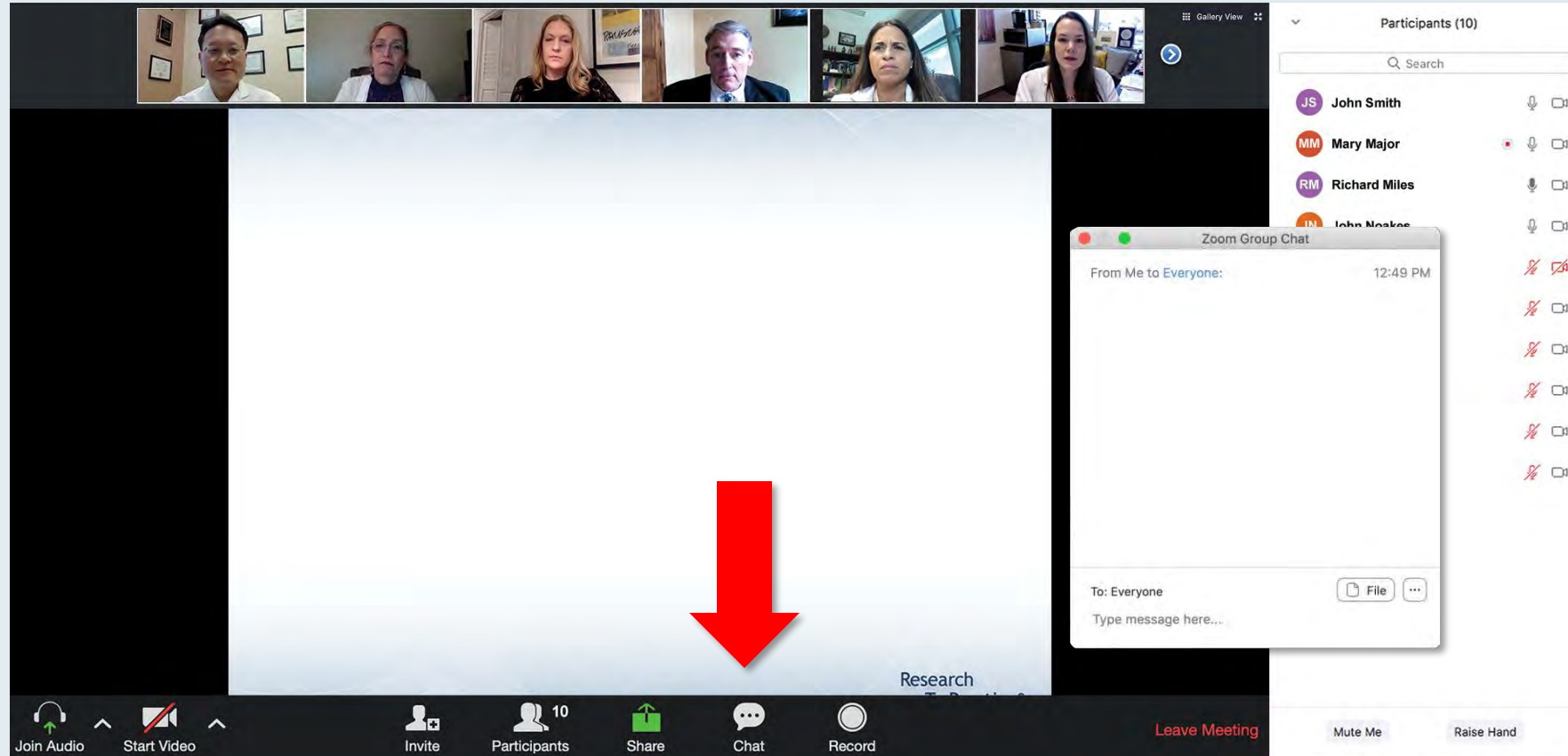
Advisory Committees	AbbVie Inc, Genentech, a member of the Roche Group, Genmab US Inc, Merck
Consulting Agreements	AbbVie Inc, ADC Therapeutics, AstraZeneca Pharmaceuticals LP, Bayer HealthCare Pharmaceuticals, BeiGene Ltd, Bristol Myers Squibb, Epizyme Inc, Genentech, a member of the Roche Group, Genmab US Inc, Gilead Sciences Inc, Incyte Corporation, Lilly, Pharmacyclics LLC, an AbbVie Company, Seagen Inc, TG Therapeutics Inc
Contracted Research	AbbVie Inc, Genentech, a member of the Roche Group
Steering Committee	Genentech, a member of the Roche Group

Dr Wang — Disclosures

Consulting Agreements	Acerta Pharma — A member of the AstraZeneca Group, AstraZeneca Pharmaceuticals LP, Boxer Capital LLC, Bristol Myers Squibb, InnoCare Pharma, Janssen Biotech Inc, Kite, A Gilead Company, Lilly, Merck, Oncternal Therapeutics, Pfizer Inc
Contracted Research	AbbVie Inc, Acerta Pharma — A member of the AstraZeneca Group, AstraZeneca Pharmaceuticals LP, Bantam Pharmaceutical, BeiGene Ltd, BioInvent, Celgene Corporation, Genentech, a member of the Roche Group, Genmab US Inc, InnoCare Pharma, Janssen Biotech Inc, Juno Therapeutics, a Celgene Company, Kite, A Gilead Company, Lilly, Loxo Oncology Inc, a wholly owned subsidiary of Eli Lilly & Company, Merck, Molecular Templates, Nurix Therapeutics Inc, Oncternal Therapeutics, Pharmacyclics LLC, an AbbVie Company, Vincerx Pharma
Honoraria	AstraZeneca Pharmaceuticals LP, BeiGene Ltd, Bristol Myers Squibb, Janssen Biotech Inc, Kite, A Gilead Company, Merck
Nonrelevant Financial Relationships	CAHON, Editorial Medica AWE SA, Istituto Scientifico Romagnolo, Mayo Clinic, Medscape/WebMD, MJH Life Sciences, MSC National Research Institute of Oncology, Physician Education Resource (PER), Plexus Communications, South African Clinical Hematology Society, Studio ER Congressi

This educational activity contains discussion of non-FDA-approved uses of agents and regimens. Please refer to official prescribing information for each product for approved indications.

We Encourage Clinicians in Practice to Submit Questions



Feel free to submit questions now before the program begins and throughout the program.

Familiarizing Yourself with the Zoom Interface

Expand chat submission box

The screenshot shows a Zoom meeting interface. At the top, there are video thumbnails for participants: RTP Coordinat..., Kirsten Miller, RTP Mike Rivera, and Lisa Suarez. Below the thumbnails is a slide titled "Meet The Professor Program Participating Faculty" featuring six faculty members with their photos and titles:

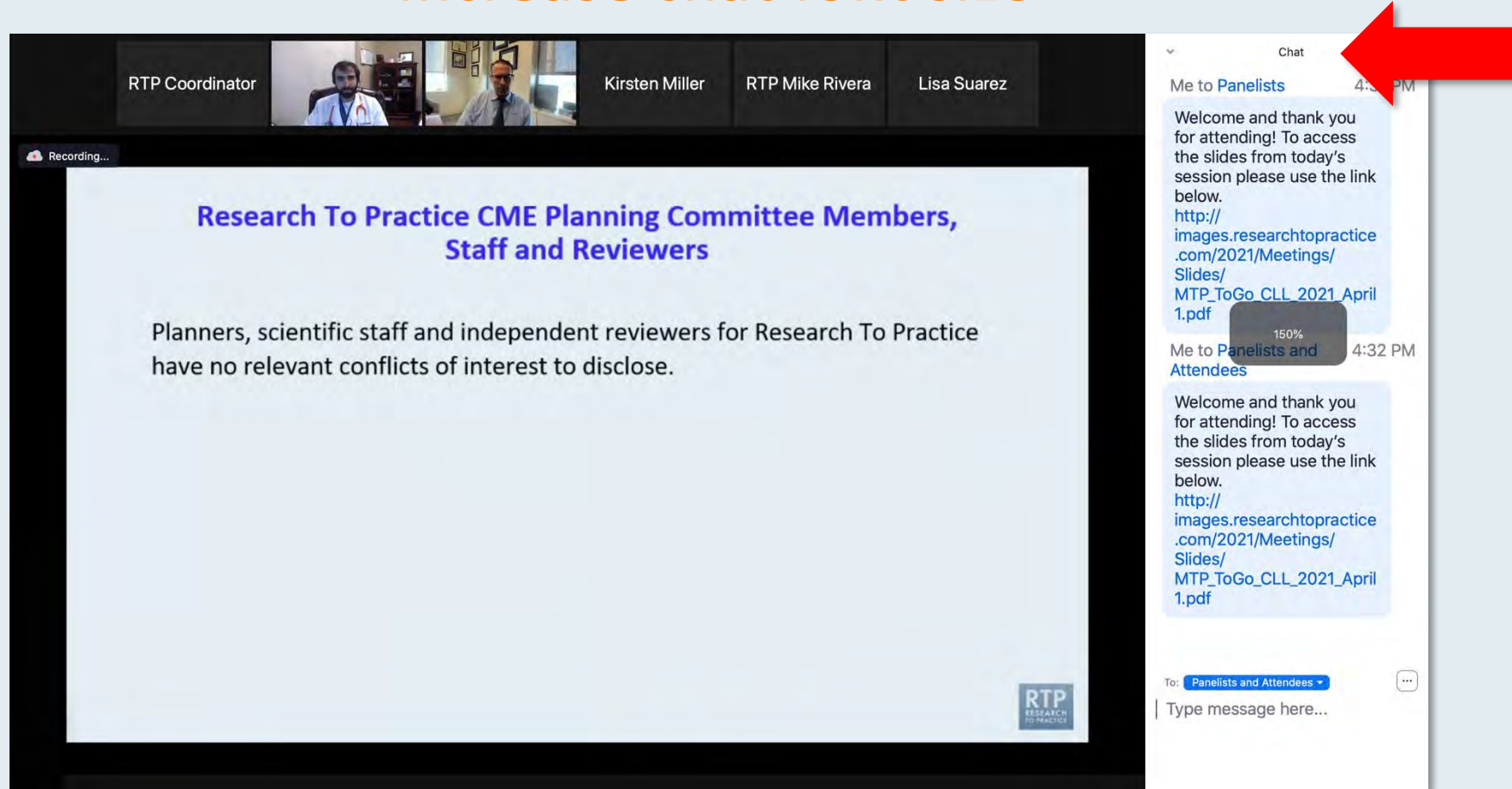
- Nancy L Bartlett, MD**
Professor of Medicine
Koman Chair in Medical Oncology
Washington University School of Medicine
St Louis, Missouri
- Jonathan W Friedberg, MD, MMSc**
Samuel E Durand Professor of Medicine
Director, James P Wilmot Cancer Institute
University of Rochester
Rochester, New York
- Carla Casulo, MD**
Associate Professor of Medicine
Division of Hematology/Oncology
Director, Hematology/Oncology Fellowship Program
University of Rochester
Wilmot Cancer Institute
Rochester, New York
- Brian T Hill, MD, PhD**
Director, Lymphoid Malignancy Program
Cleveland Clinic Taussig Cancer Institute
Cleveland, Ohio
- Christopher R Flowers, MD, MS**
Chair, Professor
Department of Lymphoma/Myeloma
The University of Texas MD Anderson Cancer Center
Houston, Texas
- Brad S Kahl, MD**
Professor of Medicine
Washington University School of Medicine
Director, Lymphoma Program
Siteman Cancer Center
St Louis, Missouri

On the right side of the interface is a chat window. It shows two messages from "Me to Panelists" and "Me to Panelists and Attendees" at 4:31 PM and 4:32 PM respectively. Each message includes a welcome note and a link to a PDF: http://images.researchtopractice.com/2021/Meetings/Slides/MTP_ToGo_CLL_2021_April1.pdf. At the bottom of the chat window, there is a "To:" dropdown menu set to "Panelists and Attendees" and a text input field labeled "Type message here...". A red arrow points to the white line above this input field, indicating where to drag to expand the box.

Drag the white line above the submission box up to create more space for your message.

Familiarizing Yourself with the Zoom Interface

Increase chat font size



The screenshot displays a Zoom meeting interface. At the top, a gallery view shows participants: RTP Coordinator, Kirsten Miller, RTP Mike Rivera, and Lisa Suarez. The main area shows a slide titled "Research To Practice CME Planning Committee Members, Staff and Reviewers" with the text: "Planners, scientific staff and independent reviewers for Research To Practice have no relevant conflicts of interest to disclose." A "Recording..." indicator is visible in the top left of the slide area. On the right, the chat window is open, showing a message from "Me to Panelists" with a link to a PDF. A red arrow points to the font size icon (a square with "150%") in the chat window's header. The chat window also shows a "To: Panelists and Attendees" dropdown and a "Type message here..." input field.

**Press Command (for Mac) or Control (for PC) and the + symbol.
You may do this as many times as you need for readability.**

Clinicians in the Audience, Please Complete the Pre- and Postmeeting Surveys

The screenshot shows a Zoom meeting with a presentation slide on the left and a 'Quick Survey' overlay on the right. The slide title is 'Meet The Professor' and the topic is 'Optimizing the Selection and Sequencing of Therapy for Patients with Gastrointestinal Cancer'. The date and time are 'Wednesday, August 25, 5:00 PM – 6:00 PM'. The faculty member is 'Wells A Messersmith, MD' and the moderator is 'Neil Love, MD'. The survey overlay lists various treatment combinations with checkboxes for selection.

Meet The Professor
Optimizing the Selection and Sequencing of Therapy for Patients with Gastrointestinal Cancer
Wednesday, August 25, 5:00 PM – 6:00 PM
Faculty: Wells A Messersmith, MD
Moderator: Neil Love, MD

Quick Survey

- ☐ Certizomib +/- dexamethasone
- ☐ Pomalidomide +/- dexamethasone
- ☐ Certizomib + pomalidomide +/- dexamethasone
- ☐ Elotuzumab + lenalidomide +/- dexamethasone
- ☐ Elotuzumab + pomalidomide +/- dexamethasone
- ☐ Daratumumab + lenalidomide +/- dexamethasone
- ☐ Daratumumab + pomalidomide +/- dexamethasone
- ☐ Daratumumab + bortezomib +/- dexamethasone
- ☐ Isaxomib + Rd
- ☐ Other

Submit

Participants (10)

- John Smith
- Mary Major
- Richard Miles
- John Noakes
- Alice Suarez
- Jane Perez
- Robert Stiles
- Juan Fernandez
- Ashok Kumar
- Jeremy Smith

The screenshot shows a Zoom meeting with a presentation slide on the left and a 'Quick Poll' overlay on the right. The slide title is 'Regulatory and reimbursement issues aside, what would you recommend for a 65-year-old patient with clear cell renal cell carcinoma (ccRCC) if follow-up 3 years later is found to have asymptomatic (PS 0)?'. The poll overlay lists various treatment options with checkboxes for selection.

Regulatory and reimbursement issues aside, what would you recommend for a 65-year-old patient with clear cell renal cell carcinoma (ccRCC) if follow-up 3 years later is found to have asymptomatic (PS 0)?

1. Nivolumab/ipilimumab
2. Avelumab/axitinib
3. Pembrolizumab/axitinib
4. Pembrolizumab/lenvatinib
5. Nivolumab/cabozantinib
6. Tyrosine kinase inhibitor (TKI) monotherapy
7. Anti-PD-1/PD-L1 monotherapy
8. Other

Quick Poll

- ☐ Nivolumab/ipilimumab
- ☐ Avelumab/axitinib
- ☐ Pembrolizumab/axitinib
- ☐ Pembrolizumab/lenvatinib
- ☐ Nivolumab/cabozantinib
- ☐ Tyrosine kinase inhibitor (TKI) monotherapy
- ☐ Anti-PD-1/PD-L1 monotherapy
- ☐ Other

Submit

Participants (10)

- John Smith
- Mary Major
- Richard Miles
- John Noakes
- Alice Suarez
- Jane Perez
- Robert Stiles
- Juan Fernandez
- Ashok Kumar
- Jeremy Smith

ONCOLOGY TODAY

WITH DR NEIL LOVE

RTP Live from Chicago: Investigator Perspectives on the Role of Bispecific Antibodies in the Management of Lymphoma



DR JOSHUA BRODY
TISCH CANCER INSTITUTE



DR IAN W FLINN
ONEONCOLOGY



DR TYCEL PHILLIPS
CITY OF HOPE COMPREHENSIVE CANCER CENTER



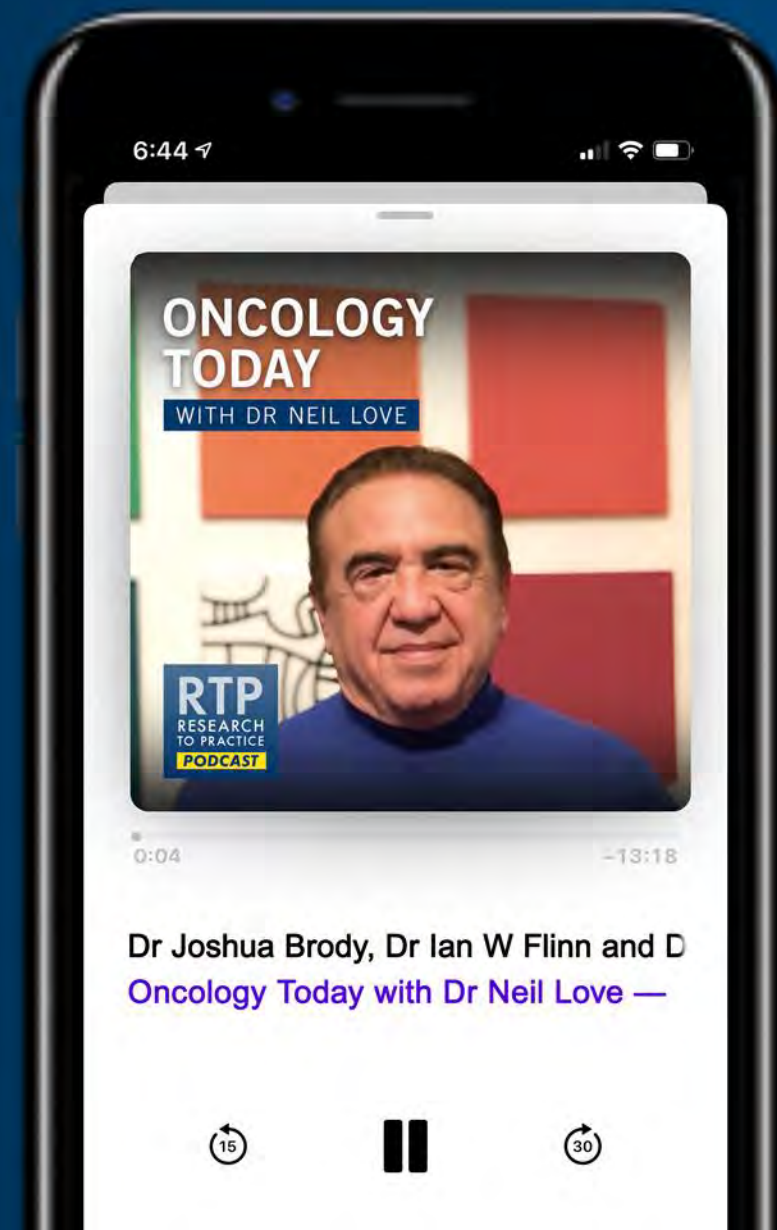
Listen on
Apple Podcasts



Spotify



Listen on
Google Podcasts



The Implications of Recent Datasets for the Current and Future Management of Small Cell Lung Cancer — A 2024 World Conference on Lung Cancer Review

A CME/MOC-Accredited Live Webinar

**Thursday, September 26, 2024
5:00 PM – 5:45 PM ET**

Faculty

Jacob Sands, MD

Moderator

Neil Love, MD

Improving Outcomes with First-Line Endocrine-Based Therapy for Patients with HR-Positive, HER2-Negative Metastatic Breast Cancer

A CME/MOC-Accredited Live Webinar

Tuesday, October 8, 2024

5:00 PM – 6:00 PM ET

Faculty

Francois-Clement Bidard, MD, PhD

Kevin Kalinsky, MD, MS

Moderator

Neil Love, MD

The Implications of Recent Datasets for the Current and Future Management of Gastrointestinal Cancers — An ESMO Congress 2024 Review

A CME/MOC-Accredited Live Webinar

Tuesday, October 15, 2024

5:00 PM – 6:00 PM ET

Faculty

Tanios Bekaii-Saab, MD

Philip A Philip, MD, PhD, FRCP

Moderator

Neil Love, MD

Join Us In Person or Virtually

Data + Perspectives: Clinical Investigators Explore the Application of Recent Datasets in Current Oncology Care

*A Multitumor Hybrid Symposium in Partnership with
Florida Cancer Specialists & Research Institute*

Saturday, October 26, 2024

HR-Positive Breast Cancer Faculty

**Joyce O'Shaughnessy, MD
Seth Wander, MD, PhD**

Prostate Cancer Faculty

**Matthew R Smith, MD, PhD
Sandy Srinivas, MD**

**Moderator
Neil Love, MD**

Join Us In Person or Virtually

Data + Perspectives: Clinical Investigators Explore the Application of Recent Datasets in Current Oncology Care

*A Multitumor Hybrid Symposium in Partnership with
Florida Cancer Specialists & Research Institute*

Saturday, October 26, 2024

Lung Cancer

Faculty

Sarah B Goldberg, MD, MPH

Joshua K Sabari, MD

Non-Hodgkin Lymphoma and Chronic Lymphocytic Leukemia

Faculty

Brad S Kahl, MD

Sonali M Smith, MD

Moderator

Neil Love, MD

Join Us In Person or Virtually

Data + Perspectives: Clinical Investigators Explore the Application of Recent Datasets in Current Oncology Care

*A Multitumor Hybrid Symposium in Partnership with
Florida Cancer Specialists & Research Institute*

Saturday, October 26, 2024

**Multiple Myeloma
Faculty**

Shaji K Kumar, MD

Noopur Raje, MD

**Moderator
Neil Love, MD**

What Clinicians Want to Know: Addressing Current Questions and Controversies in the Management of Hematologic Cancers

*A CME Friday Satellite Symposium and Webcast Series
Preceding the 66th ASH Annual Meeting and Exposition*

Friday, December 6, 2024

Chronic Myeloid Leukemia

7:30 AM – 9:00 AM PT

Myelofibrosis

11:30 AM – 1:30 PM PT

Chronic Lymphocytic Leukemia

7:30 AM – 9:30 AM PT

Acute Myeloid Leukemia

3:15 PM – 5:15 PM PT

CAR-T and Bispecific-Antibody Therapy for Lymphoma

11:30 AM – 1:30 PM PT

Multiple Myeloma

3:15 PM – 5:15 PM PT

Rounds with the Investigators: Compelling Teaching Cases Focused on the Management of Breast Cancer

*A 3-Part CME Hybrid Satellite Symposium Series in Partnership
with the 2024 San Antonio Breast Cancer Symposium®*

HER2-Low and HER2-Ultralow Breast Cancer

**Tuesday, December 10, 2024
7:15 PM – 8:45 PM CT**

New Developments in Endocrine Treatment for Breast Cancer

**Wednesday, December 11, 2024
7:15 PM – 9:15 PM CT**

Management of Metastatic Breast Cancer

**Thursday, December 12, 2024
7:15 PM – 9:15 PM CT**

**Moderator
Neil Love, MD**

Save The Date

Fourth Annual National General Medical Oncology Summit

*A Multitumor CME/MOC-, ACPE- and NCPD-Accredited
Educational Conference Developed in Partnership with
Florida Cancer Specialists & Research Institute*

Friday to Sunday, February 28 to March 2, 2025

Fontainebleau Hotel, Miami Beach, Florida

Moderated by Neil Love, MD

Thank you for joining us!

***Information on how to obtain CME, ABIM MOC
and ABS credit will be provided at the
conclusion of the activity in the Zoom chat room.
Attendees will also receive an email in
1 to 3 business days with these instructions.***

Practical Perspectives: Optimizing the Role of BTK Inhibitors in the Management of Mantle Cell Lymphoma

A CME/MOC-Accredited Live Webinar

Wednesday, September 25, 2024

5:00 PM – 6:00 PM ET

Faculty

Tycel Phillips, MD

Michael Wang, MD

Moderator

Neil Love, MD

Faculty



Tycel Phillips, MD

Associate Professor, Division of Lymphoma
Department of Hematology and Hematopoietic
Cell Transplantation
City of Hope Comprehensive Cancer Center
Duarte, California



MODERATOR

Neil Love, MD

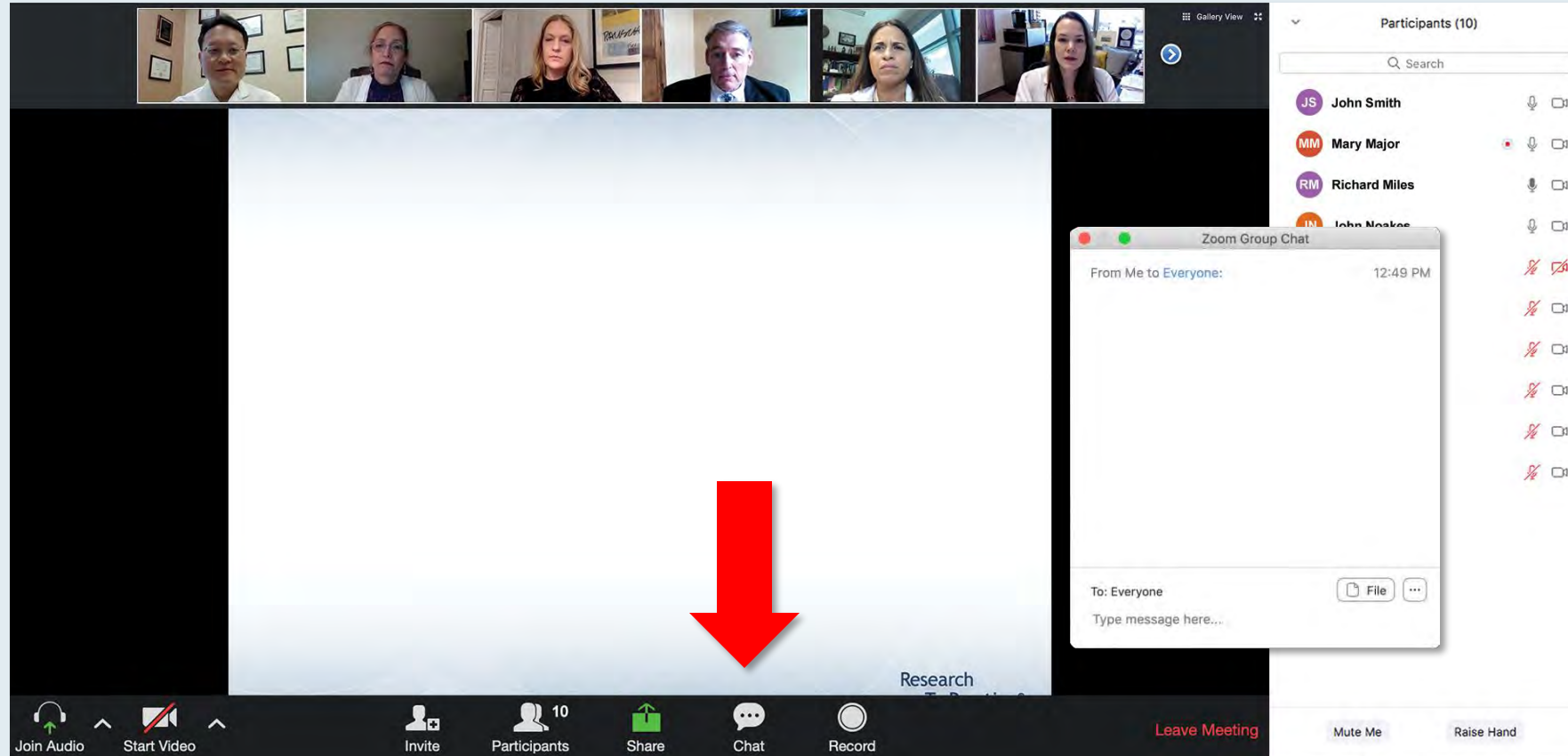
Research To Practice
Miami, Florida



Michael Wang, MD

Puddin Clarke Endowed Professor
Director, Mantle Cell Lymphoma
Program of Excellence
Section Chief, Rare Lymphomas
Co-PI, B-Cell Lymphoma Moonshot Project
Department of Lymphoma and Myeloma
The University of Texas MD Anderson Cancer Center
Houston, Texas

We Encourage Clinicians in Practice to Submit Questions



Feel free to submit questions now before the program begins and throughout the program.

Clinicians in the Audience, Please Complete the Pre- and Postmeeting Surveys

The screenshot shows a Zoom meeting with a presentation slide on the left and a 'Quick Survey' overlay on the right. The slide title is 'Meet The Professor' and the topic is 'Optimizing the Selection and Sequencing of Therapy for Patients with Metastatic Gastrointestinal Cancer'. The date and time are 'Wednesday, August 25, 5:00 PM – 6:00 PM EST'. The faculty member is 'Wells A Messersmith, MD' and the moderator is 'Neil Love, MD'. The survey overlay lists various treatment combinations with checkboxes for selection.

Meet The Professor
Optimizing the Selection and Sequencing of Therapy for Patients with Metastatic Gastrointestinal Cancer
Wednesday, August 25, 5:00 PM – 6:00 PM EST
Faculty: Wells A Messersmith, MD
Moderator: Neil Love, MD

Quick Survey

- ☐ Certizomib +/- dexamethasone
- ☐ Pomalidomide +/- dexamethasone
- ☐ Certizomib + pomalidomide +/- dexamethasone
- ☐ Elotuzumab + lenalidomide +/- dexamethasone
- ☐ Elotuzumab + pomalidomide +/- dexamethasone
- ☐ Daratumumab + lenalidomide +/- dexamethasone
- ☐ Daratumumab + pomalidomide +/- dexamethasone
- ☐ Daratumumab + bortezomib +/- dexamethasone
- ☐ Isaxomib + Rd
- ☐ Other

Submit

Participants (10)

- JS John Smith
- MM Mary Major
- RM Richard Miles
- JN John Noakes
- AS Alice Suarez
- JP Jane Perez
- RS Robert Stiles
- JF Juan Fernandez
- AK Ashok Kumar
- JS Jeremy Smith

Join Audio Start Video Invite Participants Share Chat Record Leave Meeting Mute Me Raise Hand

The screenshot shows a Zoom meeting with a presentation slide on the left and a 'Quick Poll' overlay on the right. The slide title is 'Regulatory and reimbursement issues aside, what would you recommend for a 65-year-old patient with clear cell renal cell carcinoma (ccRCC) if follow-up 3 years later is found to have asymptomatic disease (PS 0)?'. The poll overlay lists various treatment options with checkboxes for selection.

Regulatory and reimbursement issues aside, what would you recommend for a 65-year-old patient with clear cell renal cell carcinoma (ccRCC) if follow-up 3 years later is found to have asymptomatic disease (PS 0)?

1. Nivolumab/ipilimumab
2. Avelumab/axitinib
3. Pembrolizumab/axitinib
4. Pembrolizumab/lenvatinib
5. Nivolumab/cabozantinib
6. Tyrosine kinase inhibitor (TKI) monotherapy
7. Anti-PD-1/PD-L1 monotherapy
8. Other

Quick Poll

- ☐ Nivolumab/ipilimumab
- ☐ Avelumab/axitinib
- ☐ Pembrolizumab/axitinib
- ☐ Pembrolizumab/lenvatinib
- ☐ Nivolumab/cabozantinib
- ☐ Tyrosine kinase inhibitor (TKI) monotherapy
- ☐ Anti-PD-1/PD-L1 monotherapy
- ☐ Other

Submit

Participants (10)

- JS John Smith
- MM Mary Major
- RM Richard Miles
- JN John Noakes
- AS Alice Suarez
- JP Jane Perez
- RS Robert Stiles
- JF Juan Fernandez
- AK Ashok Kumar
- JS Jeremy Smith

Join Audio Start Video Invite Participants Share Chat Record Leave Meeting Mute Me Raise Hand

ONCOLOGY TODAY

WITH DR NEIL LOVE

RTP Live from Chicago: Investigator Perspectives on the Role of Bispecific Antibodies in the Management of Lymphoma



DR JOSHUA BRODY
TISCH CANCER INSTITUTE



DR IAN W FLINN
ONEONCOLOGY



DR TYCEL PHILLIPS
CITY OF HOPE COMPREHENSIVE CANCER CENTER



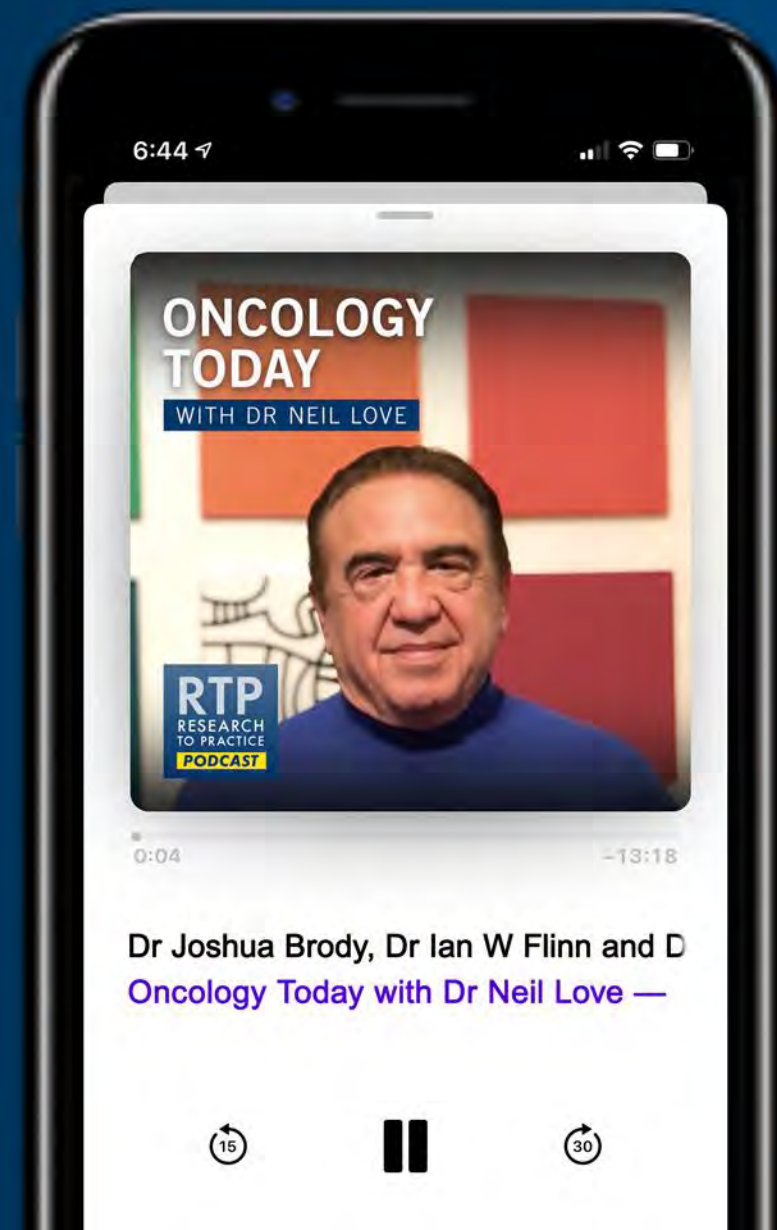
Listen on
Apple Podcasts



Spotify



Listen on
Google Podcasts



The Implications of Recent Datasets for the Current and Future Management of Small Cell Lung Cancer — A 2024 World Conference on Lung Cancer Review

A CME/MOC-Accredited Live Webinar

**Thursday, September 26, 2024
5:00 PM – 5:45 PM ET**

Faculty

Jacob Sands, MD

Moderator

Neil Love, MD

Improving Outcomes with First-Line Endocrine-Based Therapy for Patients with HR-Positive, HER2-Negative Metastatic Breast Cancer

A CME/MOC-Accredited Live Webinar

Tuesday, October 8, 2024

5:00 PM – 6:00 PM ET

Faculty

Francois-Clement Bidard, MD, PhD

Kevin Kalinsky, MD, MS

Moderator

Neil Love, MD

The Implications of Recent Datasets for the Current and Future Management of Gastrointestinal Cancers — An ESMO Congress 2024 Review

A CME/MOC-Accredited Live Webinar

Tuesday, October 15, 2024

5:00 PM – 6:00 PM ET

Faculty

Tanios Bekaii-Saab, MD

Philip A Philip, MD, PhD, FRCP

Moderator

Neil Love, MD

Join Us In Person or Virtually

Data + Perspectives: Clinical Investigators Explore the Application of Recent Datasets in Current Oncology Care

*A Multitumor Hybrid Symposium in Partnership with
Florida Cancer Specialists & Research Institute*

Saturday, October 26, 2024

HR-Positive Breast Cancer Faculty

**Joyce O'Shaughnessy, MD
Seth Wander, MD, PhD**

Prostate Cancer Faculty

**Matthew R Smith, MD, PhD
Sandy Srinivas, MD**

**Moderator
Neil Love, MD**

Join Us In Person or Virtually

Data + Perspectives: Clinical Investigators Explore the Application of Recent Datasets in Current Oncology Care

*A Multitumor Hybrid Symposium in Partnership with
Florida Cancer Specialists & Research Institute*

Saturday, October 26, 2024

Lung Cancer

Faculty

Sarah B Goldberg, MD, MPH

Joshua K Sabari, MD

Non-Hodgkin Lymphoma and Chronic Lymphocytic Leukemia

Faculty

Brad S Kahl, MD

Sonali M Smith, MD

Moderator

Neil Love, MD

Join Us In Person or Virtually

Data + Perspectives: Clinical Investigators Explore the Application of Recent Datasets in Current Oncology Care

*A Multitumor Hybrid Symposium in Partnership with
Florida Cancer Specialists & Research Institute*

Saturday, October 26, 2024

**Multiple Myeloma
Faculty**

Shaji K Kumar, MD

Noopur Raje, MD

**Moderator
Neil Love, MD**

What Clinicians Want to Know: Addressing Current Questions and Controversies in the Management of Hematologic Cancers

*A CME Friday Satellite Symposium and Webcast Series
Preceding the 66th ASH Annual Meeting and Exposition*

Friday, December 6, 2024

Chronic Myeloid Leukemia

7:30 AM – 9:00 AM PT

Myelofibrosis

11:30 AM – 1:30 PM PT

Chronic Lymphocytic Leukemia

7:30 AM – 9:30 AM PT

Acute Myeloid Leukemia

3:15 PM – 5:15 PM PT

CAR-T and Bispecific-Antibody Therapy for Lymphoma

11:30 AM – 1:30 PM PT

Multiple Myeloma

3:15 PM – 5:15 PM PT

Rounds with the Investigators: Compelling Teaching Cases Focused on the Management of Breast Cancer

*A 3-Part CME Hybrid Satellite Symposium Series in Partnership
with the 2024 San Antonio Breast Cancer Symposium®*

HER2-Low and HER2-Ultralow Breast Cancer

**Tuesday, December 10, 2024
7:15 PM – 8:45 PM CT**

New Developments in Endocrine Treatment for Breast Cancer

**Wednesday, December 11, 2024
7:15 PM – 9:15 PM CT**

Management of Metastatic Breast Cancer

**Thursday, December 12, 2024
7:15 PM – 9:15 PM CT**

**Moderator
Neil Love, MD**

Save The Date

Fourth Annual National General Medical Oncology Summit

*A Multitumor CME/MOC-, ACPE- and NCPD-Accredited
Educational Conference Developed in Partnership with
Florida Cancer Specialists & Research Institute*

Friday to Sunday, February 28 to March 2, 2025

Fontainebleau Hotel, Miami Beach, Florida

Moderated by Neil Love, MD

Practical Perspectives: Optimizing the Role of BTK Inhibitors in the Management of Mantle Cell Lymphoma

A CME/MOC-Accredited Live Webinar

Wednesday, September 25, 2024

5:00 PM – 6:00 PM ET

Faculty

Tysel Phillips, MD

Michael Wang, MD

Moderator

Neil Love, MD

Dr Phillips — Disclosures

Advisory Committees	AbbVie Inc, Genentech, a member of the Roche Group, Genmab US Inc, Merck
Consulting Agreements	AbbVie Inc, ADC Therapeutics, AstraZeneca Pharmaceuticals LP, Bayer HealthCare Pharmaceuticals, BeiGene Ltd, Bristol Myers Squibb, Epizyme Inc, Genentech, a member of the Roche Group, Genmab US Inc, Gilead Sciences Inc, Incyte Corporation, Lilly, Pharmacyclics LLC, an AbbVie Company, Seagen Inc, TG Therapeutics Inc
Contracted Research	AbbVie Inc, Genentech, a member of the Roche Group
Steering Committee	Genentech, a member of the Roche Group

Dr Wang — Disclosures

Consulting Agreements	Acerta Pharma — A member of the AstraZeneca Group, AstraZeneca Pharmaceuticals LP, Boxer Capital LLC, Bristol Myers Squibb, InnoCare Pharma, Janssen Biotech Inc, Kite, A Gilead Company, Lilly, Merck, Oncternal Therapeutics, Pfizer Inc
Contracted Research	AbbVie Inc, Acerta Pharma — A member of the AstraZeneca Group, AstraZeneca Pharmaceuticals LP, Bantam Pharmaceutical, BeiGene Ltd, BioInvent, Celgene Corporation, Genentech, a member of the Roche Group, Genmab US Inc, InnoCare Pharma, Janssen Biotech Inc, Juno Therapeutics, a Celgene Company, Kite, A Gilead Company, Lilly, Loxo Oncology Inc, a wholly owned subsidiary of Eli Lilly & Company, Merck, Molecular Templates, Nurix Therapeutics Inc, Oncternal Therapeutics, Pharmacyclics LLC, an AbbVie Company, Vincerx Pharma
Honoraria	AstraZeneca Pharmaceuticals LP, BeiGene Ltd, Bristol Myers Squibb, Janssen Biotech Inc, Kite, A Gilead Company, Merck
Nonrelevant Financial Relationships	CAHON, Editorial Medica AWE SA, Istituto Scientifico Romagnolo, Mayo Clinic, Medscape/WebMD, MJH Life Sciences, MSC National Research Institute of Oncology, Physician Education Resource (PER), Plexus Communications, South African Clinical Hematology Society, Studio ER Congressi

Dr Love — Disclosures

Dr Love is president and CEO of Research To Practice. Research To Practice receives funds in the form of educational grants to develop CME activities from the following companies: AbbVie Inc, Adaptive Biotechnologies Corporation, ADC Therapeutics, Agios Pharmaceuticals Inc, Alexion Pharmaceuticals, Amgen Inc, Array BioPharma Inc, a subsidiary of Pfizer Inc, Astellas, AstraZeneca Pharmaceuticals LP, Aveo Pharmaceuticals, Bayer HealthCare Pharmaceuticals, BeiGene Ltd, BeyondSpring Pharmaceuticals Inc, Black Diamond Therapeutics Inc, Blueprint Medicines, Boehringer Ingelheim Pharmaceuticals Inc, Bristol Myers Squibb, Celgene Corporation, Clovis Oncology, Coherus BioSciences, CTI BioPharma, a Sobi Company, Daiichi Sankyo Inc, Eisai Inc, Elevation Oncology Inc, EMD Serono Inc, Epizyme Inc, Exact Sciences Corporation, Exelixis Inc, Five Prime Therapeutics Inc, Foundation Medicine, G1 Therapeutics Inc, Genentech, a member of the Roche Group, Genmab US Inc, Geron Corporation, Gilead Sciences Inc, Grail Inc, GSK, Halozyme Inc, Helsinn Healthcare SA, Hologic Inc, ImmunoGen Inc, Incyte Corporation, Ipsen Biopharmaceuticals Inc, Janssen Biotech Inc, administered by Janssen Scientific Affairs LLC, Jazz Pharmaceuticals Inc, Karyopharm Therapeutics, Kite, A Gilead Company, Kronos Bio Inc, Legend Biotech, Lilly, Loxo Oncology Inc, a wholly owned subsidiary of Eli Lilly & Company, MEI Pharma Inc, Merck, Mersana Therapeutics Inc, Mirati Therapeutics Inc, Mural Oncology Inc, Natera Inc, Novartis, Novartis Pharmaceuticals Corporation on behalf of Advanced Accelerator Applications, Novocure Inc, Oncopeptides, Pfizer Inc, Pharmacyclics LLC, an AbbVie Company, Puma Biotechnology Inc, Regeneron Pharmaceuticals Inc, R-Pharm US, Sanofi, Seagen Inc, Servier Pharmaceuticals LLC, SpringWorks Therapeutics Inc, Stemline Therapeutics Inc, Sumitomo Dainippon Pharma Oncology Inc, Syndax Pharmaceuticals, Taiho Oncology Inc, Takeda Pharmaceuticals USA Inc, TerSeraTherapeutics LLC, Tesaro, A GSK Company, TG Therapeutics Inc, Turning Point Therapeutics Inc, Verastem Inc, and Zymeworks Inc.

Commercial Support

This activity is supported by an educational grant from AstraZeneca Pharmaceuticals LP.

Research To Practice CME Planning Committee Members, Staff and Reviewers

Planners, scientific staff and independent reviewers for Research To Practice have no relevant conflicts of interest to disclose.

This educational activity contains discussion of non-FDA-approved uses of agents and regimens. Please refer to official prescribing information for each product for approved indications.

Agenda

Introduction: Interface Between Chronic Lymphocytic Leukemia (CLL) and Mantle Cell Lymphoma (MCL)

Module 1: Selection of First-Line Treatment for MCL

Module 2: Key Datasets – Overview and First-Line Therapy

Module 3: Faculty Case Presentations

Module 4: Key Datasets – Relapsed/Refractory Disease

Module 5: Faculty Case Presentations

Agenda

Introduction: Interface Between Chronic Lymphocytic Leukemia (CLL) and Mantle Cell Lymphoma (MCL)

Module 1: Selection of First-Line Treatment for MCL

Module 2: Key Datasets – Overview and First-Line Therapy

Module 3: Faculty Case Presentations

Module 4: Key Datasets – Relapsed/Refractory Disease

Module 5: Faculty Case Presentations

Meet The Professor

Optimizing the Management of Chronic Lymphocytic Leukemia

**Tuesday, September 17, 2024
5:00 PM – 6:00 PM ET**

Matthew S Davids, MD, MMSc
Associate Professor of Medicine
Harvard Medical School
Director of Clinical Research
Division of Lymphoma
Dana-Farber Cancer Institute
Boston, Massachusetts

Positive High-Level Results from the Phase III AMPLIFY Trial Announced

Press Release: July 29, 2024

“Positive high-level results from an interim analysis of the AMPLIFY Phase III trial showed a fixed duration of acalabrutinib in combination with venetoclax, with or without obinutuzumab, demonstrated a statistically significant and clinically meaningful improvement in progression-free survival (PFS) compared to standard-of-care chemoimmunotherapy in previously untreated adult patients with chronic lymphocytic leukemia (CLL).

For the secondary endpoint of overall survival (OS), a trend was observed in favour of acalabrutinib in combination with venetoclax, with or without obinutuzumab, versus standard-of-care chemoimmunotherapy. The OS data were not mature at the time of this analysis and the trial will continue to assess OS as a key secondary endpoint.

The safety and tolerability were consistent with the known safety profile of each medicine. No new safety signals were identified, with low rates of cardiac toxicity observed. The data will be presented at a forthcoming medical meeting and shared with global regulatory authorities.”

AMPLIFY: An Ongoing Phase III Trial of Fixed-Duration Acalabrutinib and Venetoclax with or without Obinutuzumab for Previously Untreated CLL without Del(17p) or TP53 Mutation

Trial identifier: NCT03836261 (active, not recruiting)

Estimated enrollment: 984

Eligibility

- Diagnosis of CLL requiring active treatment
- ECOG PS 0-2
- No detected del(17p) or TP53 mutation
- No prior CLL-specific therapies

R

Acalabrutinib

+

venetoclax

**Acalabrutinib + venetoclax +
obinutuzumab**

**Investigator choice of FCR or
bendamustine/rituximab**

FCR = fludarabine, cyclophosphamide and rituximab

Primary endpoint: Progression-free survival by independent central review

Agenda

Introduction: Interface Between Chronic Lymphocytic Leukemia (CLL) and Mantle Cell Lymphoma (MCL)

Module 1: Selection of First-Line Treatment for MCL

Module 2: Key Datasets – Overview and First-Line Therapy

Module 3: Faculty Case Presentations

Module 4: Key Datasets – Relapsed/Refractory Disease

Module 5: Faculty Case Presentations

Key Clinical Questions

How do you approach first-line therapy for patients with MCL in terms of ...

- **When to initiate treatment?**
- **Which treatment to administer?**

Agenda

Introduction: Interface Between Chronic Lymphocytic Leukemia (CLL) and Mantle Cell Lymphoma (MCL)

Module 1: Selection of First-Line Treatment for MCL

Module 2: Key Datasets – Overview and First-Line Therapy

Module 3: Faculty Case Presentations

Module 4: Key Datasets – Relapsed/Refractory Disease

Module 5: Faculty Case Presentations

FDA Approved Therapies for MCL

	Mechanism	Approval date	MCL indication
Bortezomib	Proteasome inhibitor	Initial approval 2003	Adult patients with MCL
Lenalidomide	Immunomodulator	June 5, 2013	After relapse or progression on two prior therapies, one of which included bortezomib
Ibrutinib	BTK inhibitor	Nov. 13, 2013	Adult patients who have received at least one prior therapy (Indication withdrawn April 6, 2023)
Acalabrutinib	BTK inhibitor	Oct. 31, 2017	Adult patients who have received at least one prior therapy
Zanubrutinib	BTK inhibitor	Nov. 14, 2019	Adult patients who have received at least one prior therapy
Brexucabtagene autoleucel	CAR T-cell therapy	July 24, 2020	Adult patients with relapsed or refractory disease
Pirtobrutinib	BTK inhibitor	Jan. 27, 2023	Adult patients with relapsed or refractory disease after at least two lines of systemic therapy, including a BTK inhibitor
Lisocabtagene Maraleucel	CAR T-cell therapy	May 30, 2024	Adult patients with relapsed or refractory disease

<https://www.fda.gov/drugs/resources-information-approved-drugs/fda-grants-accelerated-approval-pirtobrutinib-relapsed-or-refractory-mantle-cell-lymphoma>

Courtesy of Michael Wang, MD

Chemotherapy-free Regimens Using BTK Inhibitors

1st Generation, covalent, irreversible	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Ibrutinib (FDA approval 2013), rituximab-ibrutinib, ibrutinib-venetoclax• SHINE, WINDOW 1 and 2, and TRIANGLE trials
2nd Generation, covalent, irreversible, less toxic	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Acalabrutinib (FDA approval 2017), ECHO, AR and AVR• Zanubrutinib (FDA approval 2019), MANGROVE• Orelabrutinib in trials, phase 3 in design stage
3rd Generation, non-covalent, reversible	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Pirtobrutinib (FDA approval 2023), phase 3 ongoing• PR, PVR, PV. ARQ531, Vecabrutinib
4th Generation	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• BTK degraders currently in clinical trials

A, acalabrutinib; P, pirtobrutinib; R, rituximab; V, venetoclax.

Abbas HA, et al. *Front Oncol.* 2021;11:668162; Clinicaltrials.gov, accessed 9/26/2023; Das D, et al. *Curr Top Med Chem.* 2022;22(20):1674-1691; Deng LJ, et al. *Blood Adv.* 2023;7(16):4349-4357; Kumar A, et al. *Am Soc Clin Oncol Educ Book.* 2022;42:1-15; Patel D, et al. *Clin Lymphoma Myeloma Leuk.* 2023;23(9):633-641.



The NEW ENGLAND
JOURNAL of MEDICINE

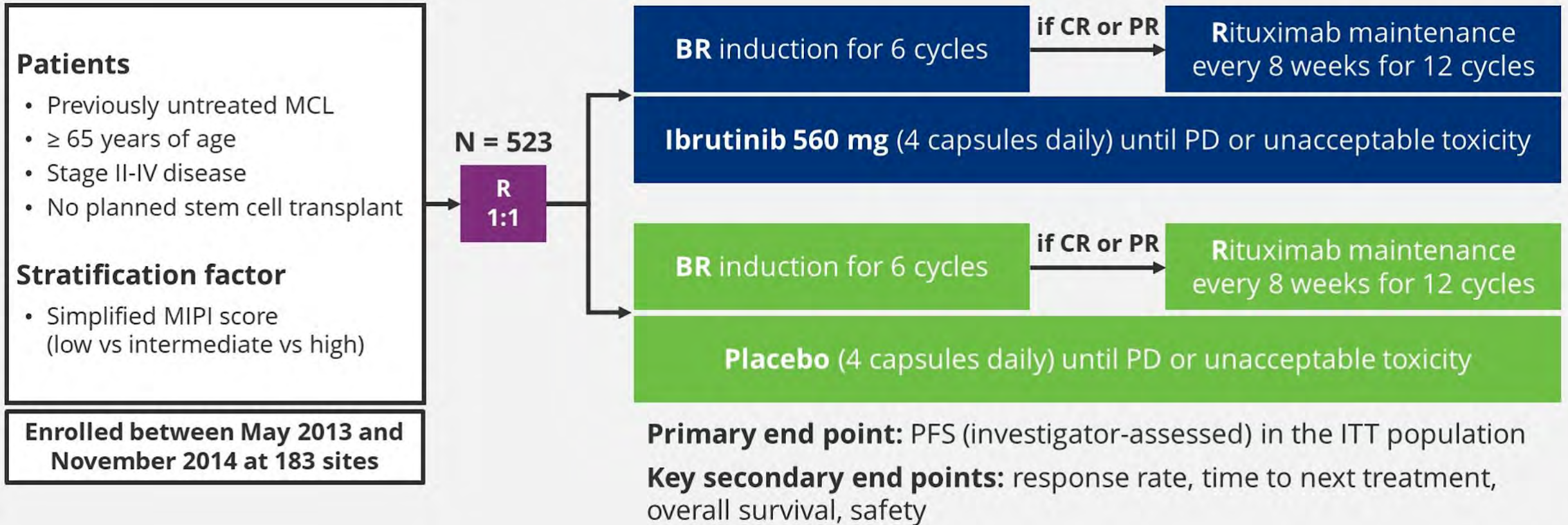
www.nejm.org/doi/full/10.1056/NEJMoa2201817

ORIGINAL ARTICLE

Ibrutinib plus Bendamustine and Rituximab in Untreated Mantle-Cell Lymphoma

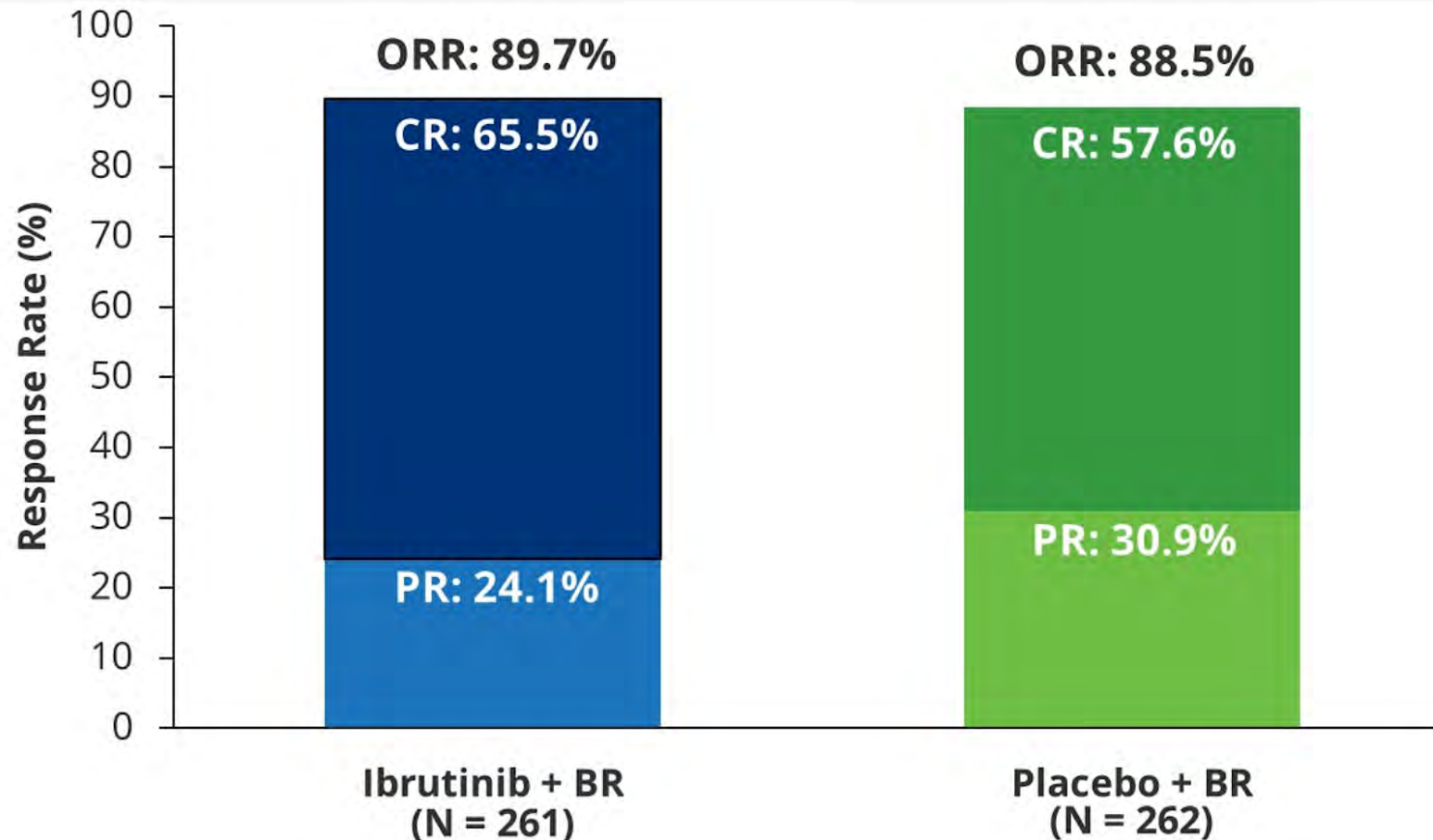
Michael L. Wang, M.D., Wojciech Jurczak, M.D., Ph.D., Mats Jerkeman, M.D., Ph.D.,
Judith Trotman, F.R.A.C.P., Pier L. Zinzani, M.D., Ph.D., David Belada, M.D., Ph.D.,
Carola Boccomini, M.D., Ian W. Flinn, M.D., Ph.D., Pratyush Giri, F.R.A.C.P.,
Andre Goy, M.D., Paul A. Hamlin, M.D., Olivier Hermine, M.D., Ph.D.,
José-Ángel Hernández-Rivas, M.D., Ph.D., Xiaonan Hong, M.D.,
Seok Jin Kim, M.D., Ph.D., David Lewis, F.R.C.Path., Ph.D.,
Yuko Mishima, M.D., Ph.D., Muhit Özcan, M.D., Guilherme F. Perini, M.D.,
Christopher Pocock, M.D., Ph.D., Yuqin Song, M.D., Ph.D.,
Stephen E. Spurgeon, M.D., John M. Storing, M.D., Jan Walewski, M.D.,
Jun Zhu, M.D., Ph.D., Rui Qin, Ph.D., Todd Henninger, Ph.D.,
Sanjay Deshpande, M.D., Angela Howes, Ph.D., Steven Le Gouill, M.D., Ph.D.,
and Martin Dreyling, M.D., for the SHINE Investigators*

SHINE Phase III Study Design



MIPI = Mantle Cell Lymphoma International Prognostic Index; BR = bendamustine and rituximab; CR = complete response; PR = partial response; PD = progressive disease; PFS = progression-free survival; ITT = intention to treat

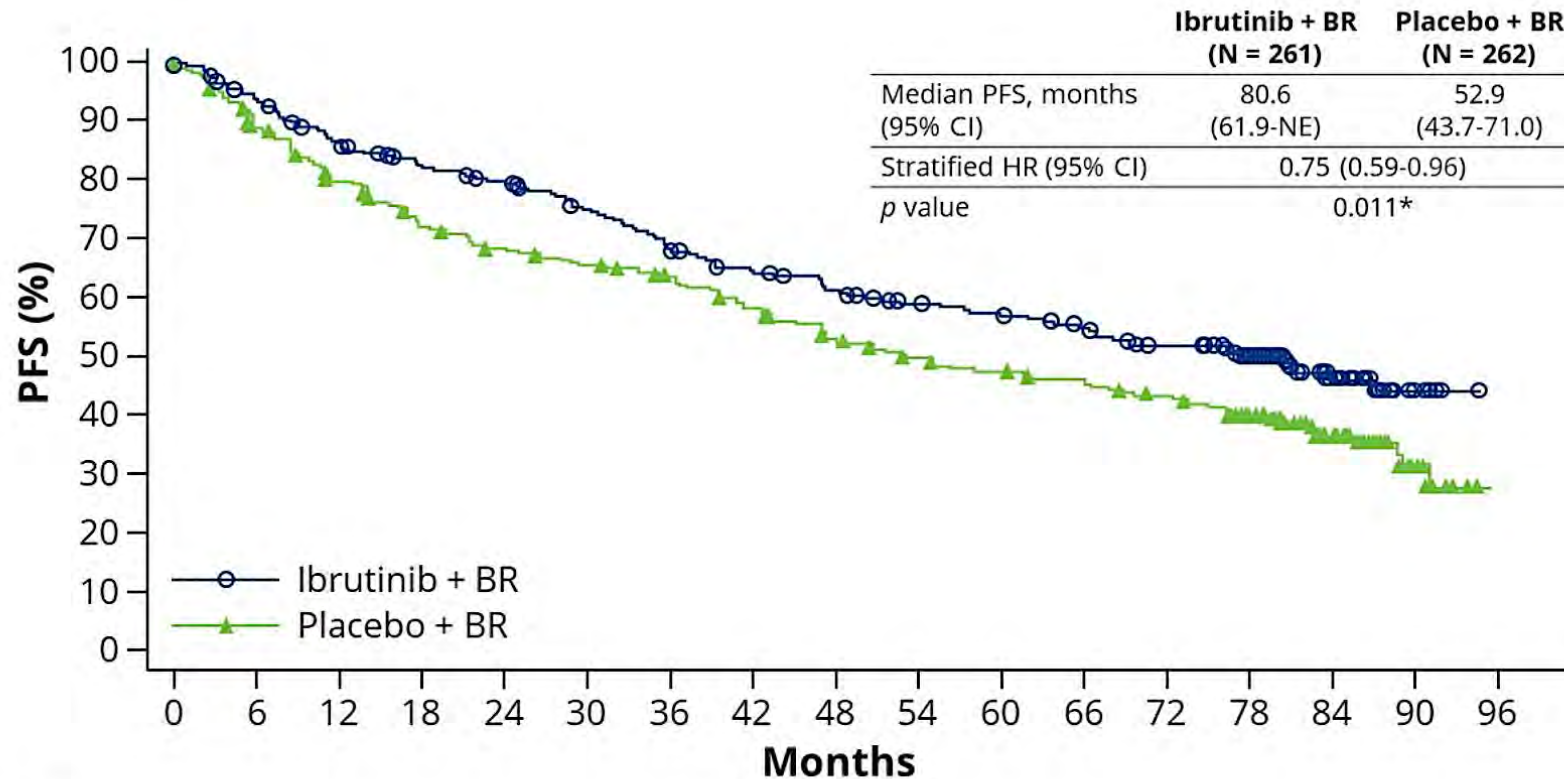
SHINE: Response Data



- CR rate was numerically higher in the ibrutinib arm (65.5% vs 57.6%; $p = 0.057$)

ORR = overall response rate

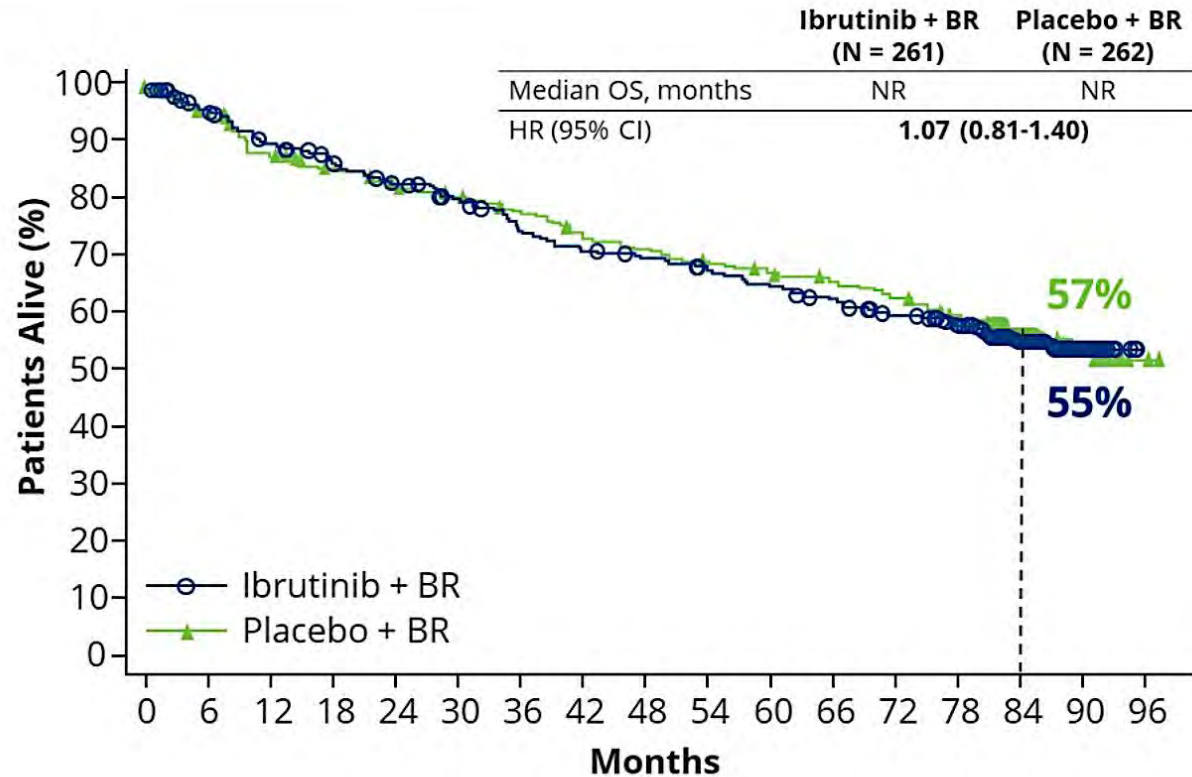
SHINE: PFS Outcomes



Ibrutinib + BR and R maintenance achieved:

- **Significant improvement in median PFS by 2.3 years** (6.7 vs 4.4 years)
- **25% reduction** in risk of PD or death

SHINE: Overall Survival (OS) Outcomes



Patients at Risk

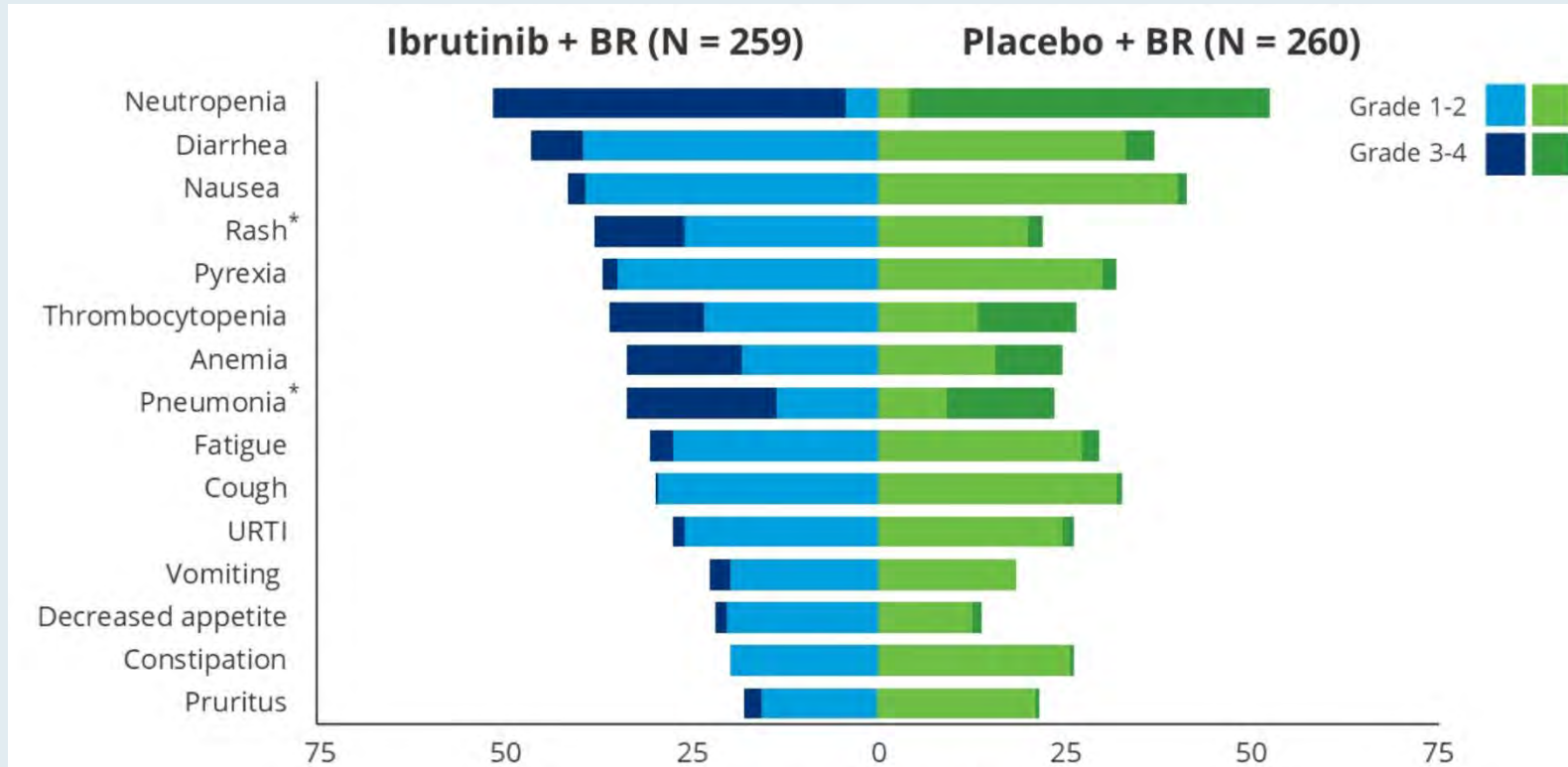
Ibrutinib + BR	261	239	221	208	197	187	171	163	158	152	145	138	128	118	70	25	0
Placebo + BR	262	244	223	212	203	197	188	177	171	165	159	154	147	137	90	31	2

Cause of death	Ibrutinib + BR (N = 261)	Placebo + BR (N = 262)
Death due to PD and TEAE	58 (22.2%)	70 (26.7%)
Death due to PD	30 (11.5%)	54 (20.6%)
Death due to TEAEs*	28 (10.7%)	16 (6.1%)
Death during post-treatment follow-up excluding PD and TEAEs	46 (17.6%)	37 (14.1%)
Total deaths	104 (39.8%)	107 (40.8%)

- Death due to Covid-19: 3 patients in the ibrutinib arm during the TEAE period and 2 patients in the placebo arm after the TEAE period
- Exploratory analysis of cause-specific survival including only deaths due to PD or TEAEs showed an HR of 0.88

TEAE = treatment-emergent adverse event

SHINE: Safety Profile



	Ibrutinib + BR (N = 259)		Placebo + BR (N = 260)	
	Any Grade	Grade 3 or 4	Any Grade	Grade 3 or 4
Any bleeding*	42.9%	3.5%	21.5%	1.5%
Major bleeding	5.8%	–	4.2%	–
Atrial fibrillation*	13.9%	3.9%	6.5%	0.8%
Hypertension	13.5%	8.5%	11.2%	5.8%
Arthralgia	17.4%	1.2%	16.9%	0

URTI = upper respiratory tract infection

LB3439

Acalabrutinib plus bendamustine and rituximab in untreated mantle cell lymphoma (MCL): Results from the phase 3, double-blind, placebo-controlled ECHO trial

Michael Wang¹, Jiri Mayer², David Belada³, Yuqin Song⁴, Wojciech Jurczak⁵, Jonas Paludo⁶, Michael P. Chu⁷,
Iryna Kryachok⁸, Laura Fogliatto⁹, Chan Cheah¹⁰, Marta Morawska^{11,12}, Juan-Manuel Sancho¹³, Yufu Li¹⁴, Caterina Patti¹⁵,
Cecily Forsyth¹⁶, Jingyang Zhang¹⁷, Robin Lesley¹⁷, Safaa Ramadan¹⁸, Simon Rule¹⁸,
Martin Dreyling¹⁹

¹MD Anderson Cancer Center, University of Texas, Houston, TX, USA; ²University Hospital Brno, Brno, Czech Republic;
³4th Department of Internal Medicine – Haematology, Charles University, Hospital and Faculty of Medicine, Hradec Králové, Czech Republic;
⁴Peking University Cancer Hospital & Institute, Beijing, China; ⁵Malopolskie Centrum Medyczne S.C, Krakow, Poland;
⁶Mayo Clinic, Rochester, MN, USA; ⁷Cross Cancer Institute, University of Alberta, Edmonton, Canada; ⁸National Cancer Institute, Kyiv, Ukraine;
⁹Hospital de Clinicas de Porto Alegre, Porto Alegre, Brazil; ¹⁰Sir Charles Gairdner Hospital, Nedlands, Australia; ¹¹Experimental Hematooncology Department, Medical University of
Lublin, Lublin, Poland; ¹²Hematology Department, St. John's Cancer Center, Lublin, Poland;
¹³CO-IJC-Hospital Germans Trias i Pujol, Badalona, Spain; ¹⁴Henan Cancer Hospital, Zheng Zhou, China;
¹⁵A.O.O.R. Villa Sofia Cervello, Palermo, Italy; ¹⁶Central Coast Haematology, North Gosford, Australia;
¹⁷AstraZeneca, South San Francisco, CA, USA; ¹⁸AstraZeneca, Cambridge, UK; ¹⁹Klinikum der Universitaet Muenchen, Muenchen, Germany

Presented at the European Hematology Association (EHA) Annual Meeting; June 13–16, 2024; Madrid, Spain

Courtesy of Michael Wang, MD

ECHO Phase III Study Design

ECHO: multicenter, double-blind, placebo-controlled, Ph 3 trial

Untreated MCL (N=598)

- Age ≥ 65 years
- ECOG PS ≤ 2

Stratification

- **sMIPI score:** Low vs intermediate vs high
- **Geographic region:** North America vs Western Europe vs other

R
A
N
D
O
M
I
Z
E

1:1

Enrollment: Apr 2017–Mar 2023
Sites: 195 globally

Bendamustine^a
Rituximab^b
x 6 cycles

if \geq PR

Maintenance Rituximab
(every 2 cycles x 2 years)

Acalabrutinib 100 mg BID, PO until PD or toxicity

Bendamustine^a
Rituximab^b
x 6 cycles

if \geq PR

Maintenance Rituximab
(every 2 cycles x 2 years)

Placebo BID, PO until PD or toxicity

1 cycle = 28 days

Primary endpoint:

- PFS (Independent Review Committee)

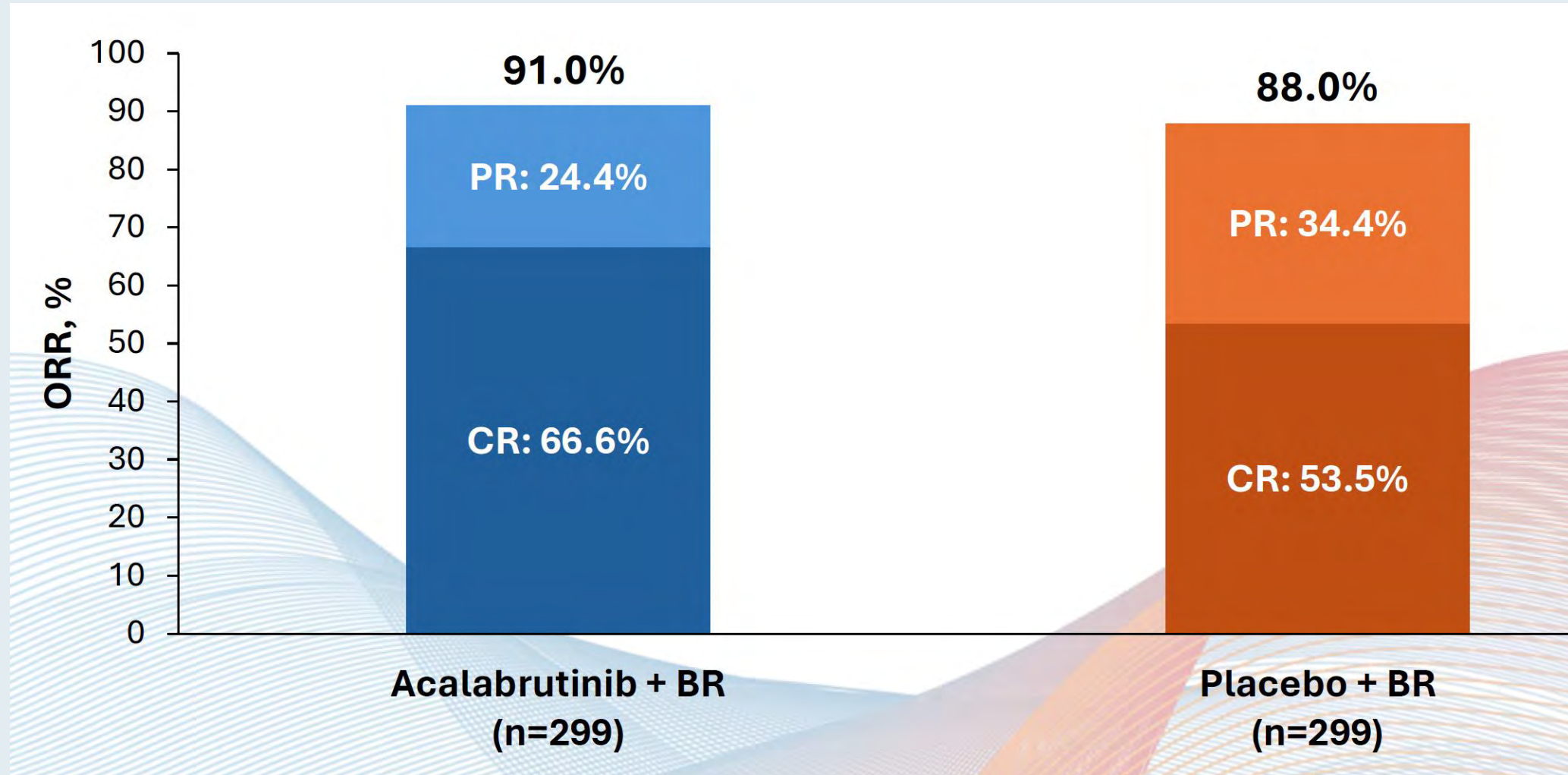
Key secondary endpoints:

- ORR (Independent Review Committee)
- OS

Safety

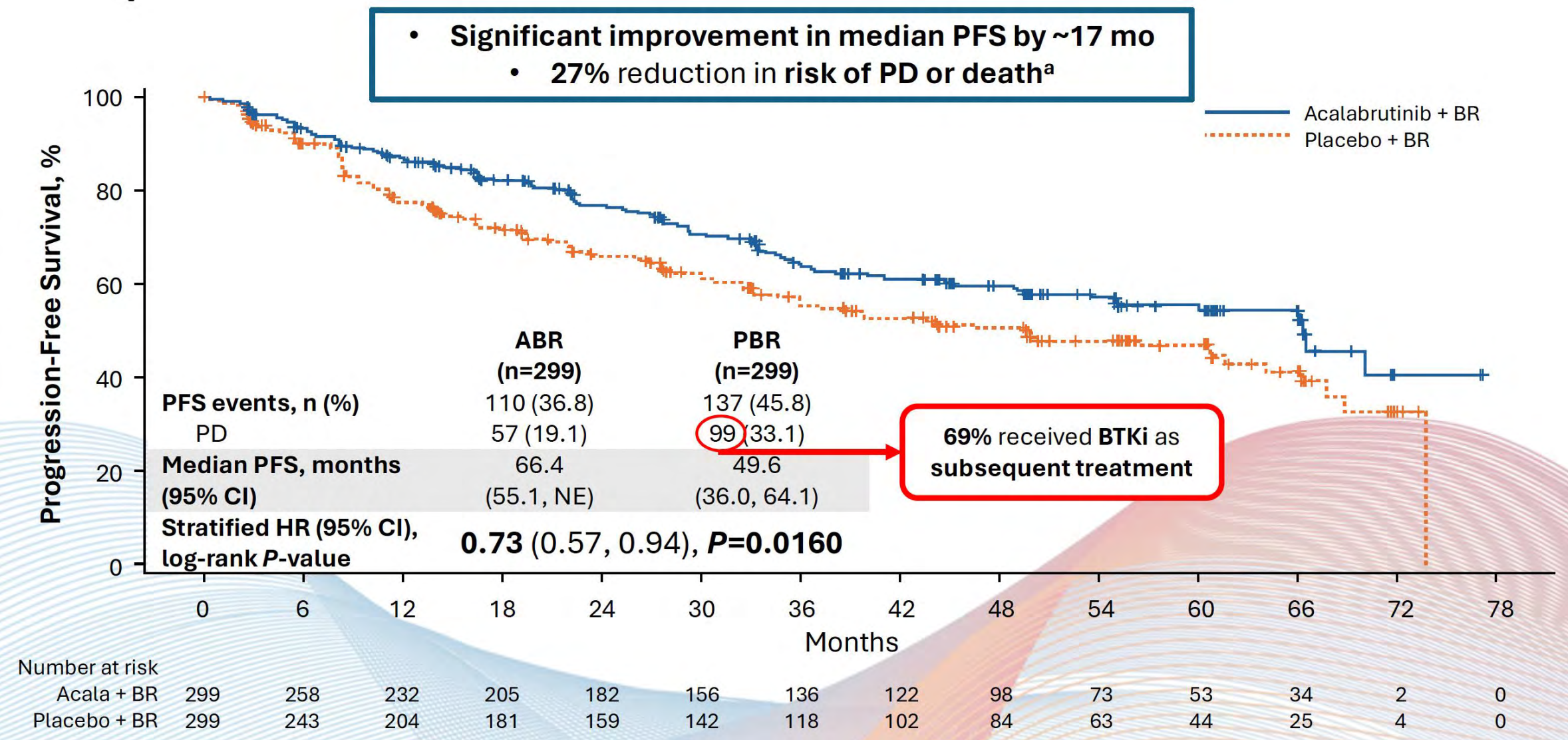
Crossover to
acalabrutinib after PD
was permitted

ECHO: Response Data



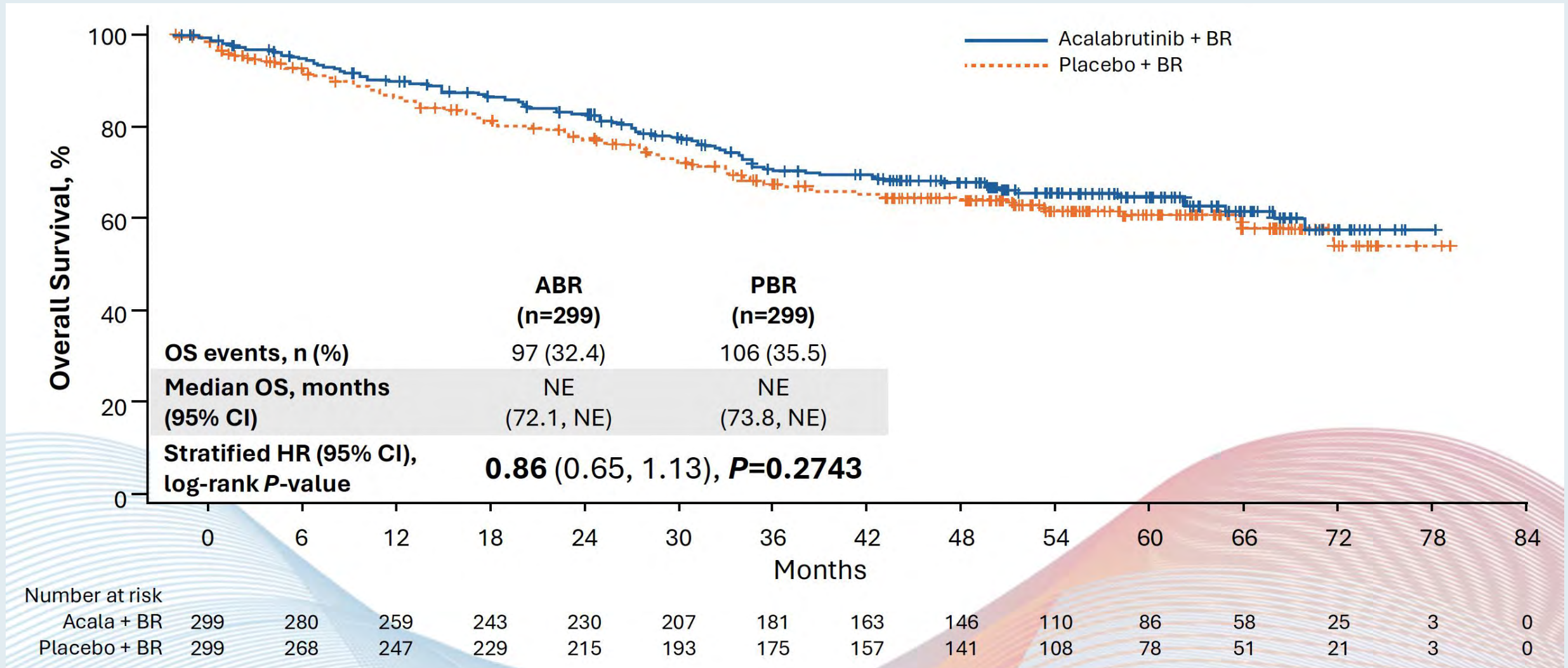
ECHO: PFS Outcomes

- Significant improvement in median PFS by ~17 mo
 - 27% reduction in risk of PD or death^a



BTKi = Bruton tyrosine kinase inhibitor

ECHO: OS Outcomes



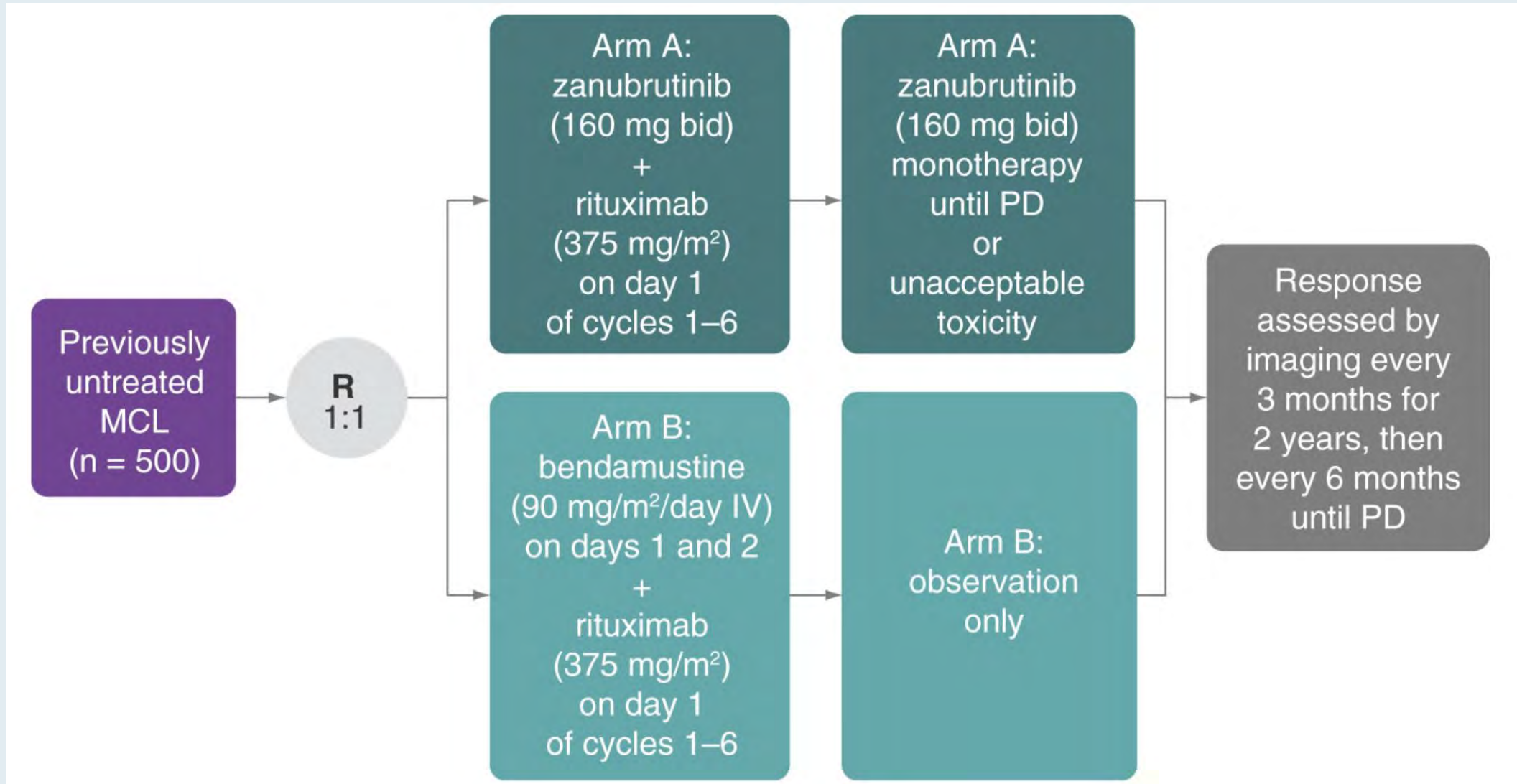
ECHO: Safety Profile

	Acalabrutinib + BR (n=297)		Placebo + BR (n=297)	
	Any grade	Grade ≥3	Any grade	Grade ≥3
Event, n (%)				
Atrial fibrillation	18 (6.1)	11 (3.7)	13 (4.4)	5 (1.7)
Hypertension	36 (12.1)	16 (5.4)	47 (15.8)	25 (8.4)
Major bleeding ^a	7 (2.4)	6 (2.0)	16 (5.4)	10 (3.4)
Infections ^b	232 (78.1)	122 (41.1)	211 (71.0)	101 (34.0)
Second primary malignancies (excluding non-melanoma skin) ^b	29 (9.8)	16 (5.4)	32 (10.8)	20 (6.7)
Median treatment exposure (range), months	29 (0.1, 80.1)		25 (0.03, 76.4)	

Conclusions:

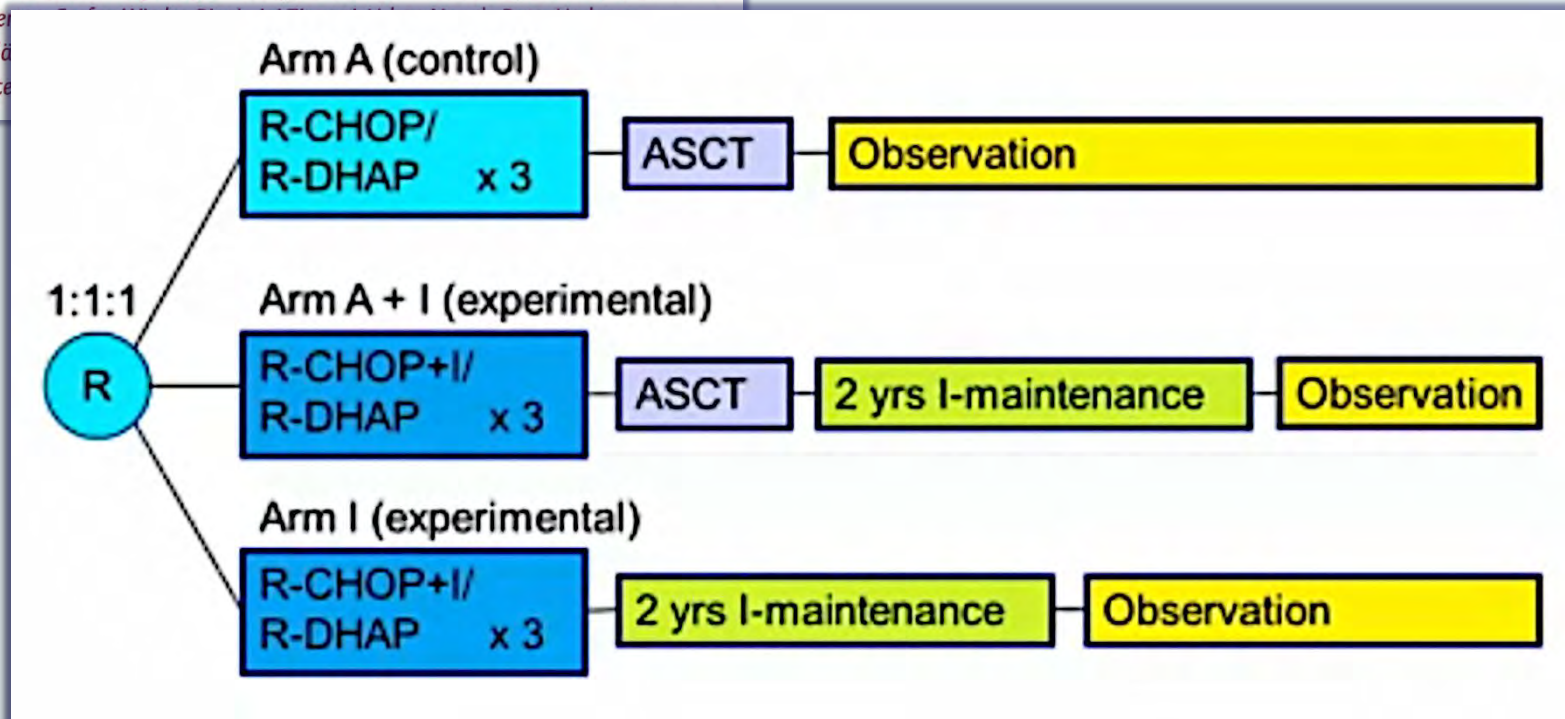
- The addition of acalabrutinib to BR in older patients with MCL reduced the risk of disease progression or death by 27%, with a 36% risk reduction when censoring COVID-19 deaths
- The safety profile of acalabrutinib + BR is consistent with that of the individual drugs
- ECHO provides first evidence of a positive trend in OS when adding a BTKi to frontline standard chemoimmunotherapy for treatment of older patients with MCL
- The survival trend favoring acalabrutinib + BR was sustained despite most patients receiving a BTKi as salvage therapy after disease progression with BR
- ECHO data suggest BTKi therapy provides substantial benefit when given as frontline therapy in combination with BR

Phase III Study of Zanubrutinib with Rituximab versus BR for Transplant-Ineligible, Untreated MCL

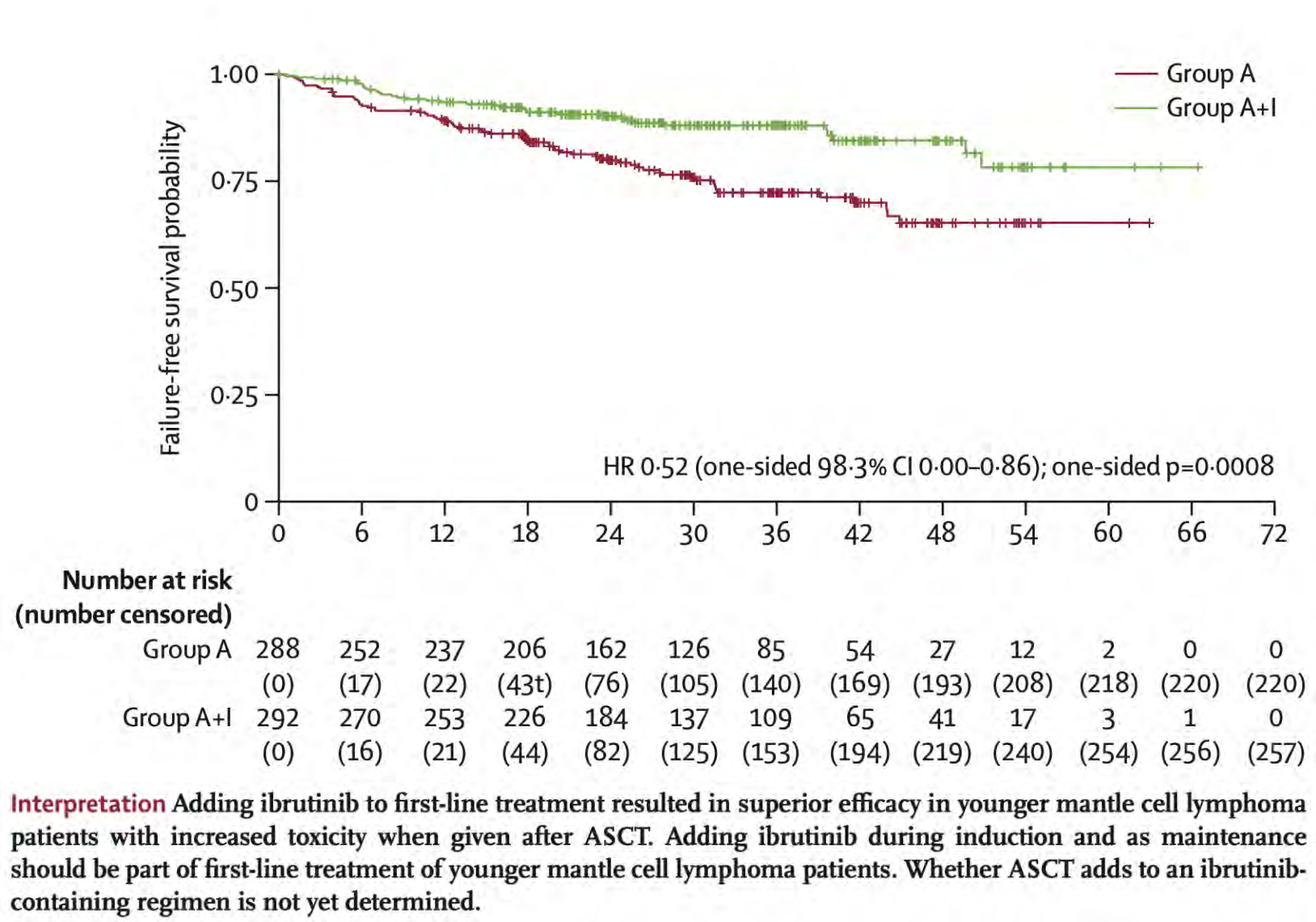


Ibrutinib combined with immunochemotherapy with or without autologous stem-cell transplantation versus immunochemotherapy and autologous stem-cell transplantation in previously untreated patients with mantle cell lymphoma (TRIANGLE): a three-arm, randomised, open-label, phase 3 superiority trial of the European Mantle Cell Lymphoma Network

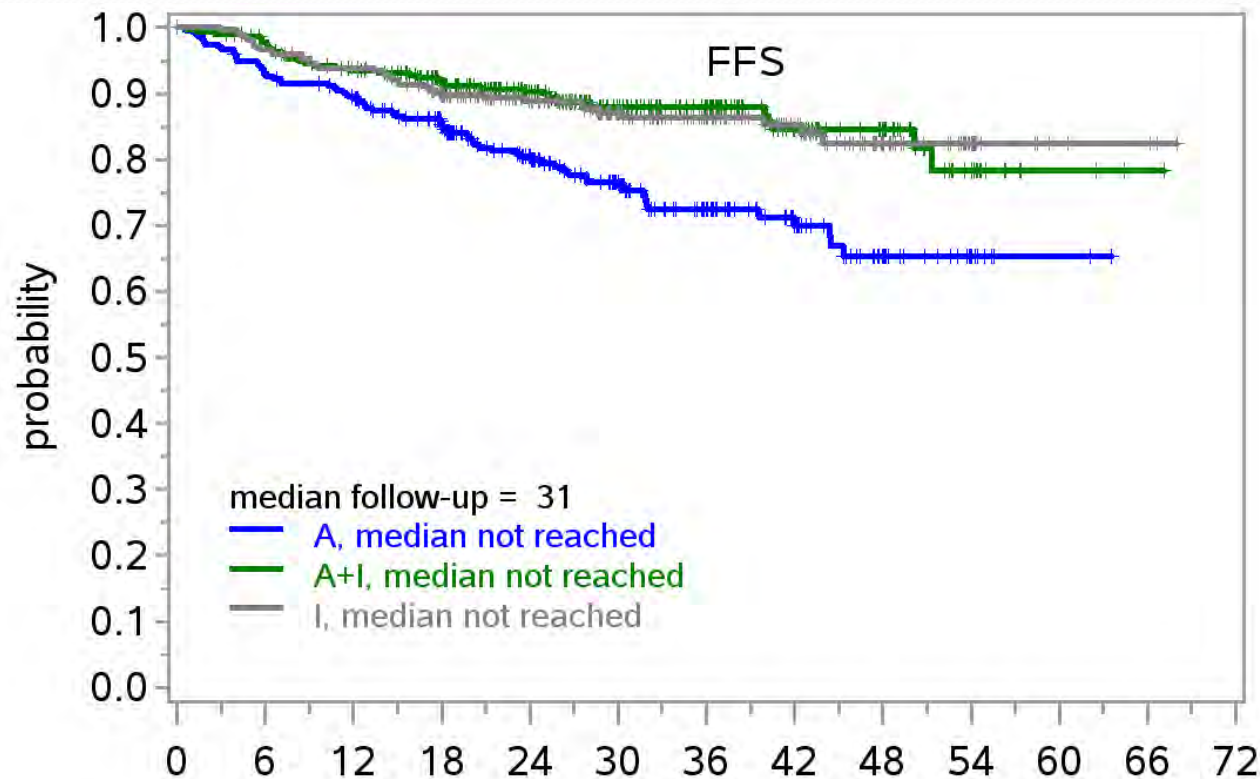
Martin Dreyling, Jeanette Doorduijn, Eva Giné, Mats Jerkeman, Jan Walewski, Martin Hutchings, Ulrich Mey, Jon Riise, Marek Trnety, Vibeke Vergote, Ofer Shpilberg, Maria Gomes da Silva, Sirpa Leppä, Linmiao Jiang, Stephan Stilgenbauer, Andrea Kerkhoff, Ron D Jachimowicz, Melania Celli, Georg Hess, Luca Arcaini, Carlo Visco, Tom van Meer, Fabio Benedetti, Kristina Sonnev, Christine Hanoun, Matthias Hä, Christian Schmidt, Michael Unterhalt, Marco Ladetto*, Eva Hoste



TRIANGLE: Failure-Free Survival with ASCT and Ibrutinib versus ASCT Alone



TRIANGLE: FFS Superiority of A+I vs. I ?



Numbers At Risk												
	0	6	12	18	24	30	36	42	48	54	60	66
A	288	252	237	206	162	126	85	54	27	12	2	0
A+I	292	270	253	226	184	137	109	65	40	17	3	1
I	290	269	257	229	180	133	100	68	34	16	4	3

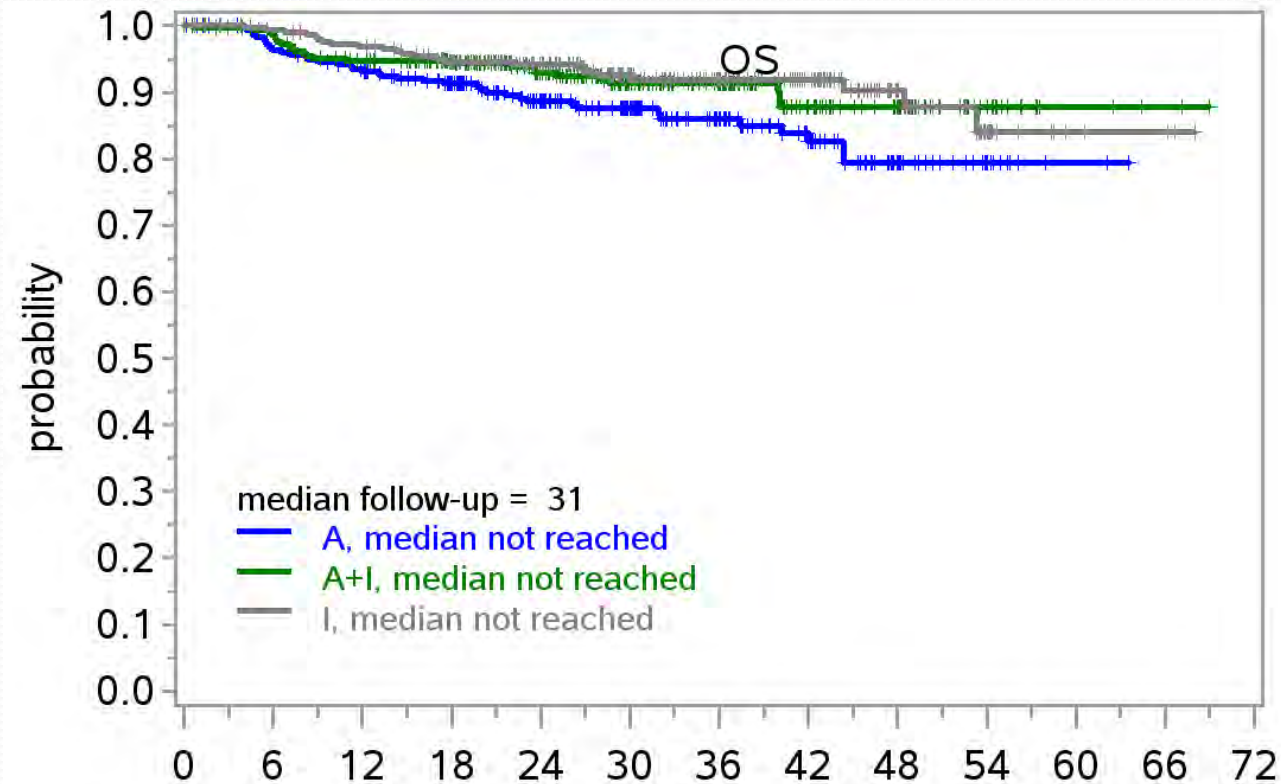
- Test A+I vs. I ongoing, no decision yet

Next lymphoma treatment (among patients with first treatment failure)	A (n=68)		A+I (n=35)		I (n=37)	
Treatment with Ibrutinib	34	79%	4	24%	3	11%
Treatment without Ibrutinib	9	21%	13	76%	24	89%
No treatment	25		18		10	

A+I arm: IR-CHOP/R-DHAP+ASCT+I; I arm: IR-CHOP/R-DHAP+I. I: ibrutinib

Courtesy of Michael Wang, MD

TRIANGLE: Overall survival



Numbers At Risk		months from randomisation											
	0	6	12	18	24	30	36	42	48	54	60	66	72
A	288	270	256	230	181	145	97	63	32	15	2	0	
A+I	292	280	262	238	195	142	113	67	42	19	4	2	
I	290	281	272	248	197	145	109	77	38	16	4	3	

- 3-year OS:
 - A: 86% (MCL Younger exp.: 84%)
 - A+I: 91%
 - I: 92%
- Too early to evaluate statistical significance

A arm: R-CHOP/R-DHAP+ASCT; A+I arm: IR-CHOP/R-DHAP+ASCT+I; I arm: IR-CHOP/R-DHAP+I. I: ibrutinib



Should frontline treatment
for MCL be “chemo-free” –
Where do therapies fit in?

ACE-LY-106: Acalabrutinib plus Venetoclax and Rituximab in Patients with Treatment-Naïve MCL

Phase 1b multicenter, open-label trial

- Previously untreated MCL
- ECOG PS ≤ 2
- No history of CNS lymphoma or leptomeningeal disease
- No significant cardiovascular disease
- Primary endpoint = safety

CR, complete response; ECOG PS, Eastern Cooperative Oncology Group performance status; PD, progressive disease; PR, partial response; SD, stable disease.

Wang ML, et al. *Blood* 2021;138(Suppl_1):2416.

Efficacy by PET/CT (n=21)	
ORR (CR + PR), % (95% CI)	100 (83.9-100)
CR, %	90
PR, %	10
SD, %	0
PD, %	0

Adverse events of interest (n=21)	Any grade, %	Grade ≥ 3 , %
Infections	57	33
Neutropenia	43	33
Hemorrhage	33	0
Major hemorrhage	0	0
Cardiac events	19	0
Atrial fibrillation	0	0
Hypertension	5	5

Acalabrutinib-Venetoclax-Rituximab: Survival

- Median follow-up = 20.5 months (range 8.0-31.6)
- 1-year PFS rate = 90% (95% CI: 66%-97%)
- 1-year OS rate = 95% (95% CI: 71%-99%)
- Median PFS and OS not yet reached

Figure 3. Progression-Free Survival

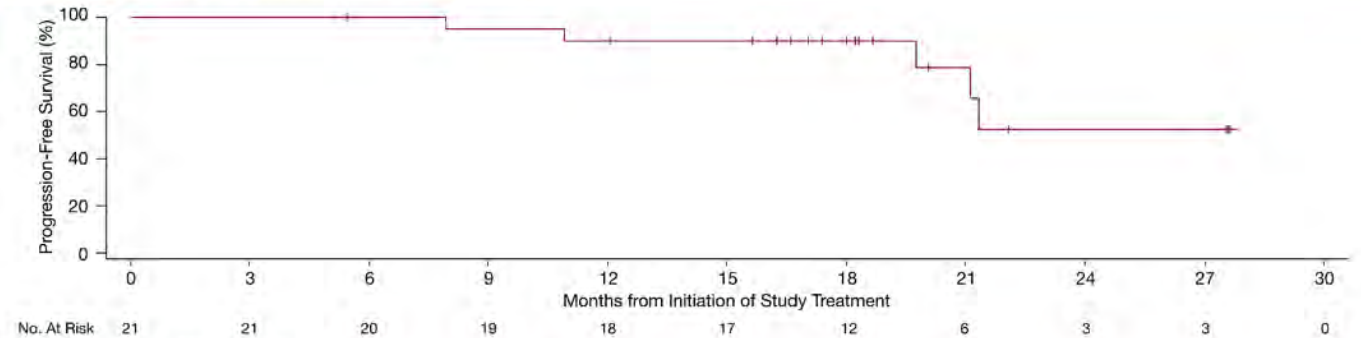
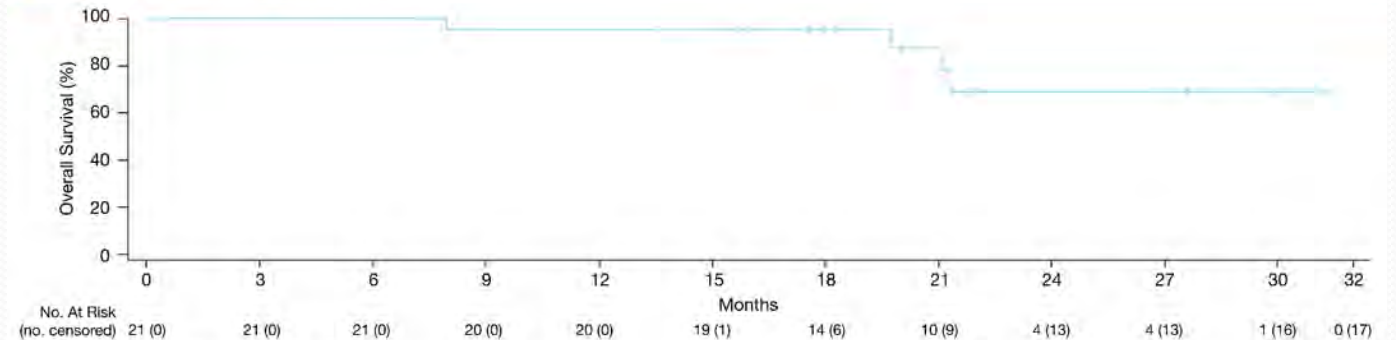
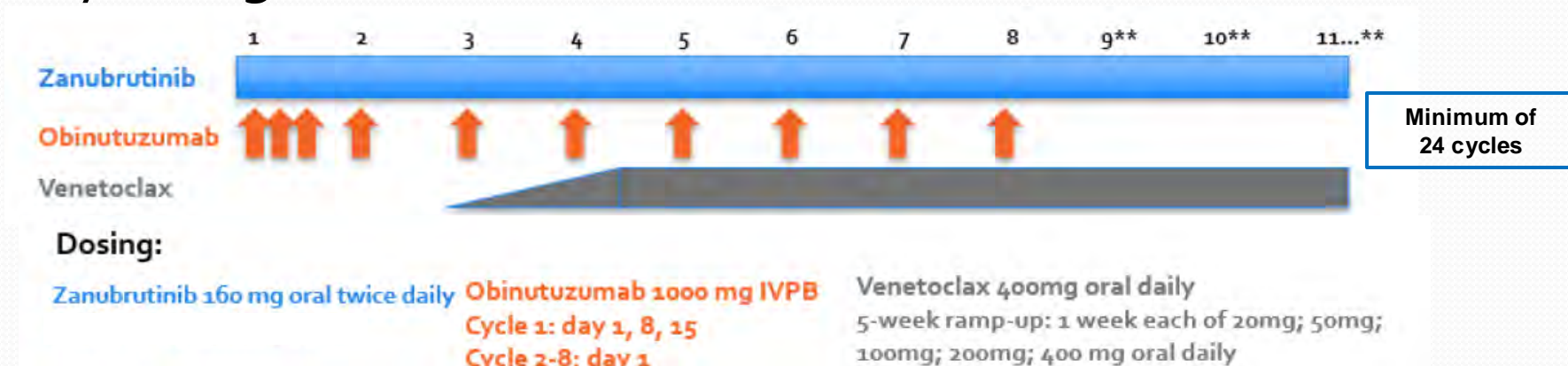


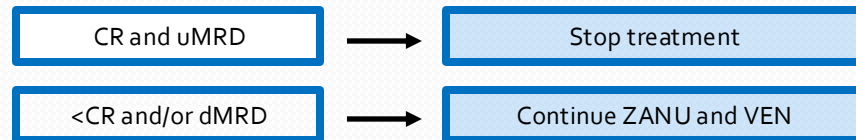
Figure 4. Overall Survival



Study Design for BOVen



After 24 cycles, MRD-driven approach to limit treatment duration in selected patients:



Key Eligibility Criteria:

- Previously untreated MCL (except localized RT prior)
- *TP53* mutation (of any variant allele frequency)
- ECOG ≤2, adequate organ and hematologic function (ANC >1, PLT >75, HGB ≥9 (unless due to MCL))

Primary Endpoint:

- 2-year progression-free survival.
- A promising 2-yr PFS rate ≥55% and an unacceptable rate ≤30%
- If ≥11 patients were progression-free at 2 years, the treatment regimen would be declared effective

Agenda

Introduction: Interface Between Chronic Lymphocytic Leukemia (CLL) and Mantle Cell Lymphoma (MCL)

Module 1: Selection of First-Line Treatment for MCL

Module 2: Key Datasets – Overview and First-Line Therapy

Module 3: Faculty Case Presentations

Module 4: Key Datasets – Relapsed/Refractory Disease

Module 5: Faculty Case Presentations

Case Presentation – Dr Phillips: 60yo F Who Experienced Disease Relapse After ASCT Followed by Rituximab Maintenance

60-year-old female in good health until noting sudden onset of fatigue and shortness of breath while out hiking. Was rushed to local emergency room and found to have diffuse adenopathy above and below the diaphragm. Biopsy obtained was consistent with mantle cell lymphoma. Pathology demonstrated an aggressive variant, pleomorphic, with a ki-67 50%. Subs work out revealed involvement, and the bone marrow, axial skeleton, stomach, and colon.

Patient was treated with the Nordic regimen and taken to an autologous stem cell transplant. After transplant, the patient was started on rituximab maintenance every two months times three years. Patient noted on routine follow up during year two of maintenance to have recurrent disease. At that time, the patient was started on acalabrutinib. Patient had resolution of disease within three months. And currently remains on treatment without any adverse events or progression.

Case Presentation – Dr Phillips: 80yo M with Cardiac Toxicity on Ibrutinib

80-year-old male who is in his normal state of health until he noted in large right angle lymph node. Biopsy of this area was consistent with mantle cell lymphoma. Patient was asymptomatic, so was observed until he began to develop onset of drenching night sweats approximately six months after the initial diagnosis at that time the patient was started on therapy with bendamustine and rituximab x 6 cycles obtaining a complete response. Patient remained in remission for approximately five years when he had another symptomatic relapse in the right axilla.

At that time, patient was started on ibrutinib, patient noted resolution of discomfort in the right axilla and on labs was noted to have a new onset leukocytosis. After approximately two months of therapy, patient had almost complete resolution of the enlargement in the right axilla and normalization of his white blood cell count. The patient was noted to have a rapid onset of shortness of breath. Was taken to local emergency room and found to have atrial fibrillation with rapid ventricular response. Patient in the ER had his rhythm converted sinus and was discharged home but was not started on anticoagulation due to concern of interaction with the ibrutinib. Unfortunately, patient continue to have issues with atrial fibrillation. Local cardiologist wanted to start the patient on amiodarone, but due to drug-drug interaction was unable to start this medication. Given this issue, the patient had his ibrutinib discontinued and started on lenalidomide and rituximab.

Case Presentation – Dr Phillips: 70yo M with TP53 Mutation Who Received Zanubrutinib/Rituximab

Patient is a 70 y/o previously healthy male who noted new onset of tonsillar enlargement and pain. The patient was seen by his primary care physician and given a short course of antibiotics. Did not have resolution and was subsequently referred to ENT. Exam revealed bilateral tonsil enlargement right greater than left. Patient had this area biopsied which confirmed the diagnosis mantle cell lymphoma. Molecular testing revealed a mutation in TP 53 with a Ki-67 of 30%. Fish notable for a 11;14 and 17 P deletion. Marrow was positive for involvement with normal cytogenetics. PET scan revealed disease above and below the diaphragm. EGD and colonoscopy was negative. Labs were unremarkable.

Given the positive mutation and TP 53 the patient was started on rituximab and zanubrutinib. Rituximab was given monthly times six while the zanubrutinib was given daily. After six months, the patient obtained a complete remission by pet scan. Patient continued on the zanubrutinib while the rituximab was switched to every other month.

Agenda

Introduction: Interface Between Chronic Lymphocytic Leukemia (CLL) and Mantle Cell Lymphoma (MCL)

Module 1: Selection of First-Line Treatment for MCL

Module 2: Key Datasets – Overview and First-Line Therapy















Module 3: Faculty Case Presentations

Module 4: Key Datasets – Relapsed/Refractory Disease

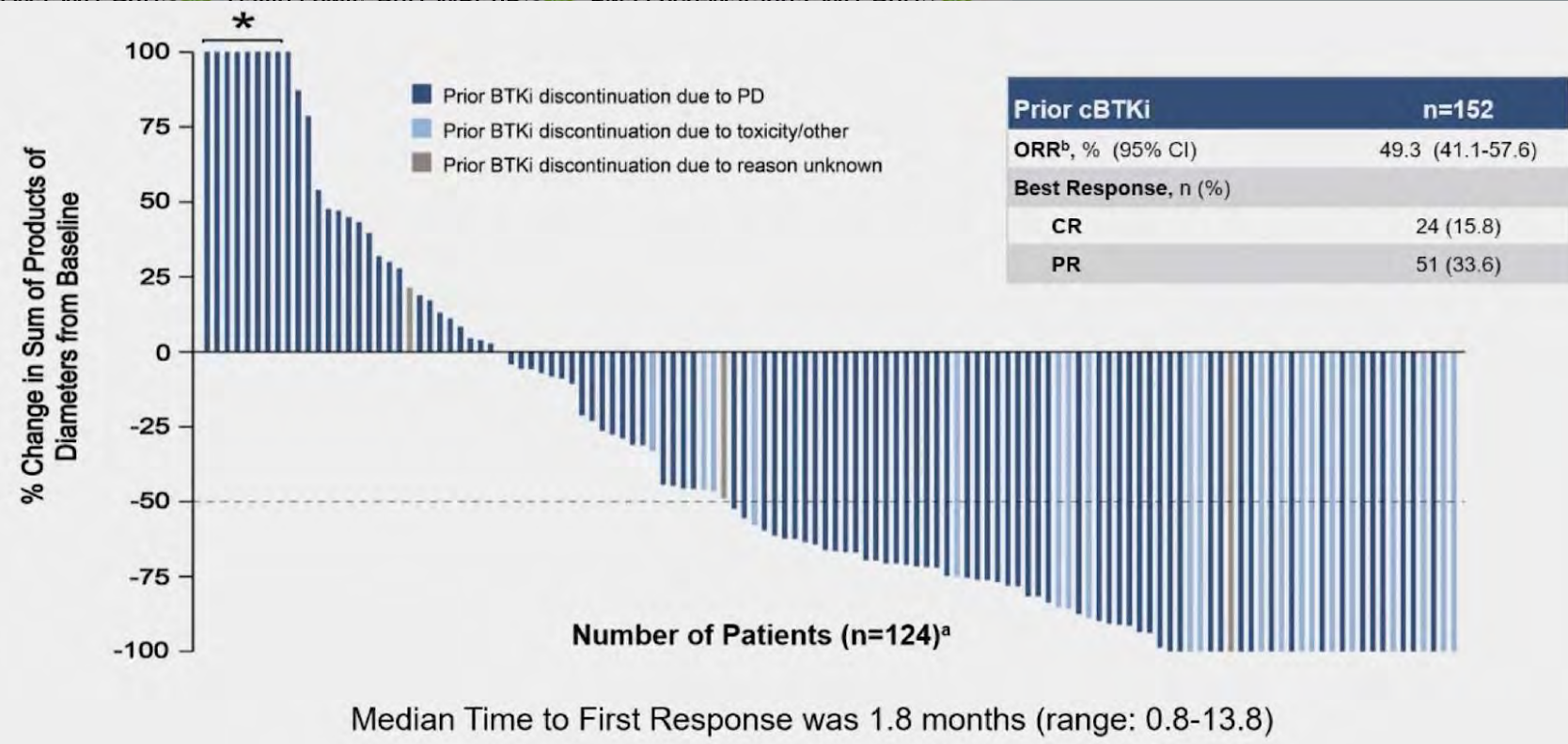
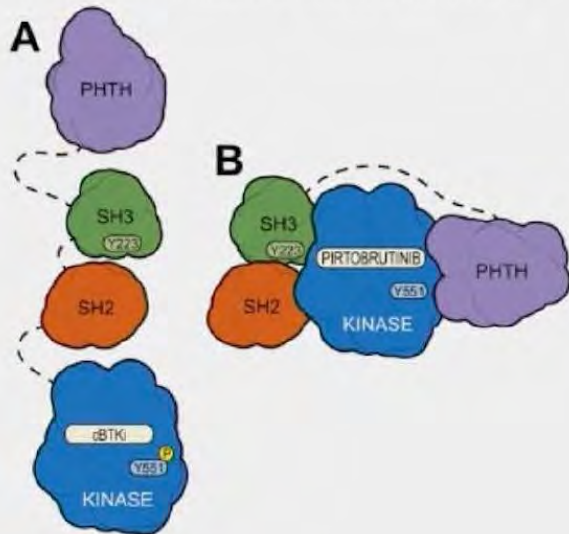
Module 5: Faculty Case Presentations

Pirtobrutinib for R/R MCL in the Phase I/II BRUIN Study

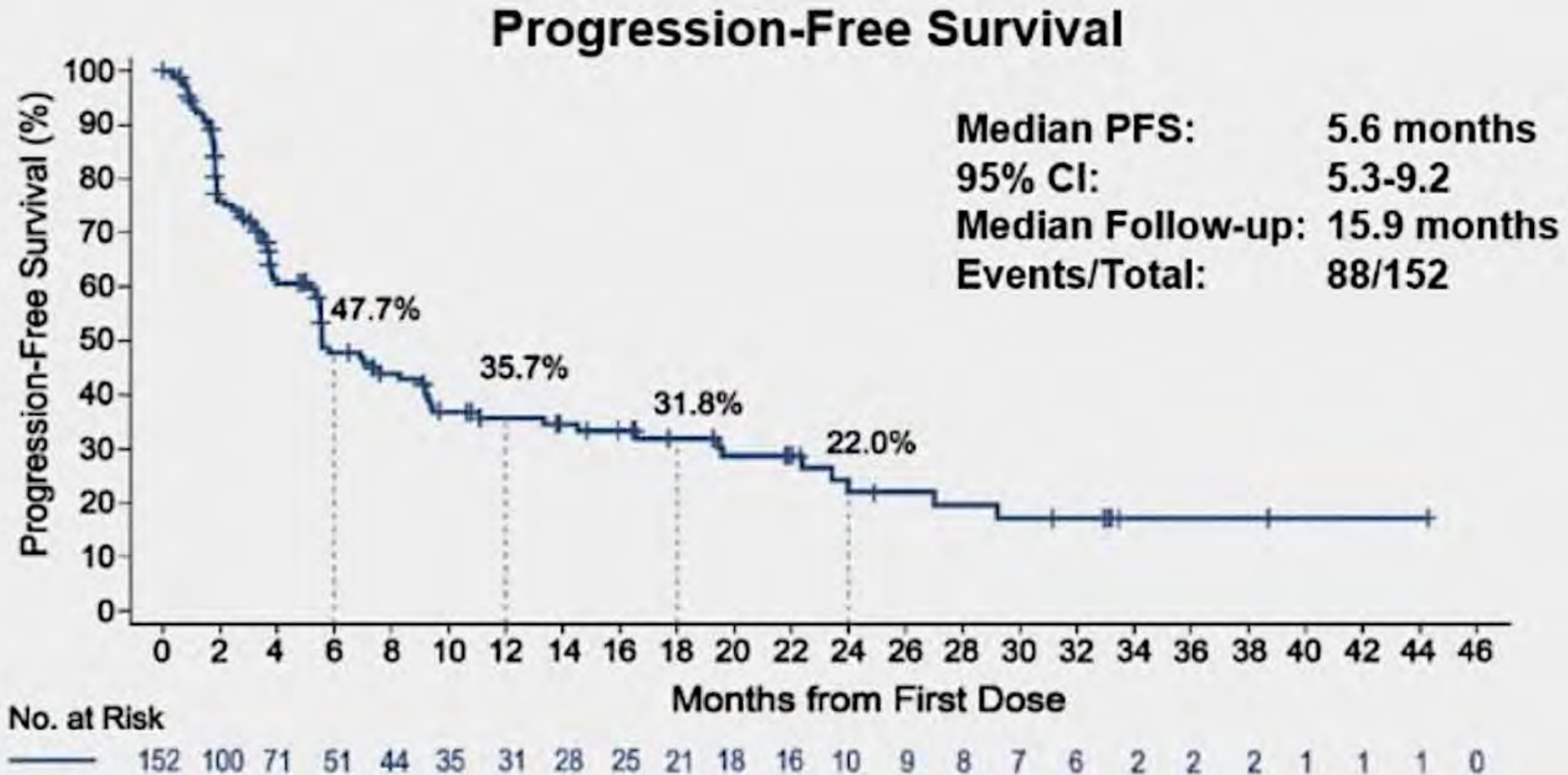
③ Pirtobrutinib in Covalent Bruton Tyrosine Kinase Inhibitor Pretreated Mantle-Cell Lymphoma

Michael L. Wang, MD¹ ; Wojciech Jurczak, MD, PhD²; Pier Luigi Zinzani, MD, PhD^{3,4} ; Toby A. Eyre, MD, MBChB, DipMedEd, MRCP, FRCPath⁵ ; Chan Y. Cheah, MD^{6,7} ; Chaitra S. Ujjani, MD⁸; Youngil Koh, MD⁹ ; Koji Izutsu, MD, PhD¹⁰ ; James N. Gerson, MD¹¹; Ian Flinn, MD, PhD¹² ; Benoit Tessoulin, MD¹³ ; Alvaro J. Alencar, MD¹⁴ ; Shuo Ma, MD, PhD¹⁵ ; David Lewis, PhD, MBChB¹⁶ ; Eva Lech Merenda, MD, PhD¹⁷ ; Joanna Rhodes, MD^{18,19} ; Krish Patel, MD²⁰ ; Kami M.

Pirtobrutinib may stabilize/maintain BTK in a closed inactive conformation⁸



Pirtobrutinib for R/R MCL: PFS Outcomes



Pirtobrutinib for R/R MCL: OS Outcomes

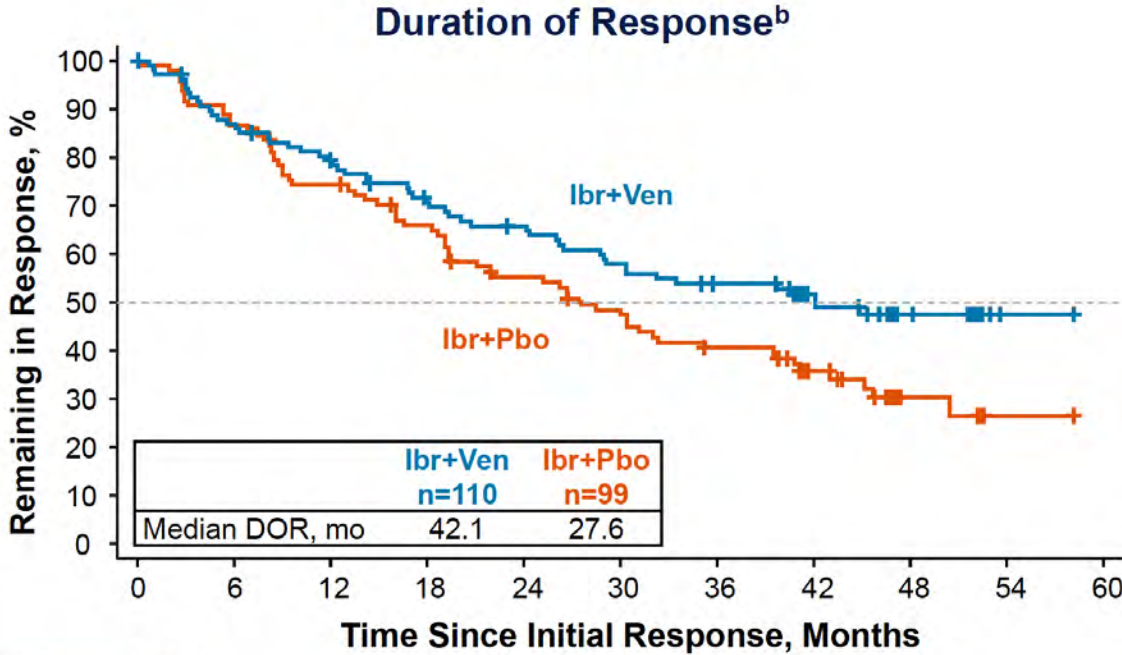
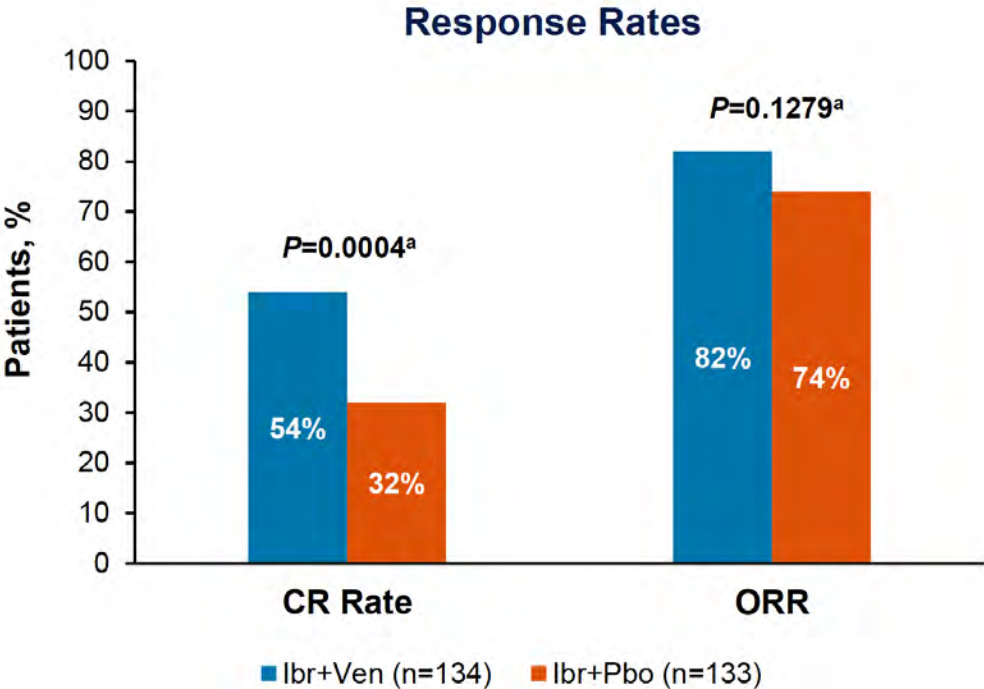
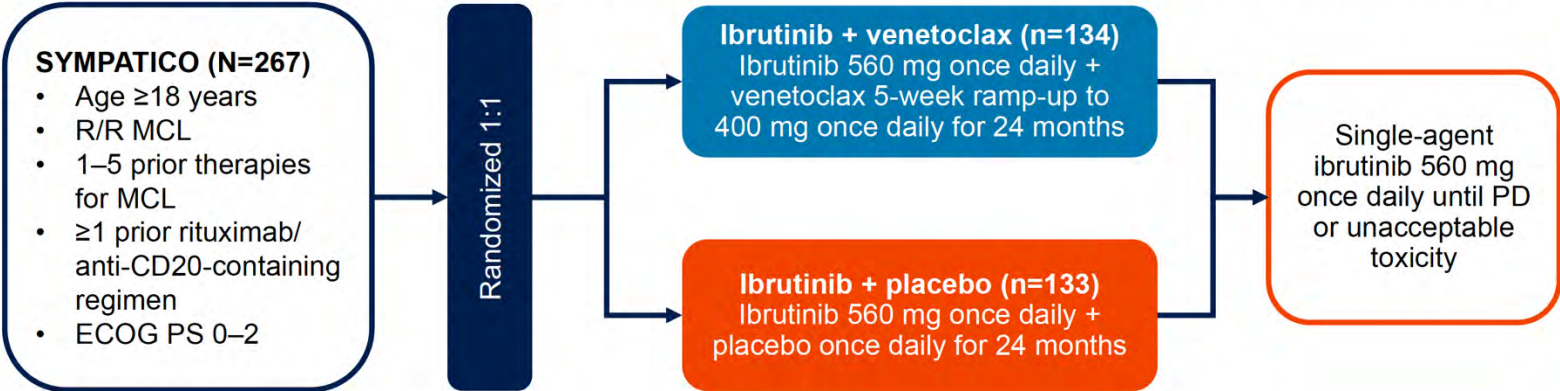


Pirtobrutinib for R/R MCL: Safety Profile

Adverse Event	Treatment-Emergent AEs in Patients with MCL (n=166)			
	All Cause AEs, (≥15%), %		Treatment-Related AEs, %	
	Any Grade	Grade ≥3	Any Grade	Grade ≥3
Fatigue	31.9	3.0	21.1	2.4
Diarrhea	22.3	0.0	12.7	0.0
Dyspnea	17.5	1.2	9.0	0.6
Anemia	16.9	7.8	7.2	2.4
Platelet Count Decreased	15.1	7.8	7.8	3.0
AEs of Interest ^a	Any Grade	Grade ≥3	Any Grade	Grade ≥3
Infections ^b	42.8	19.9	15.7	3.6
Bruising ^c	16.3	0.0	11.4	0.0
Rash ^d	14.5	0.6	9.0	0.0
Arthralgia	9.0	1.2	2.4	0.0
Hemorrhage ^e	10.2	2.4	4.2	0.6
Hypertension	4.2	0.6	1.8	0.0
Atrial Fibrillation/Flutter ^{f,g}	3.6	1.8	0.6	0.0

SYMPATICO: A Phase III Study of Ibrutinib with Venetoclax for R/R MCL

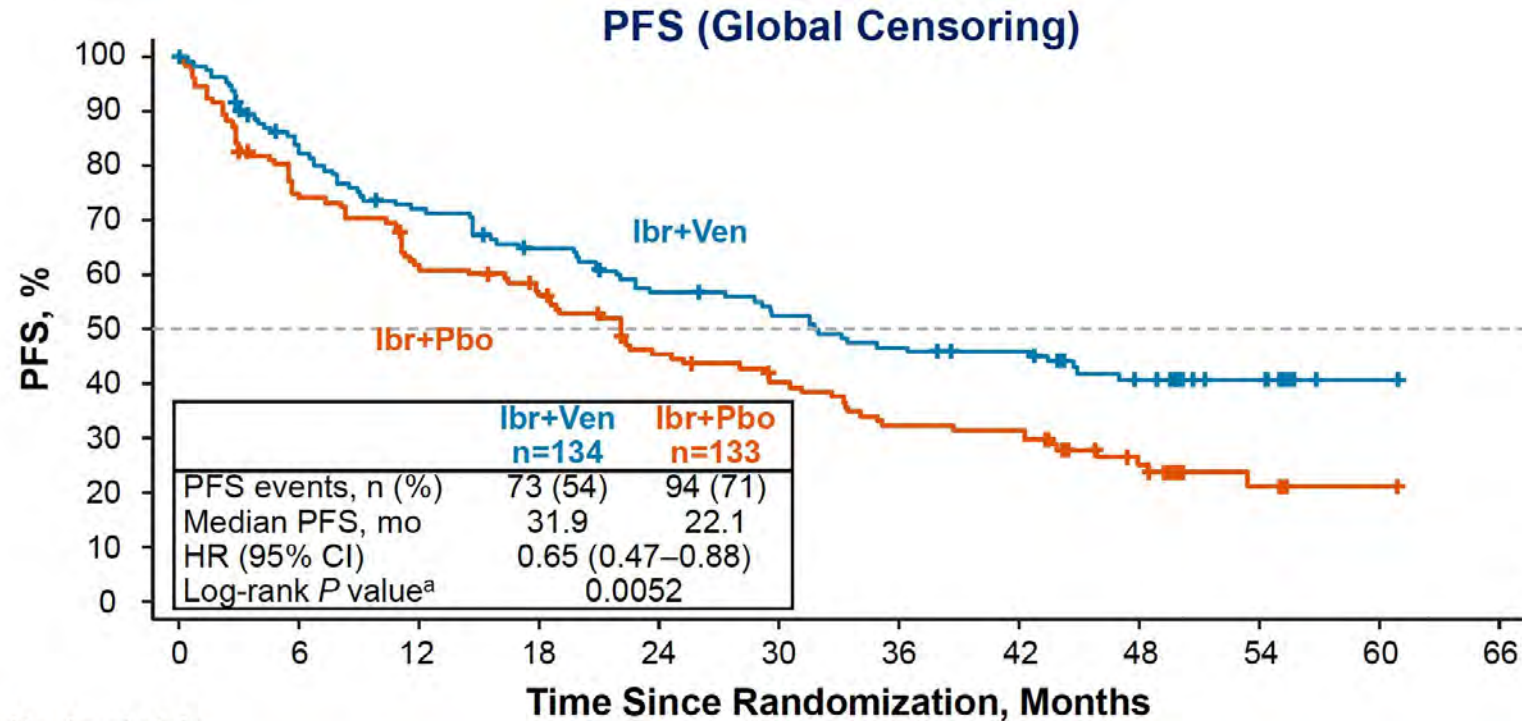
• SYMPATICO (NCT03112174) is multinational, randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled, phase 3 study



Patients at risk:

Ibr+Ven	110	93	83	72	66	58	52	37	15	1	0
Ibr+Pbo	99	85	72	62	50	42	35	22	8	1	0

SYMPATICO: PFS Outcomes

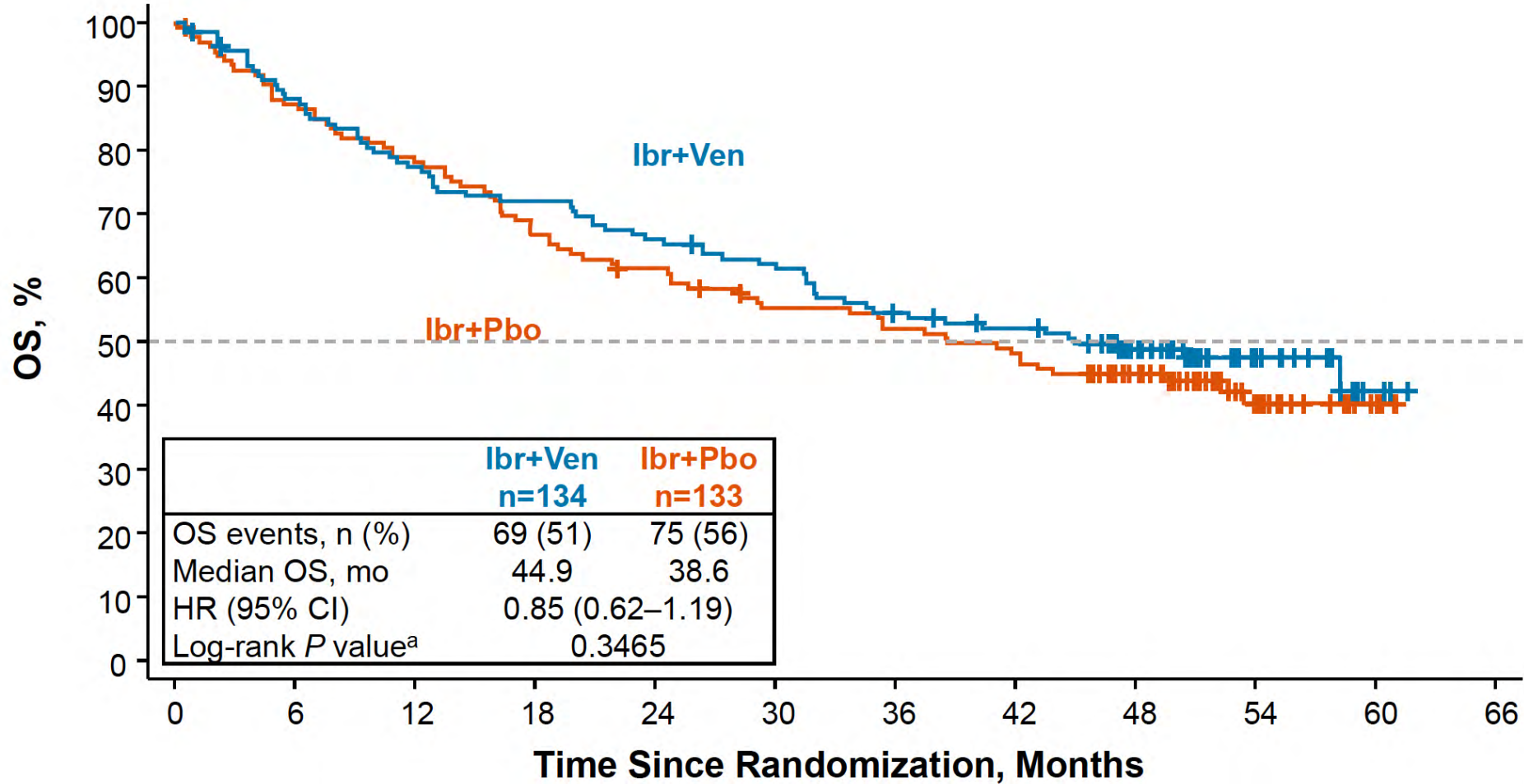


Patients at risk:

Ibr+Ven	134	107	91	80	69	63	56	53	34	15	1	0
Ibr+Pbo	133	96	79	70	54	46	37	36	18	8	1	0

Median PFS, mo	Global Censoring ^b				US FDA Censoring ^c			
	Ibr+Ven n=134	Ibr+Pbo n=133	HR (95% CI)	Log-rank <i>P</i> value ^a	Ibr+Ven n=134	Ibr+Pbo n=133	HR (95% CI)	Log-rank <i>P</i> value ^a
Investigator assessment	31.9	22.1	0.65 (0.47–0.88)	0.0052	42.6	22.1	0.60 (0.44–0.83)	0.0021
IRC assessment	31.8	20.9	0.67 (0.49–0.91)	0.0108	43.5	22.1	0.63 (0.45–0.87)	0.0057

SYMPATICO: OS Outcomes



Patients at risk:

lbr+Ven	134	116	102	95	87	81	70	65	48	20	3	0
lbr+Pbo	133	115	103	88	80	70	66	61	46	20	4	0

SYMPATICO: Safety Profile

AE, n (%)	Ibrutinib + venetoclax n=134	Ibrutinib + placebo n=132
Grade ≥3 AEs	112 (84)	100 (76)
Serious AEs	81 (60)	79 (60)
AEs leading to discontinuation	41 (31)	48 (36)
<i>Ibrutinib only</i>	11 (8)	10 (8)
<i>Venetoclax/placebo only</i>	2 (1)	7 (5)
<i>Both</i>	28 (21)	31 (23)
AEs leading to dose reduction	48 (36)	29 (22)
<i>Ibrutinib only</i>	17 (13)	14 (11)
<i>Venetoclax/placebo only</i>	14 (10)	7 (5)
<i>Both</i>	17 (13)	8 (6)
AEs leading to death	22 (16)	18 (14)
<i>Ibrutinib-related^a</i>	3 (2)	2 (2)
<i>Venetoclax/placebo-related^a</i>	0	1 (1)
Tumor lysis syndrome		
<i>Laboratory</i>	7 (5)	3 (2)
<i>Clinical</i>	0	0

AE, n (%)	Ibrutinib + venetoclax n=134	Ibrutinib + placebo n=132
Most frequent any-grade AEs^b		
<i>Diarrhea</i>	87 (65)	45 (34)
<i>Neutropenia</i>	46 (34)	19 (14)
<i>Nausea</i>	42 (31)	22 (17)
<i>Fatigue</i>	39 (29)	36 (27)
<i>Anemia</i>	30 (22)	16 (12)
<i>Pyrexia</i>	28 (21)	26 (20)
<i>Cough</i>	27 (20)	36 (27)
<i>Muscle spasms</i>	11 (8)	32 (24)
Most frequent grade ≥3 AEs^c		
<i>Neutropenia</i>	42 (31)	14 (11)
<i>Pneumonia</i>	17 (13)	14 (11)
<i>Thrombocytopenia</i>	17 (13)	10 (8)
<i>Anemia</i>	13 (10)	4 (3)
<i>Diarrhea</i>	11 (8)	3 (2)
<i>Leukopenia</i>	10 (7)	0
<i>MCL^d</i>	9 (7)	16 (12)
<i>Atrial fibrillation</i>	7 (5)	7 (5)
<i>COVID-19</i>	7 (5)	1 (1)
<i>Hypertension</i>	6 (4)	12 (9)

Agenda

Introduction: Interface Between Chronic Lymphocytic Leukemia (CLL) and Mantle Cell Lymphoma (MCL)

Module 1: Selection of First-Line Treatment for MCL

Module 2: Key Datasets – Overview and First-Line Therapy

Module 3: Faculty Case Presentations

Module 4: Key Datasets – Relapsed/Refractory Disease

Module 5: Faculty Case Presentations

Case Presentation – Dr Wang: 60yo M with MCL-CLL Type

A 60 year old man presented to your clinic with newly diagnosed mantle cell lymphoma CLL type with positive cyclin D1 but negative Sox11. His bone marrow is infiltrated by MCL 60%, his spleen is 25cm and his peripheral white blood count is 100,000.

- a) Start acalabrutinib
- b) Start rituximab in the outpatient clinic followed by adding acalabrutinib
- c) Admit the patient to the hospital and start rituximab at 25mL per hour without escalation and then add acalabrutinib after 4 doses of rituximab
- d) Start zanubrutinib
- e) Start pirtobrutinib

Case Presentation – Dr Wang: 70yo M with Mild Headaches on Acalabrutinib

A 70 year old man with a history of mantle cell lymphoma that relapsed after chemotherapy who was started on acalabrutinib. During the first week of therapy, he developed a mild headache scoring 2-3 out of 10.

- a) Treat headache with ibuprofen
- b) Stop acalabrutinib and treat with aspirin
- c) Switch acalabrutinib to zanubrutinib
- d) Hold acalabrutinib until headache is resolved then restart at a reduced dosage
- e) Hold acalabrutinib until headache is resolved then restart at the same dosage

Case Presentation – Dr Wang: 71yo M with Multiregimen-Relapsed MCL

A 71-year-old man with a history of MCL presented for continuation of therapies for relapsed MCL. He was previously treated with rituximab-lenalidomide (R2), bendamustine, and rituximab-ibrutinib. He further relapsed, with a tumor of 3cm near the mediastinum and other enlarged lymphadenopathies throughout the body. His Ki67 is 10% and morphology is nodular.

Here are some potential management options for this patient:

- Acalabrutinib
- Induction chemotherapy followed by autologous stem cell transplant
- Chemotherapy with hyperCVAD
- Pirtobrutinib
- Arrange for CAR T-cell therapy

The Implications of Recent Datasets for the Current and Future Management of Small Cell Lung Cancer — A 2024 World Conference on Lung Cancer Review

A CME/MOC-Accredited Live Webinar

**Thursday, September 26, 2024
5:00 PM – 5:45 PM ET**

Faculty

Jacob Sands, MD

Moderator

Neil Love, MD

Thank you for joining us!

Please take a moment to complete the survey currently up on Zoom. Your feedback is very important to us. The survey will remain open for 5 minutes after the meeting ends.

Information on how to obtain CME, ABIM MOC and ABS credit is provided in the Zoom chat room. Attendees will also receive an email in 1 to 3 business days with these instructions.