

What I Tell My Patients: Faculty Physicians and Nurses Discuss Patient Education About New Treatments and Clinical Trials

*Part 2 of a 3-Part Complimentary NCPD Webinar Series
in Partnership with the 2023 ONS Congress*

Colorectal and Gastroesophageal Cancers

Wednesday, June 14, 2023

5:00 PM – 6:00 PM ET

Faculty

Kristen K Ciombor, MD, MSCI

Amanda K Wagner, APRN-CNP, AOCNP

Moderator

Neil Love, MD

Faculty



Kristen K Ciombor, MD, MSCI
Associate Professor of Medicine
Division of Hematology/Oncology
Vanderbilt-Ingram Cancer Center
Nashville, Tennessee



Moderator
Neil Love, MD
Research To Practice
Miami, Florida



Amanda K Wagner, APRN-CNP, AOCNP
GI Malignancies
The James Cancer Hospital
The Ohio State University
Columbus, Ohio

Commercial Support

This activity is supported by educational grants from Astellas and Seagen Inc.

Dr Love — Disclosures

Dr Love is president and CEO of Research To Practice. Research To Practice receives funds in the form of educational grants to develop CME/NCPD activities from the following companies: AbbVie Inc, Adaptive Biotechnologies Corporation, ADC Therapeutics, Agios Pharmaceuticals Inc, Alexion Pharmaceuticals, Amgen Inc, Array BioPharma Inc, a subsidiary of Pfizer Inc, Astellas, AstraZeneca Pharmaceuticals LP, Aveo Pharmaceuticals, Bayer HealthCare Pharmaceuticals, BeiGene Ltd, BeyondSpring Pharmaceuticals Inc, Blueprint Medicines, Boehringer Ingelheim Pharmaceuticals Inc, Bristol Myers Squibb, Celgene Corporation, Clovis Oncology, Coherus BioSciences, CTI BioPharma Corp, Daiichi Sankyo Inc, Eisai Inc, Elevation Oncology Inc, EMD Serono Inc, Epizyme Inc, Exact Sciences Corporation, Exelixis Inc, Five Prime Therapeutics Inc, Foundation Medicine, G1 Therapeutics Inc, Genentech, a member of the Roche Group, Genmab US Inc, Gilead Sciences Inc, Grail Inc, GSK, Halozyme Inc, Helsinn Healthcare SA, ImmunoGen Inc, Incyte Corporation, Ipsen Biopharmaceuticals Inc, Janssen Biotech Inc, administered by Janssen Scientific Affairs LLC, Jazz Pharmaceuticals Inc, Karyopharm Therapeutics, Kite, A Gilead Company, Kronos Bio Inc, Lilly, Loxo Oncology Inc, a wholly owned subsidiary of Eli Lilly & Company, MEI Pharma Inc, Merck, Mersana Therapeutics Inc, Mirati Therapeutics Inc, Natera Inc, Novartis, Novartis Pharmaceuticals Corporation on behalf of Advanced Accelerator Applications, Novocure Inc, Oncopeptides, Pfizer Inc, Pharmacyclics LLC, an AbbVie Company, Puma Biotechnology Inc, Regeneron Pharmaceuticals Inc, Sanofi, Seagen Inc, Servier Pharmaceuticals LLC, SpringWorks Therapeutics Inc, Stemline Therapeutics Inc, Sumitomo Dainippon Pharma Oncology Inc, Taiho Oncology Inc, Takeda Pharmaceuticals USA Inc, TerSera Therapeutics LLC, Tesaro, A GSK Company, TG Therapeutics Inc, Turning Point Therapeutics Inc, Verastem Inc, and Zymeworks Inc.

Research To Practice NCPD Planning Committee Members, Staff and Reviewers

Planners, scientific staff and independent reviewers for Research To Practice have no relevant conflicts of interest to disclose.

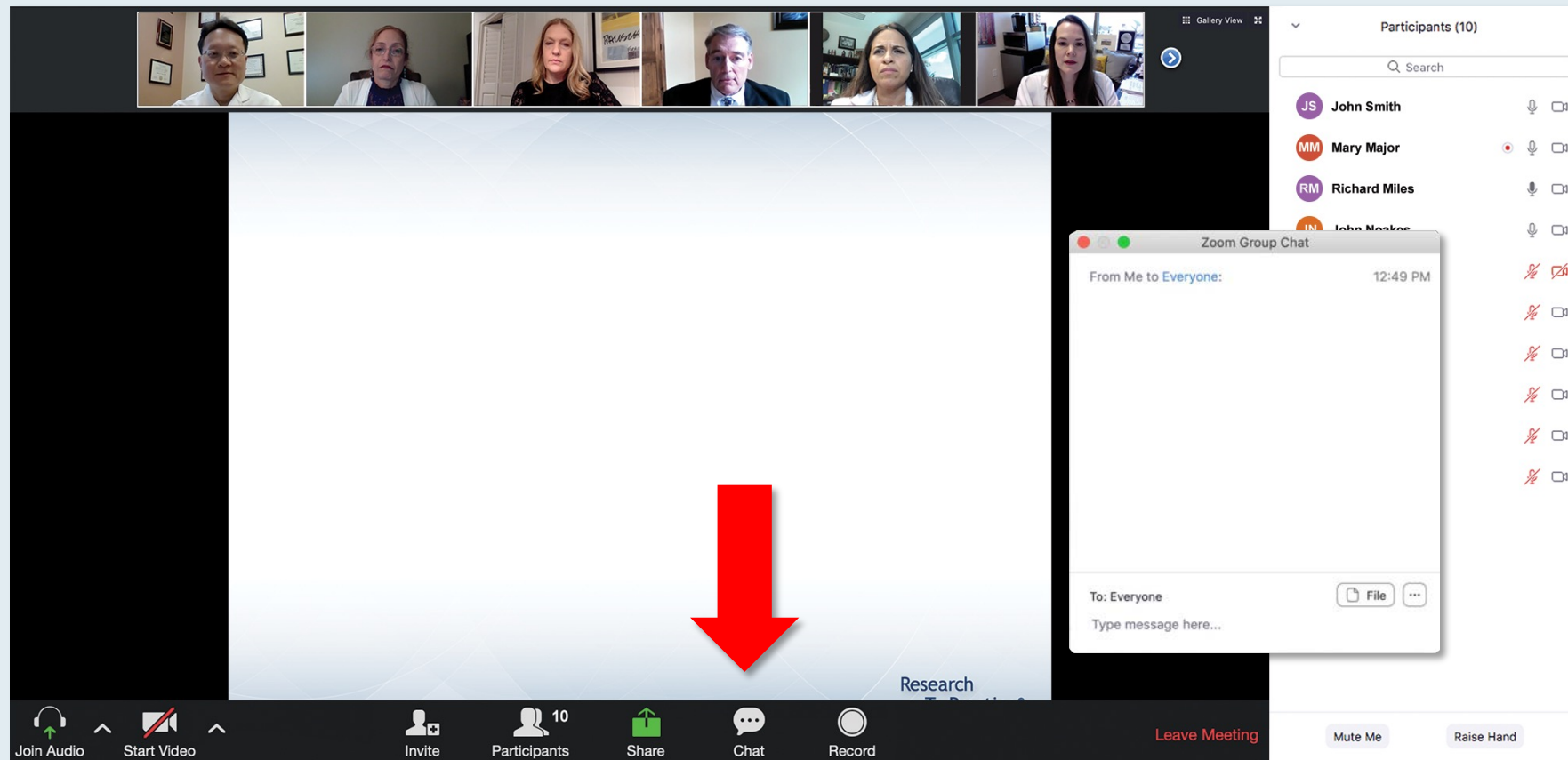
Dr Ciombor — Disclosures

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Contracted Research	Array BioPharma Inc, a subsidiary of Pfizer Inc, Bristol Myers Squibb, Calithera Biosciences, Daiichi Sankyo Inc, Genentech, a member of the Roche Group, Incyte Corporation, Merck, NuCana, Pfizer Inc, Seagen Inc

Ms Wagner — Disclosures

No relevant conflicts of interest to disclose.

We Encourage Clinicians in Practice to Submit Questions



Feel free to submit questions now before the program begins and throughout the program.

Familiarizing Yourself with the Zoom Interface

Expand chat submission box

The screenshot shows a Zoom meeting interface. At the top, there are video thumbnails for participants: RTP Coordinat..., Kirsten Miller, RTP Mike Rivera, and Lisa Suarez. Below the thumbnails is a slide titled "Meet The Professor Program Participating Faculty" featuring six faculty members with their photos and titles. On the right side, there is a chat window. The chat window has a header "Chat" and a dropdown menu "Me to Panelists". The chat history shows two messages from "Me to Panelists" at 4:31 PM and "Me to Panelists and Attendees" at 4:32 PM, both containing a welcome message and a link to a PDF. At the bottom of the chat window, there is a "To:" dropdown menu set to "Panelists and Attendees" and a text input field "Type message here...". A red arrow points to the white line above the text input field, indicating where to drag to expand the submission box.

Meet The Professor Program Participating Faculty

Nancy L Bartlett, MD
Professor of Medicine
Koman Chair in Medical Oncology
Washington University School of Medicine
St Louis, Missouri

Jonathan W Friedberg, MD, MMSc
Samuel E Durand Professor of Medicine
Director, James P Wilmot Cancer Institute
University of Rochester
Rochester, New York

Carla Casulo, MD
Associate Professor of Medicine
Division of Hematology/Oncology
Director, Hematology/Oncology Fellowship Program
University of Rochester
Wilmot Cancer Institute
Rochester, New York

Brian T Hill, MD, PhD
Director, Lymphoid Malignancy Program
Cleveland Clinic Taussig Cancer Institute
Cleveland, Ohio

Christopher R Flowers, MD, MS
Chair, Professor
Department of Lymphoma/Myeloma
The University of Texas MD Anderson Cancer Center
Houston, Texas

Brad S Kahl, MD
Professor of Medicine
Washington University School of Medicine
Director, Lymphoma Program
Siteman Cancer Center
St Louis, Missouri

Chat

Me to Panelists 4:31 PM

Welcome and thank you for attending! To access the slides from today's session please use the link below.
http://images.researchtopractice.com/2021/Meetings/Slides/MTP_ToGo_CLL_2021_April1.pdf

Me to Panelists and Attendees 4:32 PM

Welcome and thank you for attending! To access the slides from today's session please use the link below.
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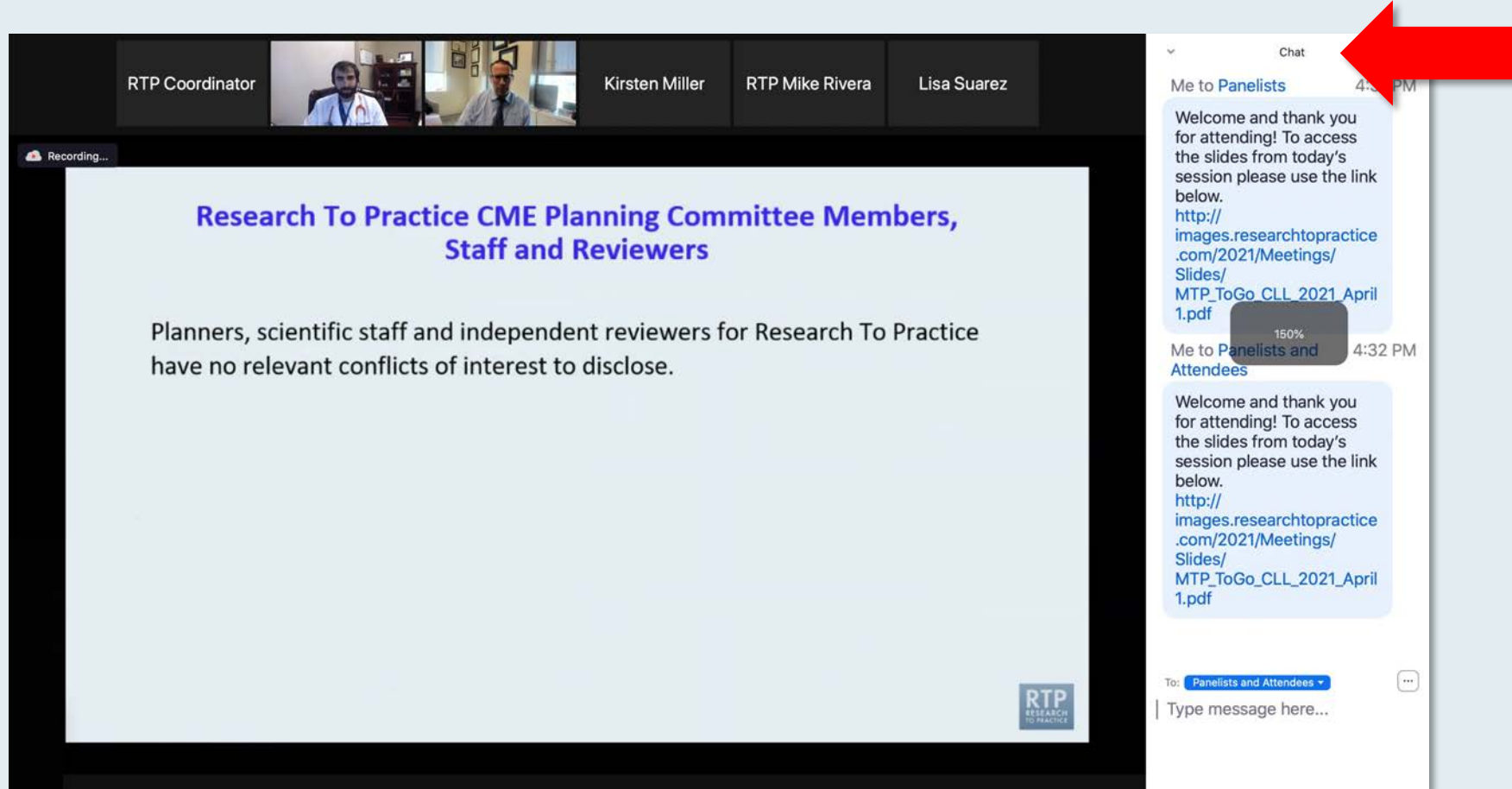
To: Panelists and Attendees

Type message here...

Drag the white line above the submission box up to create more space for your message.

Familiarizing Yourself with the Zoom Interface

Increase chat font size



**Press Command (for Mac) or Control (for PC) and the + symbol.
You may do this as many times as you need for readability.**

Clinicians in the Audience, Please Complete the Pre- and Postmeeting Surveys

The screenshot shows a Zoom meeting with a title bar at the top displaying "Meet The Professionals: Optimizing the Selection and Sequencing of Therapy for Patients with Gastrointestinal Cancer". Below the title bar, a "Quick Survey" pop-up is visible, listing various treatment combinations for selection. The main content area displays the meeting title and the date and time: "Wednesday, August 25, 5:00 PM – 6:00 PM". Below this, the faculty member "Wells A Messersmith, MD" is listed, followed by the moderator "Neil Love, MD". A list of participants is shown on the right side of the screen, including John Smith, Mary Major, Richard Miles, John Noakes, Alice Suarez, Jane Perez, Robert Stiles, Juan Fernandez, Ashok Kumar, and Jeremy Smith. The bottom toolbar includes icons for Join Audio, Start Video, Invite, Participants, Share, Chat, Record, and a "Leave Meeting" button.

Meet The Professionals
Optimizing the Selection and Sequencing of Therapy for Patients with Gastrointestinal Cancer

Wednesday, August 25, 5:00 PM – 6:00 PM

Faculty
Wells A Messersmith, MD

Moderator
Neil Love, MD

Quick Survey

- ☐ Ceritinib +/- dexamethasone
- ☐ Pomalidomide +/- dexamethasone
- ☐ Ceritinib + pomalidomide +/- dexamethasone
- ☐ Elotuzumab + lenalidomide +/- dexamethasone
- ☐ Elotuzumab + pomalidomide +/- dexamethasone
- ☐ Daratumumab + lenalidomide +/- dexamethasone
- ☐ Daratumumab + pomalidomide +/- dexamethasone
- ☐ Daratumumab + bortezomib +/- dexamethasone
- ☐ Isosorbide + Rd

Submit

Participants (10)

- John Smith
- Mary Major
- Richard Miles
- John Noakes
- Alice Suarez
- Jane Perez
- Robert Stiles
- Juan Fernandez
- Ashok Kumar
- Jeremy Smith

Join Audio Start Video Invite Participants Share Chat Record Leave Meeting

The screenshot shows a Zoom meeting with a title bar at the top displaying "Regulatory and reimbursement issues aside, which would you recommend for a 65-year-old patient with clear cell renal cell carcinoma (ccRCC) if follow-up 3 years later is found to have asymptomatic (PS 0)?". Below the title bar, a "Quick Poll" pop-up is visible, listing various treatment options for selection. The main content area displays the poll question and a list of options: 1. Nivolumab/ipilimumab, 2. Avelumab/axitinib, 3. Pembrolizumab/axitinib, 4. Pembrolizumab/lenvatinib, 5. Nivolumab/cabozantinib, 6. Tyrosine kinase inhibitor (TKI) monotherapy, 7. Anti-PD-1/PD-L1 monotherapy, and 8. Other. A list of participants is shown on the right side of the screen, including John Smith, Mary Major, Richard Miles, John Noakes, Alice Suarez, Jane Perez, Robert Stiles, Juan Fernandez, Ashok Kumar, and Jeremy Smith. The bottom toolbar includes icons for Join Audio, Start Video, Invite, Participants, Share, Chat, Record, and a "Leave Meeting" button.

Regulatory and reimbursement issues aside, which would you recommend for a 65-year-old patient with clear cell renal cell carcinoma (ccRCC) if follow-up 3 years later is found to have asymptomatic (PS 0)?

Quick Poll

- ☐ Nivolumab/ipilimumab
- ☐ Avelumab/axitinib
- ☐ Pembrolizumab/axitinib
- ☐ Pembrolizumab/lenvatinib
- ☐ Nivolumab/cabozantinib
- ☐ Tyrosine kinase inhibitor (TKI) monotherapy
- ☐ Anti-PD-1/PD-L1 monotherapy
- ☐ Other

Submit

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Join Audio Start Video Invite Participants Share Chat Record Leave Meeting

ONCOLOGY TODAY

WITH DR NEIL LOVE

Management of Gastroesophageal Cancers



DR MANISH SHAH
WEILL CORNELL MEDICINE



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Apple Podcasts



Spotify



Listen on
Google Podcasts



Meet The Professor

The Current and Future Management of Non-Hodgkin Lymphoma

**Thursday, June 15, 2023
5:00 PM – 6:00 PM ET**

Faculty

Ian W Flinn, MD, PhD

Moderator

Neil Love, MD

The Implications of New Research Findings for the Management of Endometrial Cancer

*A CME/MOC-Accredited Virtual Event in Partnership
with the Society of Gynecologic Oncology*

Wednesday, June 28, 2023

5:00 PM – 6:00 PM ET

Faculty

Bradley J Monk, MD

Matthew A Powell, MD

Moderator

Neil Love, MD

What I Tell My Patients: Faculty Physicians and Nurses Discuss Patient Education About New Treatments and Clinical Trials

*Part 3 of a 3-Part Complimentary NCPD Webinar Series
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Chronic Lymphocytic Leukemia

**Thursday, July 6, 2023
5:00 PM – 6:00 PM ET**

Faculty

**Kristen E Battiato, AGNP-C
Jennifer Woyach, MD**

Moderator

Neil Love, MD

Thank you for joining us!

NCPD credit information will be emailed to each participant within 5 business days.

What I Tell My Patients: New Treatments and Clinical Trials

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Associate Professor of Medicine
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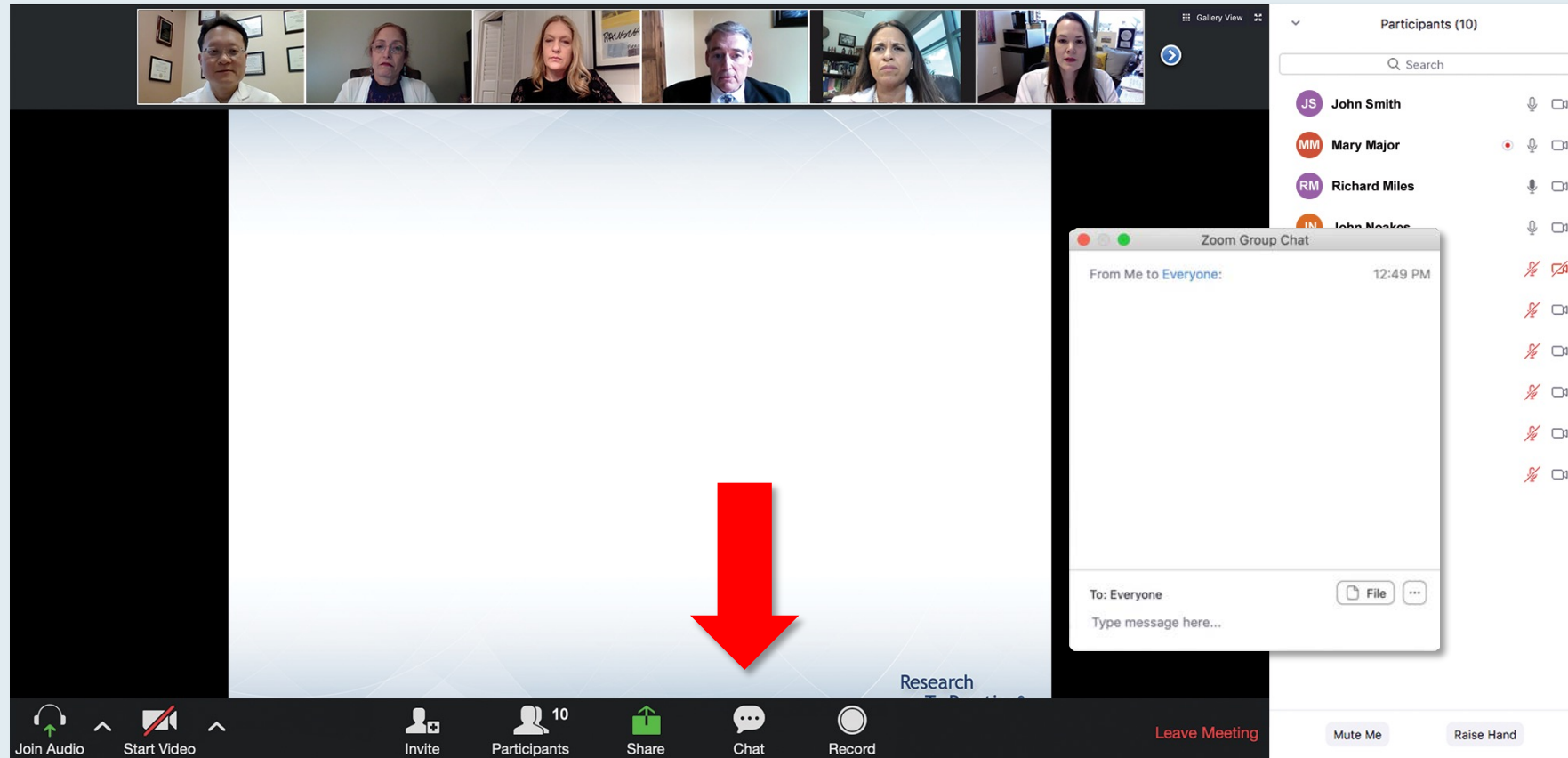


Moderator
Neil Love, MD
Research To Practice
Miami, Florida



Amanda K Wagner, APRN-CNP, AOCNP
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Meet The Professionals
Optimizing the Selection and Timing of Therapy for Patients with Gastrointestinal Cancer
Wednesday, August 25, 5:00 PM – 6:00 PM EST
Faculty: Wells A Messersmith, MD
Moderator: Neil Love, MD
The RTP Research to Practice logo is in the bottom right of the slide. A 'Quick Survey' pop-up window is centered over the slide, listing various treatment combinations with radio button options. To the right of the main window is a 'Participants (10)' sidebar showing a list of names and their status (mute/unmute, video on/off). At the bottom is the Zoom toolbar with icons for Join Audio, Start Video, Invite, Participants, Share, Chat, Record, and a red 'Leave Meeting' button.

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Faculty
Wells A Messersmith, MD
Moderator
Neil Love, MD
RTP
RESEARCH TO PRACTICE

Quick Survey

- ☐ Certizomib +/- dexamethasone
- ☐ Pomalidomide +/- dexamethasone
- ☐ Certizomib + pomalidomide +/- dexamethasone
- ☐ Elotuzumab + lenalidomide +/- dexamethasone
- ☐ Elotuzumab + pomalidomide +/- dexamethasone
- ☐ Daratumumab + lenalidomide +/- dexamethasone
- ☐ Daratumumab + pomalidomide +/- dexamethasone
- ☐ Daratumumab + bortezomib +/- dexamethasone
- ☐ Isaxomib + Rd
- ☐ Other

Submit

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- JS John Smith
- MM Mary Major
- RM Richard Miles
- JN John Noakes
- AS Alice Suarez
- JP Jane Perez
- RS Robert Stiles
- JF Juan Fernandez
- AK Ashok Kumar
- JS Jeremy Smith

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What I Tell My Patients: Faculty Physicians and Nurses Discuss Patient Education About New Treatments and Clinical Trials

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WITH DR NEIL LOVE

Management of Gastroesophageal Cancers



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WEILL CORNELL MEDICINE



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“What I Tell My Patients”

Fifteenth Annual RTP-ONS NCPD Symposium Series

ONS Congress, San Antonio, Texas — April 26 to 29, 2023

Wednesday April 26	Cervical and Endometrial Cancer 11:15 AM – 12:45 PM CT (12:15 PM – 1:45 PM ET)
	Breast Cancer 6:00 PM – 8:00 PM CT (7:00 PM – 9:00 PM ET)
Thursday April 27	Diffuse Large B-Cell Lymphoma 6:00 AM – 7:30 AM CT (7:00 AM – 8:30 AM ET)
	Chronic Lymphocytic Leukemia 12:15 PM – 1:45 PM CT (1:15 PM – 2:45 PM ET)
	HER2-Targeted Antibody-Drug Conjugates 6:00 PM – 7:30 PM CT (7:00 PM – 8:30 PM ET)
Friday April 28	Hepatobiliary Cancers 6:00 AM – 7:30 AM CT (7:00 AM – 8:30 AM ET)
	Ovarian Cancer 12:15 PM – 1:45 PM CT (1:15 PM – 2:45 PM ET)
	Lung Cancer 6:00 PM – 8:00 PM CT (7:00 PM – 9:00 PM ET)
Saturday April 29	Acute Myeloid Leukemia, Myelodysplastic Syndromes and Myelofibrosis 6:00 AM – 7:30 AM CT (7:00 AM – 8:30 AM ET)
	Prostate Cancer 12:15 PM – 1:45 PM CT (1:15 PM – 2:45 PM ET)

What I Tell My Patients: New Treatments and Clinical Trials

An NCPD Webinar Series in Partnership with the 2023 ONS Congress

Urothelial Bladder Cancer

Thursday, May 25, 2023

Faculty

Brenda Martone, MSN, NP-BC, AOCNP
Jonathan E Rosenberg, MD

Moderator

Neil Love, MD

What I Tell My Patients

2023 ONS Congress

San Antonio, Texas

Symposia Themes

- **New agents and therapies; ongoing trials related to specific clinical scenarios**
- **Patient education: Preparing to receive new therapies**
- **The bond that heals**
- **THANKS! (Great job)**

How was it different to take care of this patient versus another patient in the same oncologic setting?

What unique biopsychosocial factors (eg, attitude, comorbidities, social support) were considered in the overall management of this case?

What I Tell My Patients: New Treatments and Clinical Trials

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Ms Wagner — Disclosures

No relevant conflicts of interest to disclose.

Agenda

Introduction: The Oncology Clinical Trial Landscape

Module 1: Colorectal Cancer (CRC)

- Adjuvant therapy: Circulating tumor DNA (ctDNA) assays – **Signatera™**
- First-line treatment of metastatic CRC (mCRC); tumor-sidedness, biomarkers: **PARADIGM**
- HER2-positive mCRC: **MOUNTAINEER, DESTINY-CRC01**
- BRAF V600E-mutant mCRC: **BEACON CRC, ANCHOR**
- MSI-high mCRC: **KEYNOTE-177, CheckMate 142**

Module 2: Gastroesophageal (GE) Cancers

- Adjuvant immunotherapy: **CheckMate 577**
- First-line treatment of metastatic disease: **SPOTLIGHT, GLOW**
- First-line treatment of metastatic HER2-positive disease: **KEYNOTE-811**
- Later-line treatment of metastatic HER2-positive disease:
DESTINY-Gastric02, MOUNTAINEER-02

Agenda

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- Later-line treatment of metastatic HER2-positive disease: **DESTINY-Gastric02, MOUNTAINEER-02**



Dr Ciombor

Nashville, Tennessee

Clinical Research Background

- **Adjuvant treatment of localized colorectal cancer**
 - **Role of ctDNA assays: Signatera™**



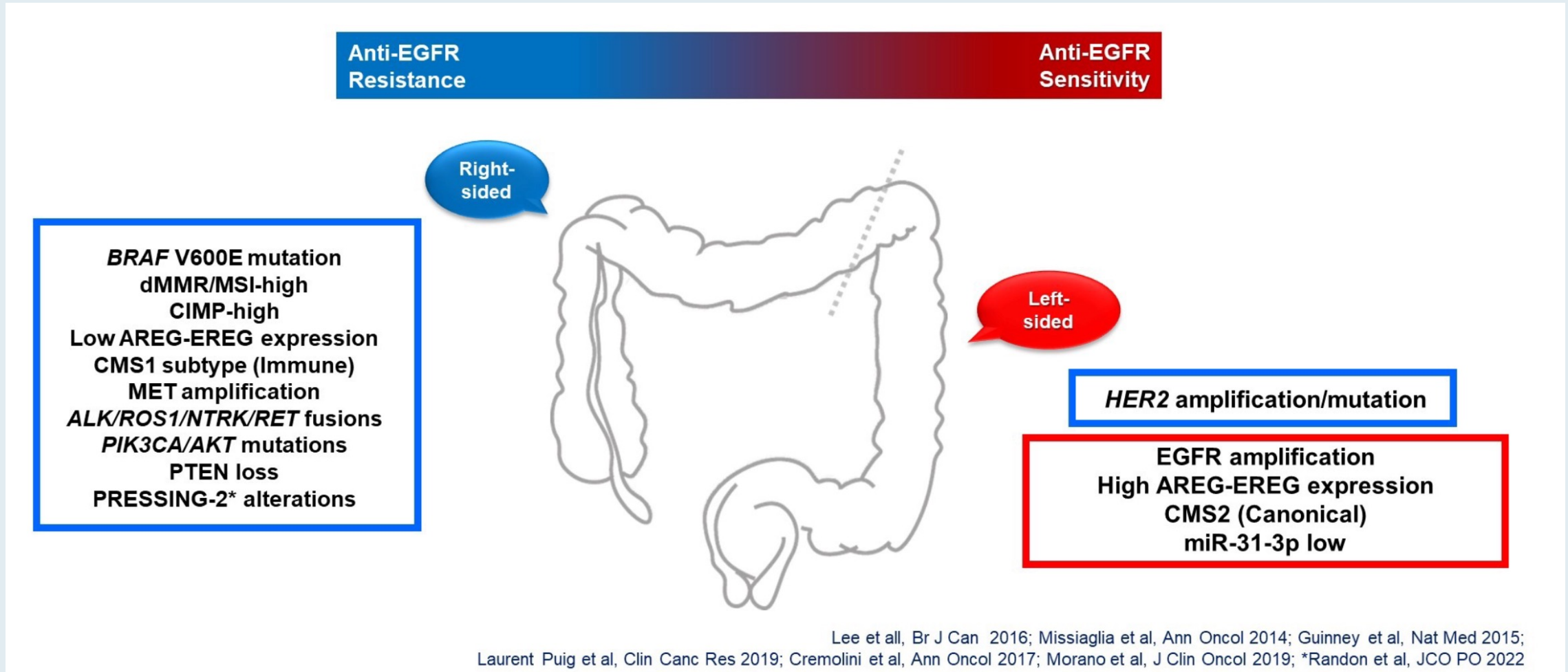
Clinical Research Background

Dr Ciombor

Nashville, Tennessee

- **Selection of first-line therapy for mCRC**
 - Defining “tumor sidedness”
 - PARADIGM: Panitumumab/mFOLFOX6 versus bevacizumab/mFOLFOX6
 - Side effects associated with anti-EGFR antibodies

Differences in Molecular Makeup Between Right- and Left-Sided RAS Wild-Type Tumors



Amanda K Wagner, APRN-CNP, AOCNP



**48-year-old teacher who presented with left-sided RAS
wild-type colon cancer and widespread metastases**



Dr Ciombor

Nashville, Tennessee

Clinical Research Background

- **HER2-targeted strategies**
 - **MOUNTAINEER: Tucatinib/trastuzumab**
 - **DESTINY-CRC01: Trastuzumab deruxtecan**

Tucatinib and Trastuzumab: Colorectal Cancer

Mechanism of action

- Tucatinib – HER2 tyrosine kinase inhibitor
- Trastuzumab – anti-HER2 monoclonal antibody

Indication

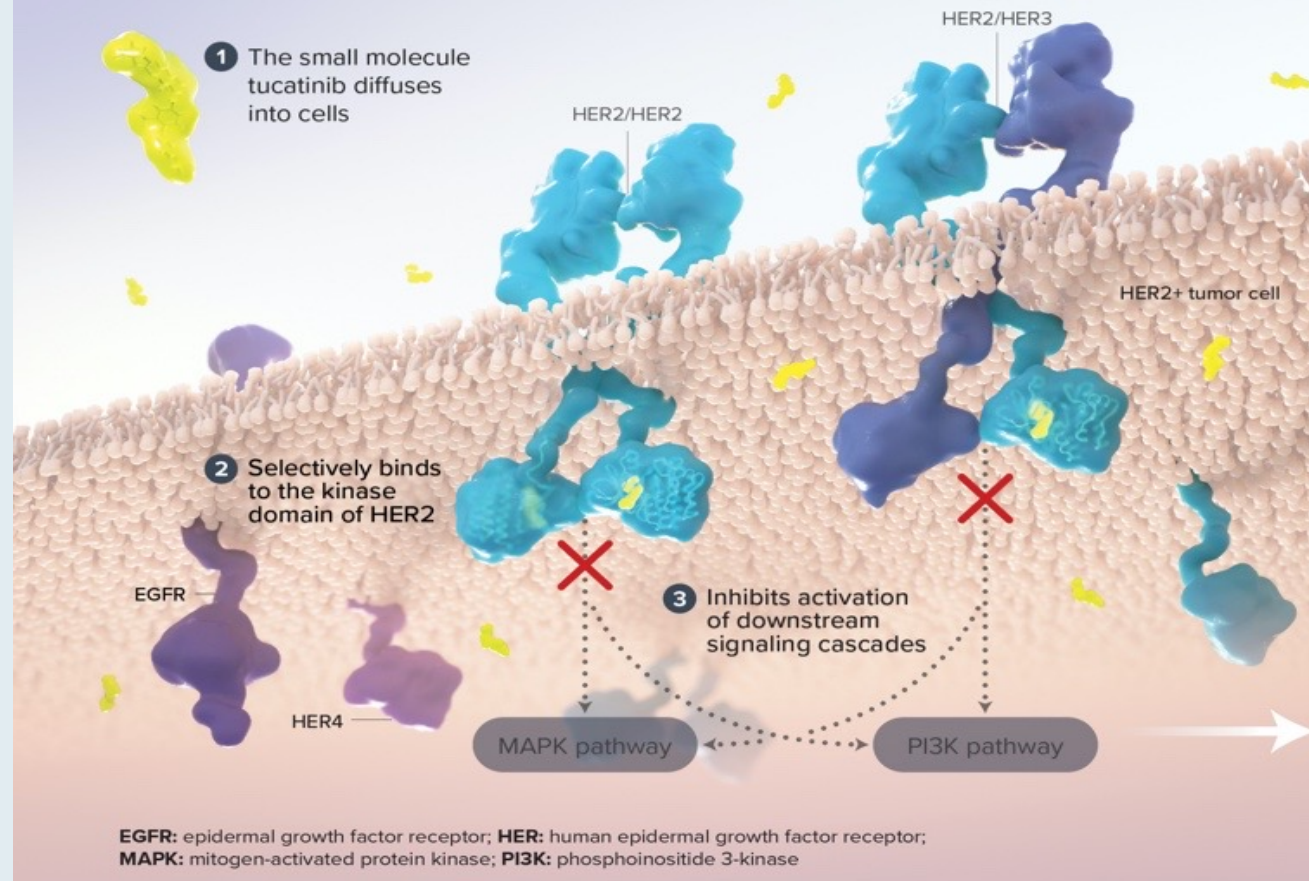
- Tucatinib is approved in combination with trastuzumab for patients with RAS wild-type HER2-positive unresectable or metastatic colorectal cancer that has progressed after fluoropyrimidine-, oxaliplatin- and irinotecan-based chemotherapy

Tucatinib recommended dose

- 300 mg orally twice daily in combination with trastuzumab

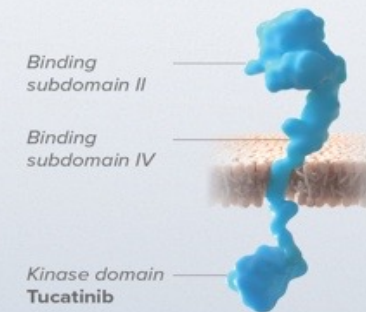
Tucatinib Mechanism of Action

Tucatinib: A tyrosine kinase inhibitor selective for HER2

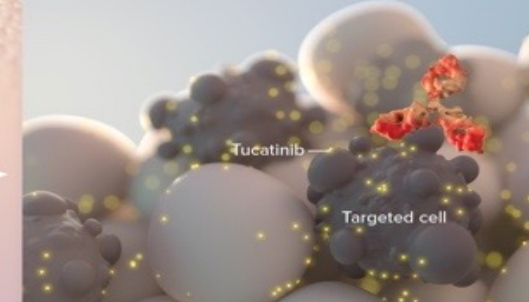


Dual inhibition of HER2

Tucatinib has been combined with other agents that target the extracellular domain of HER2 in clinical trials.



4 Decreased HER2 signaling reduces tumor cell proliferation, survival, and metastasis



FDA Grants Accelerated Approval to Tucatinib with Trastuzumab for Colorectal Cancer

Press Release – January 19, 2023

“On January 19, 2023, the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) granted accelerated approval to tucatinib in combination with trastuzumab for RAS wild-type HER2-positive unresectable or metastatic colorectal cancer that has progressed following fluoropyrimidine-, oxaliplatin-, and irinotecan-based chemotherapy.

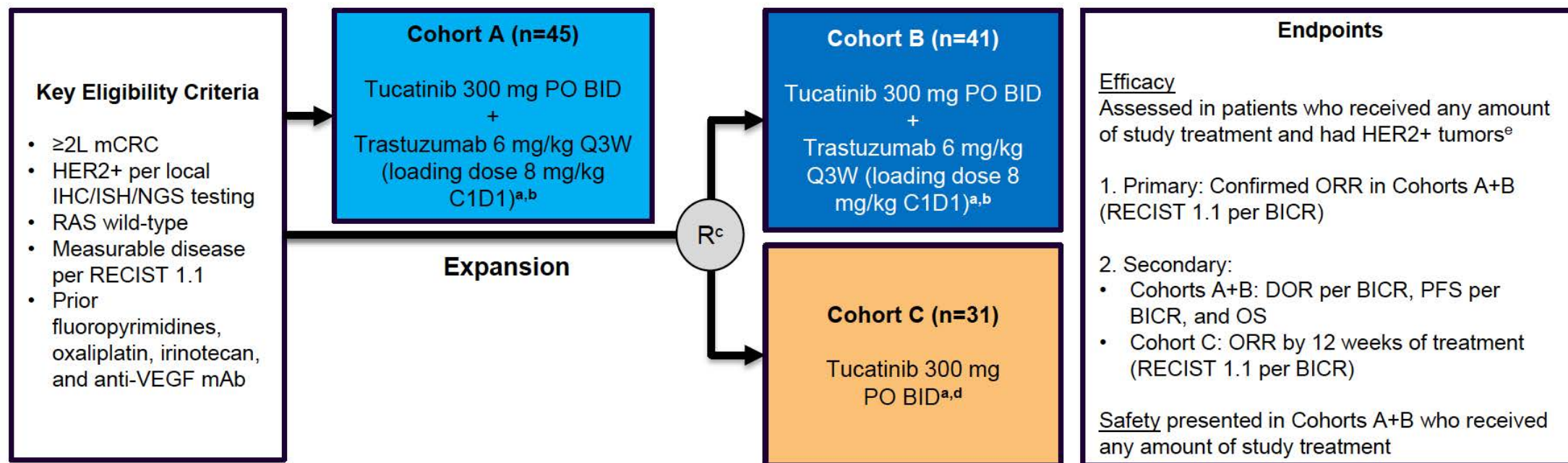
Efficacy was evaluated in 84 patients in MOUNTAINEER (NCT03043313), an open-label, multicenter trial. Patients were required to have HER2-positive, RAS wild-type, unresectable or metastatic colorectal cancer and prior treatment with fluoropyrimidine, oxaliplatin, irinotecan, and an anti-vascular endothelial growth factor (VEGF) monoclonal antibody (mAb). Patients whose tumors were deficient in mismatch repair (dMMR) proteins or were microsatellite instability-high (MSI-H) must also have received an anti-programmed cell death protein-1 mAb. Patients who received prior anti-HER2 targeting therapy were excluded.”

Tucatinib plus trastuzumab for chemotherapy-refractory, HER2-positive, *RAS* wild-type unresectable or metastatic colorectal cancer (MOUNTAINEER): a multicentre, open-label, phase 2 study

*John H Strickler, Andrea Cercek, Salvatore Siena, Thierry André, Kimmie Ng, Eric Van Cutsem, Christina Wu, Andrew S Paulson, Joleen M Hubbard, Andrew L Coveler, Christos Fountzilas, Adel Kardosh, Pashtoon M Kasi, Heinz-Josef Lenz, Kristen K Ciombor, Elena Elez, David L Bajor, Chiara Cremolini, Federico Sanchez, Michael Stecher, Wentao Feng, Tanios S Bekaii-Saab, on behalf of the MOUNTAINEER investigators**

Lancet Oncol 2023;24:469-508

MOUNTAINEER: Global, Open-Label, Phase 2 Trial



MOUNTAINEER began as a US Investigator-Sponsored Trial and initially consisted of a single cohort (Cohort A) and was expanded globally to include patients randomised to receive tucatinib + trastuzumab (Cohort B) or tucatinib monotherapy (Cohort C)

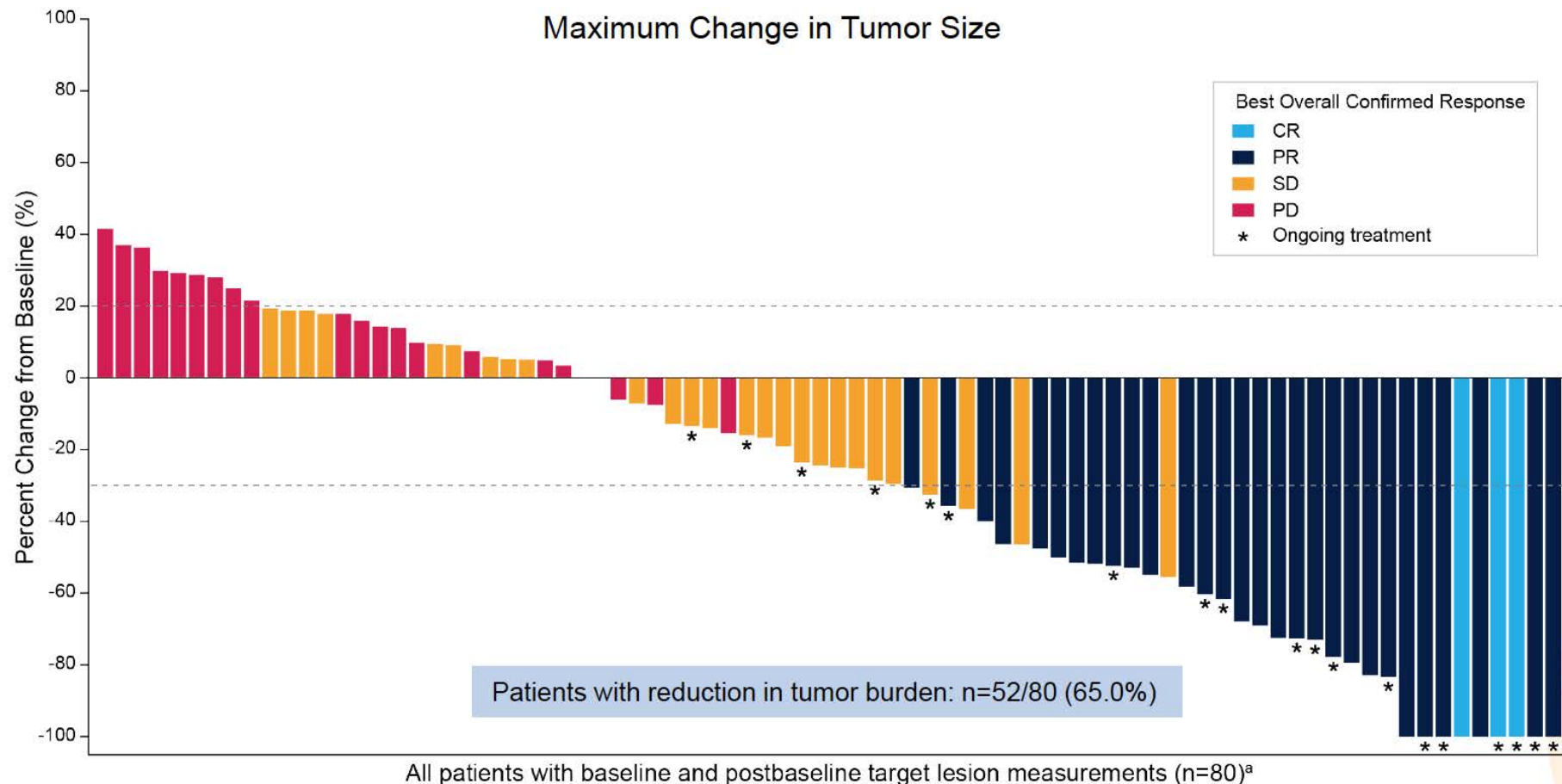
Data cut-off for current analysis, March 28, 2022

^a Each treatment cycle is 21 days; ^b Patients remained on therapy until evidence of radiographic or clinical progression, unacceptable toxicity, withdrawal of consent, or study closure; ^c Stratification: Left sided tumor primary vs other; ^d Patients were allowed to cross over and receive tucatinib and trastuzumab if they experienced radiographic progression at any time point or if they had not achieved a PR or CR by week 12; ^e Patients had HER2+ tumors as defined by one or more protocol required local tests: IHC 3+ (n=46), amplification by ISH (n=36), or amplification by NGS (n=69)

2L+, second line and later; BICR, blinded independent central review; BID, twice a day; C1D1, cycle 1 day 1; CR, complete response; DOR, duration of response; HER2, human epidermal growth receptor 2; IHC, immunohistochemistry; ISH, in situ hybridization; mAb, monoclonal antibody; mCRC, metastatic colorectal cancer; NGS, next-generation sequencing; ORR, objective response rate; OS, overall survival; PFS, progression-free survival; PO, orally; Q3W, every 3 weeks; PR, partial response; R, randomisation; RAS, rat sarcoma virus; RECIST, Response Evaluation Criteria in Solid Tumors; US, United States; VEGF, vascular endothelial growth factor.

<https://clinicaltrials.gov/ct2/show/NCT03043313>

Tucatinib + Trastuzumab: Change in Tumor Size



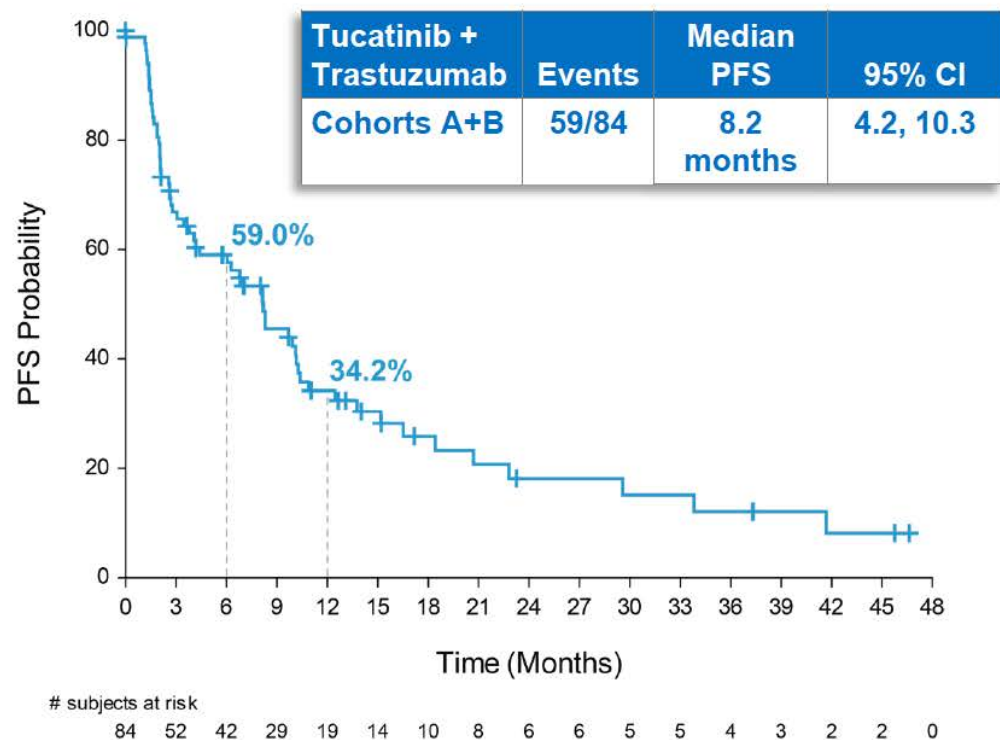
^a Four patients who did not have baseline and/or post-baseline target lesion measurements are excluded

CR, complete response; PD, progressive disease; PR, partial response; SD, stable disease.

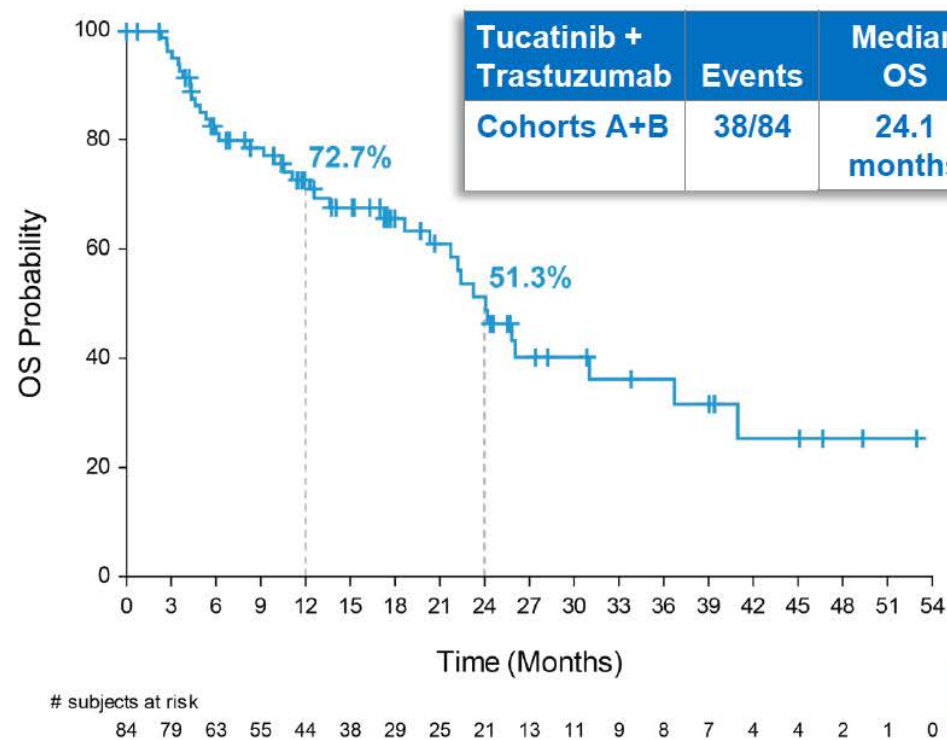
Data cutoff: 28 Mar 2022

Tucatinib + Trastuzumab: PFS and OS

Progression-free Survival per BICR



Overall Survival



Median follow-up for Cohorts A+B was 20.7 months (IQR, 11.7, 39.0)

BICR, blinded independent central review; IQR, interquartile range; OS, overall survival; PFS, progressive-free survival.
Data cutoff: 28 Mar 2022

Tucatinib + Trastuzumab: Efficacy Outcomes

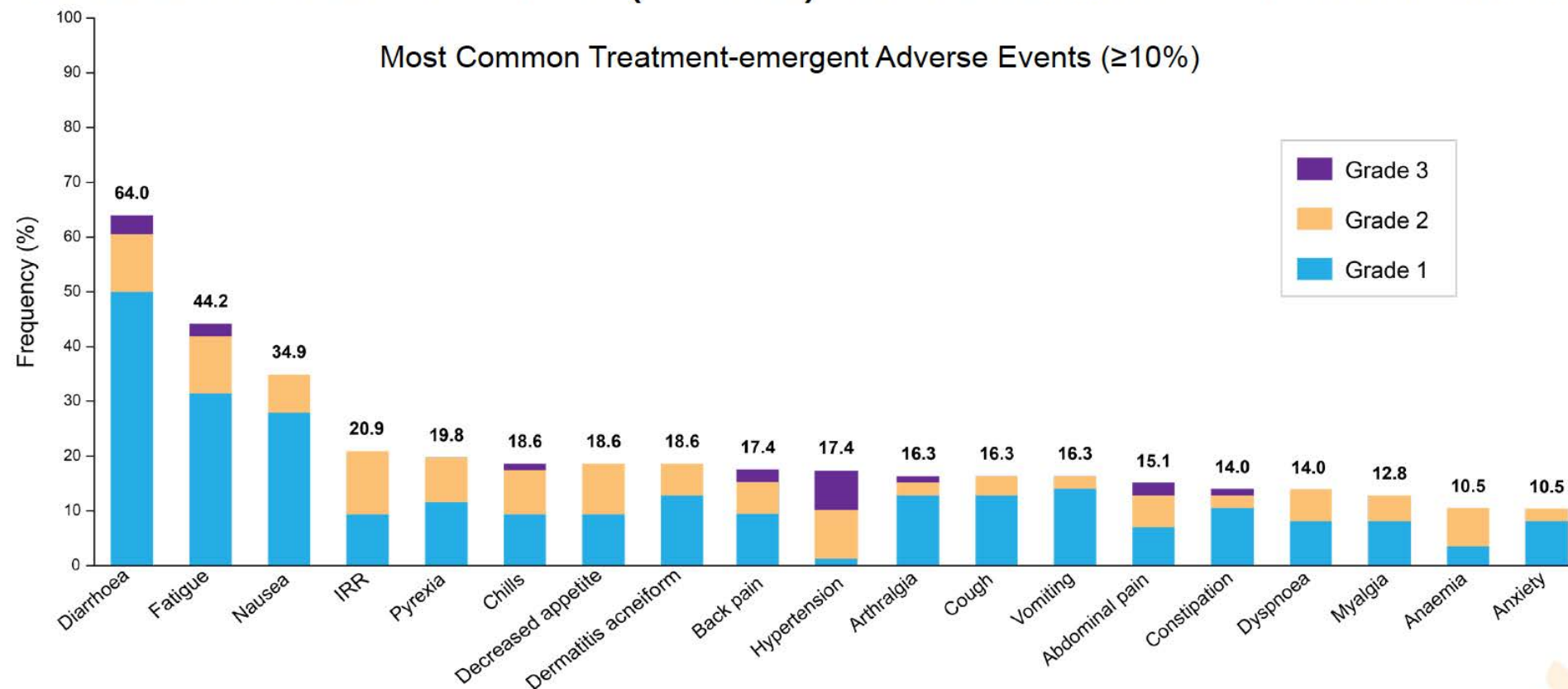
Responses	Tucatinib + Trastuzumab Cohorts A+B n=84
Best overall response per BICR ^a , n (%)	
CR	3 (3.6)
PR	29 (34.5)
SD ^b	28 (33.3)
PD	22 (26.2)
Not available ^c	2 (2.4)
cORR per BICR, % (95% CI)^d	38.1 (27.7, 49.3)
cORR per Investigator, % (95% CI) ^d	42.9 (32.1, 54.1)
Median time to objective response per BICR ^e , months (range)	2.1 (1.2, 9.8)
DCR ^f per BICR, n (%)	60 (71.4)
Median DOR per BICR, months (95% CI)	12.4 (8.5, 20.5)

a Confirmed best overall response assessed per RECIST 1.1; b Includes SD and non-CR/non-PD; c Includes patients with no post-baseline response assessment and patients whose disease assessments are not evaluable; d Two-sided 95% exact confidence interval, computed using the Clopper-Pearson method (1934); e Time from the start of study treatment (Cohort A) or date of randomisation (Cohort B) to the first documentation of objective response (CR or PR that is subsequently confirmed); f Defined as sum of CR, PR, and SD

BICR, blinded independent central review; cORR, confirmed objective response rate; CR, complete response; DCR, disease control rate; PD, progressive disease; PR, partial response; RECIST, Response Evaluation Criteria in Solid Tumors; SD, stable disease.

Data cutoff: 28 Mar 2022

Most Common TEAEs ($\geq 10\%$) for Tucatinib + Trastuzumab

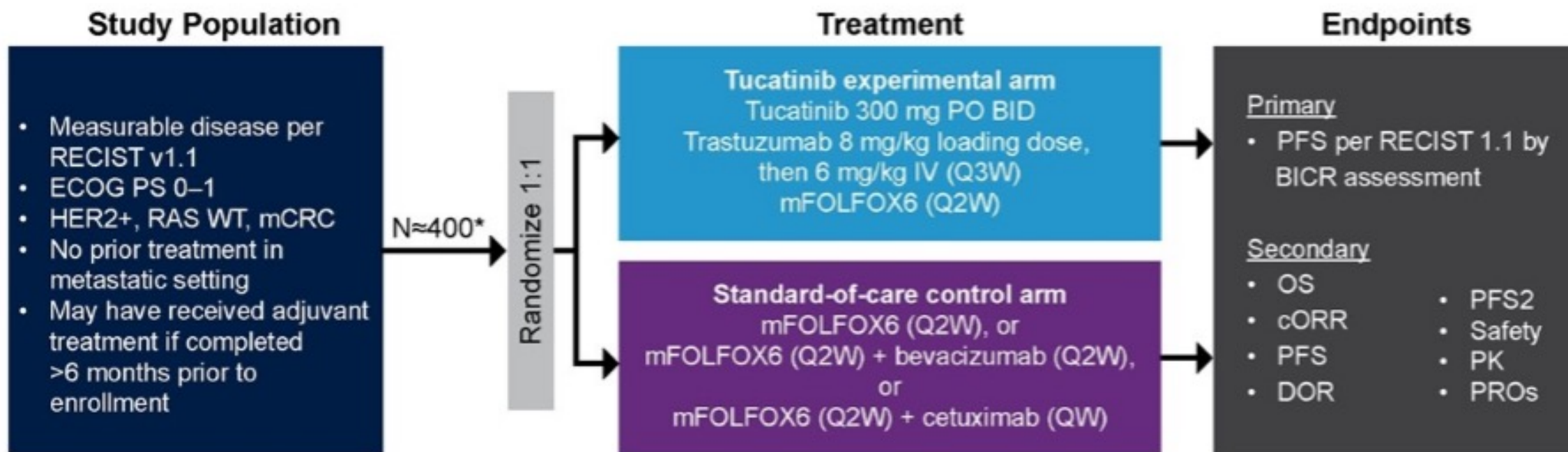


- Most common tucatinib-related AEs ($\geq 10\%$): diarrhoea (52.3%), fatigue (29.1%), nausea (18.6%), and dermatitis acneiform (17.4%)
 - Grade ≥ 3 tucatinib-related AEs ($\geq 2\%$): alanine aminotransferase increase (2.3%) and diarrhoea (2.3%)

AE, adverse event; IRR, infusion-related reaction; TEAE, treatment-emergent adverse event.
Data cutoff: 28 Mar 2022

MOUNTAINEER-03 Ongoing Phase III Trial

- MOUNTAINEER-03 (NCT05253651) is a global, open-label, randomized, phase 3 study of tucatinib with trastuzumab and mFOLFOX6 versus standard of care for the first-line treatment of HER2+ and RAS wild-type mCRC



*Stratification by both primary tumor location (left-sided versus all other) and liver metastases (presence or absence)

Trastuzumab Deruxtecan: Colorectal Cancer

Mechanism of action

- Antibody-drug conjugate directed against HER2

Indication

- Investigational

Pivotal clinical data

- Phase II DESTINY-CR01 trial evaluating the efficacy and safety of trastuzumab deruxtecan for patients with HER2-expressing, RAS wild-type mCRC



Dr Ciombor

Nashville, Tennessee

Clinical Research Background

- **BRAF-targeted treatment**
 - **BEACON CRC: Encorafenib/cetuximab**
 - **ANCHOR: Encorafenib/cetuximab/binimetinib**

Encorafenib and Cetuximab

Mechanism of action

- Encorafenib – oral RAF kinase inhibitor
- Cetuximab – anti-EGFR monoclonal antibody

Indication

- Encorafenib in combination with cetuximab: For patients with mCRC and a BRAF V600E mutation

Recommended dose

- 300 mg orally once daily in combination with cetuximab
- 400 mg/m² initial dose → 250 mg/m² weekly

Amanda K Wagner, APRN-CNP, AOCNP



**47-year-old farmer who presented with BRAF-mutant
widespread metastatic colon cancer**



Dr Ciombor

Nashville, Tennessee

Clinical Research Background

- **Immunotherapy for microsatellite instability-high mCRC**
 - **KEYNOTE-177: Pembrolizumab**
 - **CheckMate 142: Ipilimumab/nivolumab**

Agenda

Introduction: The Oncology Clinical Trial Landscape

Module 1: Colorectal Cancer (CRC)

- Adjuvant therapy: Circulating tumor DNA (ctDNA) assays – **Signatera™**
- First-line treatment of metastatic CRC (mCRC); tumor-sidedness, biomarkers: **PARADIGM**
- HER2-positive mCRC: **MOUNTAINEER, DESTINY-CRC01**
- BRAF V600E-mutant mCRC: **BEACON CRC, ANCHOR**
- MSI-high mCRC: **KEYNOTE-177, CheckMate 142**

Module 2: Gastroesophageal (GE) Cancers

- Adjuvant immunotherapy: **CheckMate 577**
- First-line treatment of metastatic disease: **SPOTLIGHT, GLOW**
- First-line treatment of metastatic HER2-positive disease: **KEYNOTE-811**
- Later-line treatment of metastatic HER2-positive disease: **DESTINY-Gastric02, MOUNTAINEER-02**



Dr Ciombor

Nashville, Tennessee

Clinical Research Background

- **Adjuvant immunotherapy for GE cancers**
 - **CheckMate 577: Nivolumab**
 - Patient selection
 - Management of immunotherapy-associated toxicities

Adjuvant Nivolumab

Mechanism of action

- Anti-PD-1 antibody

Indication

- For the adjuvant treatment of completely resected esophageal or gastroesophageal junction cancer with residual pathologic disease in patients who have received neoadjuvant chemoradiation therapy

Recommended dose

- 240 mg IV infusion every 2 weeks or 480 mg IV infusion every 4 weeks for 16 weeks, then 480 mg every 4 weeks for total treatment duration of 1 year

Amanda K Wagner, APRN-CNP, AOCNP



55-year-old retired RN with locally advanced GE junction adenocarcinoma who received adjuvant nivolumab for residual disease after neoadjuvant carboplatin/paclitaxel



Dr Ciombor

Nashville, Tennessee

Clinical Research Background

- **First-line treatment of HER2-negative metastatic GE cancers**
 - **SPOTLIGHT: Zolbetuximab/mFOLFOX6**
 - **GLOW: Zolbetuximab/CAPOX**
 - **Addition of immune checkpoint inhibitor: PD-L1 level**

Zolbetuximab

Mechanism of action

- Anti-CLDN18.2 antibody

Indication

- Investigational

Pivotal clinical data

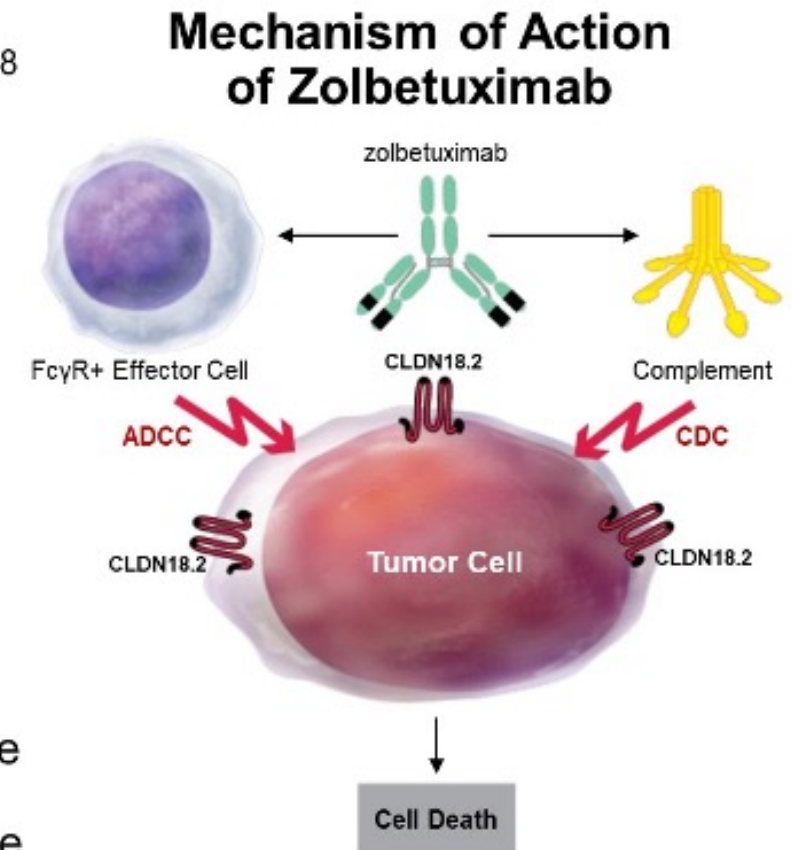
- Phase III SPOTLIGHT¹ and GLOW² trials evaluating zolbetuximab in combination with either FOLFOX or CAPOX as first-line treatment for patients with HER2-negative locally advanced unresectable or metastatic gastric or GEJ cancers

1. Shitara K et al. *Lancet* 2023;401:1655-68.

2. Shah M et al. ASCO Plenary Series, March 22, 2023;Abstract 405736.

Mechanism of Action of Zolbetuximab

- CLDN18.2 is a tight junction protein normally expressed in gastric mucosa cells and retained in G/GEJ adenocarcinoma^{1–8}
- CLDN18.2 may become exposed on the surface of G/GEJ adenocarcinoma cells, making it a promising target^{2–8}
- Zolbetuximab is a first-in-class chimeric IgG1 monoclonal antibody that targets CLDN18.2 and induces ADCC/CDC^{4–8}
- In the phase 2b FAST study, EOX \pm zolbetuximab prolonged survival in a subgroup of patients with higher expression of CLDN18.2 in tumor cells⁸
 - mPFS: 9.0 vs 5.7 months with zolbetuximab + EOX vs EOX alone
 - mOS: 16.5 vs 8.9 months with zolbetuximab + EOX vs EOX alone

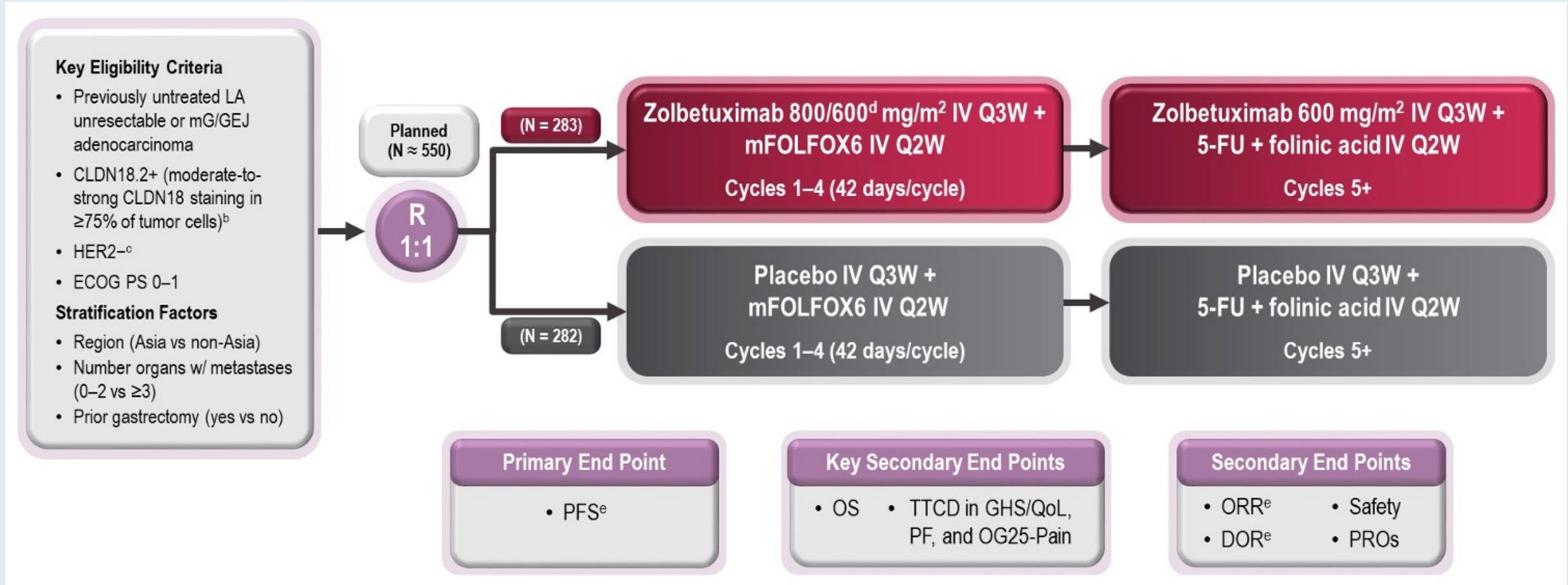


Zolbetuximab plus mFOLFOX6 in patients with CLDN18.2-positive, HER2-negative, untreated, locally advanced unresectable or metastatic gastric or gastro-oesophageal junction adenocarcinoma (SPOTLIGHT): a multicentre, randomised, double-blind, phase 3 trial

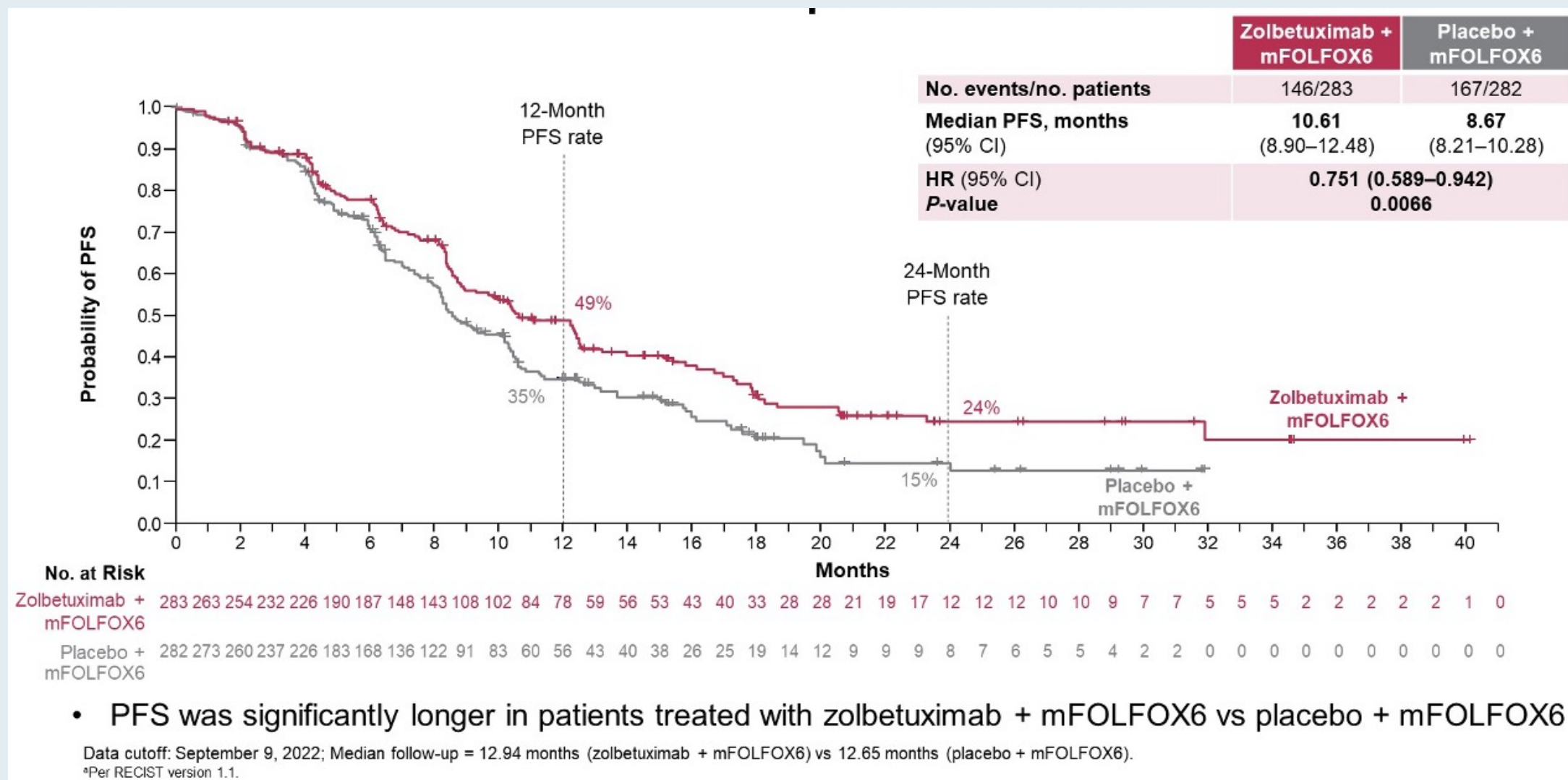
Kohei Shitara, Florian Lordick, Yung-Jue Bang, Peter Enzinger, David Ilson, Manish A Shah, Eric Van Cutsem, Rui-Hua Xu, Giuseppe Aprile, Jianming Xu, Joseph Chao, Roberto Pazo-Cid, Yoon-Koo Kang, Jianning Yang, Diarmuid Moran, Pranob Bhattacharya, Ahsan Arozullah, Jung Wook Park, Mok Oh, Jaffer A Ajani

Lancet 2023;401:1655-68.

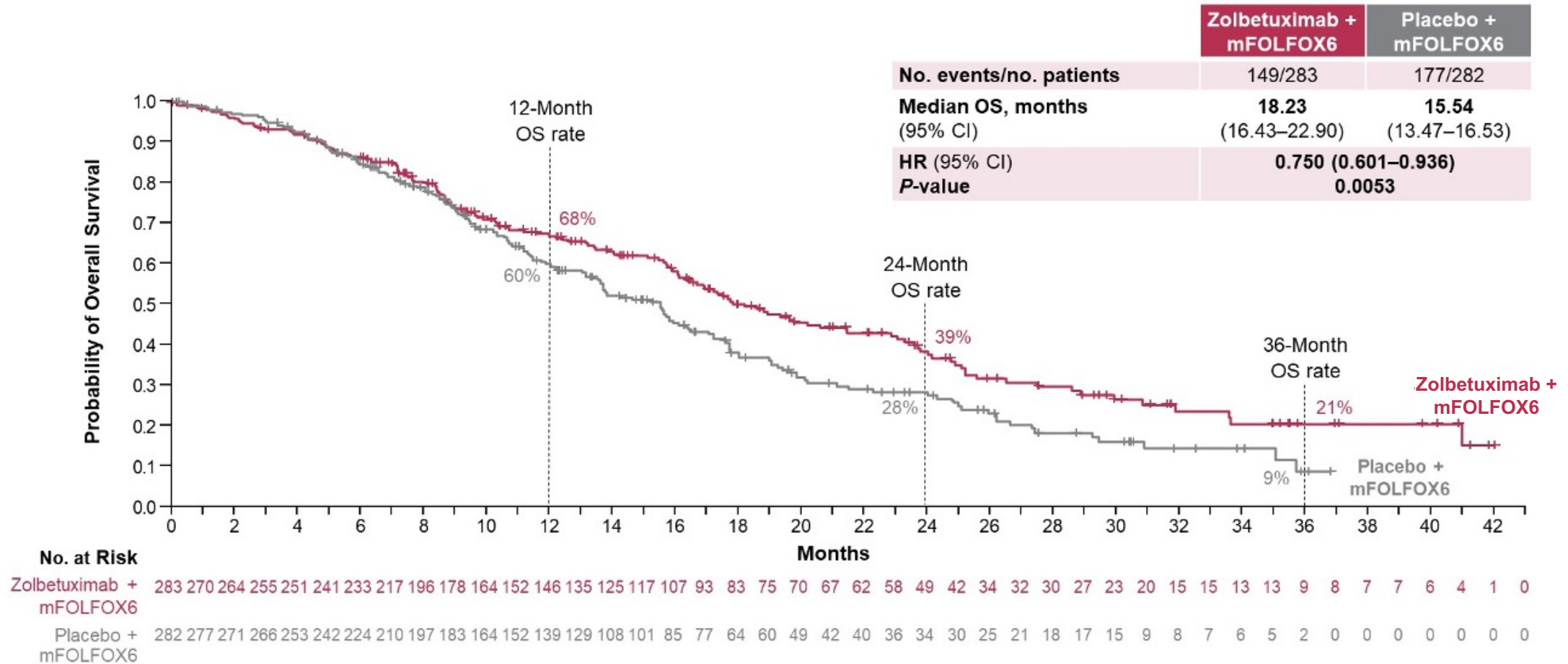
SPOTLIGHT: Phase III Study Design



SPOTLIGHT: Progression-Free Survival (Primary Endpoint)



SPOTLIGHT: Overall Survival (Key Secondary Endpoint)



- OS was significantly longer in patients treated with zolbetuximab + mFOLFOX6 vs placebo + mFOLFOX6

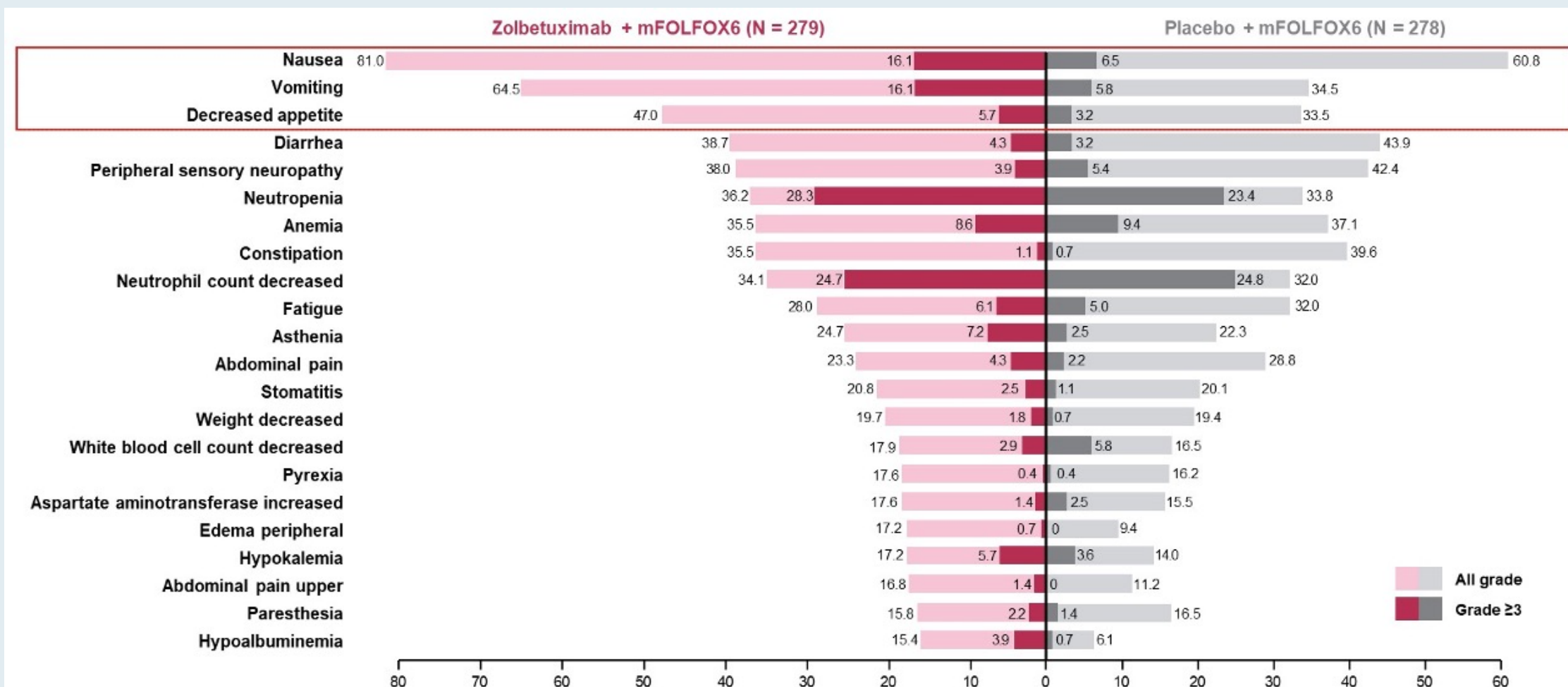
Data cutoff: September 9, 2022; Median follow-up = 22.14 months (zolbetuximab + mFOLFOX6) vs 20.93 months (placebo + mFOLFOX6).

SPOTLIGHT: Response Rates (Key Secondary Endpoint)

	Zolbetuximab + mFOLFOX6 (N = 211)	Placebo + mFOLFOX6 (N = 211)
Patients^a, n	128	131
ORR^b, % (95% CI)	60.7 (53.72–67.30)	62.1 (55.17–68.66)
BOR^{c,d}, n (%)		
CR	12 (5.7)	7 (3.3)
PR	116 (55.0)	124 (58.8)
SD	45 (21.3)	52 (24.6)
PD	14 (6.6)	14 (6.6)
Median DOR^b, months, (95% CI)	8.51 (6.80–10.25)	8.11 (6.47–11.37)
3rd quartile, months (95% CI)	29.9 (10.41–NE)	15.5 (13.27–NE)

- Response rates were similar between treatment arms
- Formal analysis of PROs is pending
 - Initial descriptive analysis did not indicate differences between treatment arms

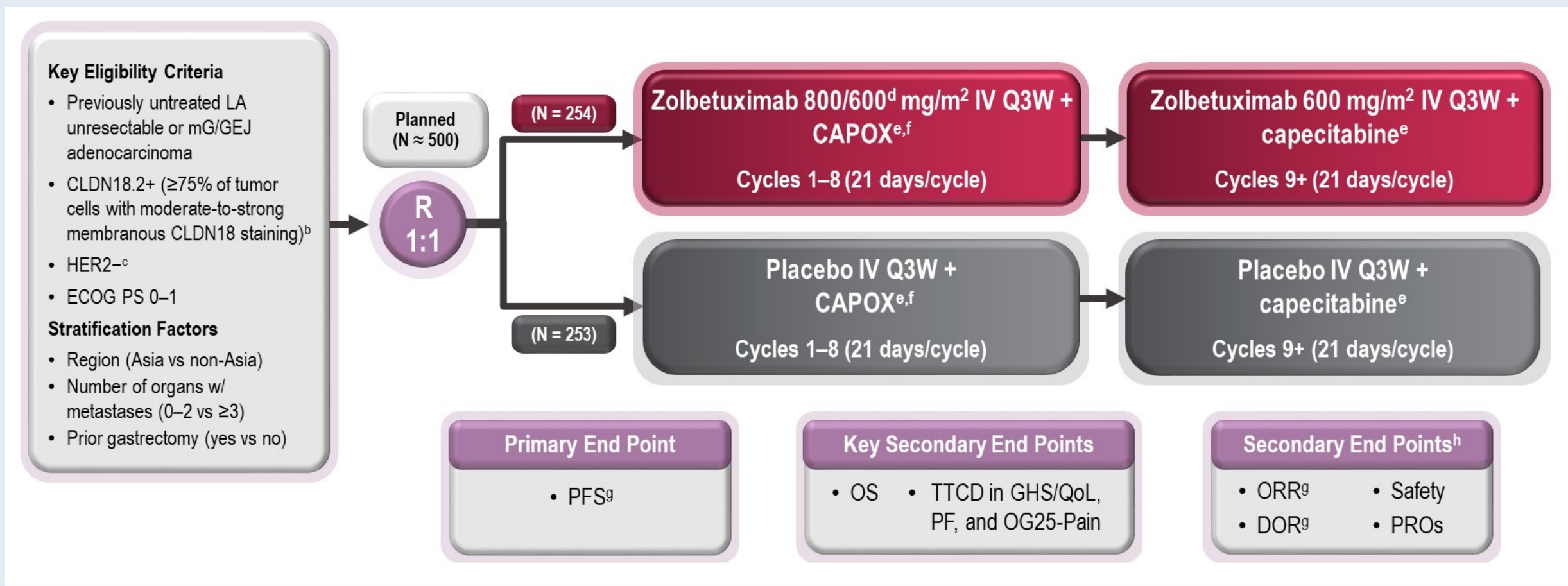
SPOTLIGHT: TEAEs Occurring in $\geq 15\%$ of All Treated Patients



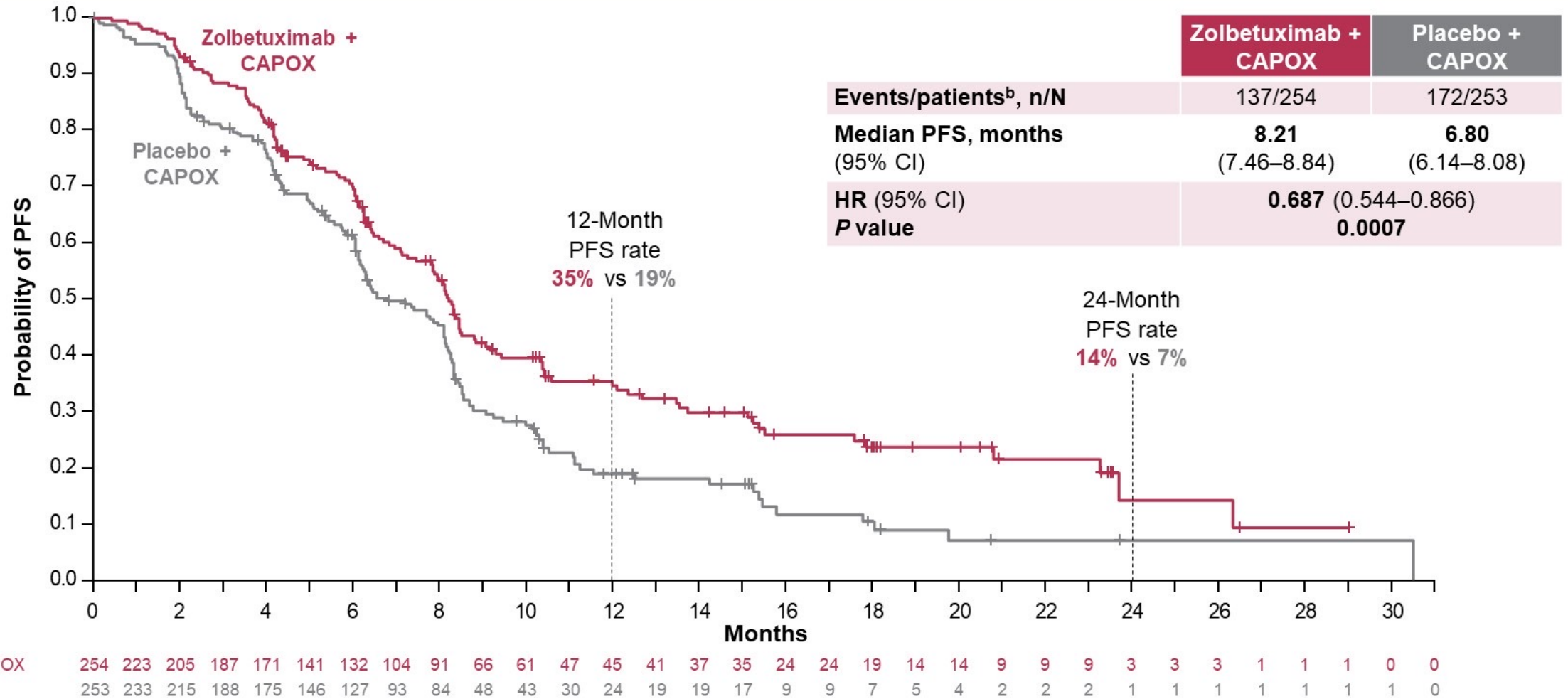
- The most common TEAEs with zolbetuximab + mFOLFOX6 were nausea and vomiting as on-target effects

TEAEs = treatment-emergent adverse events

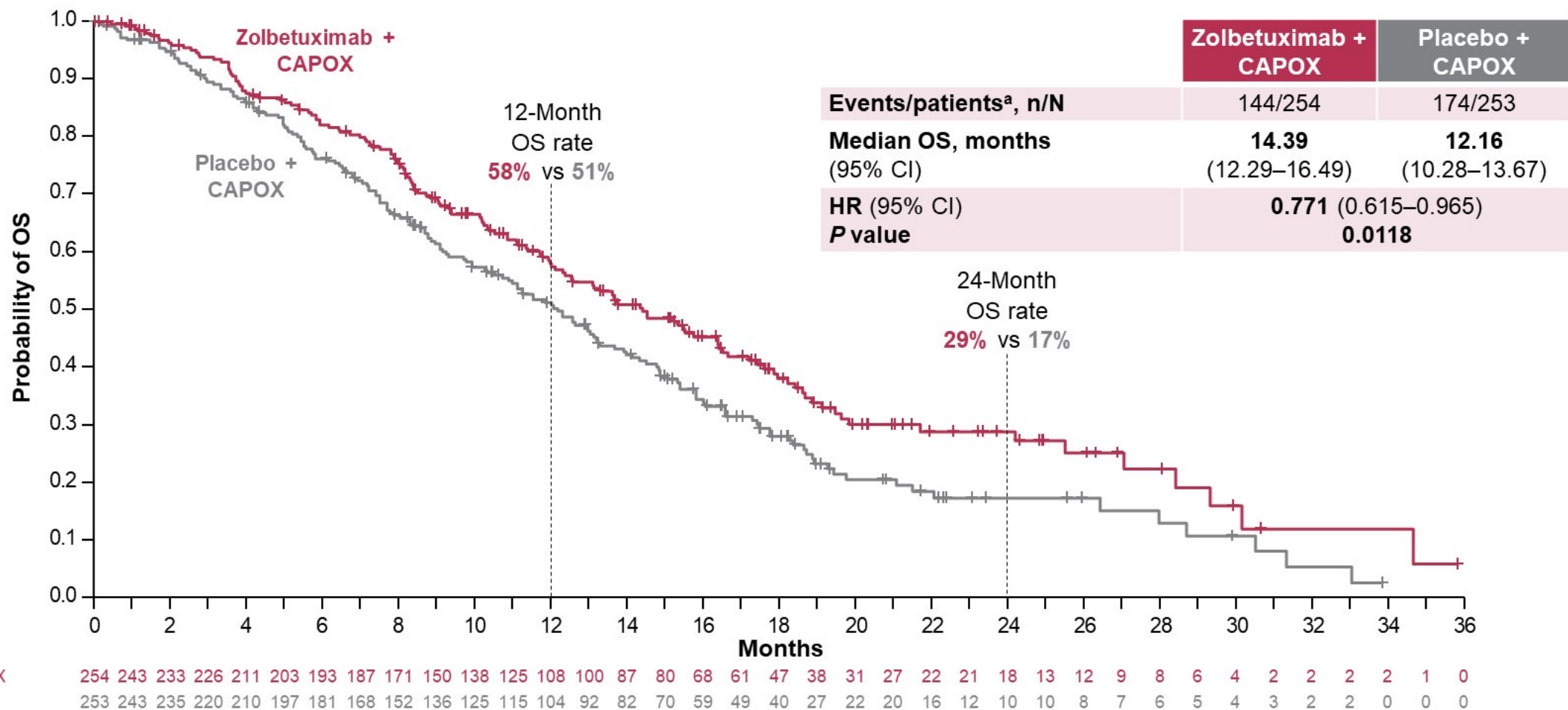
GLOW: A Phase III Study of First-Line Zolbetuximab and CAPOX for Claudin 18.2-Positive, HER2-Negative Advanced Gastric or Gastroesophageal Junction Adenocarcinoma



GLOW: Progression-Free Survival (PFS) by Independent Review Committee (Primary Endpoint)



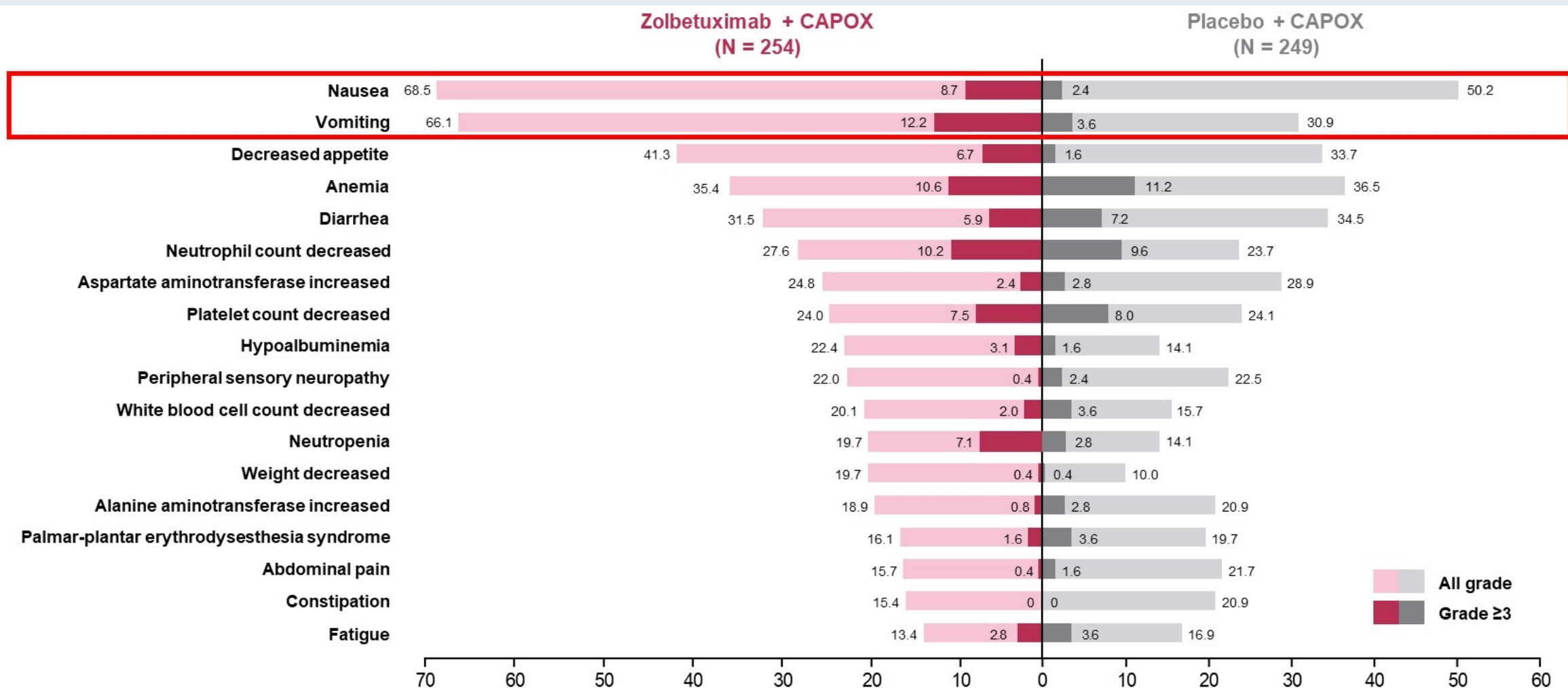
GLOW: Overall Survival (Key Secondary Endpoint)



GLOW: Response Rates (Key Secondary Endpoint)

	Zolbetuximab + CAPOX (N = 195)	Placebo + CAPOX (N = 205)
ORR^b, n (%)	105 (53.8)	100 (48.8)
95% CI	46.58–60.99	41.76–55.84
BOR^{c,d}, n (%)		
CR	6 (3.1)	3 (1.5)
PR	99 (50.8)	97 (47.3)
SD	46 (23.6)	57 (27.8)
PD	10 (5.1)	25 (12.2)
Median DOR^{b,e}, months (95% CI)	6.28 (5.39–8.28)	6.18 (4.53–6.41)

GLOW: TEAEs Occurring in $\geq 15\%$ of All Patients Who Received Treatment





Dr Ciombor

Nashville, Tennessee

Clinical Research Background

- **Selection of first-line therapy for metastatic HER2-positive GE cancer**
 - **KEYNOTE-811: Pembrolizumab/trastuzumab/chemotherapy**



Dr Ciombor

Nashville, Tennessee

Clinical Research Background

- **Selection of second-line therapy for metastatic HER2-positive GE cancer**
 - **DESTINY-Gastric02: Trastuzumab deruxtecan**
 - **MOUNTAINEER-02: Tucatinib/trastuzumab + ramucirumab/paclitaxel**

Trastuzumab Deruxtecan: Gastroesophageal Cancer

Mechanism of action

- Antibody-drug conjugate directed against HER2

Indication

- For patients with locally advanced or metastatic HER2-positive gastric or gastroesophageal junction (GEJ) adenocarcinoma who have received a prior trastuzumab-based regimen

Recommended dose

- 6.4 mg/kg IV infusion q3wk until disease progression or unacceptable toxicity

Tucatinib and Trastuzumab: Gastroesophageal Cancer

Mechanism of action

- Tucatinib – HER2 tyrosine kinase inhibitor
- Trastuzumab – anti-HER2 monoclonal antibody

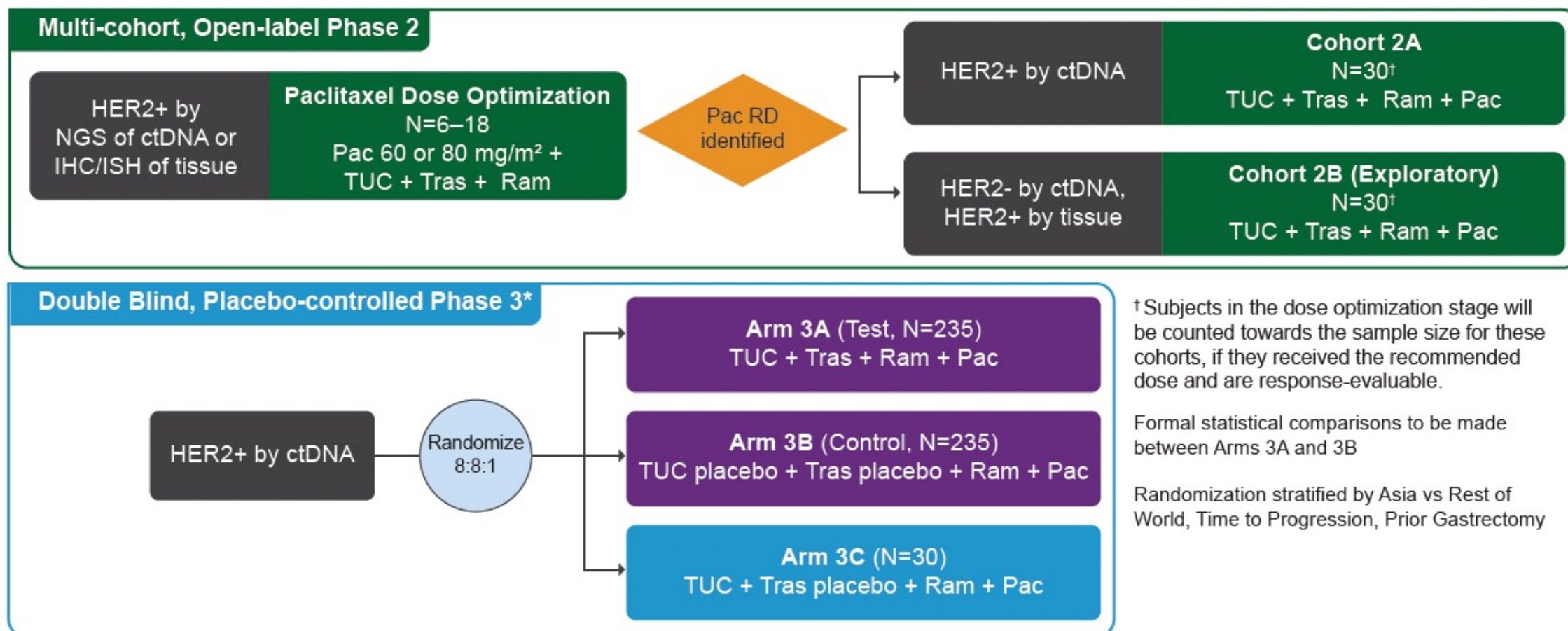
Indication

- Investigational

Ongoing clinical trial

- Phase II/III MOUNTAINEER-02 evaluating the addition of tucatinib and trastuzumab to ramucirumab and paclitaxel for patients with previously treated HER2-positive gastric and esophageal cancers

MOUNTAINEER-02 Phase II/III Study Design



[†] Subjects in the dose optimization stage will be counted towards the sample size for these cohorts, if they received the recommended dose and are response-evaluable.

Formal statistical comparisons to be made between Arms 3A and 3B

Randomization stratified by Asia vs Rest of World, Time to Progression, Prior Gastrectomy

* The SMC may recommend proceeding to phase 3 if the regimen is safe and tolerable and an ORR ≥36% is observed in all response-evaluable patients treated at the Pac RD who have HER2+ disease by NGS assay of ctDNA.

NGS = next-generation sequencing; TUC = tucatinib; Tras = trastuzumab; Ram = ramucirumab; Pac = paclitaxel; RD = recommended dose; ctDNA = circulating tumor DNA

Amanda K Wagner, APRN-CNP, AOCNP



A man in his 60s initially diagnosed with metastatic HER2-positive GEJ cancer in 2014, s/p multiple lines of treatment, including FOLFOX/trastuzumab, paclitaxel/trastuzumab and ramucirumab, who is currently receiving trastuzumab deruxtecan

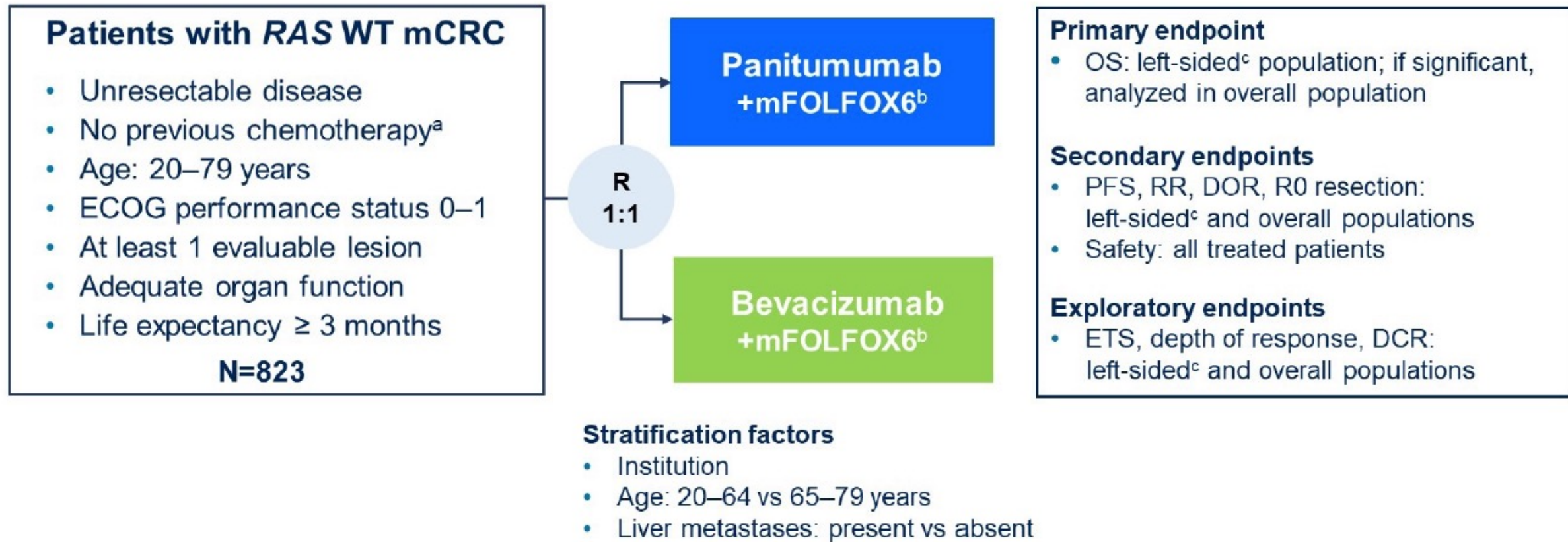
APPENDIX

Colorectal Cancer

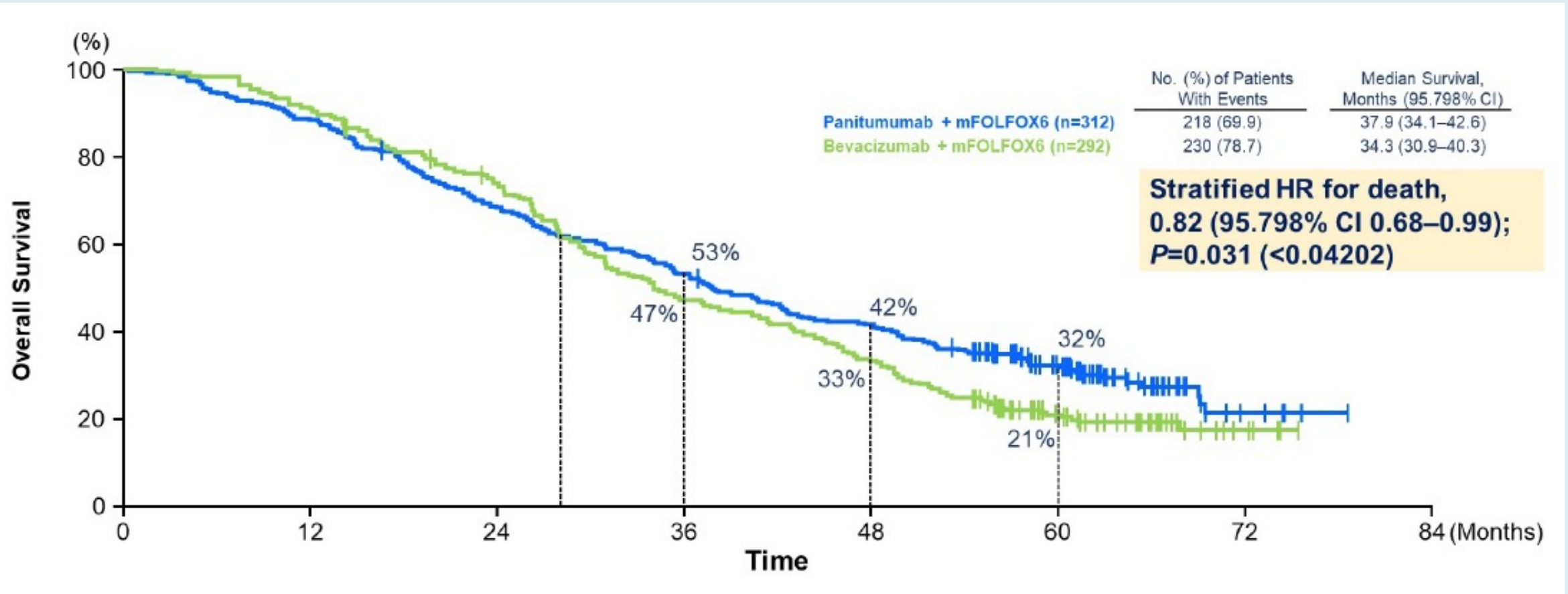
Panitumumab plus mFOLFOX6 versus Bevacizumab plus mFOLFOX6 as first-line treatment in patients with *RAS* wild-type metastatic colorectal cancer: results from the phase 3 PARADIGM trial

Takayuki Yoshino¹, Jun Watanabe², Kohei Shitara¹, Kentaro Yamazaki³, Hisatsugu Ohori⁴, Manabu Shiozawa⁵, Hirofumi Yasui⁴, Eiji Oki⁶, Takeo Sato⁷, Takeshi Naitoh⁸, Yoshito Komatsu⁹, Takeshi Kato¹⁰, Masamitsu Hihara¹¹, Junpei Soeda¹¹, Kouji Yamamoto¹², Kiwamu Akagi¹³, Atsushi Ochiai¹⁴, Hiroyuki Uetake¹⁵, Katsuya Tsuchihara¹⁶, Kei Muro¹⁷

PARADIGM: Phase III Study Design



PARADIGM: Overall Survival in Population with Left-Sided Disease (Primary Endpoint 1)

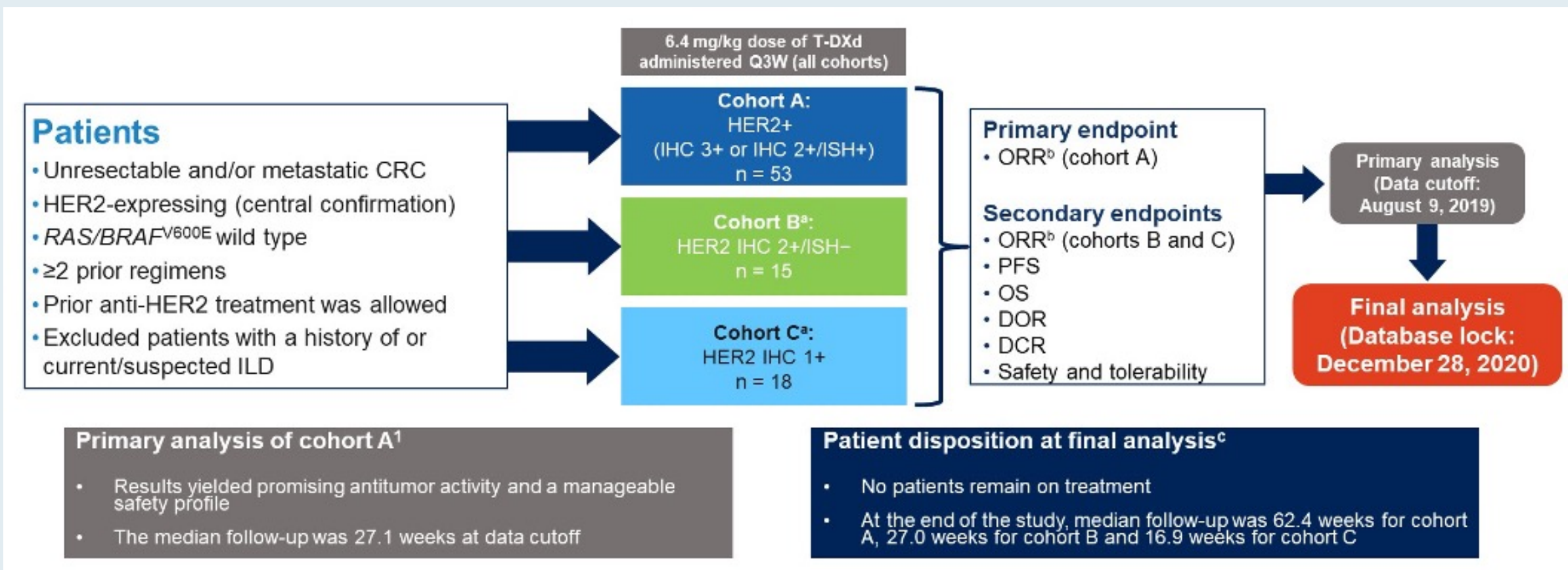


Final results of DESTINY-CRC01 investigating trastuzumab deruxtecan in patients with HER2-expressing metastatic colorectal cancer

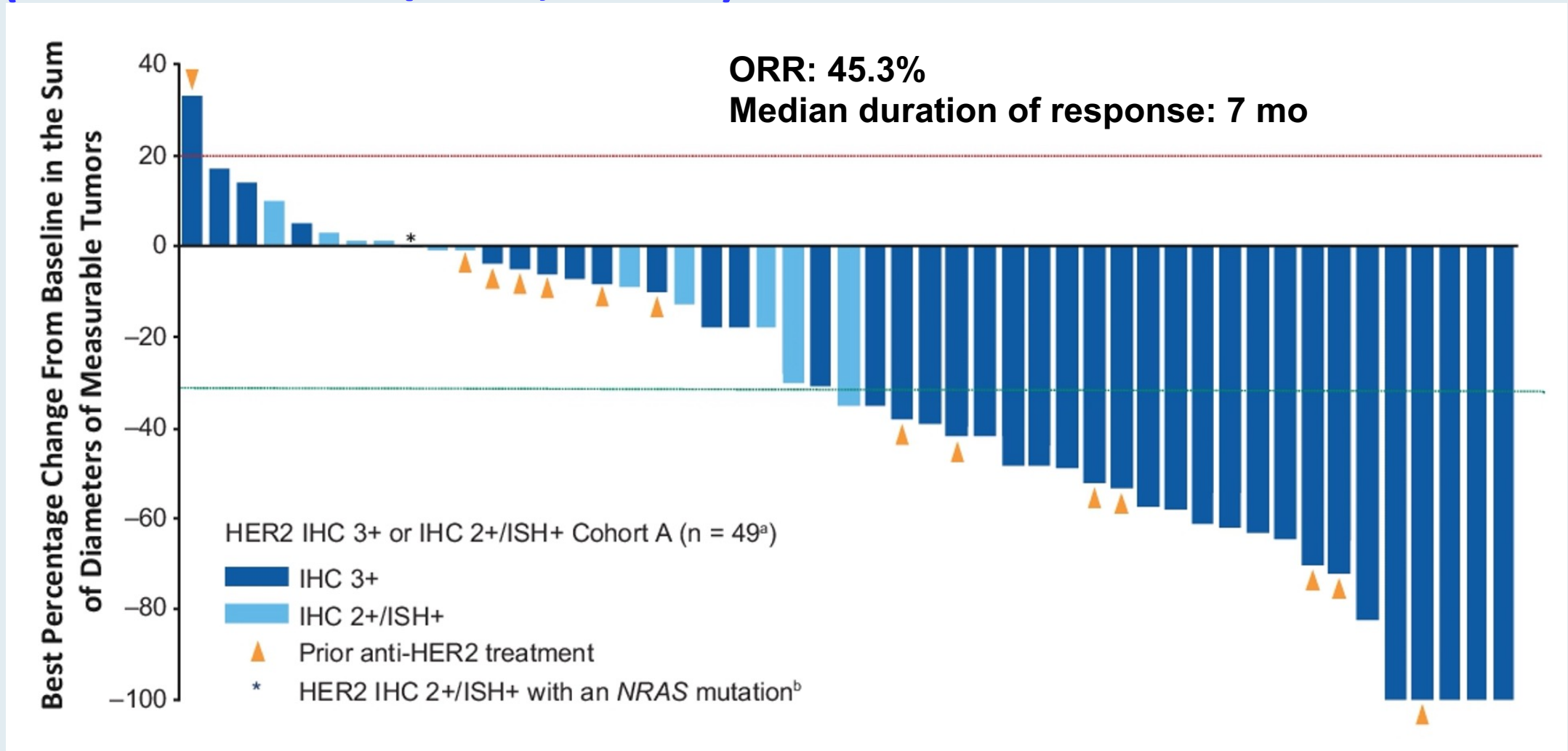
Takayuki Yoshino ¹, Maria Di Bartolomeo², Kanwal Raghav ³, Toshiki Masuishi⁴, Fotios Loupakis⁵, Hisato Kawakami ⁶, Kensei Yamaguchi⁷, Tomohiro Nishina⁸, Zev Wainberg⁹, Elena Elez ¹⁰, Javier Rodriguez¹¹, Marwan Fakih¹², Fortunato Ciardiello ¹³, Kapil Saxena¹⁴, Kojiro Kobayashi¹⁴, Emarjola Bako¹⁴, Yasuyuki Okuda¹⁵, Gerold Meinhardt¹⁴, Axel Grothey¹⁶, Salvatore Siena ^{17,18}  & DESTINY-CRC01 investigators*

Nat Commun 2023 June 7;[Online ahead of print].

DESTINY-CRC01 Phase II Study Design



DESTINY-CRC01 Primary Endpoint: Objective Response Rate (ORR) in Cohort A (IHC 3+ or IHC 2+/ISH+, N = 53)

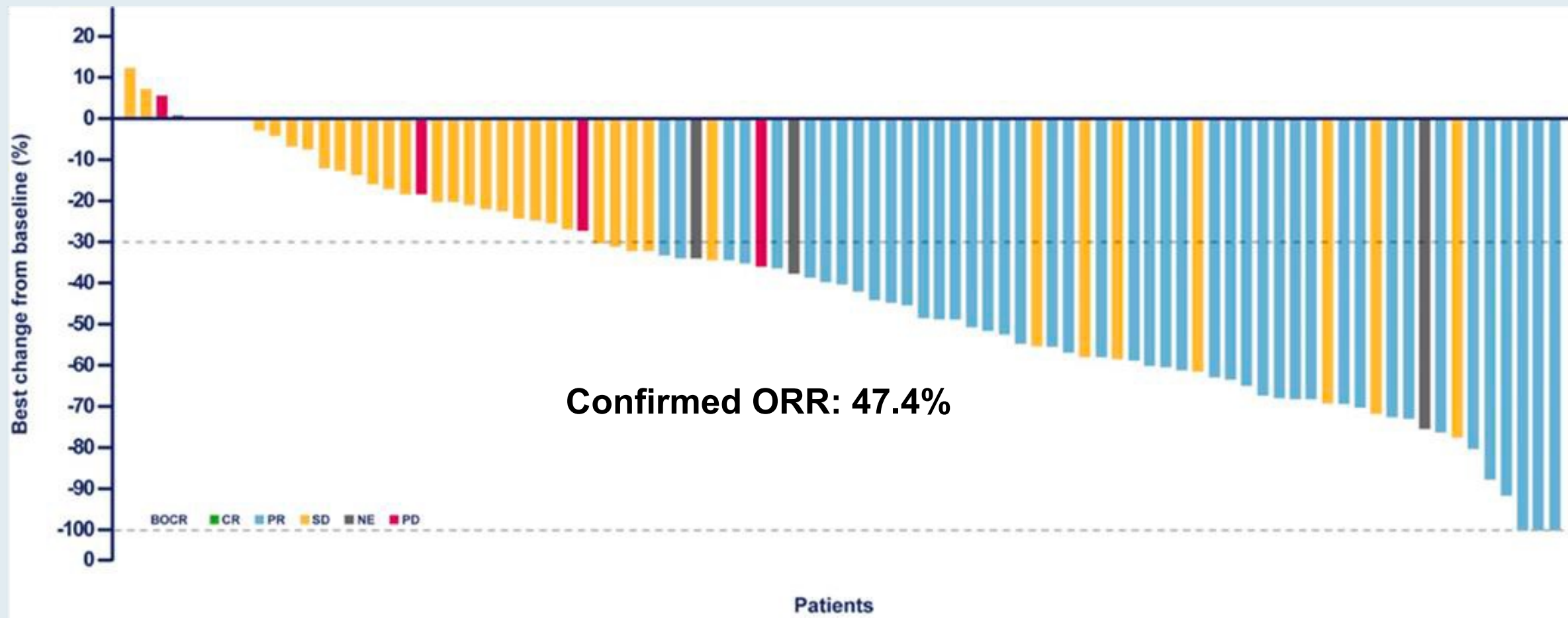


ANCHOR CRC: Results From a Single-Arm, Phase II Study of Encorafenib Plus Binimetinib and Cetuximab in Previously Untreated *BRAF*^{V600E}-Mutant Metastatic Colorectal Cancer

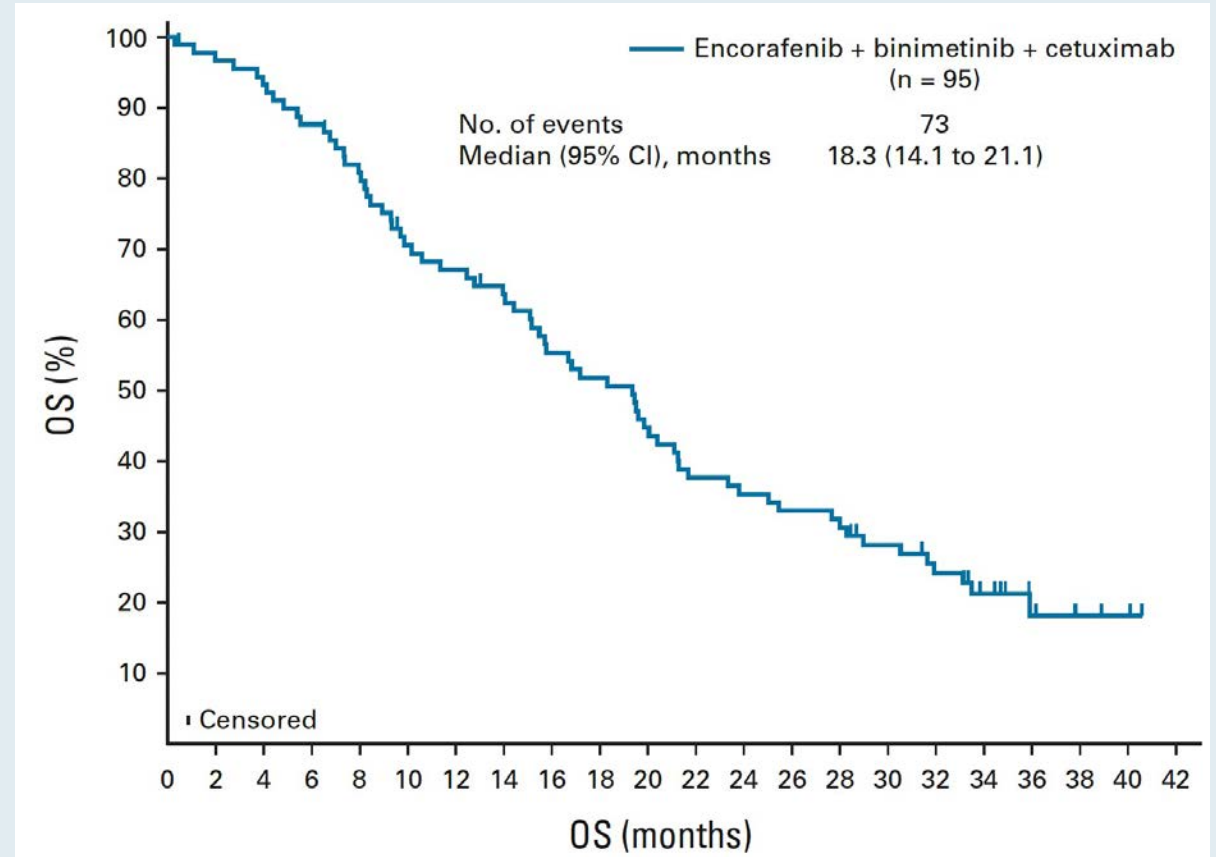
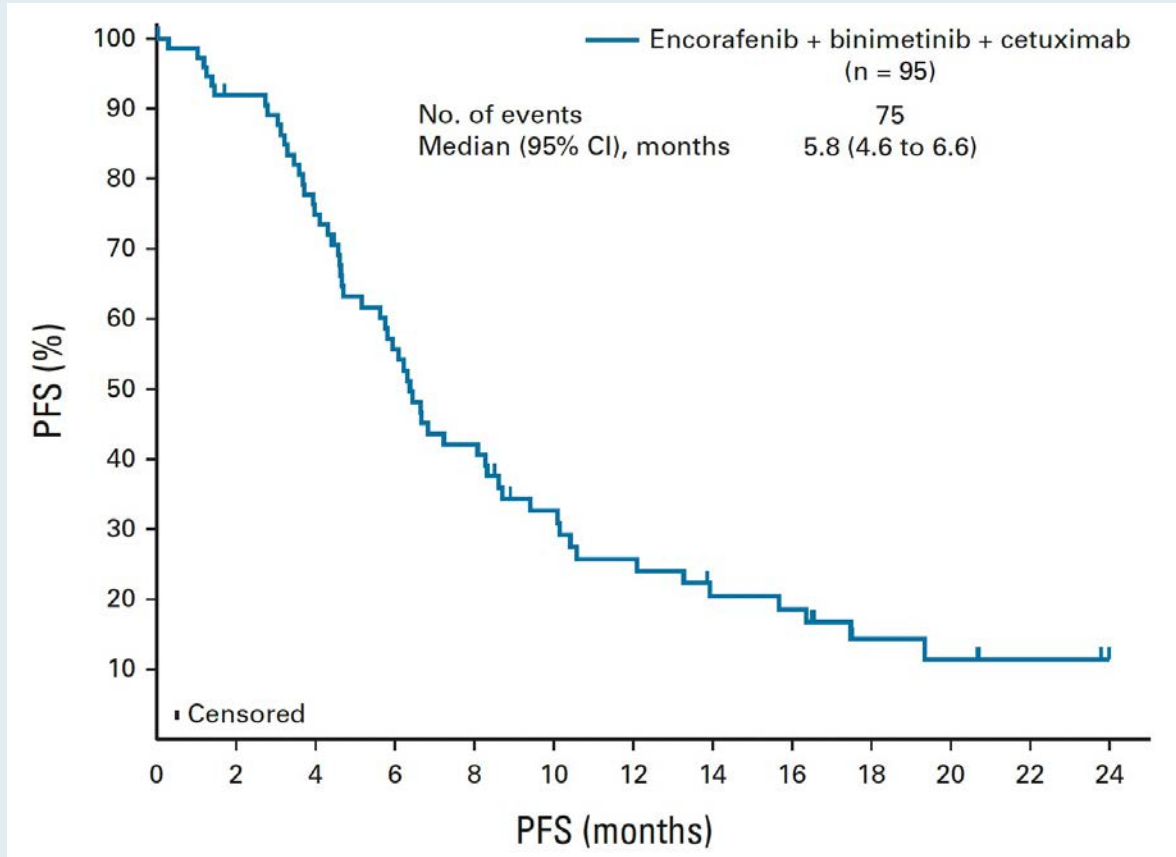
Eric Van Cutsem, MD, PhD¹; Julien Taieb, MD, PhD²; Rona Yaeger, MD³; Takayuki Yoshino, MD⁴; Axel Grothey, MD⁵; Evaristo Maiello, MD⁶; Elena Elez, MD, PhD⁷; Jeroen Dekervel, MD¹; Paul Ross, MD⁸; Ana Ruiz-Casado, MD, PhD⁹; Janet Graham, MD, PhD¹⁰; Takeshi Kato, MD¹¹; Jose C. Ruffinelli, MD¹²; Thierry André, MD¹³; Edith Carrière Roussel, PhD¹⁴; Isabelle Klauck, MD¹⁵; Mélanie Groc, MSc¹⁴; Jean-Claude Vedovato, MD¹⁴; and Josep Tabernero, MD, PhD¹⁶

J Clin Oncol 2023 February 10;[Online ahead of print].

ANCHOR CRC: Response



ANCHOR CRC: Survival Analyses



Pembrolizumab: Colorectal Cancer

Mechanism of action

- **Anti-PD-1 antibody**

Indication

- **For patients with unresectable or metastatic MSI-H or dMMR colorectal cancer as determined by an FDA-approved test**

Recommended dose

- **200 mg every 3 weeks or 400 mg every 6 weeks**

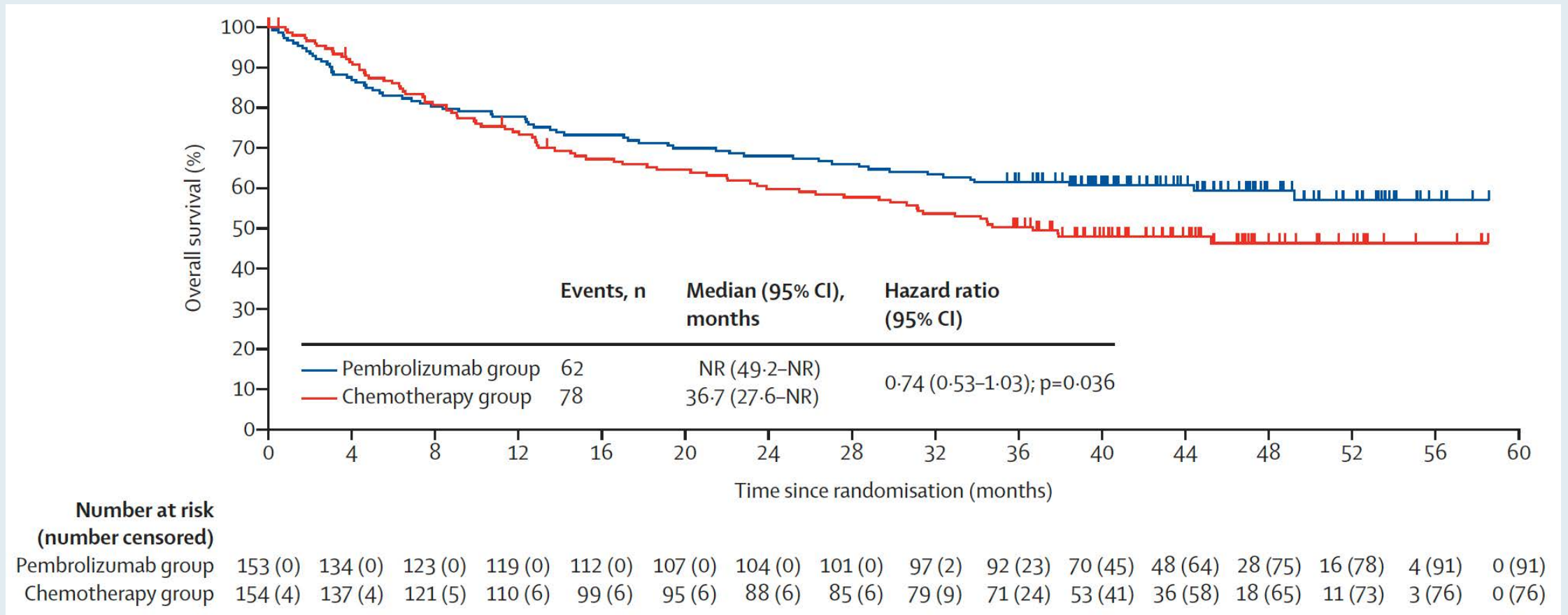
Lancet Oncol 2022 April 12;23:659-70.

Pembrolizumab versus chemotherapy for microsatellite instability-high or mismatch repair-deficient metastatic colorectal cancer (KEYNOTE-177): final analysis of a randomised, open-label, phase 3 study



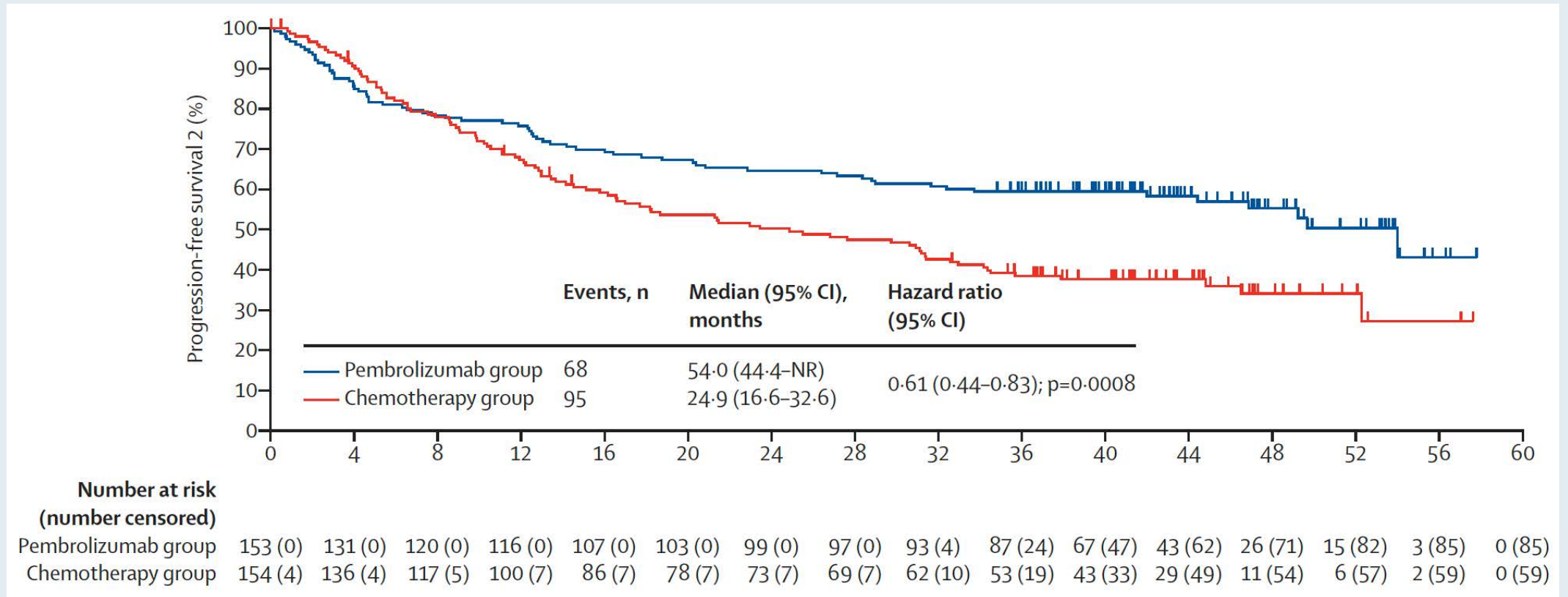
*Luis A Diaz Jr, Kai-Keen Shiu, Tae-Won Kim, Benny Vittrup Jensen, Lars Henrik Jensen, Cornelis Punt, Denis Smith, Rocio Garcia-Carbonero, Manuel Benavides, Peter Gibbs, Christelle de la Fourchardiere, Fernando Rivera, Elena Elez, Dung T Le, Takayuki Yoshino, Wen Yan Zhong, David Fogelman, Patricia Marinello, Thierry Andre, on behalf of the KEYNOTE-177 Investigators**

KEYNOTE-177 Coprimary Endpoint: Final Analysis of Overall Survival (ITT Population)



At final analysis, OS with pembrolizumab versus chemotherapy did not meet the one-sided α boundary of 0.025 required for superiority.

KEYNOTE-177: Time to Disease Progression (PFS2)



At the final analysis, median PFS was longer with pembrolizumab (16.5 mo) than with chemotherapy (8.2 mo); however, because superiority was met at the second interim analysis, superiority was not formally tested at the final analysis (HR 0.59).

KEYNOTE-177: Select Adverse Events of Interest

Adverse event (%)	Pembrolizumab (n = 153)			Chemotherapy (n = 143)		
	Grade 1-2	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 1-2	Grade 3	Grade 4
Hypothyroidism	22	8	1	12	2	0
Colitis	12	0	0	3	0	0
Pneumonitis	4	0	0	1	0	0
Adrenal insufficiency	1	1	0	0	0	0
Hepatitis	0	3	0	0	0	0
Severe skin reactions	0	1	0	0	2	0
Thyroiditis	1	0	0	0	0	0

First-Line Nivolumab Plus Low-Dose Ipilimumab for Microsatellite Instability-High/Mismatch Repair-Deficient Metastatic Colorectal Cancer: The Phase II CheckMate 142 Study

Heinz-Josef Lenz, MD¹; Eric Van Cutsem, MD, PhD²; Maria Luisa Limon, MD³; Ka Yeung Mark Wong, PhD⁴; Alain Hendlisz, MD, PhD⁵; Massimo Aglietta, MD, PhD⁶; Pilar García-Alfonso, MD⁷; Bart Neyns, MD, PhD⁸; Gabriele Luppi, MD⁹; Dana B. Cardin, MD¹⁰; Tomislav Dragovich, MD, PhD¹¹; Usman Shah, MD¹²; Sandzhar Abdullaev, MD, PhD¹³; Joseph Gricar, MS¹³; Jean-Marie Ledoine, MS¹³; Michael James Overman, MD¹⁴; and Sara Lonardi, MD¹⁵

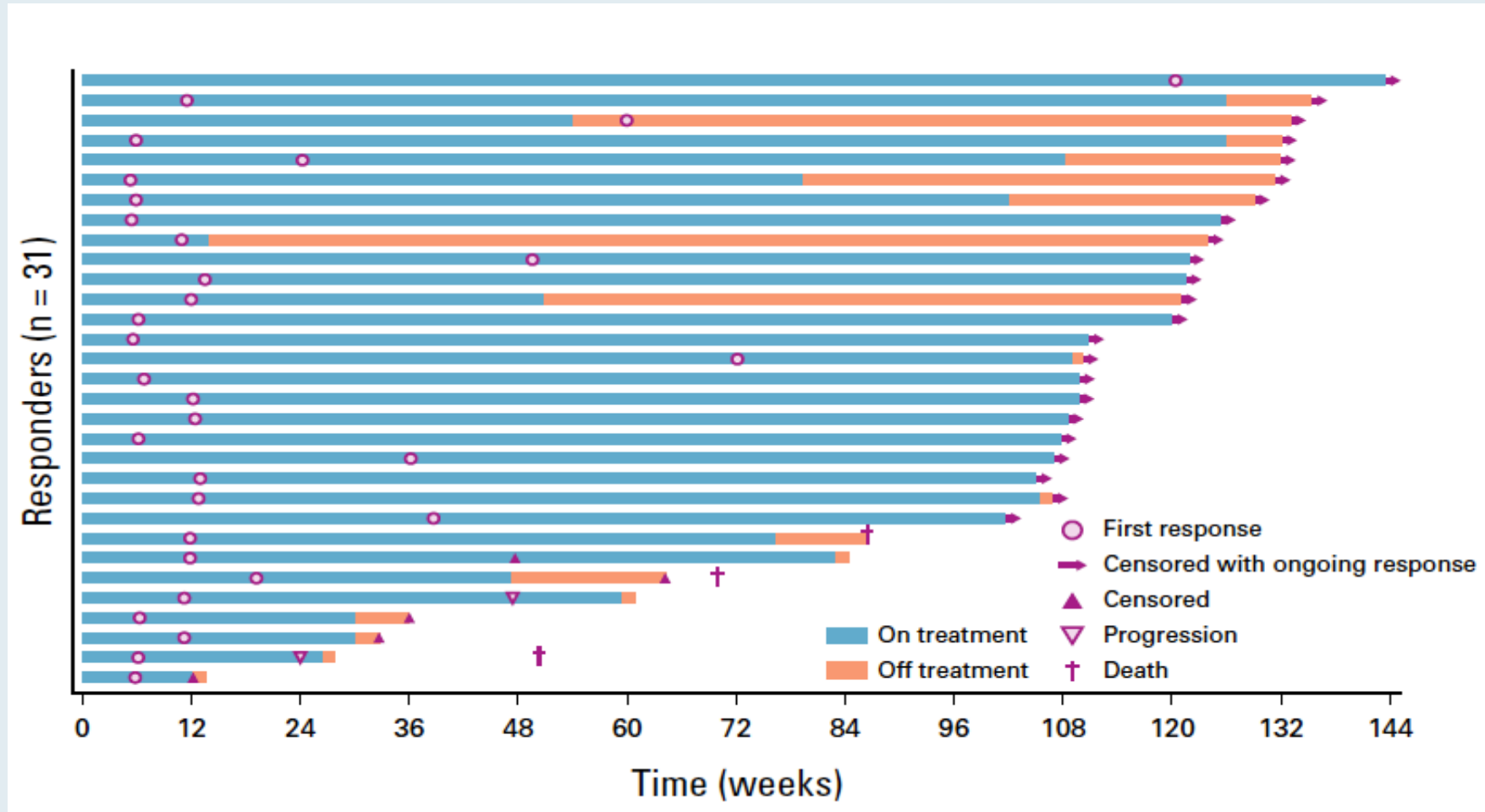
J Clin Oncol 2022;40(2):161-70.

CheckMate 142: ORR, Best Overall Response, DCR and Median DOR (N = 45)

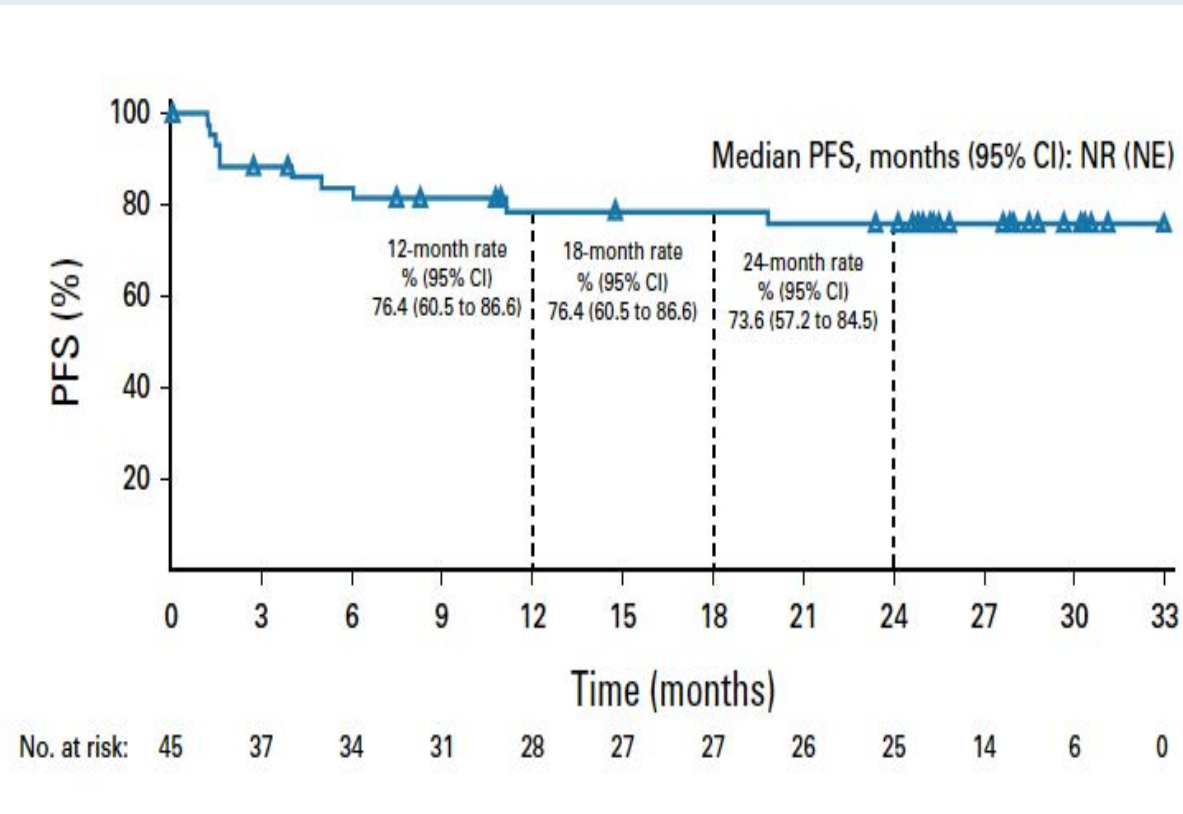
Response	Investigator Assessed	BICR Assessed
ORR, ^a No. (%)	31 (69)	28 (62)
95% CI	53 to 82	46.5 to 76.2
ORR by <i>BRAF</i> and/or <i>KRAS</i> mutation status, ^b No. (%)		
<i>BRAF</i> and <i>KRAS</i> wild-type (n = 13)	8 (62)	7 (54)
<i>BRAF</i> mutation (n = 17)	13 (76)	14 (82)
<i>KRAS</i> mutation (n = 10)	8 (80)	7 (70)
Best overall response, ^c No. (%)		
CR	6 (13)	11 (24)
PR	25 (56)	17 (38)
SD	7 (16)	8 (18)
PD	6 (13)	7 (16)
Not determined	1 (2)	2 (4)
DCR, ^d No. (%)	38 (84)	35 (78)
95% CI	70.5 to 93.5	63 to 89
Median DOR, months (range) ^e	NR (1.4+ to 29.0+)	NR (3.3+ to 29.0+)

ORR = overall response rate; DCR = disease control rate; DOR = duration of response; CR = complete response; PR = partial response; SD = stable disease; PD = disease progression

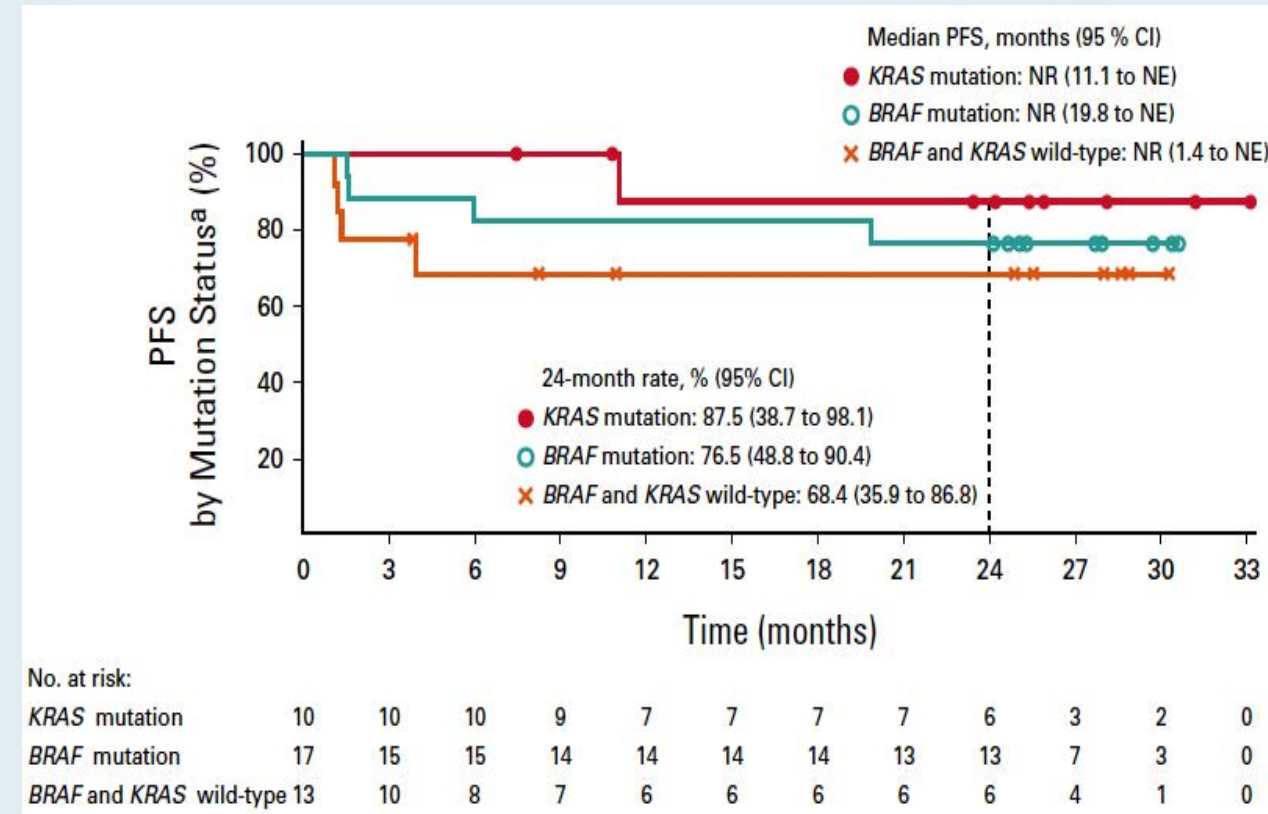
CheckMate 142: Characterization of Patients with a Response



CheckMate 142: Progression-Free Survival (PFS)

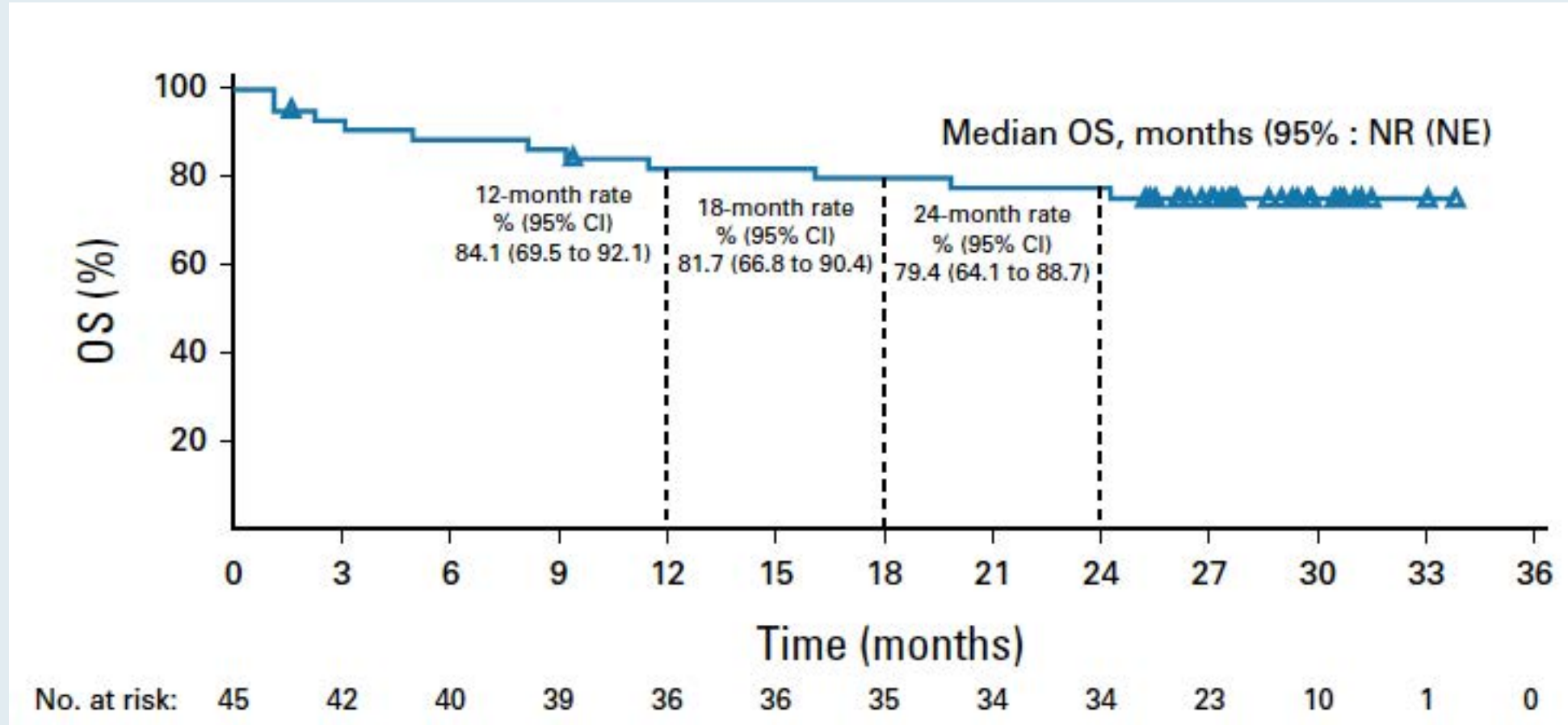


Per investigator assessment



Per investigator assessment by mutation status

CheckMate 142: Overall Survival (OS)



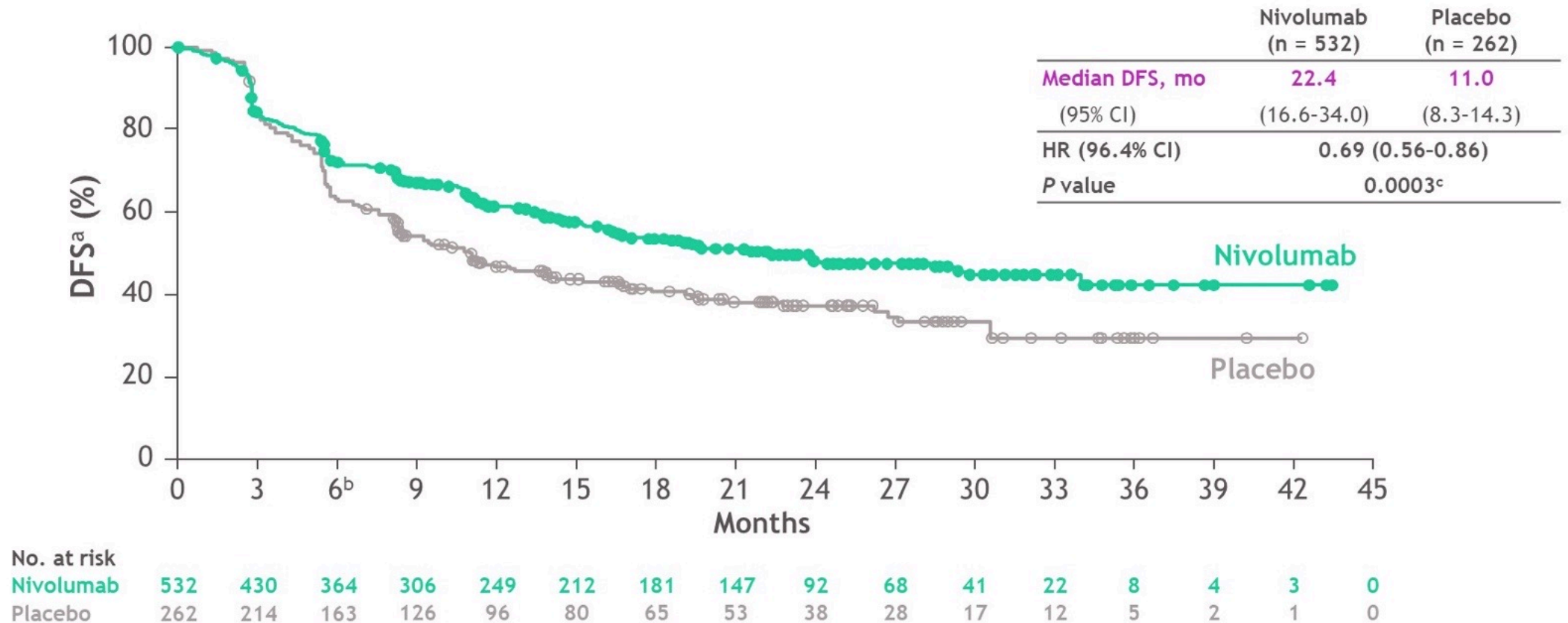
Gastroesophageal Cancers

Adjuvant nivolumab in resected esophageal or gastroesophageal junction cancer following neoadjuvant chemoradiotherapy: expanded efficacy and safety analyses from CheckMate 577

Ronan J. Kelly,¹ Jaffer A. Ajani,² Jaroslaw Kuzdzal,³ Thomas Zander,⁴ Eric Van Cutsem,⁵ Guillaume Piessen,⁶ Guillermo Mendez,⁷ Josephine Feliciano,⁸ Satoru Motoyama,⁹ Astrid Lièvre,¹⁰ Hope Uronis,¹¹ Elena Elimova,¹² Cecile Grootsholten,¹³ Karen Geboes,¹⁴ Jenny Zhang,¹⁵ Samira Soleymani,¹⁵ Ming Lei,¹⁵ Prianka Singh,¹⁵ James M. Cleary,¹⁶ Markus Moehler¹⁷

¹The Charles A. Sammons Cancer Center at Baylor University Medical Center, Dallas, TX; ²The University of Texas MD Anderson Cancer Center, Houston, TX; ³Jagiellonian University, John Paul II Hospital, Cracow, Poland; ⁴University Hospital of Cologne, Cologne, Germany; ⁵University Hospitals Gasthuisberg, Leuven and KU Leuven, Leuven, Belgium; ⁶University of Lille, Claude Huriez University Hospital, Lille, France; ⁷Fundacion Favaloro, Buenos Aires, Argentina; ⁸Johns Hopkins Sidney Kimmel Comprehensive Cancer Center, Baltimore, MD; ⁹Akita University Hospital, Akita, Japan; ¹⁰CHU Pontchaillou, Rennes 1 University, Rennes, France; ¹¹Duke Cancer Institute, Durham, NC; ¹²Princess Margaret Cancer Centre, Toronto, ON, Canada; ¹³Netherlands Cancer Institute-Antoni van Leeuwenhoek Hospital, Amsterdam, Netherlands; ¹⁴UZ Gent, Gent, Belgium; ¹⁵Bristol Myers Squibb, Princeton, NJ; ¹⁶Dana Farber Cancer Institute, Boston, MA; ¹⁷Johannes-Gutenberg University Clinic, Mainz, Germany

CheckMate 577: Disease-Free Survival (DFS)



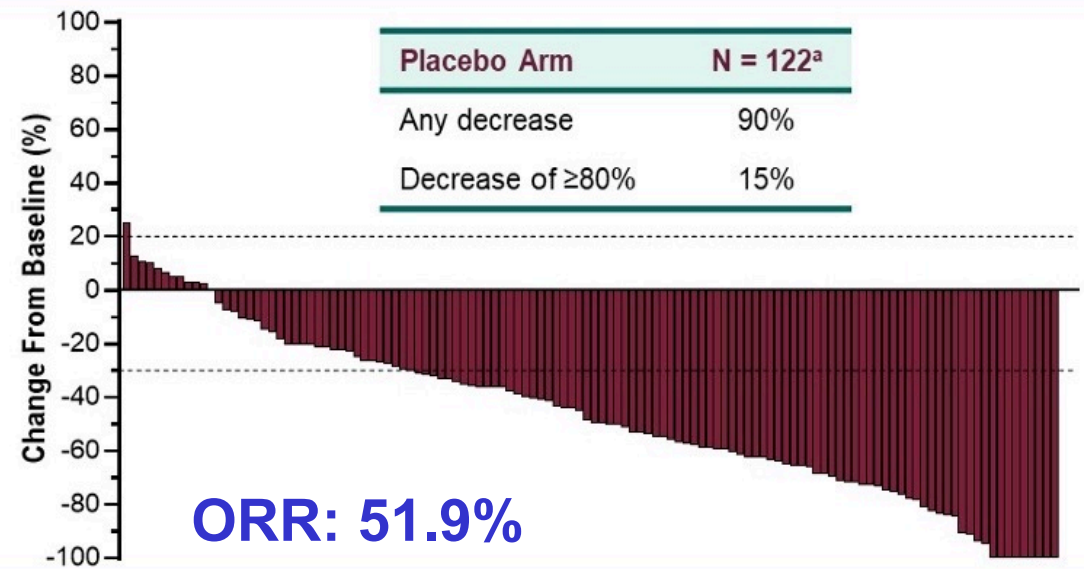
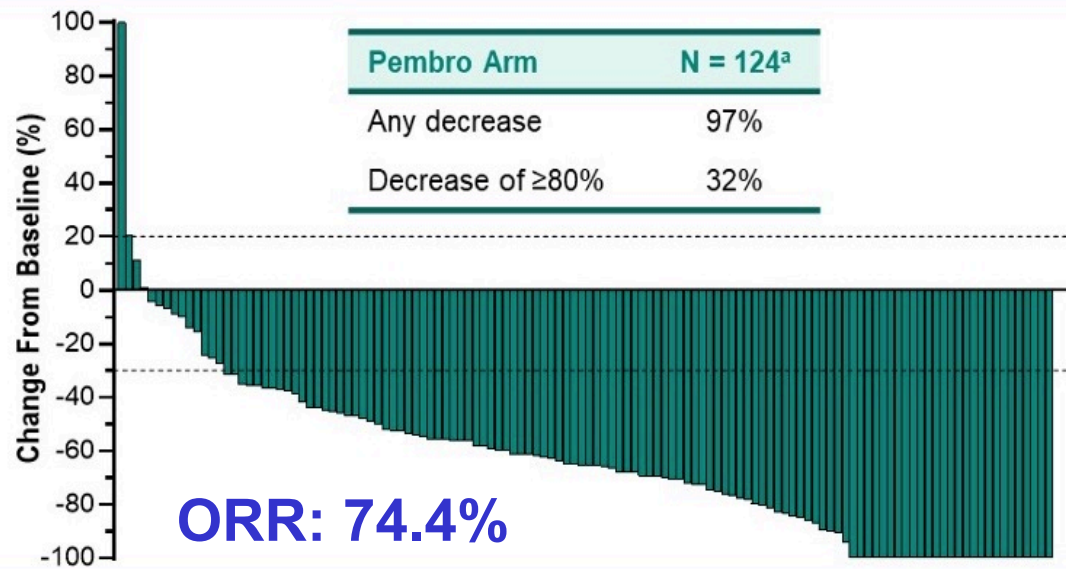
- Nivolumab provided superior DFS with a 31% reduction in the risk of recurrence or death and a doubling in median DFS versus placebo

Pembrolizumab Plus Trastuzumab and Chemotherapy for HER2+ Metastatic Gastric or Gastroesophageal Junction Cancer: Initial Findings of the Global Phase 3 KEYNOTE-811 Study

Yelena Y. Janjigian,¹ Akihito Kawazoe,² Patricio Yañez,³ Suxia Luo,⁴ Sara Lonardi,⁵ Oleksii Kolesnik,⁶ Olga Barajas,⁷ Yuxian Bai,⁸ Lin Shen,⁹ Yong Tang,¹⁰ Lucjan S. Wyrwicz,¹¹ Kohei Shitara,² Shukui Qin,¹² Eric Van Cutsem,¹³ Josep Tabernero,¹⁴ Lie Li,¹⁵ Chie-Schin Shih,¹⁵ Pooja Bhagia,¹⁵ Hyun Cheol Chung,¹⁶ on behalf of the KEYNOTE-811 Investigators

¹Memorial Sloan Kettering Cancer Center, New York, NY, USA; ²National Cancer Center Hospital East, Kashiwa, Japan; ³Universidad de La Frontera, James Lind Cancer Research Center, Temuco, Chile; ⁴Henan Cancer Hospital, the Affiliated Cancer Hospital of Zhengzhou University, Zhengzhou, China; ⁵Istituto Oncologico Veneto IOV-IRCCS, Padova, Italy; ⁶Medical Center "Oncolife", Zaporizhzhia, Ukraine; ⁷Arturo López Pérez Foundation, Santiago, Chile; ⁸Harbin Medical University Cancer Hospital, Harbin, China; ⁹Key Laboratory of Carcinogenesis and Translational Research (Ministry of Education/Beijing), Peking University Cancer Hospital & Institute, Beijing, China; ¹⁰Cancer Hospital Affiliated to Xinjiang Medical University, Xinjiang, China; ¹¹Maria Skłodowska-Curie Memorial Cancer Center and Institute of Oncology, Warsaw, Poland; ¹²Cancer Center of People's Liberation Army, Nanjing, China; ¹³University Hospitals Gasthuisberg and KU Leuven, Leuven, Belgium; ¹⁴Vall d'Hebron Hospital Campus and Institute of Oncology (VHIO), IOB-Quiron, UVic-UCC, Barcelona, Spain; ¹⁵Merck & Co., Inc., Kenilworth, NJ, USA; ¹⁶Yonsei Cancer Center, Yonsei University College of Medicine, Seoul, South Korea

KEYNOTE-811: Confirmed Response at First Interim Analysis



ORR = objective response rate

Updated Analysis of DESTINY-Gastric02: a Phase 2 Single-Arm Trial of Trastuzumab Deruxtecan (T-DXd) in Western Patients with HER2-Positive Unresectable/Metastatic Gastric/Gastroesophageal Junction (GEJ) Cancer Who Progressed on or After Trastuzumab-Containing Regimen

Presentation 1205MO

Geoffrey Ku,^a Maria di Bartolomeo, Elizabeth Smyth, Ian Chau, Haeseong Park, Salvatore Siena, Sara Lonardi, Zev A. Wainberg, Jaffer Ajani, Joseph Chao, Ferdous Barlaskar, Yoshinori Kawaguchi, Amy Qin, Jasmeet Singh, Aashima Puri, Gerold Meinhardt, Eric Van Cutsem

On behalf of the DESTINY-Gastric02 investigators

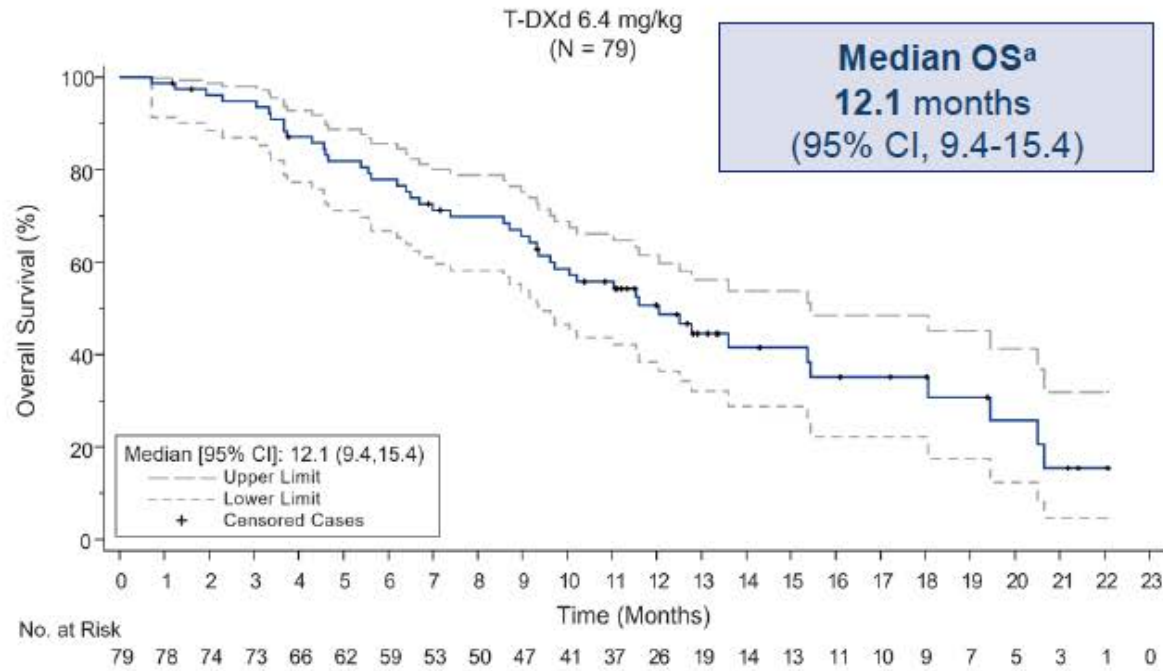
^aMemorial Sloan Kettering Cancer Center, New York, NY, USA
Paris, France, September 9-13, 2022



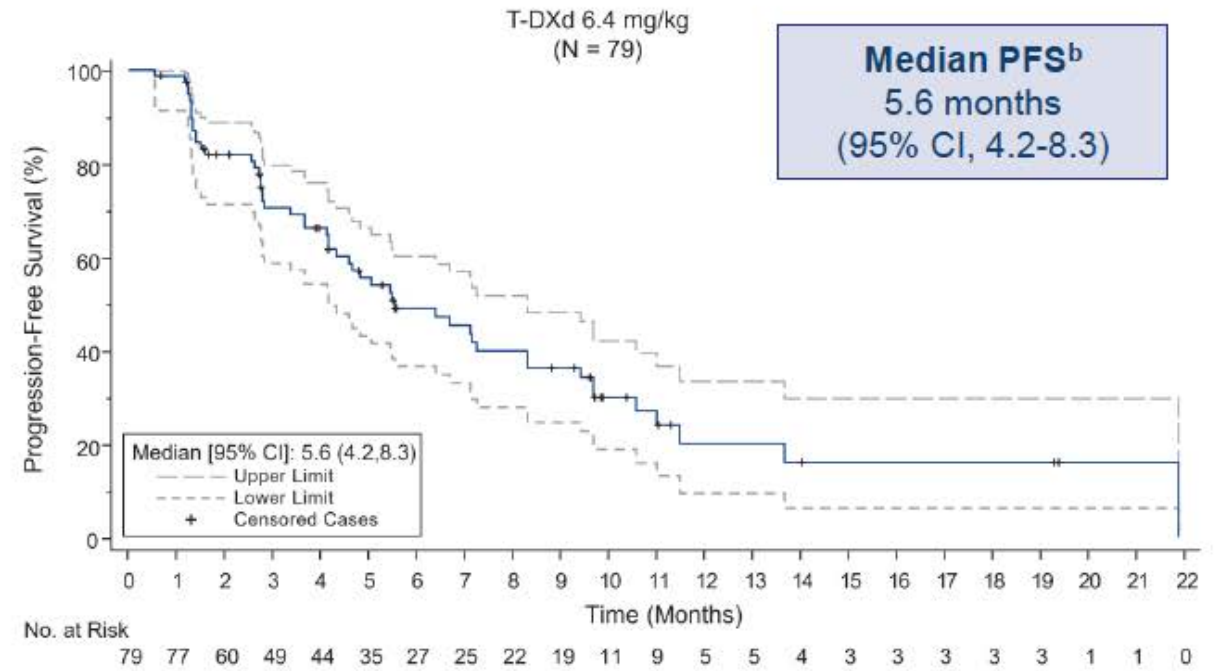
Abstract 1205MO

DESTINY-Gastric02: PFS and OS

Kaplan-Meier Plot of OS



Kaplan-Meier Plot of PFS by ICR



DESTINY-Gastric02: Overall Safety Summary and ILD/Pneumonitis

% (n)	Patients (N = 79)
Any TEAE	100 (79)
Drug-related	94.9 (75)
TEAE grade ≥ 3	55.7 (44)
Drug-related	30.4 (24)
Serious TEAE	41.8 (33)
Drug-related	12.7 (10)
TEAE associated with study drug discontinuation	19.0 (15)
Drug-related	12.7 (10)
TEAE associated with dose reduction	21.5 (17)
Drug-related	17.7 (14)
TEAE associated with an outcome of death	13.9 (11)
Drug-related	2.5 (2)
Adjudicated drug-related ILD/pneumonitis	10.1 (8) ^a
Adjudicated drug-related ILD/pneumonitis grade 5	2.5 (2)

- Median treatment duration was 4.3 months (range, 0.7-22.1 months)
- The most common TEAEs were nausea (67.1%), vomiting (44.3%), and fatigue (41.8%)
- Grade 1 adjudicated drug-related ILD/pneumonitis occurred in 2 patients (2.5%), grade 2 in 4 patients (5.1%), and grade 5 in 2 patients (2.5%)
- Median time to onset of adjudicated drug-related ILD/pneumonitis was 80.5 days (range, 42-344 days), with a median duration of 36.0 days (range, 15-142 days)
- Of the 2 fatal ILD/pneumonitis cases, 1 occurred 171 days after drug initiation and the second after 353 days

ILD, interstitial lung disease; TEAE, treatment-emergent adverse event.

Cutoff date: November 8, 2021.

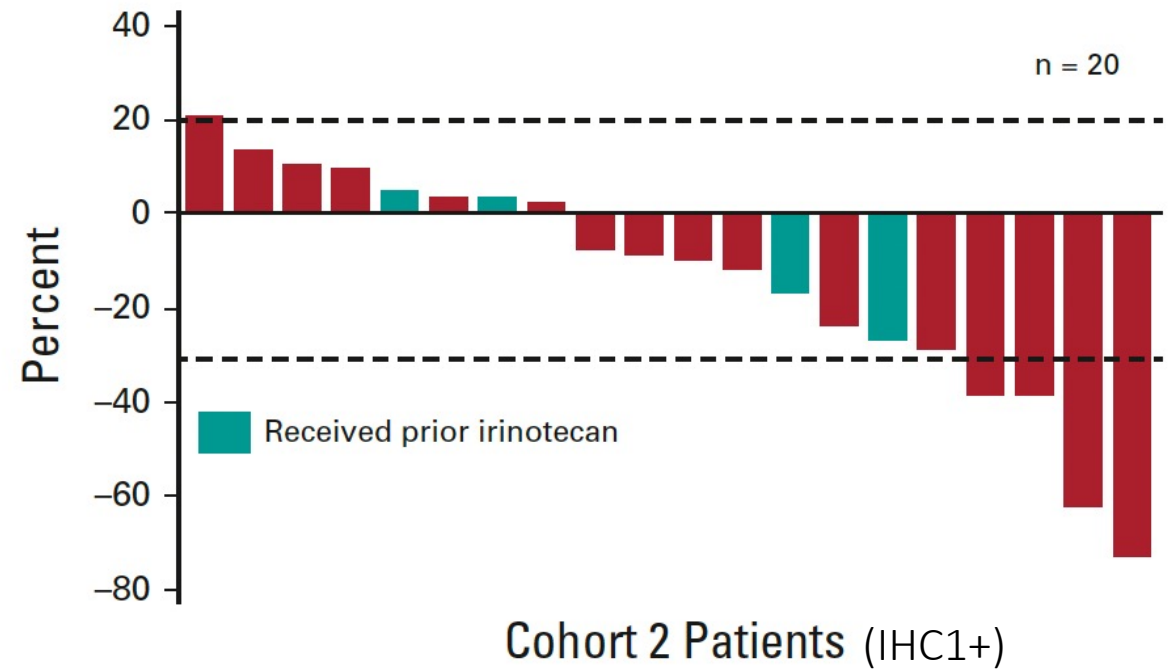
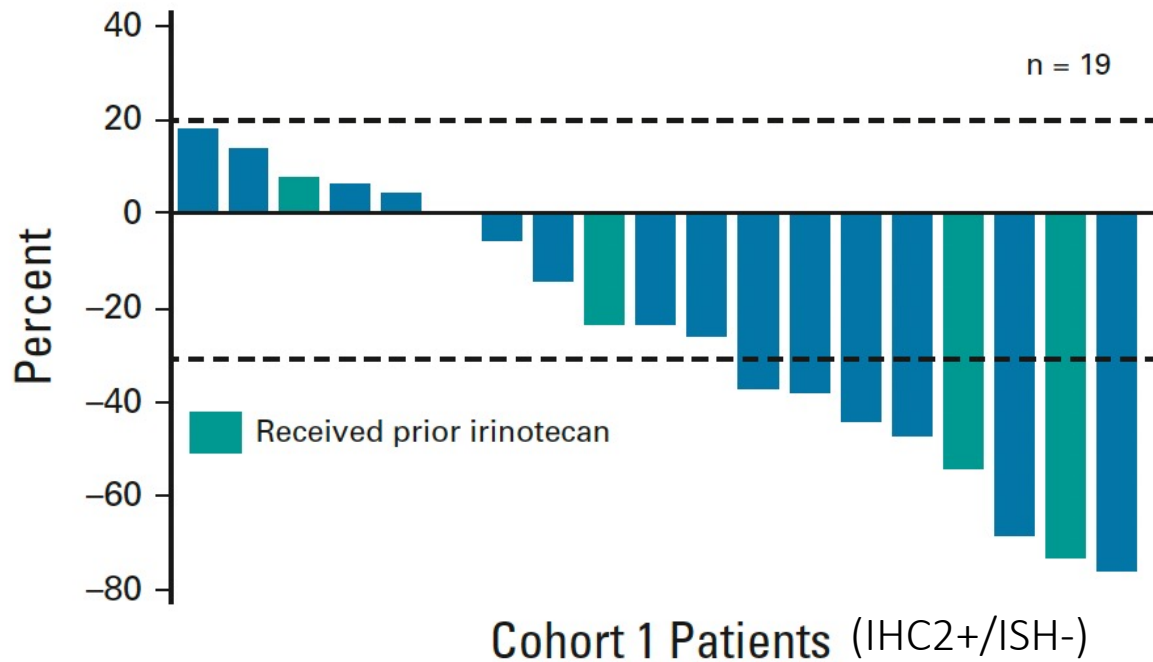
^aOf the 6 grade 1/2 ILD/pneumonitis cases, 3 patients had recovered or were recovering at the time of data cutoff, 1 had recovered with sequelae, 1 had not recovered, and 1 had an outcome that was unknown.

Trastuzumab Deruxtecan in Anti–Human Epidermal Growth Factor Receptor 2 Treatment–Naive Patients With Human Epidermal Growth Factor Receptor 2–Low Gastric or Gastroesophageal Junction Adenocarcinoma: Exploratory Cohort Results in a Phase II Trial

Kensei Yamaguchi, MD¹; Yung-Jue Bang, MD, PhD²; Satoru Iwasa, MD³; Naotoshi Sugimoto, MD⁴; Min-Hee Ryu, MD, PhD⁵; Daisuke Sakai, MD⁶; Hyun Cheol Chung, MD, PhD⁷; Hisato Kawakami, MD, PhD⁸; Hiroshi Yabusaki, MD⁹; Jeeyun Lee, MD¹⁰; Tatsu Shimoyama, MD¹¹; Keun-Wook Lee, MD, PhD¹²; Kaku Saito, MSc, MBA¹³; Yoshinori Kawaguchi, MSc, MBA¹³; Takahiro Kamio, MD¹³; Akihito Kojima, MSc¹⁴; Masahiro Sugihara, PhD¹⁴; and Kohei Shitara, MD¹⁵

J Clin Oncol 2023 February 1;41(4):816-25.

DESTINY-Gastric01: Antitumor Activity of Trastuzumab Deruxtecan in Patients with Untreated HER2-Low Gastric or Gastroesophageal Cancer



Meet The Professor

The Current and Future Management of Non-Hodgkin Lymphoma

**Thursday, June 15, 2023
5:00 PM – 6:00 PM ET**

Faculty

Ian W Flinn, MD, PhD

Moderator

Neil Love, MD

Thank you for joining us!

Please take a moment to complete the survey currently up on Zoom. Your feedback is very important to us. The survey will remain open up to 5 minutes after the meeting ends.

NCPD credit information will be emailed to each participant within 5 business days.