

**What I Tell My Patients:
Faculty Physicians and Nurses Discuss Patient Education
About New Treatments and Clinical Trials**

Fifteenth Annual RTP Symposium Series Held During the Annual ONS Congress

Cervical and Endometrial Cancer

Wednesday, April 26, 2023

11:15 AM – 12:45 PM

Faculty

Paula J Anastasia, MN, RN, AOCN

Michael J Birrer, MD, PhD

Jennifer Filipi, MSN, NP

Brian M Slomovitz, MD

Moderator

Neil Love, MD

Faculty



Paula J Anastasia, MN, RN, AOCN
GYN Oncology Patient-Nurse Educator
Los Angeles, California



Brian M Slomovitz, MD
Professor, OB-GYN, Florida International University
Director, Gynecologic Oncology
Co-Chair, Cancer Research Committee
Mount Sinai Medical Center
Miami, Florida



Michael J Birrer, MD, PhD
Vice Chancellor, UAMS
Director, Winthrop P Rockefeller Cancer Institute
Director, Cancer Service Line
Professor of Biochemistry and Molecular Biology
Director's Endowed Chair for the Winthrop
P Rockefeller Cancer Institute
University of Arkansas for Medical Sciences
Little Rock, Arkansas



Moderator
Neil Love, MD
Research To Practice
Miami, Florida



Jennifer Filipi, MSN, NP
Department of Gynecologic Oncology
Massachusetts General Hospital Cancer Center
Boston, Massachusetts

Ms Anastasia — Disclosures

Advisory Committee	Merck
Speakers Bureau	Seagen Inc

Dr Birrer — Disclosures

Advisory Board	AstraZeneca Pharmaceuticals LP, GSK, Mersana Therapeutics Inc
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Ms Filipi — Disclosures

No relevant conflicts of interest to disclose.

Dr Slomovitz — Disclosures

Consulting Agreements	AstraZeneca Pharmaceuticals LP, Clovis Oncology, EQRx, Genentech, a member of the Roche Group, Genmab US Inc, GSK, Incyte Corporation, Lilly, Merck, Novartis, Seagen Inc
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Commercial Support

This activity is supported by educational grants from GSK and Karyopharm Therapeutics.

Research To Practice NCPD Planning Committee Members, Staff and Reviewers

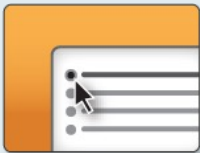
Planners, scientific staff and independent reviewers for Research To Practice have no relevant conflicts of interest to disclose.

Clinicians in the Meeting Room

Networked iPads are available.



Review Program Slides: Tap the Program Slides button to review speaker presentations and other program content.



Answer Survey Questions: Complete the pre- and postmeeting surveys. Survey questions will be discussed throughout the meeting.



Ask a Question: Tap Ask a Question to submit a challenging case or question for discussion. We will aim to address as many questions as possible during the program.



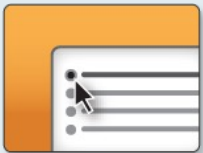
Complete Your Evaluation: Tap the NCPD Evaluation button to complete your evaluation electronically to receive credit for your participation.

For assistance, please raise your hand. Devices will be collected at the conclusion of the activity.

Clinicians Attending via Zoom



Review Program Slides: A link to the program slides will be posted in the chat room at the start of the program.



Answer Survey Questions: Complete the pre- and postmeeting surveys. Survey questions will be discussed throughout the meeting.



Ask a Question: Submit a challenging case or question for discussion using the Zoom chat room.



Get NCPD Credit: An NCPD credit link will be provided in the chat room at the conclusion of the program.

Clinicians, Please Complete the Pre- and Postmeeting Surveys

The screenshot shows a Zoom meeting window. At the top, a row of seven participant video thumbnails is visible. The main content area on the left displays a presentation slide with the following text:
Meet The Professionals
Optimizing the Selection and Timing of Therapy for Patients with Metastatic Gastrointestinal Cancer
Wednesday, August 25, 2021
5:00 PM – 6:00 PM EST
Faculty
Wells A Messersmith, MD
Moderator
Neil Love, MD
The RTP Research to Practice logo is in the bottom right corner of the slide. A 'Quick Survey' pop-up window is centered over the slide, listing several treatment combinations with radio button options. To the right of the main content area is a 'Participants (10)' sidebar showing a list of names with their respective status icons (microphone, video, chat). At the bottom of the window is a Zoom toolbar with icons for Join Audio, Start Video, Invite, Participants, Share, Chat, Record, and a red 'Leave Meeting' button.

Quick Survey

- ☐ Certizomib +/- dexamethasone
- ☐ Pomalidomide +/- dexamethasone
- ☐ Certizomib + pomalidomide +/- dexamethasone
- ☐ Elotuzumab + lenalidomide +/- dexamethasone
- ☐ Elotuzumab + pomalidomide +/- dexamethasone
- ☐ Daratumumab + lenalidomide +/- dexamethasone
- ☐ Daratumumab + pomalidomide +/- dexamethasone
- ☐ Daratumumab + bortezomib +/- dexamethasone
- ☐ Isaxomib + Rd
- ☐ Other

Submit

Participants (10)

- JS John Smith
- MM Mary Major
- RM Richard Miles
- JN John Noakes
- AS Alice Suarez
- JP Jane Perez
- RS Robert Stiles
- JF Juan Fernandez
- AK Ashok Kumar
- JS Jeremy Smith

The screenshot shows a Zoom meeting window. At the top, a row of seven participant video thumbnails is visible. The main content area on the left displays a presentation slide with the following text:
Regulatory and reimbursement issues aside, which treatment would you recommend for a 65-year-old patient with clear cell renal cell carcinoma (ccRCC) who has been on a tyrosine kinase inhibitor (TKI) for 3 years and is found to have asymptomatic (PS 0) disease?
1. Nivolumab/ipilimumab
2. Avelumab/axitinib
3. Pembrolizumab/axitinib
4. Pembrolizumab/lenvatinib
5. Nivolumab/cabozantinib
6. Tyrosine kinase inhibitor (TKI) monotherapy
7. Anti-PD-1/PD-L1 monotherapy
8. Other
The RTP Research to Practice logo is in the bottom right corner of the slide. A 'Quick Poll' pop-up window is centered over the slide, listing the same eight treatment options with radio button options. To the right of the main content area is a 'Participants (10)' sidebar showing a list of names with their respective status icons. At the bottom of the window is a Zoom toolbar with icons for Join Audio, Start Video, Invite, Participants, Share, Chat, Record, and a red 'Leave Meeting' button.

Quick Poll

- ☐ Nivolumab/ipilimumab
- ☐ Avelumab/axitinib
- ☐ Pembrolizumab/axitinib
- ☐ Pembrolizumab/lenvatinib
- ☐ Nivolumab/cabozantinib
- ☐ Tyrosine kinase inhibitor (TKI) monotherapy
- ☐ Anti-PD-1/PD-L1 monotherapy
- ☐ Other

Submit

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- AS Alice Suarez
- JP Jane Perez
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- JF Juan Fernandez
- AK Ashok Kumar
- JS Jeremy Smith

About the Enduring Program

- The live meeting is being video and audio recorded.
- The proceedings from today will be edited and developed into an enduring web-based video/PowerPoint program.
An email will be sent to all attendees when the activity is available.
- To learn more about our education programs, visit our website, www.ResearchToPractice.com



What I Tell My Patients

2009-2023

85 Symposia 355 Faculty



“What I Tell My Patients”

Fifteenth Annual RTP-ONS NCPD Symposium Series

ONS Congress, San Antonio, Texas — April 26 to 29, 2023

Wednesday April 26	Cervical and Endometrial Cancer 11:15 AM – 12:45 PM CT (12:15 PM – 1:45 PM ET)
	Breast Cancer 6:00 PM – 8:00 PM CT (7:00 PM – 9:00 PM ET)
Thursday April 27	Diffuse Large B-Cell Lymphoma 6:00 AM – 7:30 AM CT (7:00 AM – 8:30 AM ET)
	Chronic Lymphocytic Leukemia 12:15 PM – 1:45 PM CT (1:15 PM – 2:45 PM ET)
	HER2-Targeted Antibody-Drug Conjugates 6:00 PM – 7:30 PM CT (7:00 PM – 8:30 PM ET)
Friday April 28	Hepatobiliary Cancers 6:00 AM – 7:30 AM CT (7:00 AM – 8:30 AM ET)
	Ovarian Cancer 12:15 PM – 1:45 PM CT (1:15 PM – 2:45 PM ET)
	Lung Cancer 6:00 PM – 8:00 PM CT (7:00 PM – 9:00 PM ET)
Saturday April 29	Acute Myeloid Leukemia, Myelodysplastic Syndromes and Myelofibrosis 6:00 AM – 7:30 AM CT (7:00 AM – 8:30 AM ET)
	Prostate Cancer 12:15 PM – 1:45 PM CT (1:15 PM – 2:45 PM ET)

Cervical and Endometrial Cancer Faculty



Paula J Anastasia, MN, RN, AOCN
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Breast Cancer Faculty



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Diffuse Large B-Cell Lymphoma Faculty



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Clinical Research Leader, GU Oncology
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Stanford, California





The Core Oncology Triad

Developing an Individualized Oncology Strategy



What I Tell My Patients

2023 ONS Congress

San Antonio, Texas

Symposia Themes

- **New agents and therapies; ongoing trials related to specific clinical scenarios**
- **Patient education: Preparing to receive new therapies**
- **The bond that heals**
- **THANKS! (Great job)**

How was it different to take care of this patient versus another patient in the same oncologic setting?

What unique biopsychosocial factors (eg, attitude, comorbidities, social support) were considered in the overall management of this case?

ONS 2023 Playlist

ONS Cervical and Endometrial Cancer

Almost Cut My Hair — **Crosby, Stills, Nash & Young**

Still the Same — **Bob Seger & The Silver Bullet Band**

Beautiful Day — **U2**

Victim of Love — **Eagles**

ONS Breast Cancer

Jane — **Jefferson Starship**

Gimme Shelter — **The Rolling Stones**

Rock and Roll Music — **The Beatles**

Everybody I Love You — **Crosby, Stills, Nash & Young**

ONS Diffuse Large B-Cell Lymphoma

Suite: Judy Blue Eyes — **Crosby, Stills, Nash & Young**

Straight On — **Heart**

Clocks — **Coldplay**

Boom, Like That — **Mark Knopfler**

<https://www.researchtopractice.com/ONS2023/Playlist>

ONS 2023 Playlist

ONS Chronic Lymphocytic Leukemia

A Message — **Coldplay**

Sit Yourself Down — **Stephen Stills**

Jammin' Me — **Tom Petty and The Heartbreakers**

Carry On — **Crosby, Stills, Nash & Young**

ONS HER2-Targeted Antibody-Drug Conjugates

Good Vibrations — **The Beach Boys**

Simple Man — **Bad Company**

Yellow — **Coldplay**

The Walker — **Fitz and The Tantrums**

ONS Hepatobiliary Cancers

One — **Creed**

Like Water — **Bad Company**

Bitter Sweet Symphony — **The Verve**

Live for the Music — **Bad Company**

<https://www.researchtopractice.com/ONS2023/Playlist>

ONS 2023 Playlist

ONS Ovarian Cancer

Blue on Black — **Kenny Wayne Shepherd Band**

Come as You Are — **Nirvana**

Feel Like a Number — **Bob Seger & The Silver Bullet Band**

To Live and Die in L.A. — **Wang Chung**

ONS Lung Cancer

Girl on the Moon — **Foreigner**

Small Town Trap — **Eve 6**

City of Blinding Lights — **U2**

Brass in Pocket — **The Pretenders**

ONS Acute Myeloid Leukemia, Myelodysplastic Syndromes and Myelofibrosis

Little Queen — **Heart**

She's Long Gone — **The Black Keys**

I Won't Back Down — **Tom Petty**

Magic — **The Cars**

<https://www.researchtopractice.com/ONS2023/Playlist>

ONS 2023 Playlist

ONS Prostate Cancer

Burnin' Sky — **Bad Company**

Heartbroken, in Disrepair — **Dan Auerbach**

In My Place — **Coldplay**

Learn to Fly — **Foo Fighters**

<https://www.researchtopractice.com/ONS2023/Playlist>

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University of Arkansas for Medical Sciences
Little Rock, Arkansas



Moderator
Neil Love, MD
Research To Practice
Miami, Florida



Jennifer Filipi, MSN, NP
Department of Gynecologic Oncology
Massachusetts General Hospital Cancer Center
Boston, Massachusetts

Dad hated nuisance calls, but he felt
he had to answer them....



... after all they were his children





Agenda

Module 1: Overview of Endometrial Cancer

Module 2: Management of MSI-High Endometrial Cancer

Module 3: Management of MSS Endometrial Cancer

Module 4: Clinical Trials in Endometrial Cancer

Module 5: Systemic Therapy for Cervical Cancer: Immunotherapy

Module 6: Antibody-Drug Conjugates for Cervical Cancer: Tisotumab vedotin

Agenda

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Module 4: Clinical Trials in Endometrial Cancer

Module 5: Systemic Therapy for Cervical Cancer: Immunotherapy

Module 6: Antibody-Drug Conjugates for Cervical Cancer: Tisotumab vedotin

Paula J Anastasia, MN, RN, AOCN



70-year-old woman with MSI-H endometrial cancer who received carboplatin/paclitaxel/pembrolizumab followed by maintenance pembrolizumab



Dr Birrer

Little Rock, Arkansas

Clinical Research Background



Dr Slomovitz

Miami, Florida

- **Overview of endometrial cancer: Incidence, mortality**
- **Management of localized disease**

Agenda

Module 1: Overview of Endometrial Cancer

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Module 6: Antibody-Drug Conjugates for Cervical Cancer: Tisotumab vedotin

Jennifer Filipi, MSN, NP



45-year-old woman with MSI-H endometrial cancer who received pembrolizumab



Dr Birrer

Little Rock, Arkansas

Clinical Research Background



Dr Slomovitz

Miami, Florida

- **Systemic treatment of endometrial cancer**
- **Management of MSI-high disease: Pembrolizumab and dostarlimab**

Agenda

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Module 6: Antibody-Drug Conjugates for Cervical Cancer: Tisotumab vedotin

Paula J Anastasia, MN, RN, AOCN



**68-year-old woman with MSS, HER2-low endometrial cancer
who received pembrolizumab/lenvatinib and T-DXd**



Dr Birrer

Little Rock, Arkansas

Clinical Research Background



Dr Slomovitz

Miami, Florida

- **Treatment of MSS disease: Lenvatinib/pembrolizumab**
- **HER2-targeted agents in endometrial cancer**

Jennifer Filipi, MSN, NP



**62-year-old woman with recurrent MSS endometrial cancer
who received pembrolizumab/lenvatinib**

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Dr Birrer

Little Rock, Arkansas

Clinical Research Background



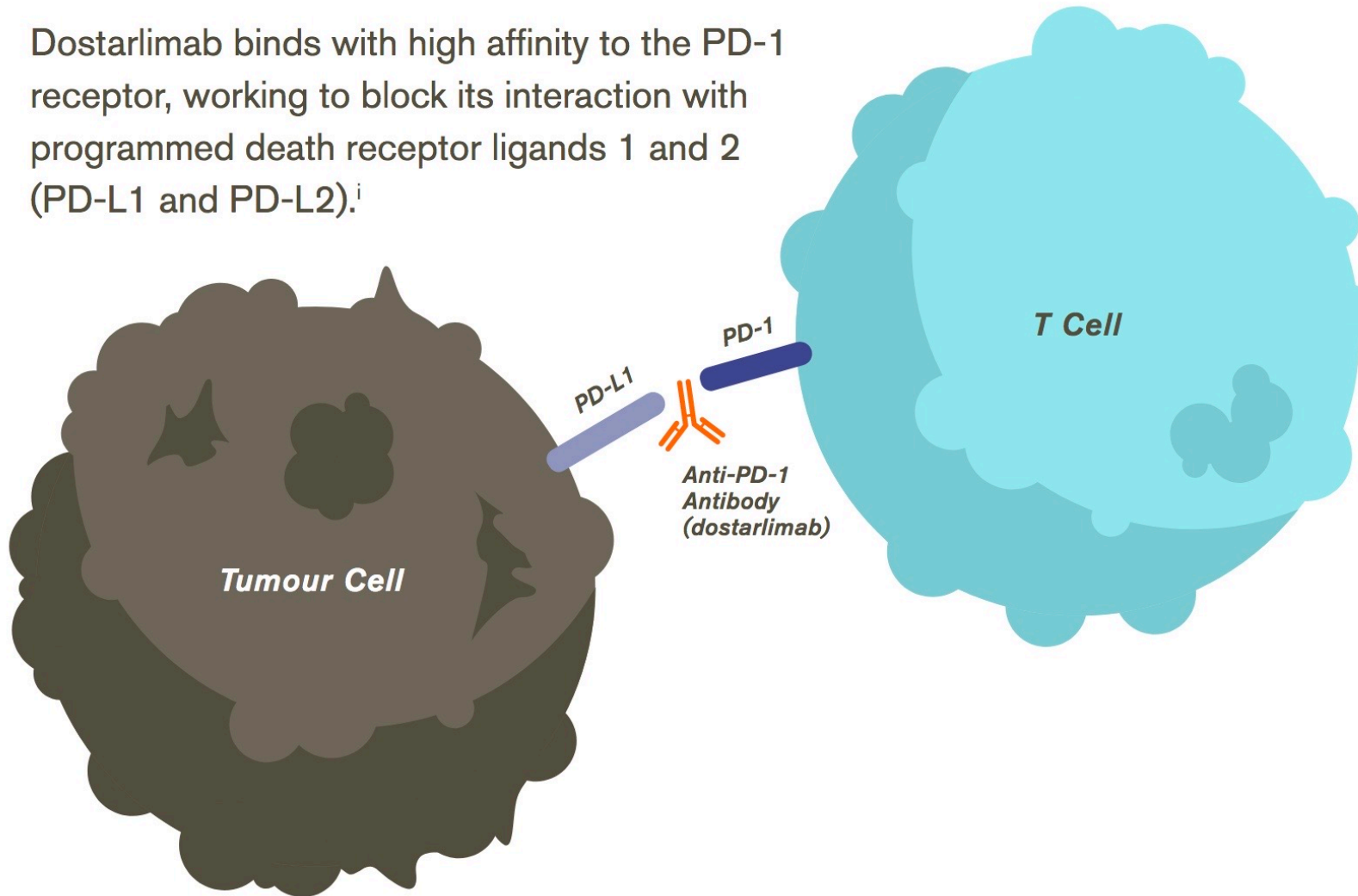
Dr Slomovitz

Miami, Florida

- **Clinical Trials in Oncology**
 - **RUBY trial: Dostarlimab with chemotherapy**
 - **NRG-GY018: Pembrolizumab with chemotherapy**
 - **SIENDO: Selinexor as maintenance after first-line chemotherapy**

Dostarlimab Mechanism of Action

Dostarlimab binds with high affinity to the PD-1 receptor, working to block its interaction with programmed death receptor ligands 1 and 2 (PD-L1 and PD-L2).ⁱ



Dostarlimab

Mechanism of action

- **Anti-PD-1 monoclonal antibody**

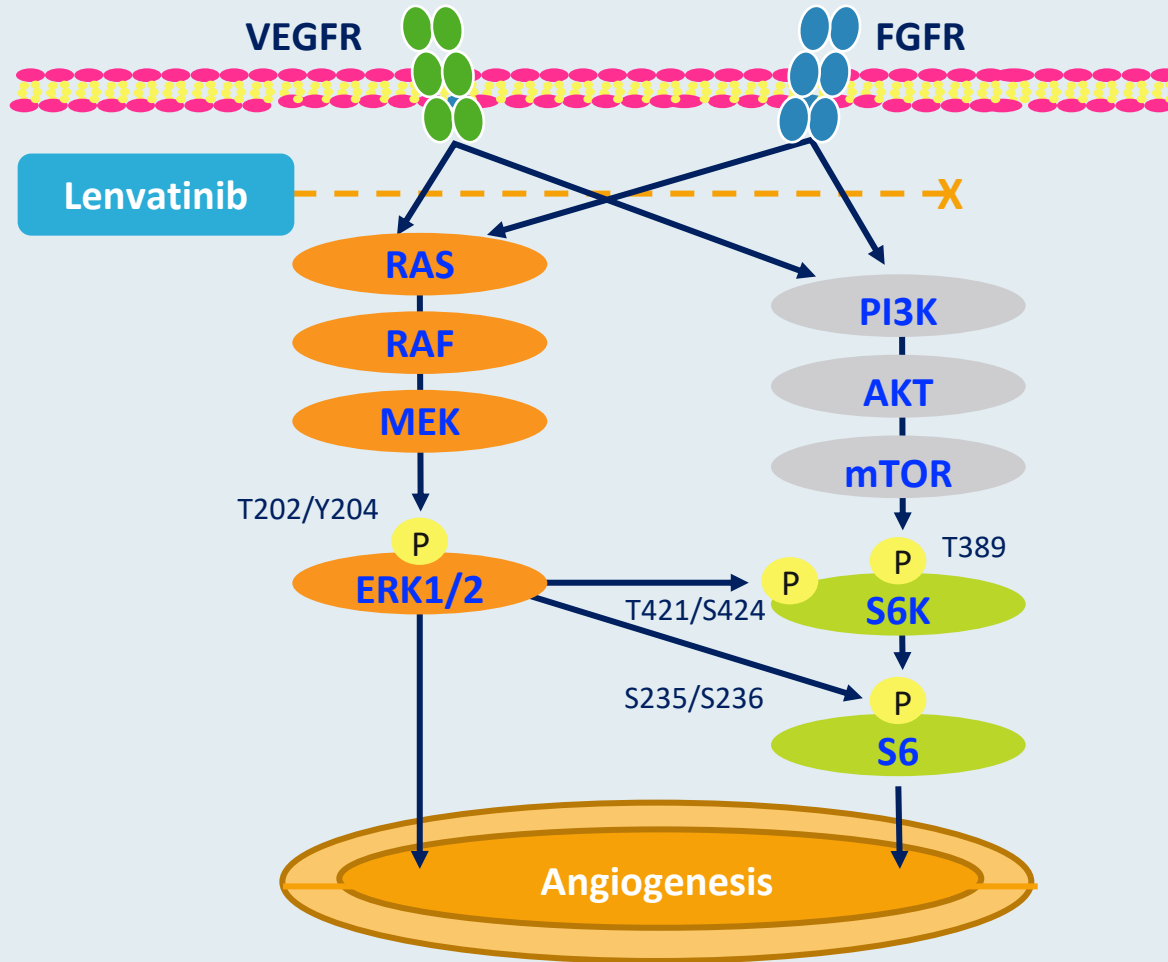
Indication

- **Patients with mismatch repair deficient (dMMR) recurrent or advanced endometrial cancer that has progressed on or following a prior platinum-containing regimen in any setting and are not candidates for curative surgery or radiation**

Recommended dose

- **500 mg IV q3wk doses 1-4, then 1,000 mg IV q6wk beginning 3 weeks after dose 4 and onwards**

Mechanism of Action of Lenvatinib



- Orally available inhibitor of multiple tyrosine kinases including VEGF receptors, FGFR, RET, PDGFR and KIT
- Demonstrated promising radiographic response rates and survival results in Phase II and III trials in HCC

Lenvatinib

Mechanism of action

- Oral multikinase inhibitor

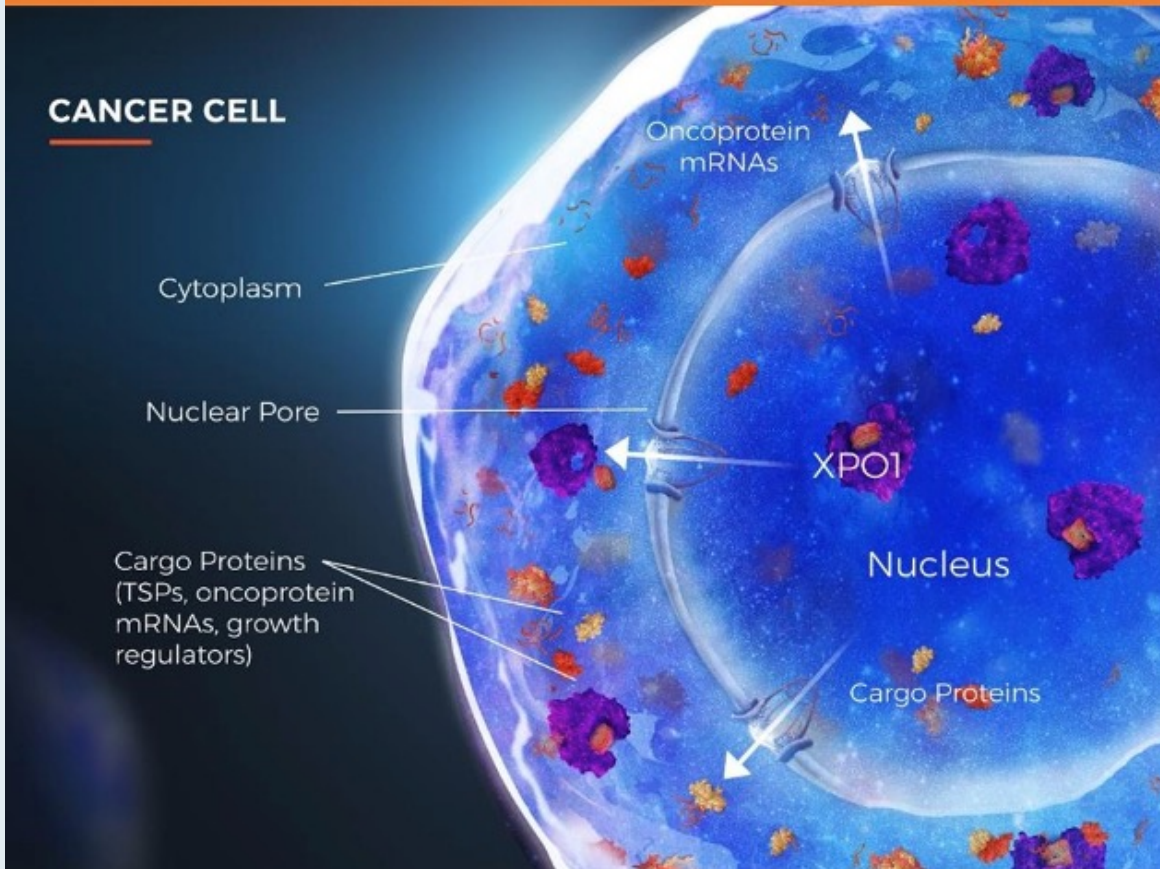
Indication

- In combination with pembrolizumab for patients with advanced endometrial carcinoma that is not microsatellite instability-high or mismatch repair deficient, who have disease progression following prior systemic therapy in any setting and are not candidates for curative surgery or radiation

Recommended dose

- 20 mg orally once daily in combination with pembrolizumab 200 mg administered as an intravenous infusion over 30 minutes every 3 weeks

Mechanism of Action of Selinexor



Selinexor is an oral selective inhibitor of XPO1-mediated nuclear export (SINE) compound

- XPO1 exports the major tumor suppressor proteins (TSPs) including p53 away from the nucleus, where TSPs carry out their function
- Tumor cells overexpress XPO1
- Tumor cells inactivate cytoplasmic p53 through protein degradation
- Selinexor inhibits XPO1 nuclear export, leads to retention / reactivation of TSPs in the nucleus and stabilization of p53
- Retention of wild-type p53 (p53wt) and other TSPs in the cell nucleus leads to selective killing of cancer cells, while largely sparing normal cells

Selinexor

Mechanism of action

- Inhibitor of the nuclear exporter XPO1

Indication

- Investigational

Pivotal clinical trial

- Phase III SIENDO trial evaluating selinexor as front-line maintenance therapy in advanced or recurrent endometrial cancer

Key Issue

- Gastrointestinal toxicity

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Jennifer Filipi, MSN, NP



36-year-old woman with Stage IV cervical cancer who received pembrolizumab



Dr Birrer

Little Rock, Arkansas

Clinical Research Background



Dr Slomovitz

Miami, Florida

- **Overview of cervical cancer: Incidence, mortality**
- **Management of localized disease**
- **Systemic therapy for cervical cancer: Immunotherapy**

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Module 5: Systemic Therapy for Cervical Cancer – Immunotherapy

Module 6: Antibody-Drug Conjugates for Cervical Cancer – Tisotumab vedotin

Paula J Anastasia, MN, RN, AOCN



32-year-old woman with HPV-positive metastatic cervical cancer who received tisotumab vedotin



Dr Birrer

Little Rock, Arkansas

Clinical Research Background



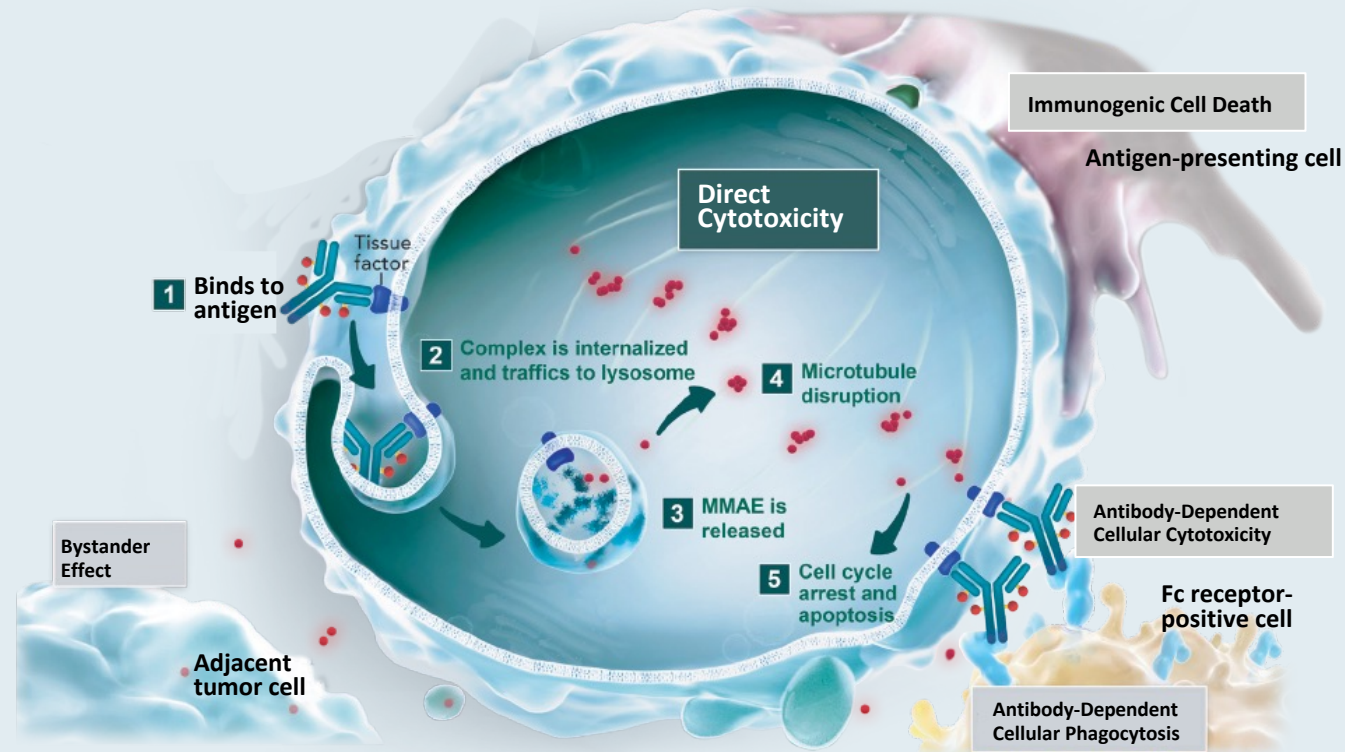
Dr Slomovitz

Miami, Florida

- **Antibody-drug conjugates (ADCs) for cervical cancer: Tisotumab vedotin**
- **Unique side-effect profiles of ADCs: Ocular toxicity**
- **Minor children (and grandchildren) of patients with cancer**

Mechanism of Action of Tisotumab Vedotin

- Tissue factor (TF) is aberrantly expressed in a broad range of solid tumours, including cervical cancer,^{1,2} and TF expression has been associated with higher tumour stage and grade, higher metastatic burden and poor prognosis²
- TF expression in cervical cancer makes TF a novel target for patients with cervical cancer
- ADC targets TF
 - Monoclonal Antibody targets TF
 - Payload: Microtubule disrupting MMAE
- Allowing for direct cytotoxicity and bystander killing, as well as antibody-dependent cellular cytotoxicity^{3,4}



Tisotumab Vedotin

Mechanism of action

- Antibody-drug conjugate directed against tissue factor (TF)

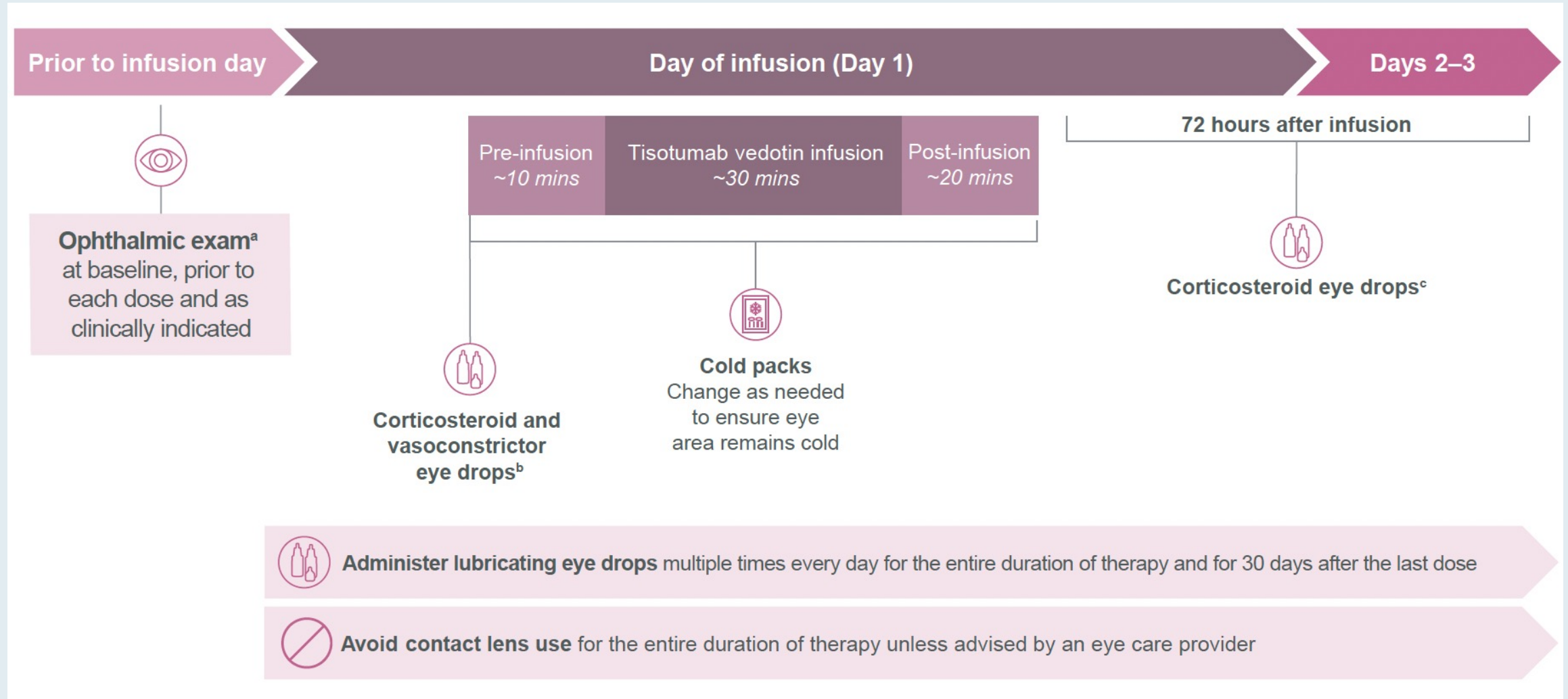
Indication

- For patients with recurrent or metastatic cervical cancer with disease progression on or after chemotherapy

Recommended dose

- 2 mg/kg (up to a maximum of 200 mg) administered as an IV infusion over 30 minutes q3wk until disease progression or unacceptable toxicity

Required Eye Care to Mitigate Risk of Ocular AEs



Selected Eye Anatomy of Interest

Selected eye anatomy of interest

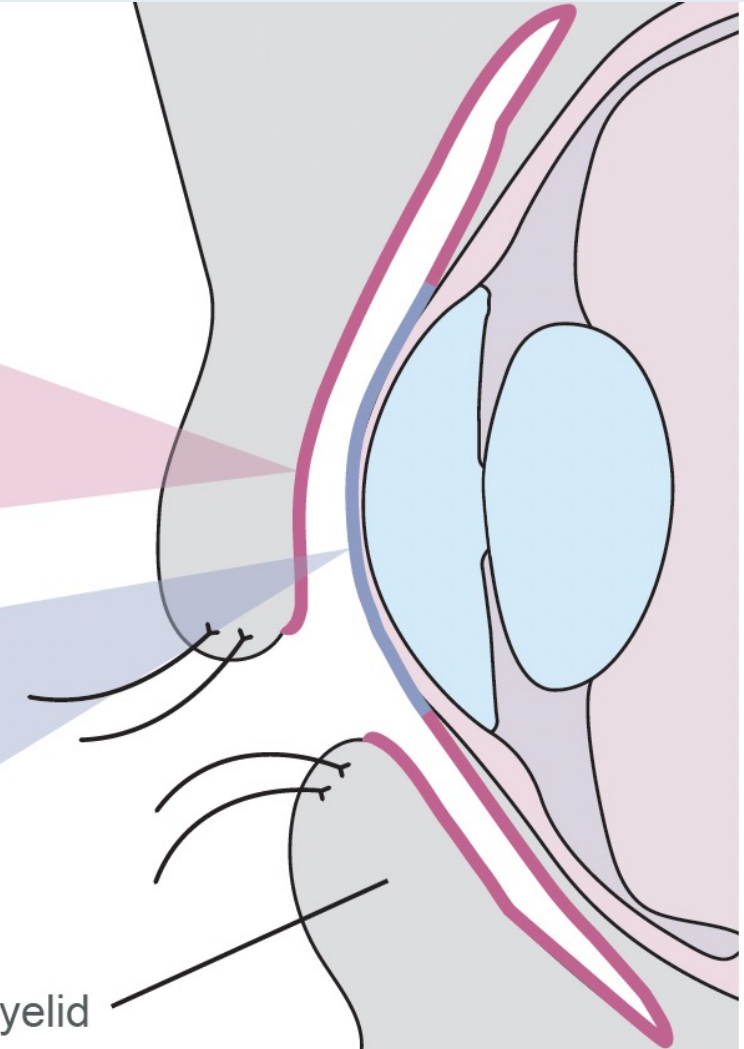
conjunctiva

Thin layer of tissue that lines the inner surface of the eyelid and covers the white part of the eye

cornea

Outermost layer of the eye that covers the iris and functions in focusing

eyelid



Ocular AE Definitions and CTCAE v5.0 Grading Scales

Conjunctivitis: a disorder characterized by inflammation, swelling, and redness to the conjunctiva of the eye					
Dry eye: a disorder characterized by dryness of the cornea and conjunctiva					
Keratitis: a disorder characterized by inflammation to the cornea of the eye					
Blepharitis: an inflammatory condition of the eyelids					
Term	Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5
Conjunctivitis	Asymptomatic or mild symptoms; intervention not indicated	Symptomatic; moderate decrease in visual acuity (best corrected visual acuity 20/40 and better or 3 lines or less decreased vision from known baseline)	Symptomatic with marked decrease in visual acuity (best corrected visual acuity worse than 20/40 or more than 3 lines of decreased vision from known baseline, up to 20/200); limiting self care ADL	Best corrected visual acuity of 20/200 or worse in the affected eye	N/A
Dry eye	Asymptomatic; clinical or diagnostic observations only; symptoms relieved by lubricants	Symptomatic; moderate decrease in visual acuity (best corrected visual acuity 20/40 and better or 3 lines or less decreased vision from known baseline)	Symptomatic with marked decrease in visual acuity (best corrected visual acuity worse than 20/40 or more than 3 lines of decreased vision from known baseline, up to 20/200); limiting self care ADL	N/A	N/A
Keratitis	Asymptomatic; clinical or diagnostic observations only; intervention not indicated	Symptomatic; moderate decrease in visual acuity (best corrected visual acuity 20/40 and better or 3 lines or less decreased vision from known baseline)	Symptomatic with marked decrease in visual acuity (best corrected visual acuity worse than 20/40 or more than 3 lines of decreased vision from known baseline, up to 20/200); corneal ulcer; limiting self care ADL	Perforation; best corrected visual acuity of 20/200 or worse in the affected eye	N/A
Eye disorders - other, specify	Asymptomatic or mild symptoms; clinical or diagnostic observations only; intervention not indicated; no change in vision	Moderate; minimal, local or noninvasive intervention indicated; limiting instrumental ADL; best corrected visual acuity 20/40 and better or 3 lines or less decreased vision from known baseline	Severe or medically significant but not immediately sight-threatening; limiting self care ADL; decrease in visual acuity (best corrected visual acuity worse than 20/40 or more than 3 lines of decreased vision from known baseline, up to 20/200)	Sight-threatening consequences; urgent intervention indicated; best corrected visual acuity of 20/200 or worse in the affected eye	N/A

CTCAE = Common Terminology Criteria for Adverse Events

Tisotumab Vedotin Dose Modification Guidelines for Ocular AEs

Adverse reaction	Severity	Occurrence	Tisotumab vedotin dose modification
Keratitis ^a	SPK	Any	Monitor.
	Confluent superficial keratitis	First occurrence	Withhold dose until SPK or normal, then resume treatment at the next lower dose level.
		Second occurrence	Permanently discontinue.
	Ulcerative keratitis or perforation	Any	Permanently discontinue.
Conjunctival ulceration ^a	Any ulceration	First occurrence	Withhold dose until complete conjunctival re-epithelialization, then resume treatment at the next lower dose level.
		Second occurrence	Permanently discontinue.
Conjunctival or corneal scarring or symblepharon ^a	Any scarring or symblepharon	Any	Permanently discontinue.
Conjunctivitis and other ocular adverse reactions ^a	Grade 1	Any	Monitor.
	Grade 2	First occurrence	Withhold dose until grade \leq 1, then resume treatment at the same dose.
		Second occurrence	Withhold dose until grade \leq 1, then resume treatment at the next lower dose level. If no resolution to grade \leq 1, permanently discontinue.
		Third occurrence	Permanently discontinue.
	Grade 3 or 4	Any	Permanently discontinue.

Tisotumab Vedotin Dose Modification Guidelines for Peripheral Neuropathy, Hemorrhage and Pneumonitis

Adverse reaction	Severity	Occurrence	Tisotumab vedotin dose modification
Peripheral neuropathy	Grade 2	Any (initial or worsening of pre-existing condition)	Withhold dose until grade ≤ 1 , then resume treatment at the next lower dose level.
	Grade 3 or 4	Any	Permanently discontinue.
Hemorrhage	Any-grade pulmonary or CNS	Any	Permanently discontinue.
	Grade 2 in any other location	Any	Withhold until resolved, then resume treatment at the same dose.
	Grade 3 in any other location	First occurrence	Withhold dose until resolved, then resume treatment at the same dose.
		Second occurrence	Permanently discontinue.
	Grade 4 in any other location	Any	Permanently discontinue.
Pneumonitis	Grade 2	Any	Withhold dose until grade ≤ 1 for persistent or recurrent pneumonitis, consider resuming treatment at next lower dose level.
	Grade 3 or 4	Any	Permanently discontinue.

Symptoms of Immunotherapy Toxicity

Hypophysitis

(fatigue)

Thyroiditis

(over/underactive thyroid)

Adrenal Insufficiency

(fatigue)

Diabetes Mellitus

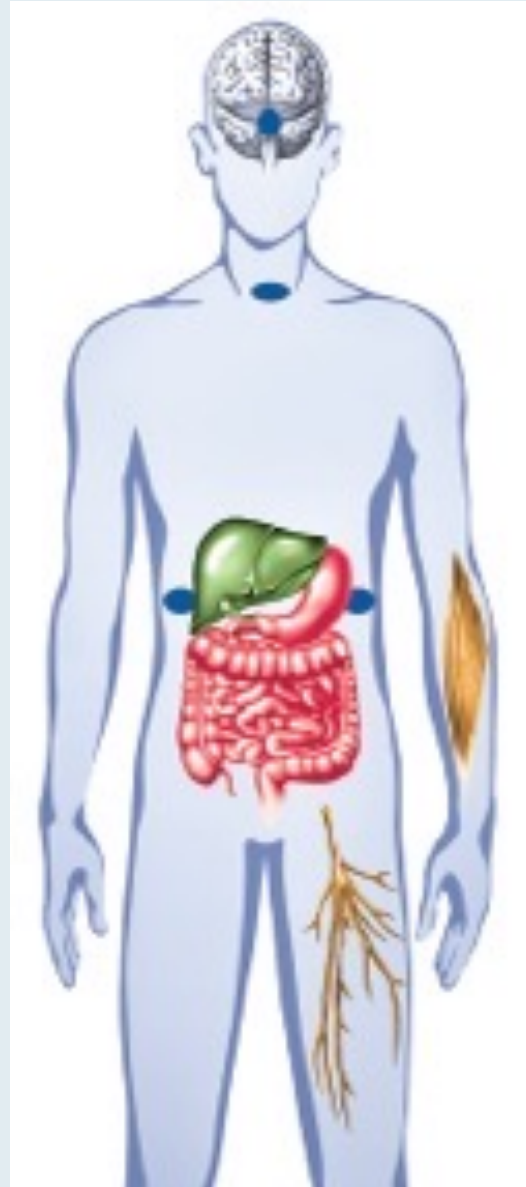
(type I, II, fatigue, DKA)

Colitis

(diarrhea, abd pain)

Dermatitis

(rash, itch, blistering)



Pneumonitis

(dyspnea, cough)

Myocarditis

(chest pain, dyspnea)

Hepatitis

(abn LFTs, jaundice)

Pancreatitis

(abd pain)

Neurotoxicities

(MG, encephalitis)

Arthritis

(joint pain)

APPENDIX

Endometrial Cancer

ORIGINAL ARTICLE

Dostarlimab for Primary Advanced or Recurrent Endometrial Cancer

M.R. Mirza, D.M. Chase, B.M. Slomovitz, R. dePont Christensen, Z. Novák, D. Black, L. Gilbert, S. Sharma, G. Valabrega, L.M. Landrum, L.C. Hanker, A. Stuckey, I. Boere, M.A. Gold, A. Auranen, B. Pothuri, D. Cibula, C. McCourt, F. Raspagliesi, M.S. Shahin, S.E. Gill, B.J. Monk, J. Buscema, T.J. Herzog, L.J. Copeland, M. Tian, Z. He, S. Stevens, E. Zografos, R.L. Coleman, and M.A. Powell, for the RUBY Investigators*



SGO 2023;Abstract 265.

Dostarlimab in Combination with Chemotherapy for the Treatment of Primary Advanced or Recurrent Endometrial Cancer: a Placebo-Controlled Randomized Phase 3 Trial (ENGOT-EN6-NSGO/GOG-3031/RUBY)

Mansoor R. Mirza,¹ Dana Chase,² Brian Slomovitz,³ René DePont Christensen,⁴ Zoltán Novák,⁵ Destin Black,⁶ Lucy Gilbert,⁷ Sudarshan Sharma,⁸ Giorgio Valabrega,⁹ Lisa M. Landrum,¹⁰ Lars C. Hanker,¹¹ Ashley Stuckey,¹² Ingrid Boere,¹³ Michael A. Gold,¹⁴ Sarah E. Gill,¹⁵ Bradley J. Monk,¹⁶ Zangdong He,¹⁷ Shadi Stevens,¹⁸ Robert L. Coleman,¹⁹ Matthew A. Powell²⁰



¹Department of Oncology, Rigshospitalet, Copenhagen University Hospital, Copenhagen, and Nordic Society of Gynaecological Oncology-Clinical Trial Unit, Copenhagen Denmark; ²David Geffen School of Medicine at UCLA, Los Angeles, CA, USA; ³Department of Gynecologic Oncology, Mount Sinai Medical Center, and Department of Obstetrics and Gynecology, Florida International University, Miami Beach, FL, USA; ⁴Research Unit for General Practice, University of Southern Denmark, Institute of Public Health, Odense, Denmark; ⁵Department of Gynecology, Hungarian National Institute of Oncology, Budapest, Hungary; ⁶Department of Obstetrics and Gynecology, LSU Health Shreveport, and Willis-Knighton Physician Network, Shreveport, LA, USA; ⁷Division of Gynecologic Oncology, McGill University Health Centre, Montreal, Quebec, Canada; ⁸Department of Obstetrics/Gynecology, AMITA Adventist Hinsdale Hospital, Hinsdale, IL, USA; ⁹University of Torino, AD Online Mauriziano, Torino, Italy; ¹⁰Indiana University Health and Simon Cancer Center, Indianapolis, IN, USA; ¹¹Department of Gynecology and Obstetrics, University Hospital Schleswig-Holstein, Campus Lübeck, Lübeck, Germany; ¹²Women and Infants Hospital, Providence, RI, USA; ¹³Department of Medical Oncology, Erasmus MC Cancer Centre, Rotterdam, The Netherlands; ¹⁴Oklahoma Cancer Specialists and Research Institute, Tulsa, OK, USA; ¹⁵Division of Gynecologic Oncology, Nancy N. and J.C. Lewis Cancer and Research Pavilion, Savannah, GA, USA; ¹⁶HonorHealth Research Institute, University of Arizona College of Medicine, Phoenix, and Creighton University School of Medicine, Phoenix, AZ, USA; ¹⁷GSK, Collegeville, PA, USA; ¹⁸GSK, London, UK; ¹⁹US Oncology Research, The Woodlands, TX, USA; ²⁰National Cancer Institute sponsored NRG Oncology, Washington University School of Medicine, St Louis, MO, USA;

*Current affiliation. Affiliation at time of study Arizona Center for Cancer Care, Creighton University School of Medicine Phoenix, AZ, USA



Scan for slides

RUBY Phase III Study Design

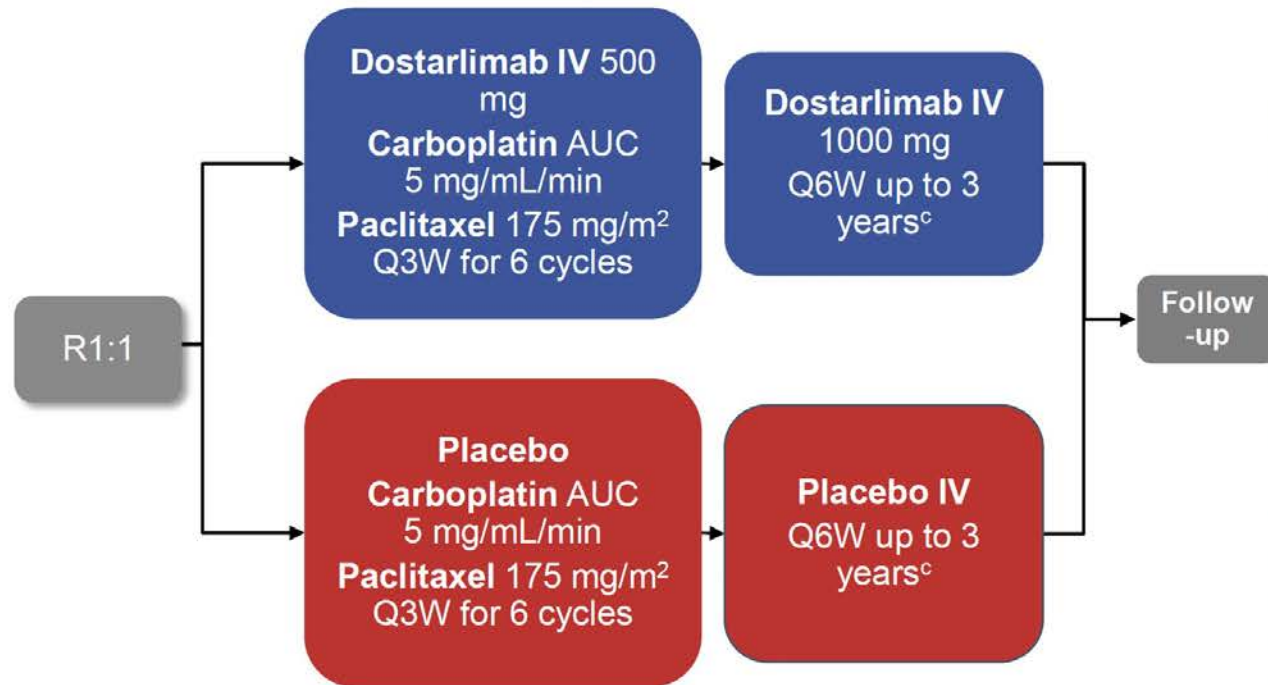
Phase 3, randomized, double-blind, multicenter study of dostarlimab plus carboplatin-paclitaxel versus placebo plus carboplatin/paclitaxel in patients with primary advanced or recurrent EC

Eligible patients

- Histologically/cytologically proven advanced or recurrent EC
- Stage III/IV disease or first recurrent EC with low potential for cure by radiation therapy or surgery alone or in combination
 - Carcinosarcoma, clear cell, serous, or mixed histology permitted^a
- Naïve to systemic therapy or systemic anticancer therapy and had a recurrence or PD ≥6 months after completing treatment
- ECOG PS 0-1
- Adequate organ function

Stratification

- MMR/MSI status^b
- Prior external pelvic radiotherapy
- Disease status



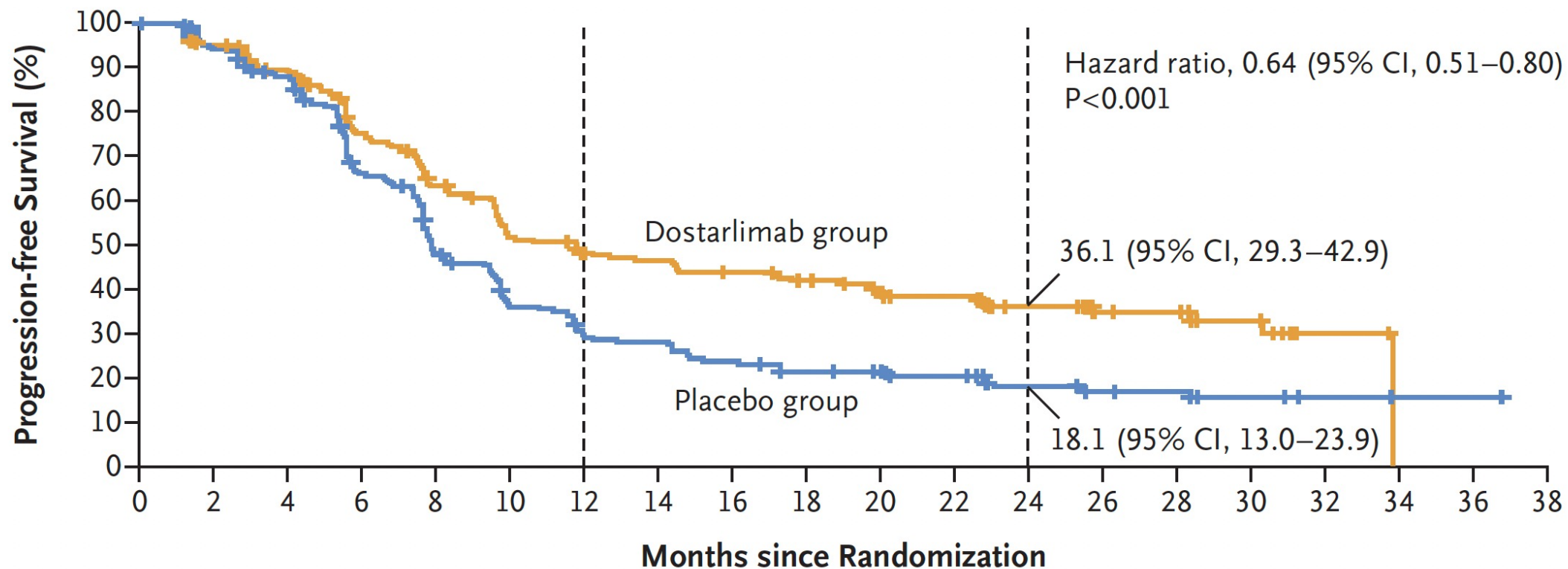
Primary endpoint

- PFS by INV
- OS

Secondary endpoints

- PFS by BICR
- PFS2
- ORR
- DOR
- DCR
- HRQOL/PRO
- Safety

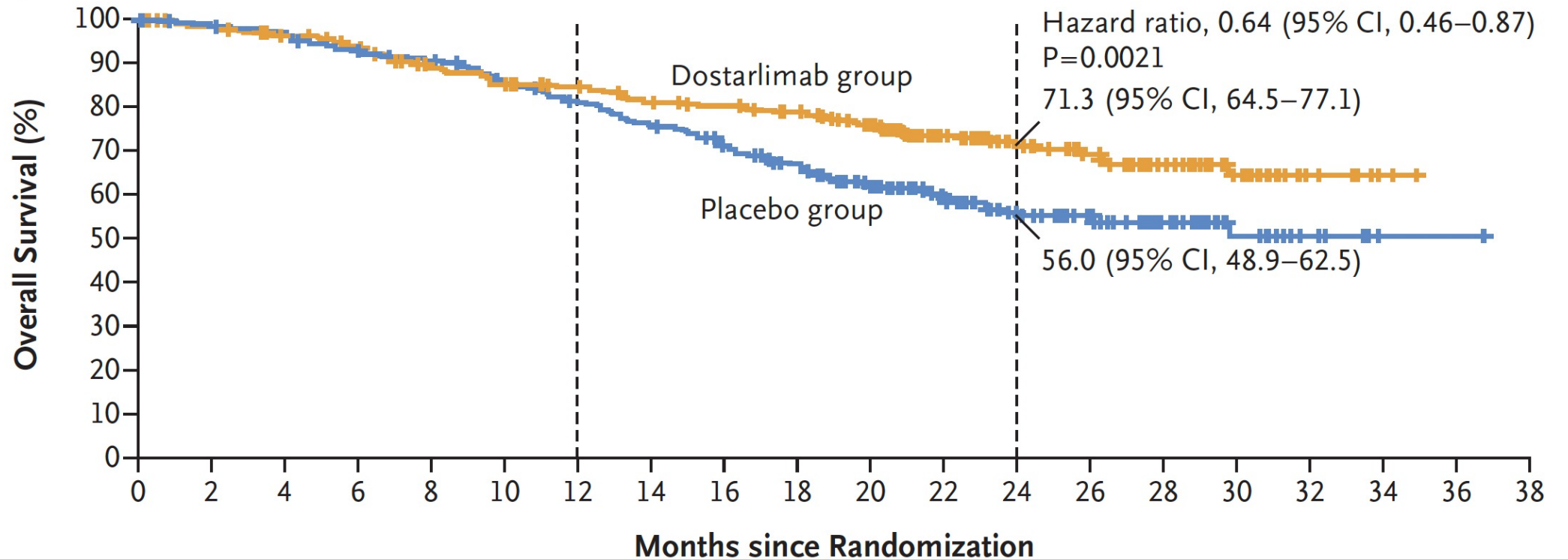
RUBY: Progression-Free Survival (Overall Population)



No. at Risk

Dostarlimab group	245	220	197	157	130	105	94	90	84	78	66	52	34	23	22	12	2	0		
Placebo group	249	219	200	144	103	74	59	57	48	42	39	32	20	14	13	5	2	1	1	0

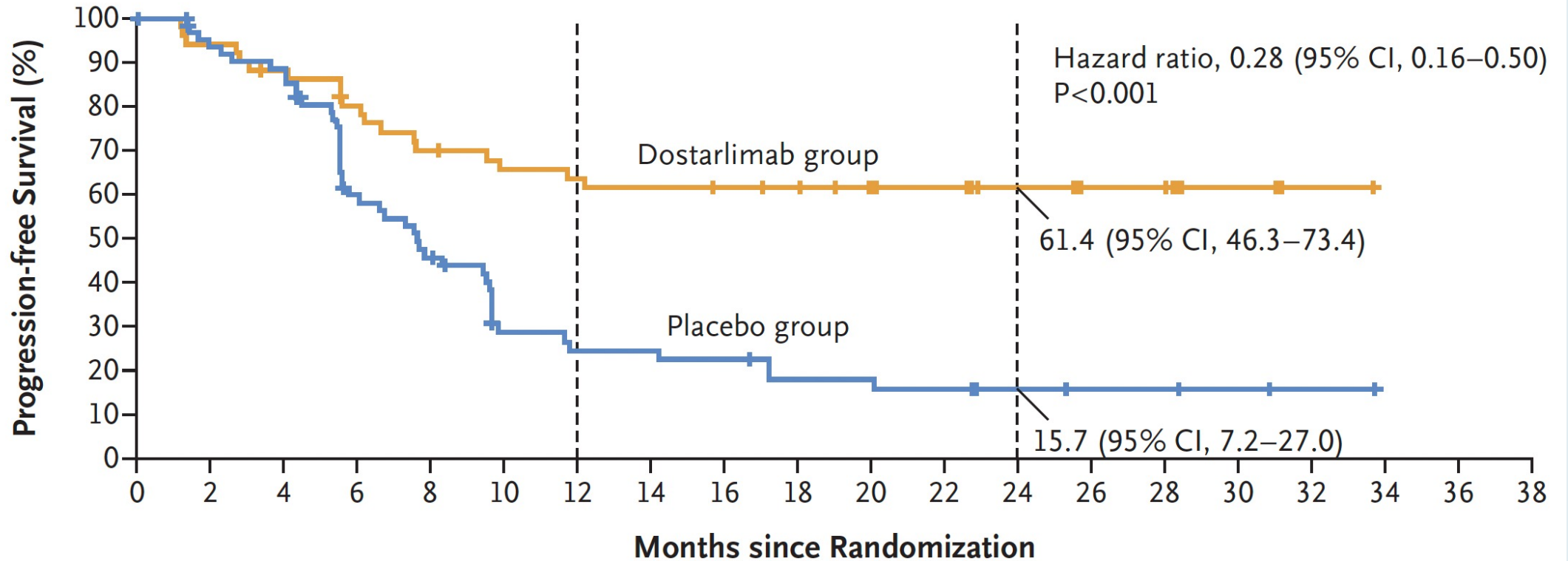
RUBY: Overall Survival (Overall Population)



No. at Risk

Dostarlimab group	245	235	224	214	198	190	183	174	169	162	145	110	83	64	45	25	7	2	0	
Placebo group	249	242	237	226	219	203	189	177	162	147	125	88	65	48	33	15	6	1	1	0

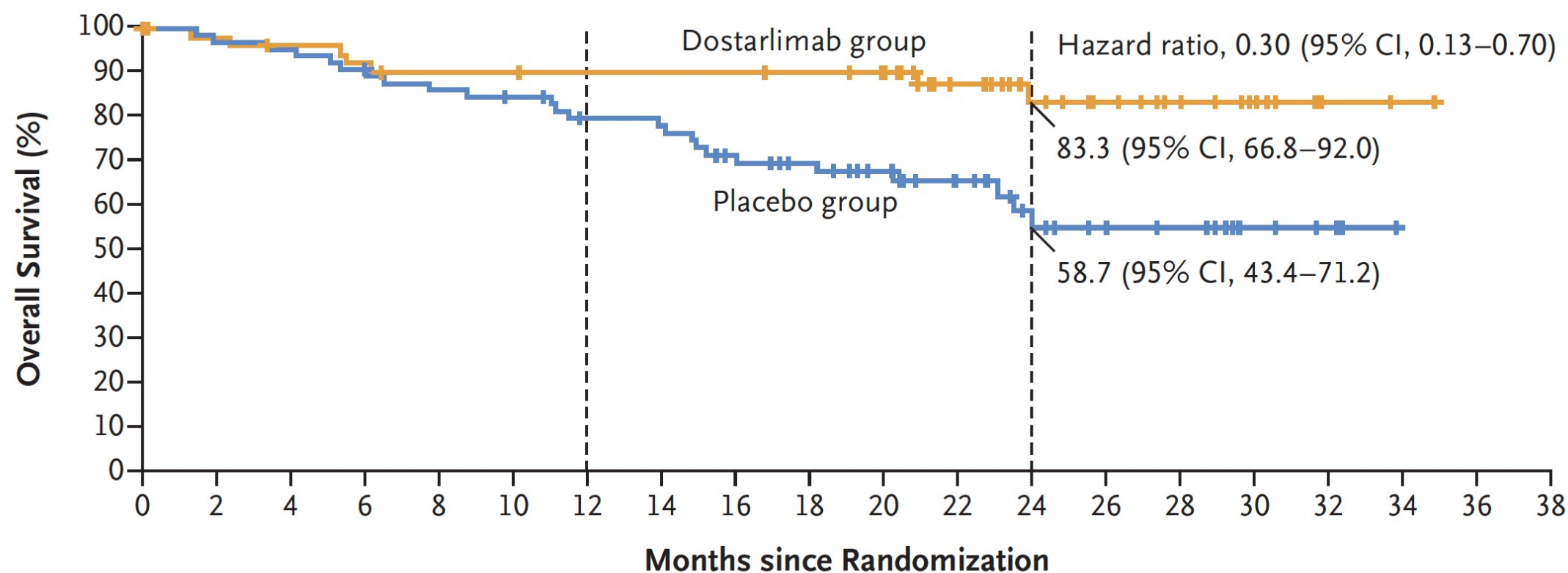
RUBY: Progression-Free Survival (dMMR/MSI-H Population)



No. at Risk

Dostarlimab group	53	48	44	39	34	31	30	29	28	27	25	19	13	9	9	4	1	0
Placebo group	65	57	54	34	26	14	12	12	11	8	8	7	4	3	3	2	1	0

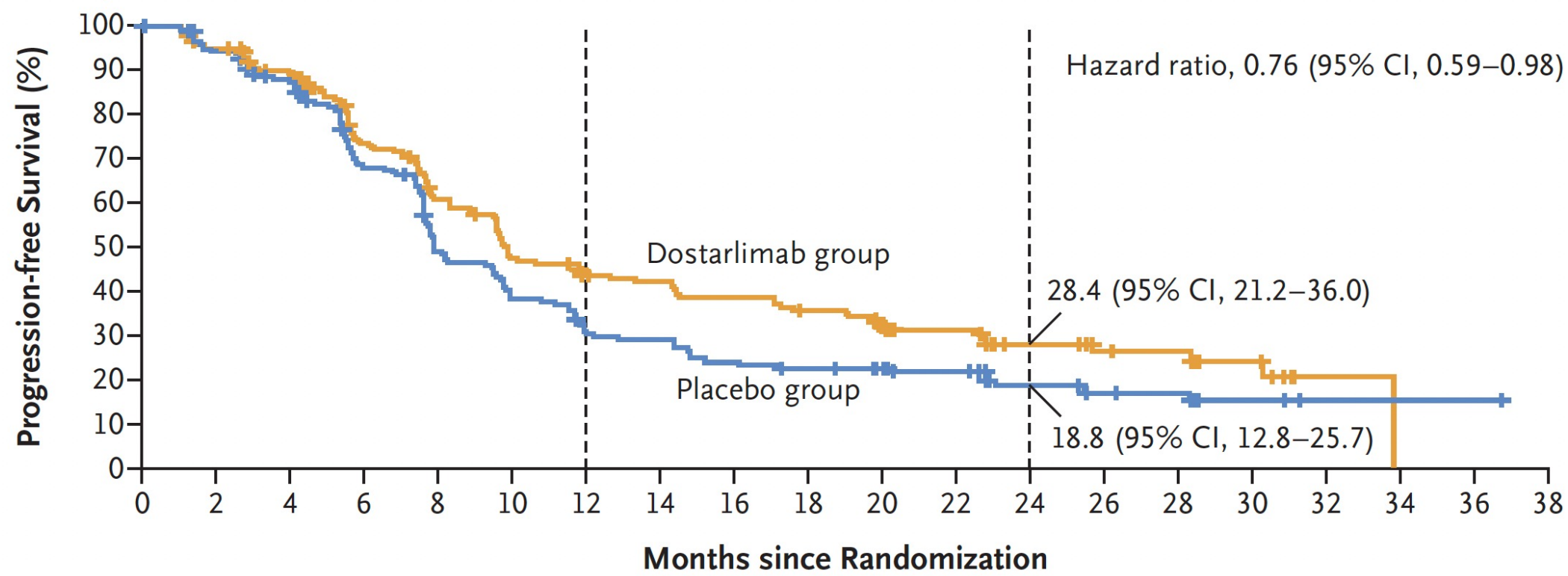
RUBY: Overall Survival (dMMR/MSI-H Population)



No. at Risk

Dostarlimab group	53	50	48	46	44	44	43	43	43	42	41	29	20	16	12	8	2	1	0
Placebo group	65	63	62	59	55	53	48	47	41	37	32	25	16	12	10	5	3	0	

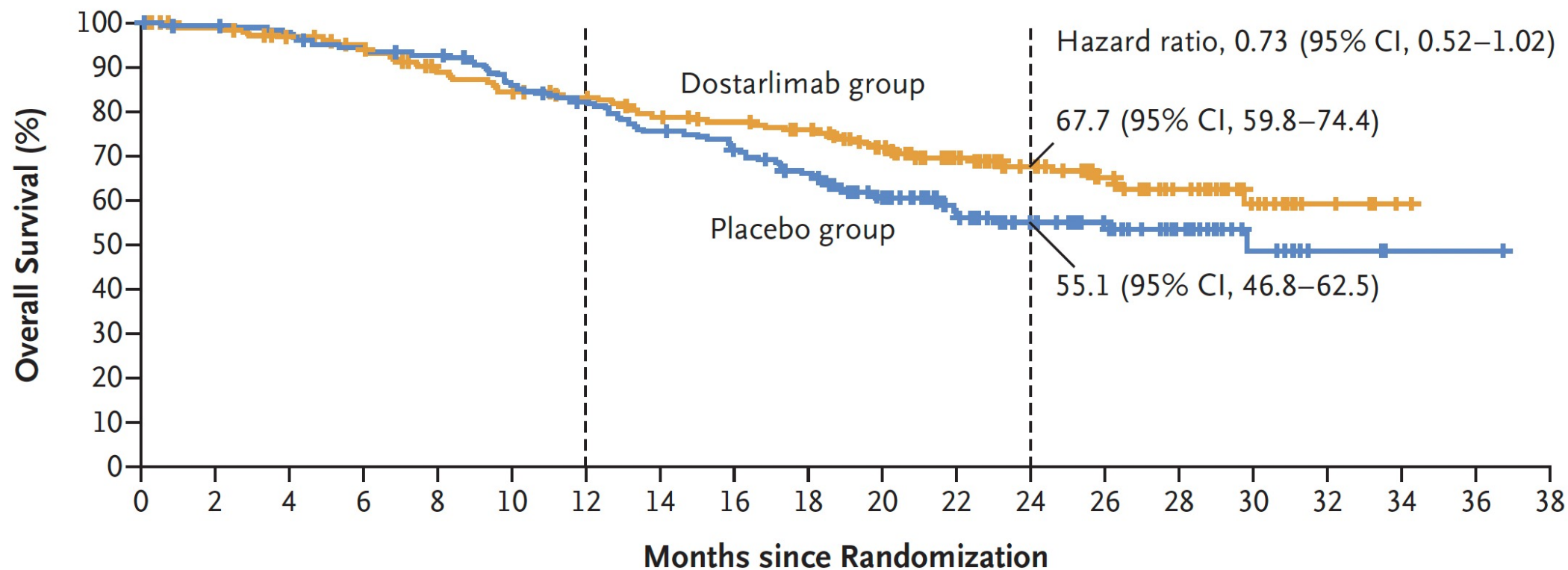
RUBY: Progression-Free Survival (pMMR/MSS Population)



No. at Risk

Dostarlimab group	192	172	153	118	96	74	64	61	56	51	41	33	21	14	13	8	1	0		
Placebo group	184	162	146	110	77	60	47	45	37	34	31	25	16	11	10	3	1	1	1	0

RUBY: Overall Survival (pMMR/MSS Population)



No. at Risk

Dostarlimab group	192	185	176	168	154	146	140	131	126	120	104	81	63	48	33	17	5	1	0	
Placebo group	184	179	175	167	164	150	141	130	121	110	93	63	49	36	23	10	3	1	1	0

RUBY: Adverse Events

Event	Dostarlimab (N = 241)	Placebo (N = 246)
	<i>no. of patients (%)</i>	
Grade ≥3 events occurring in >5% of patients in either group		
Anemia	36 (14.9)	40 (16.3)
Neutropenia	23 (9.5)	23 (9.3)
Neutrophil count decreased	20 (8.3)	34 (13.8)
Lymphocyte count decreased	13 (5.4)	18 (7.3)
White-cell count decreased	16 (6.6)	13 (5.3)
Hypertension	17 (7.1)	8 (3.3)
Pulmonary embolism	12 (5.0)	12 (4.9)
Hypokalemia	12 (5.0)	9 (3.7)

ORIGINAL ARTICLE

Pembrolizumab plus Chemotherapy in Advanced Endometrial Cancer

Ramez N. Eskander, M.D., Michael W. Sill, Ph.D., Lindsey Beffa, M.D.,
Richard G. Moore, M.D., Joanie M. Hope, M.D., Fernanda B. Musa, M.D.,
Robert Mannel, M.D., Mark S. Shahin, M.D., Guilherme H. Cantuaria, M.D.,
Eugenia Girda, M.D., Cara Mathews, M.D., Juraj Kavecansky, M.D.,
Charles A. Leath III, M.D., M.S.P.H., Lilian T. Gien, M.D.,
Emily M. Hinchcliff, M.D., M.P.H., Shashikant B. Lele, M.D.,
Lisa M. Landrum, M.D., Floor Backes, M.D., Roisin E. O'Cearbhaill, M.D.,
Tareq Al Baghdadi, M.D., Emily K. Hill, M.D., Premal H. Thaker, M.D.,
Veena S. John, M.D., Stephen Welch, M.D., Amanda N. Fader, M.D.,
Matthew A. Powell, M.D., and Carol Aghajanian, M.D.

Pembrolizumab Versus Placebo in Addition to Carboplatin and Paclitaxel for Measurable Stage 3 or 4a, Stage 4b or Recurrent Endometrial Cancer: The Phase 3, NRG GY018 Study

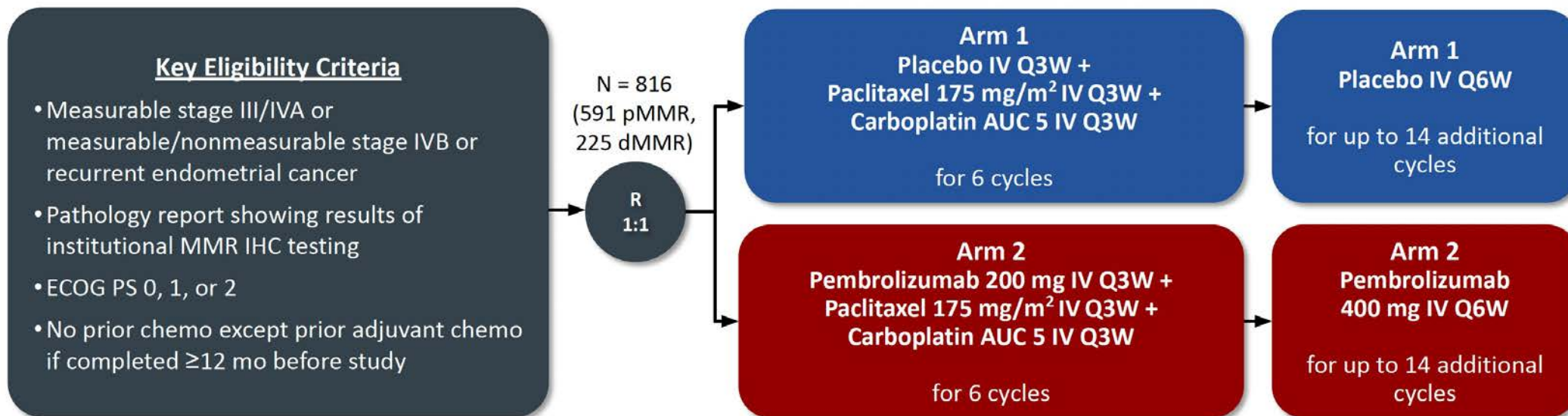
R.N. Eskander, M.W. Sill, L. Beffa, R.G. Moore, J. Mayer Hope, F.B. Musa, R. Mannel,
M.S. Shahin, G.H. Cantuaria, E. Girda, C. Mathews, J. Kavecansky, C.A. Leath, III, L. Gien,
E.M. Hinchcliff, S.B. Lele, L. Landrum, F. Backes, R.E. O'Cearbhaill, T. Al Baghdadi, E. Hill,
P. Thaker, V.S. John, A. Nickles Fader, M.A. Powell, C. Aghajanian



ANNUAL MEETING
ON WOMEN'S CANCER
TAMPA, FL - 2023
PATIENTS. PURPOSE. PROGRESS.

SGO 2023;Abstract 264.

NRG-GY018 Phase III Study Design



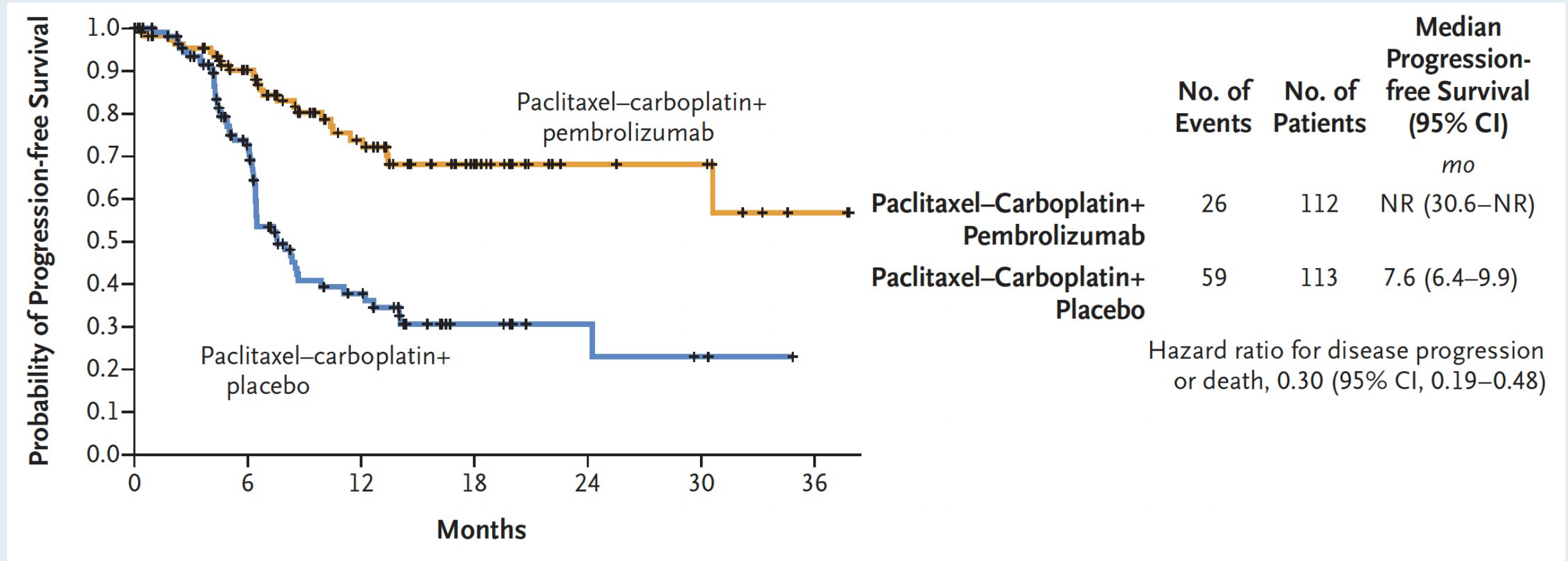
Endpoints

- **Primary:** PFS per RECIST v1.1 by investigator in pMMR and dMMR populations
- **Secondary:** Safety, ORR/DOR per RECIST v1.1 by BICR or investigator by treatment arm and MMR IHC status, OS in pMMR and dMMR populations, PRO/QoL in pMMR population, and concordance of institutional vs central MMR IHC testing results

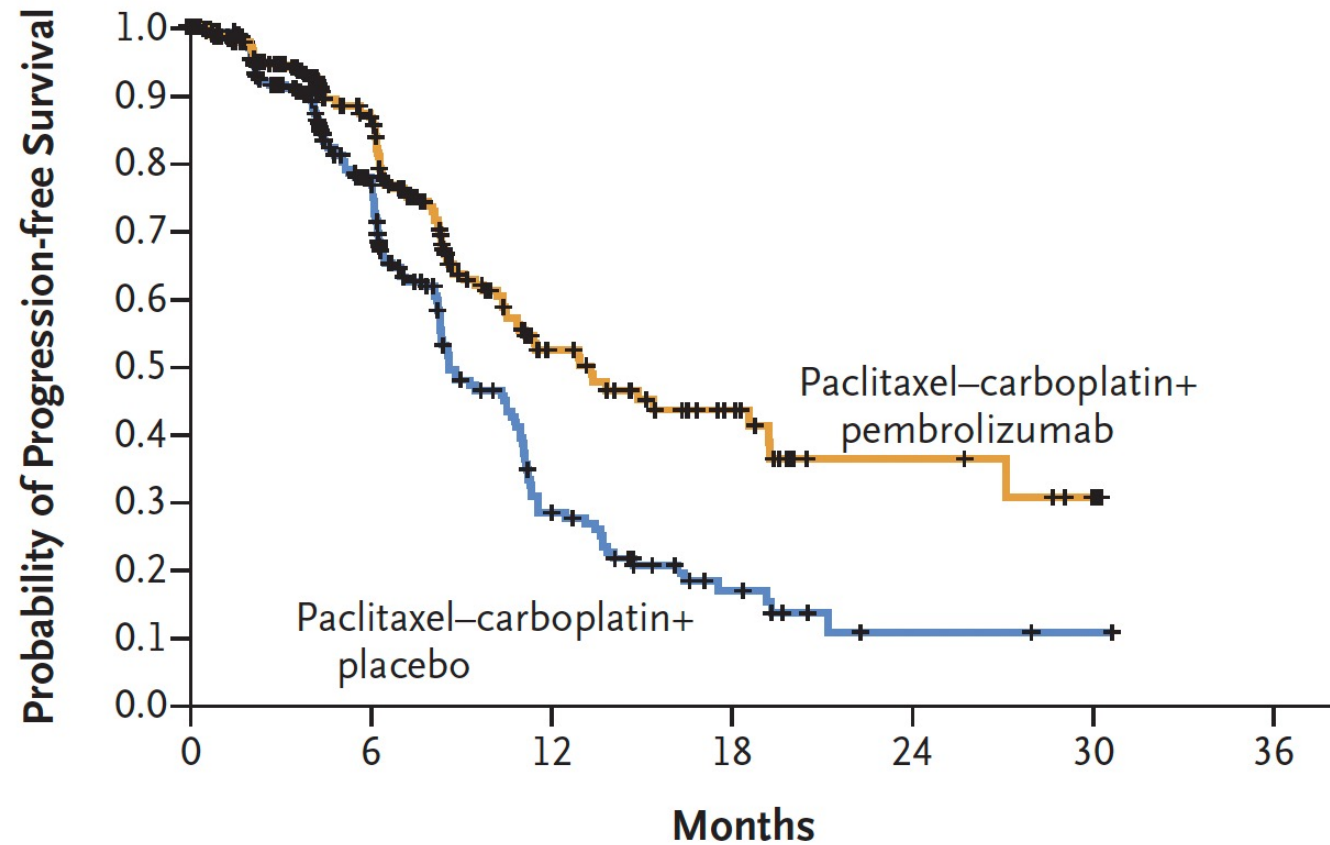


BICR, blinded independent central review; dMMR, mismatch repair deficient; DOR, duration of response; ECOG PS, Eastern Cooperative Oncology Group performance status; IHC, immunohistochemistry; ORR, objective response rate; OS, overall survival; PFS, progression-free survival; pMMR, mismatch repair proficient; PRO, patient-reported outcomes; QoL, quality of life; RECIST, Response Evaluation Criteria in Solid Tumors.

NRG-GY018: Progression-Free Survival (dMMR Cohort)



NRG-GY018: Progression-Free Survival (pMMR Cohort)



	No. of Events	No. of Patients	Median Progression-free Survival (95% CI) <i>mo</i>
Paclitaxel–Carboplatin+ Pembrolizumab	89	290	13.1 (10.5–18.8)
Paclitaxel–Carboplatin+ Placebo	133	292	8.7 (8.4–10.7)

Stratified hazard ratio for disease progression or death, 0.54 (95% CI, 0.41–0.71)

NRG-GY018: Adverse Events of Interest

Adverse Event	dMMR Cohort (N = 215)				pMMR Cohort (N = 550)			
	Pembrolizumab (N = 109)		Placebo (N = 106)		Pembrolizumab (N = 276)		Placebo (N = 274)	
	Any Grade	Grade ≥3	Any Grade	Grade ≥3	Any Grade	Grade ≥3	Any Grade	Grade ≥3
	<i>number of patients (percentage)</i>							
Any event	42 (38.5)	9 (8.3)	28 (26.4)	6 (5.7)	92 (33.3)	10 (3.6)	54 (19.7)	7 (2.6)
Infusion reaction	16 (14.7)	4 (3.7)	16 (15.1)	3 (2.8)	41 (14.9)	4 (1.4)	35 (12.8)	5 (1.8)
Hypothyroidism	14 (12.8)	0	10 (9.4)	0	37 (13.4)	0	7 (2.6)	0
Hyperthyroidism	10 (9.2)	0	1 (0.9)	0	16 (5.8)	0	10 (3.6)	0
Colitis	7 (6.4)	0	0	0	4 (1.4)	0	4 (1.5)	1 (0.4)
Pneumonitis	3 (2.8)	2 (1.8)	2 (1.9)	1 (0.9)	2 (0.7)	0	1 (0.4)	0
Glucose intolerance	2 (1.8)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Acute kidney injury	2 (1.8)	2 (1.8)	2 (1.9)	2 (1.9)	5 (1.8)	5 (1.8)	1 (0.4)	1 (0.4)
Hepatic failure	1 (0.9)	1 (0.9)	0	0	0	0	0	0
Myositis	1 (0.9)	0	1 (0.9)	0	1 (0.4)	0	0	0
Hypophysitis	0	0	0	0	2 (0.7)	2 (0.7)	0	0
Pancreatitis	0	0	0	0	1 (0.4)	0	0	0
Adrenal insufficiency	0	0	0	0	4 (1.4)	0	1 (0.4)	0



Prospective double-blind, randomized phase III ENGOT-EN5/GOG-3055/SIENDO study of oral selinexor/placebo as maintenance therapy after first-line chemotherapy for advanced or recurrent endometrial cancer

Ignace Vergote,¹ Alejandro Pérez Fidalgo,² Erika Hamilton,³ Giorgio Valabrega,⁴ Toon Van Gorp,¹ Jalid Sehoul,⁵ David Cibula,⁶ Tally Levy,⁷ Stephen Welch,⁸ Debra Richardson,⁹ Eva Maria Guerra Alía,¹⁰ Giovanni Scambia,¹¹ Stéphanie Henry,¹² Pauline Wimberger,¹³ David Miller,¹⁴ Jerónimo Martínez,¹⁵ Bradley Monk,¹⁶ Sharon Shacham,¹⁷ Mansoor Raza Mirza,^{17,18} Vicky Makker¹⁹

¹Catholic University Leuven, Cancer Institute at University Hospitals, Belgium, European Union, ²Hospital Clinico Universitario de Valencia, Spain, ³Sarah Cannon Research Institute USA, ⁴University of Torino, Candiolo Cancer Institute, FPO-IRCCS, Italy, ⁵European Competence Center for Ovarian Cancer, Charité Comprehensive Cancer Center, Charité–Berlin University of Medicine, Germany, ⁶Charles University and General Faculty Hospital Prague, Czech Republic, ⁷Wolfson Medical Center, Holon, affiliated with Sackler Faculty of Medicine, Tel Aviv University, Israel, ⁸London Health Sciences Centre, UK ⁹University of Oklahoma Medical Center, USA, ¹⁰Hospital Universitario Ramón y Cajal, Spain, ¹¹Fondazione Policlinico Universitario A. Gemelli IRCCS, Italy, ¹²Centre de Maternité Sainte Elisabeth, Namur, Belgium, ¹³Technische Universität Dresden, University Hospital Carl Gustav Carus, Germany, ¹⁴University of Texas Southwestern Medical Center; Harold C. Simmons Comprehensive Cancer Center, USA, ¹⁵Hospital Universitario Virgen de la Arrixaca, Spain, ¹⁶Biltmore Cancer Center, USA, ¹⁷Karyopharm Therapeutics, USA, ¹⁸Rigshospitalet, Copenhagen University Hospital, Denmark, ¹⁹Memorial Sloan Kettering Cancer Center, USA

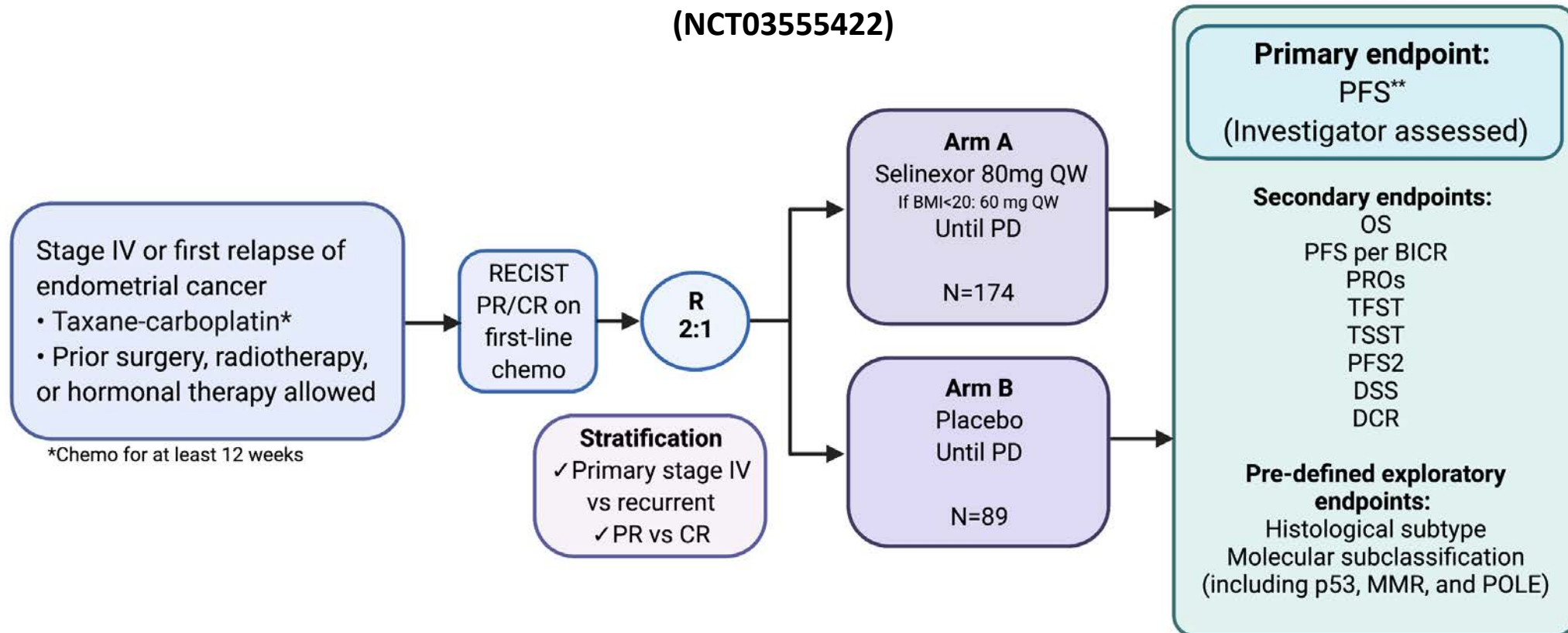


Abstract 249



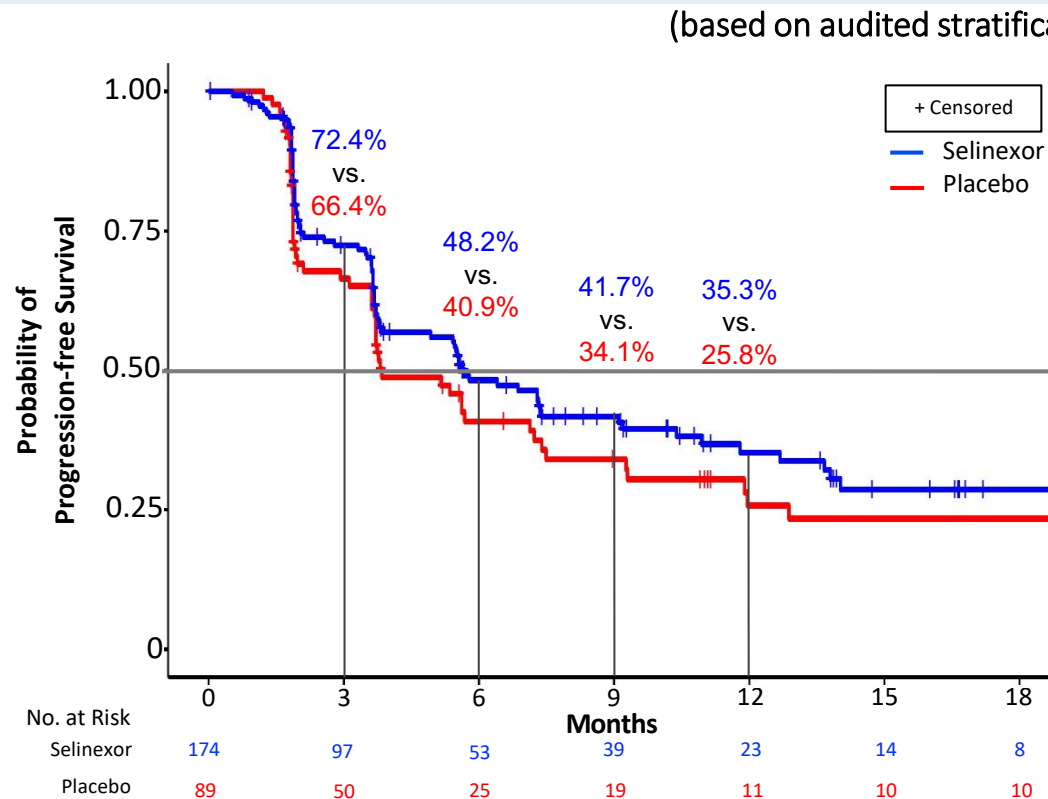
SIENDO Phase III Trial Design

Stage IV or first relapse of endometrial cancer
endometrioid, serous, undifferentiated, or carcinosarcoma
(NCT03555422)



**140 PFS events needed to provide 80% power to detect a hazard ratio of 0.6 (median PFS 4.5 months for placebo and 7.5 months for selinexor) with a one-sided alpha of 0.025 and 2:1 randomization ratio favoring selinexor.

SIENDO: Progression-Free Survival in ITT Population



Median PFS (Investigator assessed)

Selinexor (n=174): 5.7 mo (95% CI 3.81-9.20)

Placebo (n=89): 3.8 mo (95% CI 3.68-7.39)

HR* = 0.705 (95% CI 0.499-0.996)

One-sided *p* value = 0.024

* In 7 patients (2.7% of 263), the stratification factor of CR/PR was incorrect and was corrected by the Investigators prior to database lock and unblinding.

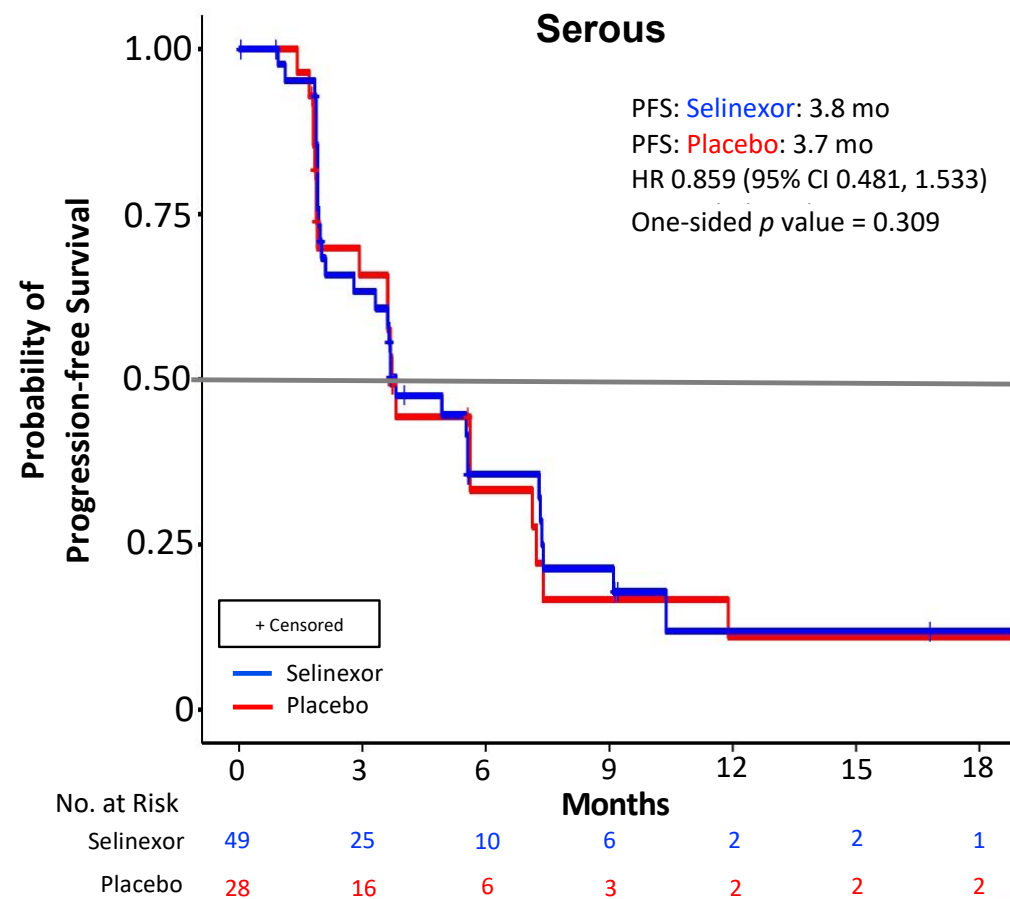
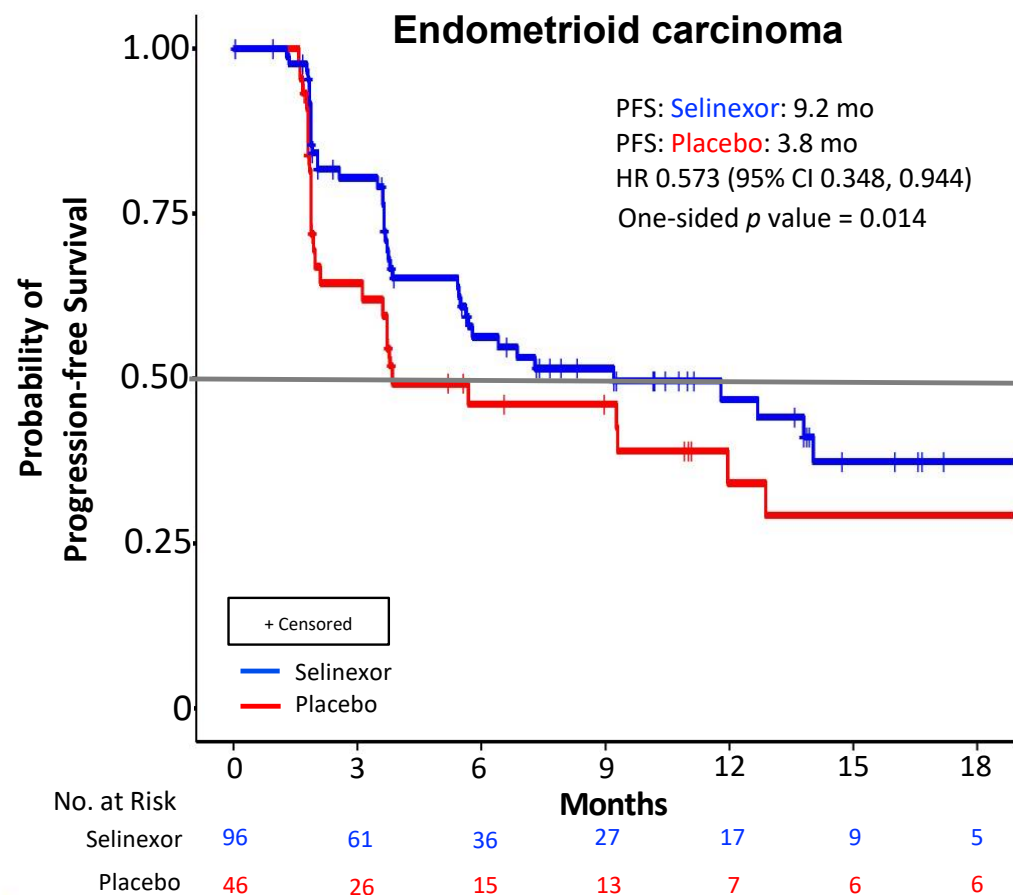
The statistical analysis was validated by the independent ENGOT statistician and approved by the IDMC.

HR for ITT without correction of the stratification factors was 0.76 (95% CI: 0.543, 1.076).

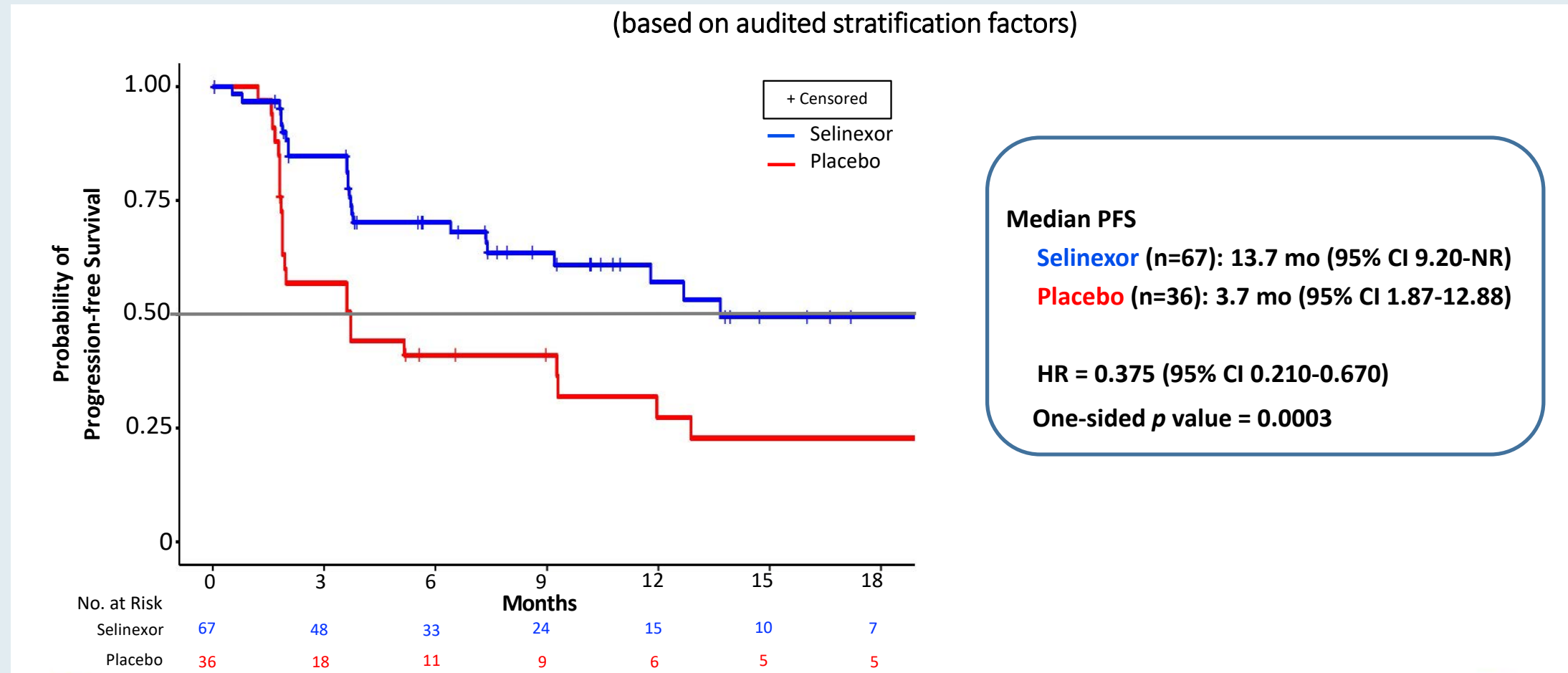
Median follow-up: 10.2 months (95% CI 8.97, 13.57)

SIENDO: Progression-Free Survival by Histological Subtype

(based on audited stratification factors)



SIENDO: Progression-Free Survival for Patients with Wild Type p53



SIENDO: Treatment-Emergent Adverse Events (TEAEs)



Event	Selinexor n=171* n (%) (per patient)	Placebo n=88* n (%) (per patient)
TEAE leading to:		
Dose reduction	85 (49.7)	3 (3.4)
Dose interruption	88 (51.5)	16 (18.2)
Discontinuation	18 (10.5)	1 (1.1)
Death	0	0

*Four patients did not receive treatment (n=3 selinexor; n=1 placebo)

Cervical Cancer

FDA Grants Accelerated Approval to Tisotumab Vedotin-tftv for Previously Treated Recurrent or Metastatic Cervical Cancer

Press Release – September 20, 2021

“[The FDA] has granted accelerated approval to tisotumab vedotin-tftv, the first and only approved antibody-drug conjugate (ADC) for the treatment of adult patients with recurrent or metastatic cervical cancer with disease progression on or after chemotherapy. Tisotumab vedotin-tftv is approved under the FDA’s Accelerated Approval Program based on tumor response and the durability of the response. Continued approval may be contingent upon verification and description of clinical benefit in confirmatory trials.”

The accelerated approval was based on results from the innovaTV 204 trial. InnovaTV 301, a global, randomized, Phase III clinical trial intended to support global registrations, is underway. The prescribing information for tisotumab vedotin-tftv includes a boxed warning for ocular toxicity and warnings for peripheral neuropathy, hemorrhage, pneumonitis and embryo-fetal toxicity.

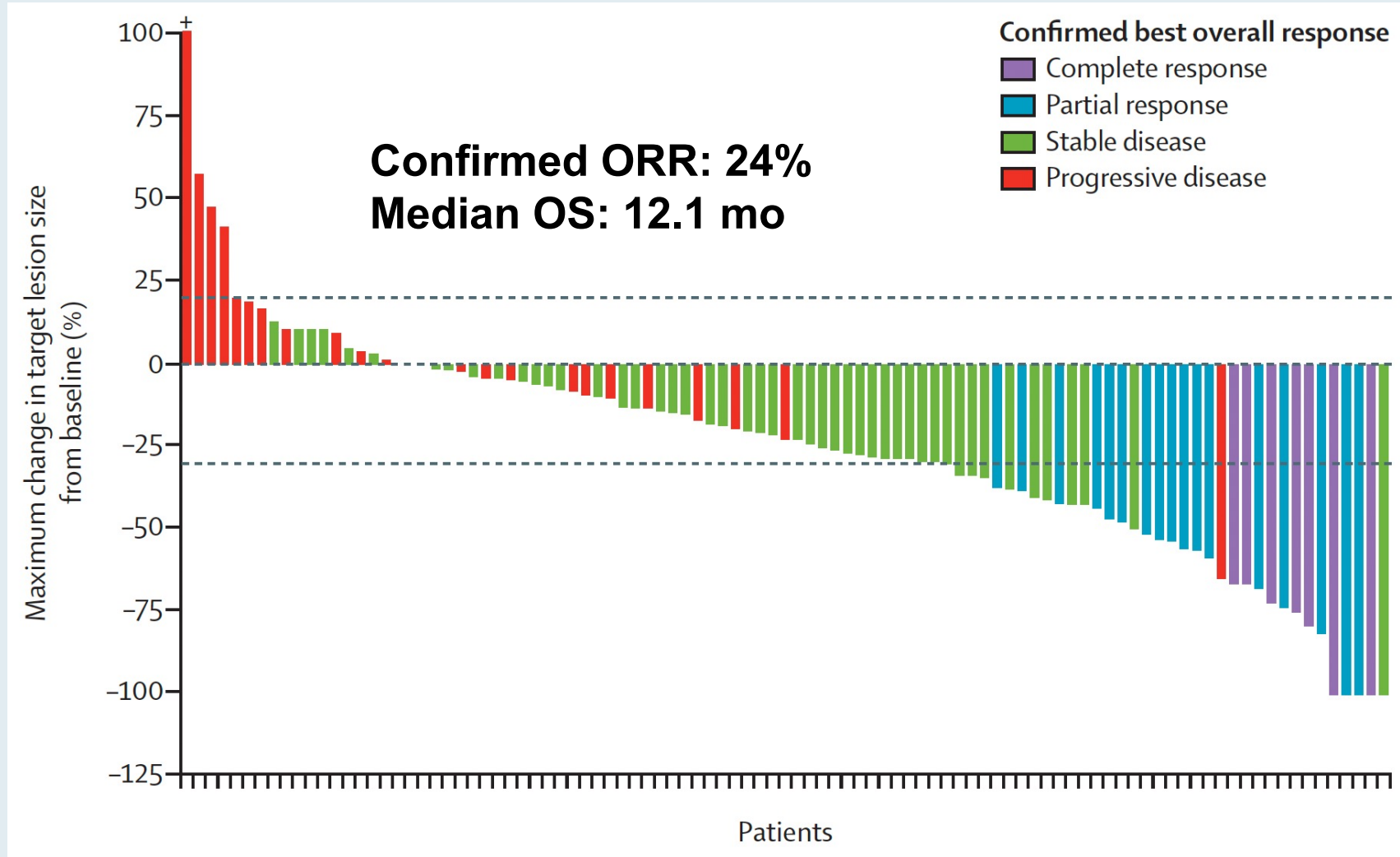
Lancet Oncol 2021;22(5):609-19.

Efficacy and safety of tisotumab vedotin in previously treated recurrent or metastatic cervical cancer (innovaTV 204/GOG-3023/ENGOT-cx6): a multicentre, open-label, single-arm, phase 2 study



*Robert L Coleman, Domenica Lorusso, Christine Gennigens, Antonio González-Martín, Leslie Randall, David Cibula, Bente Lund, Linn Woelber, Sandro Pignata, Frederic Forget, Andrés Redondo, Signe Diness Vindeløv, Menghui Chen, Jeffrey R Harris, Margaret Smith, Leonardo Viana Nicacio, Melinda S L Teng, Annouschka Laenen, Reshma Rangwala, Luis Manso, Mansoor Mirza, Bradley J Monk, Ignace Vergote, on behalf of the innovaTV 204/GOG-3023/ENGOT-cx6 Collaborators**

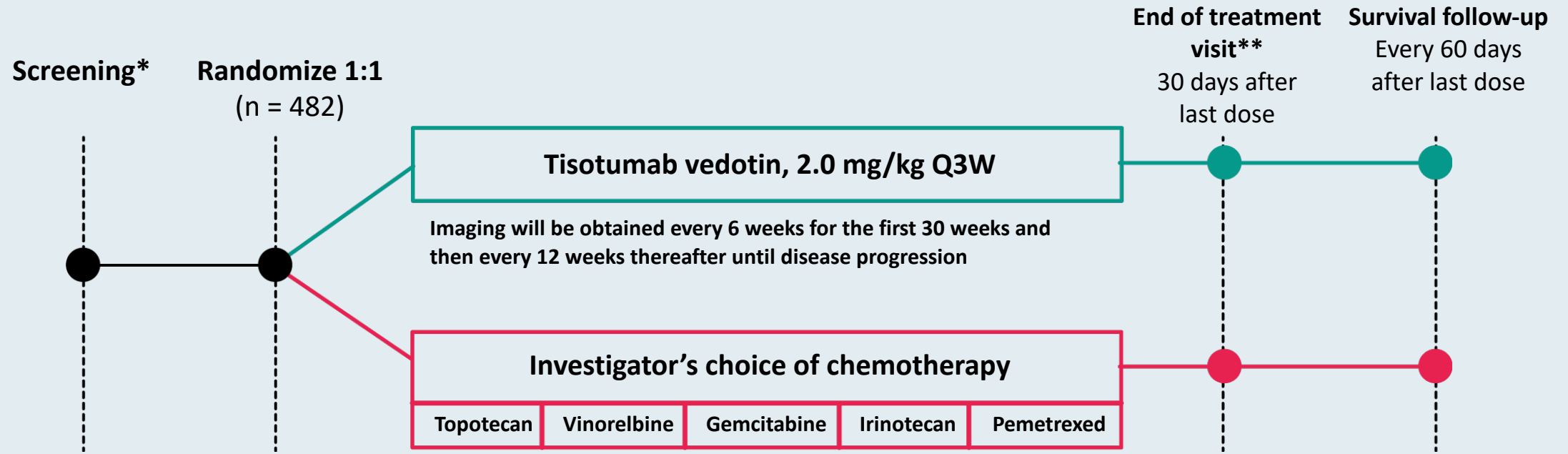
innovaTV 204: Tisotumab Vedotin for Previously Treated Recurrent or Metastatic Cervical Cancer



innovaTV 204: Treatment-Related Adverse Events with an Incidence of $\geq 15\%$

	Grade 1–2	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5
Patients with at least one treatment-related adverse event	65 (65%)	25 (25%)	2 (2%)	1 (1%)
Treatment-related adverse events, by preferred terms, with an incidence of 15% or higher, or any grade 3 or worse event				
Alopecia	38 (38%)	0	0	0
Epistaxis	30 (30%)	0	0	0
Nausea	27 (27%)	0	0	0
Conjunctivitis	26 (26%)	0	0	0
Fatigue	24 (24%)	2 (2%)	0	0
Dry eye	23 (23%)	0	0	0
Myalgia	15 (15%)	0	0	0

Ongoing Phase III innovaTV 301 Confirmatory Trial of Tisotumab Vedotin in Second- or Third-Line Metastatic Cervical Cancer



* The proportion of patients who have not received prior bevacizumab in combination with chemotherapy as 1L treatment may be capped at 50%

** Some AESIs may be followed longer than 30 days until resolution, improvement, or stabilization

Abbreviations: 1L = first-line; AESI = adverse event of special interest; n = number of patients; Q3W = every 3 weeks

**What I Tell My Patients:
Faculty Physicians and Nurses Discuss Patient Education
About New Treatments and Clinical Trials**

Fifteenth Annual RTP Symposium Series Held During the Annual ONS Congress

Cervical and Endometrial Cancer

Wednesday, April 26, 2023

11:15 AM – 12:45 PM

Faculty

Paula J Anastasia, MN, RN, AOCN

Michael J Birrer, MD, PhD

Jennifer Filipi, MSN, NP

Brian M Slomovitz, MD

Moderator

Neil Love, MD

What I Tell My Patients: Faculty Physicians and Nurses Discuss Patient Education About New Treatments and Clinical Trials

Fifteenth Annual RTP Symposium Series Held During the Annual ONS Congress

Breast Cancer

Wednesday, April 26, 2023

6:00 PM – 8:00 PM

Faculty

Jamie Carroll, APRN, MSN, CNP

Virginia Kaklamani, MD, DSc

Joyce O'Shaughnessy, MD

Ronald Stein, JD, MSN, NP-C, AOCNP

Moderator

Neil Love, MD

Thank you for joining us! Please take a moment to complete the survey currently up on Zoom. Your feedback is very important to us. The survey will remain open up to 5 minutes after the meeting ends.

In-person attendees can use the networked iPads® to claim NCPD credit or use the QR code as instructed in the program syllabus.

Virtual attendees: The NCPD credit link is posted in the chat room.

NCPD/ONCC credit information will be emailed to each participant within 1 to 2 business days.