

Meet The Professor

Optimizing the Selection and Sequencing of Therapy for Patients with Renal Cell Carcinoma

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Commercial Support

This activity is supported by educational grants from Aveo Pharmaceuticals, Bristol-Myers Squibb Company, Eisai Inc and Exelixis Inc.

Dr Love — Disclosures

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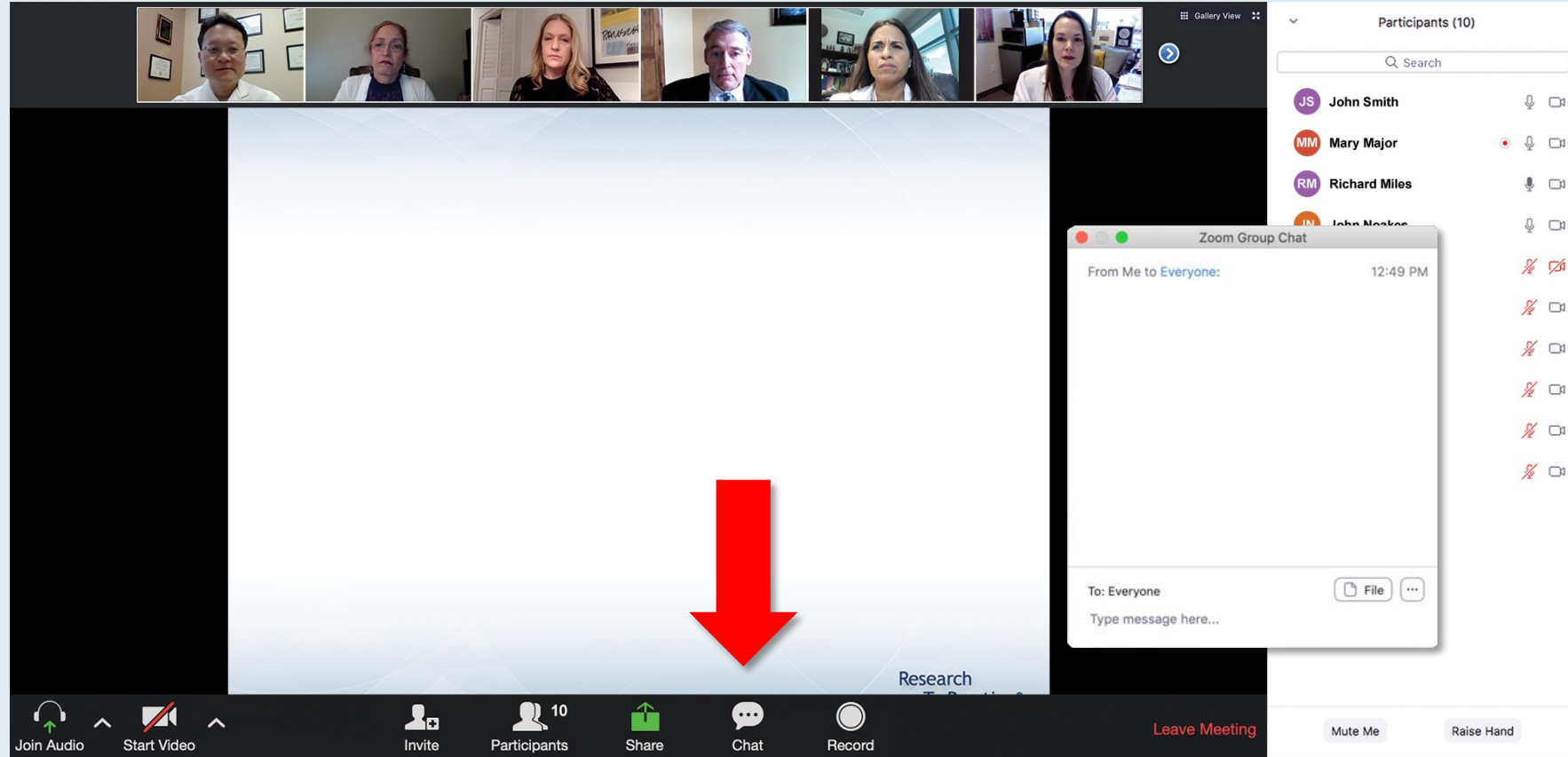
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Prof Powles — Disclosures

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We Encourage Clinicians in Practice to Submit Questions



Feel free to submit questions now before the program begins and throughout the program.

Familiarizing Yourself with the Zoom Interface

How to answer poll questions

The screenshot shows a Zoom meeting interface. At the top, there are seven video thumbnails of participants. Below them is a slide with a poll question: "What is your usual treatment recommendation for a patient with MM followed by ASCT and maintenance experiences an asymptomatic relapse?". The slide lists ten options, including combinations of Carfilzomib, Pomalidomide, Elotuzumab, Daratumumab, and Ixazomib with or without dexamethasone. A "Quick Poll" window is overlaid on the slide, showing a list of radio button options corresponding to the slide's choices. The Zoom control bar at the bottom includes icons for Join Audio, Start Video, Invite, Participants (10), Share, Chat, Record, and Leave Meeting. On the right side, there is a "Participants (10)" list with names and icons for audio and video status.

Participants (10)

Search

- JS John Smith
- MM Mary Major
- RM Richard Miles
- JN John Noakes
- AS Alice Suarez
- JP Jane Perez
- RS Robert Stiles
- JF Juan Fernandez
- AK Ashok Kumar
- JS Jeremy Smith

What is your usual treatment recommendation for a patient with MM followed by ASCT and maintenance experiences an asymptomatic relapse?

Quick Poll

- Carfilzomib +/- dexamethasone
- Pomalidomide +/- dexamethasone
- Carfilzomib + pomalidomide +/- dexamethasone
- Elotuzumab + lenalidomide +/- dexamethasone
- Elotuzumab + pomalidomide +/- dexamethasone
- Daratumumab + lenalidomide +/- dexamethasone
- Daratumumab + pomalidomide +/- dexamethasone
- Daratumumab + bortezomib +/- dexamethasone
- Ixazomib + Rd
- Other

Submit

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Join Audio Start Video Invite Participants 10 Share Chat Record Leave Meeting Mute Me Raise Hand

When a poll question pops up, click your answer choice from the available options.
Results will be shown after everyone has answered.

Familiarizing Yourself with the Zoom Interface

Expand chat submission box

The screenshot shows a Zoom meeting interface. At the top, there are video thumbnails for participants: RTP Coordinat..., Kirsten Miller, RTP Mike Rivera, and Lisa Suarez. A 'Recording...' indicator is visible on the left. The main content is a slide titled 'Meet The Professor Program Steering Committee' with six members listed:

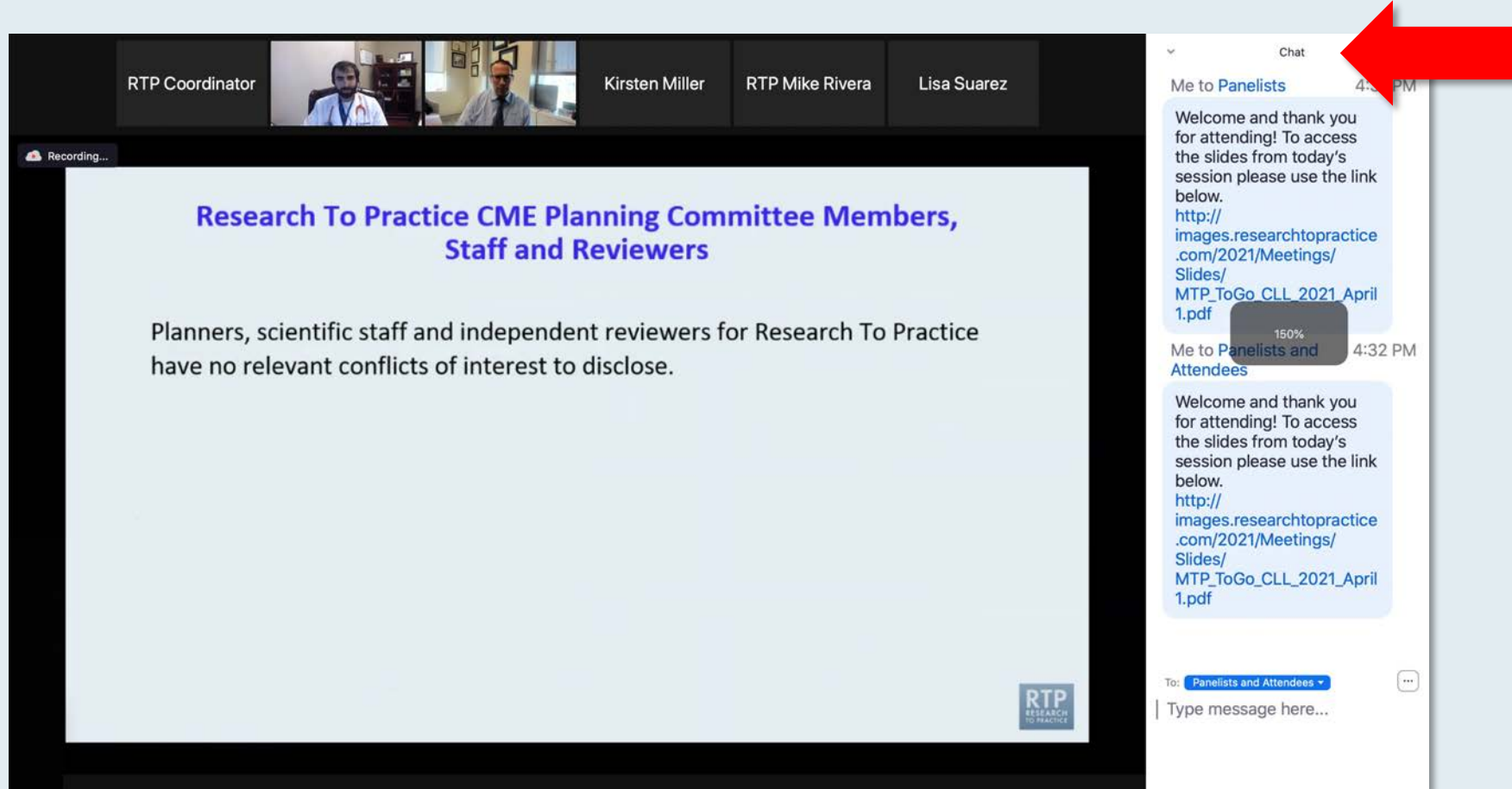
- John N Allan, MD**
Assistant Professor of Medicine
Weill Cornell Medicine
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- Ian W Flinn, MD, PhD**
Director of Lymphoma Research Program
Sarah Cannon Research Institute
Tennessee Oncology
Nashville, Tennessee
- Steven Coutre, MD**
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- Prof John G Gribben, MD, DSc, FMedSci**
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- Matthew S Davids, MD, MMSc**
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Harvard Medical School
Director of Clinical Research
Division of Lymphoma
Dana-Farber Cancer Institute
Boston, Massachusetts
- Brian T Hill, MD, PhD**
Director, Lymphoid Malignancy Program
Cleveland Clinic Taussig Cancer Institute
Cleveland, Ohio

The chat window on the right is expanded, showing two messages from 'Me to Panelists' and 'Me to Panelists and Attendees' at 4:31 PM and 4:32 PM respectively. Each message contains a welcome message and a link to a PDF slide: http://images.researchtopractice.com/2021/Meetings/Slides/MTP_ToGo_CLL_2021_April1.pdf. A red arrow points to the white line above the chat submission box, which is used to expand the box.

Drag the white line above the submission box up to create more space for your message.

Familiarizing Yourself with the Zoom Interface

Increase chat font size



The screenshot displays a Zoom meeting interface. At the top, there are video thumbnails for participants: RTP Coordinator, Kirsten Miller, RTP Mike Rivera, and Lisa Suarez. Below the thumbnails is a slide titled "Research To Practice CME Planning Committee Members, Staff and Reviewers" with the text: "Planners, scientific staff and independent reviewers for Research To Practice have no relevant conflicts of interest to disclose." The slide also features the RTP Research to Practice logo in the bottom right corner. On the right side, the chat window is open, showing a message from "Me to Panelists" and "Me to Panelists and Attendees" with a link to a PDF document. A red arrow points to the chat window, indicating the location where the font size can be adjusted. A "150%" font size indicator is visible over the chat messages.

**Press Command (for Mac) or Control (for PC) and the + symbol.
You may do this as many times as you need for readability.**

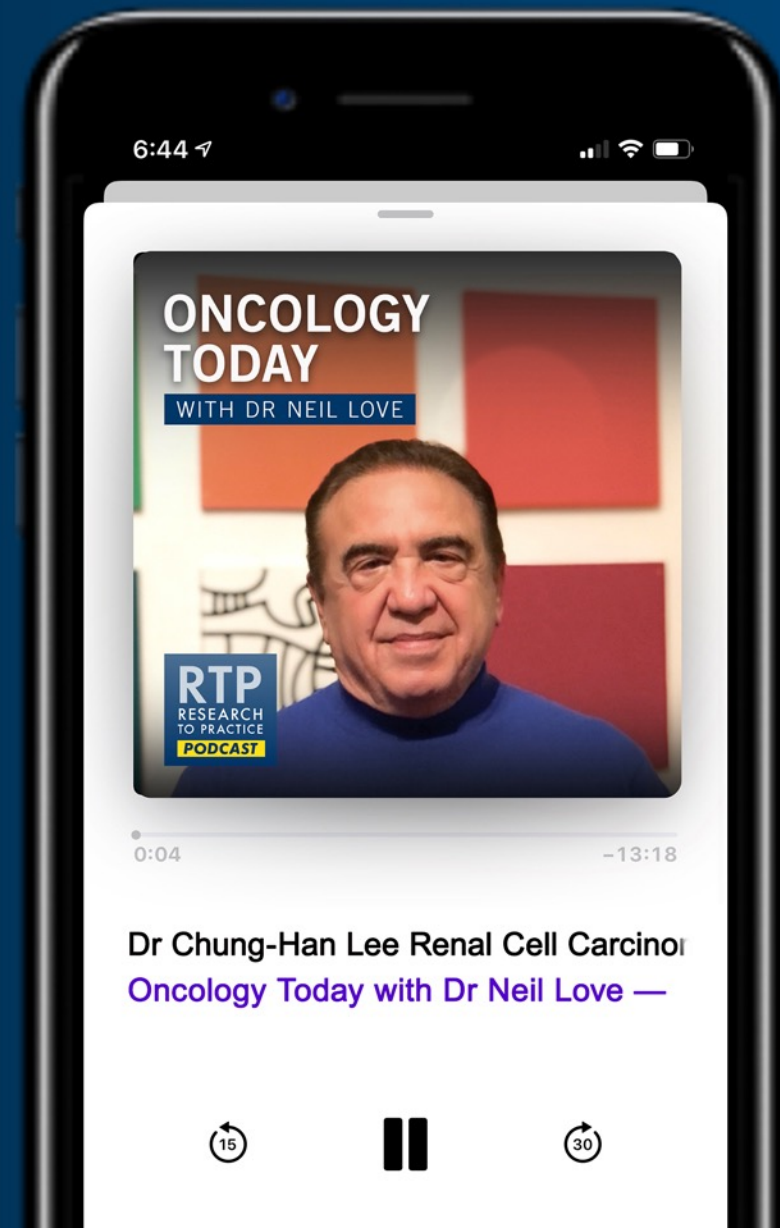
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WITH DR NEIL LOVE

Renal Cell Carcinoma



DR CHUNG-HAN LEE
MEMORIAL SLOAN KETTERING CANCER CENTER
NEW YORK, NEW YORK



Three Exciting Educational Events Held in Conjunction with the 2021 Pan Pacific Lymphoma Conference *In Partnership with the University of Nebraska Medical Center*

Expert Second Opinion — Acute Myeloid Leukemia and Myelodysplastic Syndromes

Monday, August 9, 2021

7:00 PM – 8:30 PM ET

Faculty

Krishna Gundabolu, MD

Richard M Stone, MD

Eunice S Wang, MD

Moderator

Harry Paul Erba, MD, PhD

Beyond the Guidelines — Chronic Lymphocytic Leukemia

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Cases from the Community — Multiple Myeloma

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Thank you for joining us!

CME and MOC credit information will be emailed to each participant within 5 business days.

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Meet The Professor Program Participating Faculty



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Dana-Farber Cancer Institute
The Jerome and Nancy Kohlberg Professor of Medicine
Harvard Medical School
Boston, Massachusetts



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Co-Director, Urologic Cancer Research
and Treatment Center
Texas Oncology
Charles A Sammons Cancer Center
Baylor University Medical Center
Professor of Medicine
Texas A&M HSC College of Medicine
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Hans Hammers, MD, PhD
Eugene P Frenkel, MD Scholar in Clinical Medicine
Co-Leader, Kidney Cancer Program
Co-Leader, Experimental Therapeutics
Associate Professor, Internal Medicine
Division of Hematology and Oncology
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MD Anderson Cancer Center
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Meet The Professor Program Participating Faculty



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Beth Israel Deaconess Medical Center
Leader, Kidney Cancer Program
Dana-Farber/Harvard Cancer Center
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Fox Chase Cancer Center, Temple Health
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania

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Moderator
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Miami, Florida



Brian I Rini, MD
Chief of Clinical Trials
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Ingram Professor of Medicine
Division of Hematology/Oncology
Vanderbilt University Medical Center
Nashville, Tennessee

We Encourage Clinicians in Practice to Submit Questions

The image shows a Zoom meeting interface. At the top, there is a gallery view of six participants. The main area displays a presentation slide with the text: "You may submit questions using the Zoom Chat option below". A large red arrow points downwards from the text. On the right side, there is a "Participants (10)" list with names and icons for audio and video. Below the list is a "Zoom Group Chat" window showing a message from "Me to Everyone" at 12:49 PM. At the bottom, the Zoom control bar is visible with icons for "Join Audio", "Start Video", "Invite", "Participants", "Share", "Chat", "Record", "Leave Meeting", "Mute Me", and "Raise Hand".

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The screenshot displays a Zoom meeting interface. At the top, there is a gallery view of six participants. The main content area shows a poll question: "What is your usual treatment recommendation for a patient with MM who has been followed by ASCT for 1-2 years who then experiences an asymptomatic relapse?". Below the question is a list of ten treatment options, each with a radio button for selection. A "Quick Poll" dialog box is overlaid on the list, showing the selected option: "Daratumumab + pomalidomide +/- dexamethasone". The bottom of the screen shows the Zoom control bar with icons for Join Audio, Start Video, Invite, Participants (10), Share, Chat, Record, and Leave Meeting. On the right side, there is a "Participants (10)" list with search and status icons for each participant.

What is your usual treatment recommendation for a patient with MM who has been followed by ASCT for 1-2 years who then experiences an asymptomatic relapse?

1. Carfilzomib +/- dexamethasone
2. Pomalidomide +/- dexamethasone
3. Carfilzomib + pomalidomide +/- dexamethasone
4. Elotuzumab + lenalidomide +/- dexamethasone
5. Elotuzumab + pomalidomide +/- dexamethasone
6. Daratumumab + lenalidomide +/- dexamethasone
7. Daratumumab + pomalidomide +/- dexamethasone
8. Daratumumab + bortezomib +/- dexamethasone
9. Ixazomib + Rd
10. Other

Quick Poll

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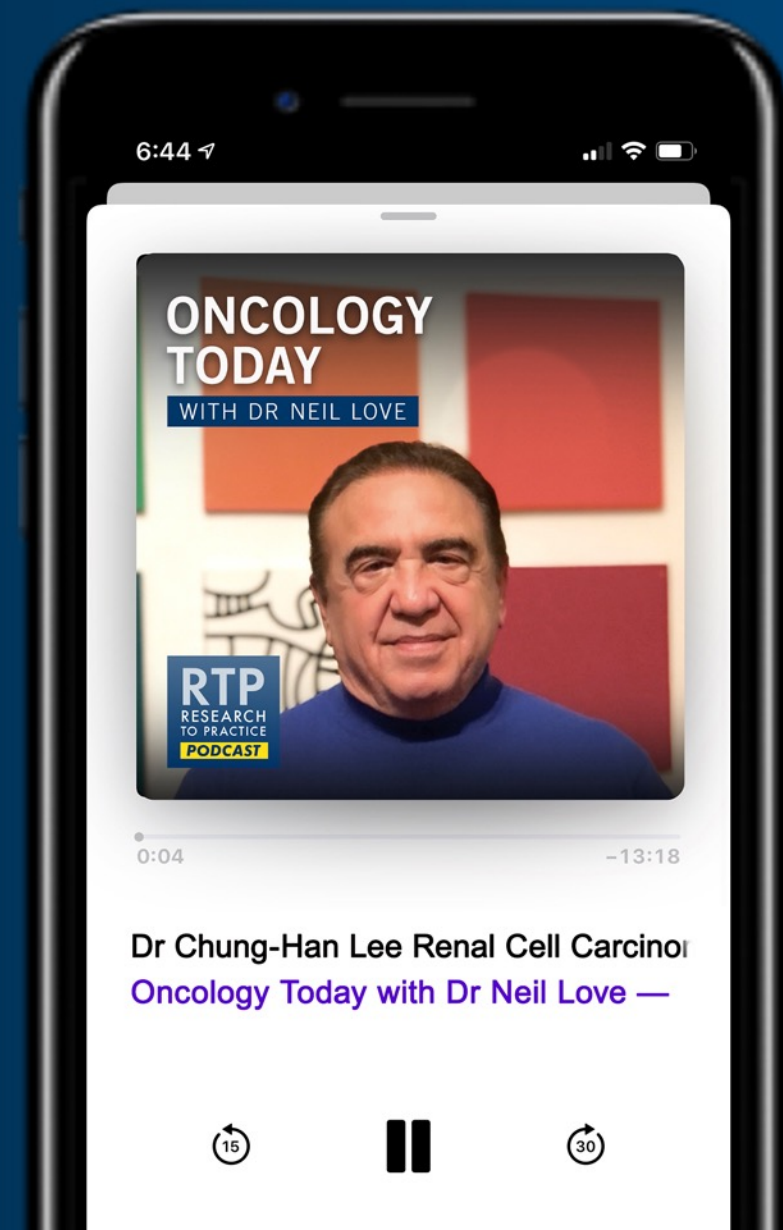
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Philip L Brooks, MD
Hematologist/Medical Oncologist
Cancer Care of Maine
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Eric Jonasch, MD
Professor of Medicine
Department of Genitourinary
Medical Oncology
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Maria Regina Flores, MD
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Florida Cancer Specialists and
Research Institute
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Ranju Gupta, MD
Attending Physician
Co-Director
Cardio-Oncology Program
LVPG Hematology Oncology
Associates
Lehigh Valley Health Network
Bethlehem, Pennsylvania

Meet The Professor with Prof Powles

MODULE 1: Case Presentations

- Dr Lamar: A 64-year-old woman with metastatic clear cell RCC
- Dr Jonasch: A 58-year-old man with metastatic RCC and a history of polymyositis
- Dr Gupta: A 61-year-old woman with metastatic papillary RCC
- Dr Jonasch: A 67-year-old man with metastatic RCC
- Dr Flores: An obese 61-year-old man with metastatic RCC
- Dr Jonasch: A 64-year-old man with clear cell RCC invasive into the renal vein
- Dr Brooks: A 61-year-old man with metastatic clear cell RCC

MODULE 2: Beyond the Guidelines

MODULE 3: Journal Club with Prof Powles

MODULE 4: Key Data Sets

Meet The Professor with Prof Powles

MODULE 1: Case Presentations

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Case Presentation – Dr Lamar: A 64-year-old woman with metastatic clear cell RCC



Dr Zanetta Lamar

- PMH: Rheumatoid arthritis treated by hydroxychloroquine
- 2019: Diagnosed with clear-cell RCC, s/p radical nephrectomy
- 9/2020: Rapidly growing scalp lesion; perihepatic/pancreatic, retroperitoneal, hilar and mediastinum adenopathy. Biopsy confirmed RCC, intermediate risk
 - Resolution of scalp lesions and adenopathy
- Ipilimumab/nivolumab, with resolution of scalp lesions after 3 cycles
 - Cycle 4: Bilateral parotid swelling requiring inpatient admission and IV steroids, several months to resolution

Questions

- What would you recommend if her disease progresses?

Case Presentation – Dr Lamar: A 64-year-old woman with metastatic clear cell RCC (continued)



Dr Zanetta Lamar

- PMH: Rheumatoid arthritis treated by hydroxychloroquine
- 2019: Diagnosed with clear-cell RCC, s/p radical nephrectomy
- 9/2020: Rapidly growing scalp lesion; perihepatic/pancreatic, retroperitoneal, hilar and mediastinum adenopathy. Biopsy confirmed RCC, intermediate risk
 - Resolution of scalp lesions and adenopathy
- Ipilimumab/nivolumab, with resolution of scalp lesions after 3 cycles
 - Cycle 4: Bilateral parotid swelling requiring inpatient admission and IV steroids, several months to resolution
- ***She experienced the same facial and bilateral parotid swelling when she received the COVID-19 vaccine***
 - ***Again, treated with steroids***

Case Presentation – Dr Jonasch: A 58-year-old man with metastatic RCC and a history of polymyositis



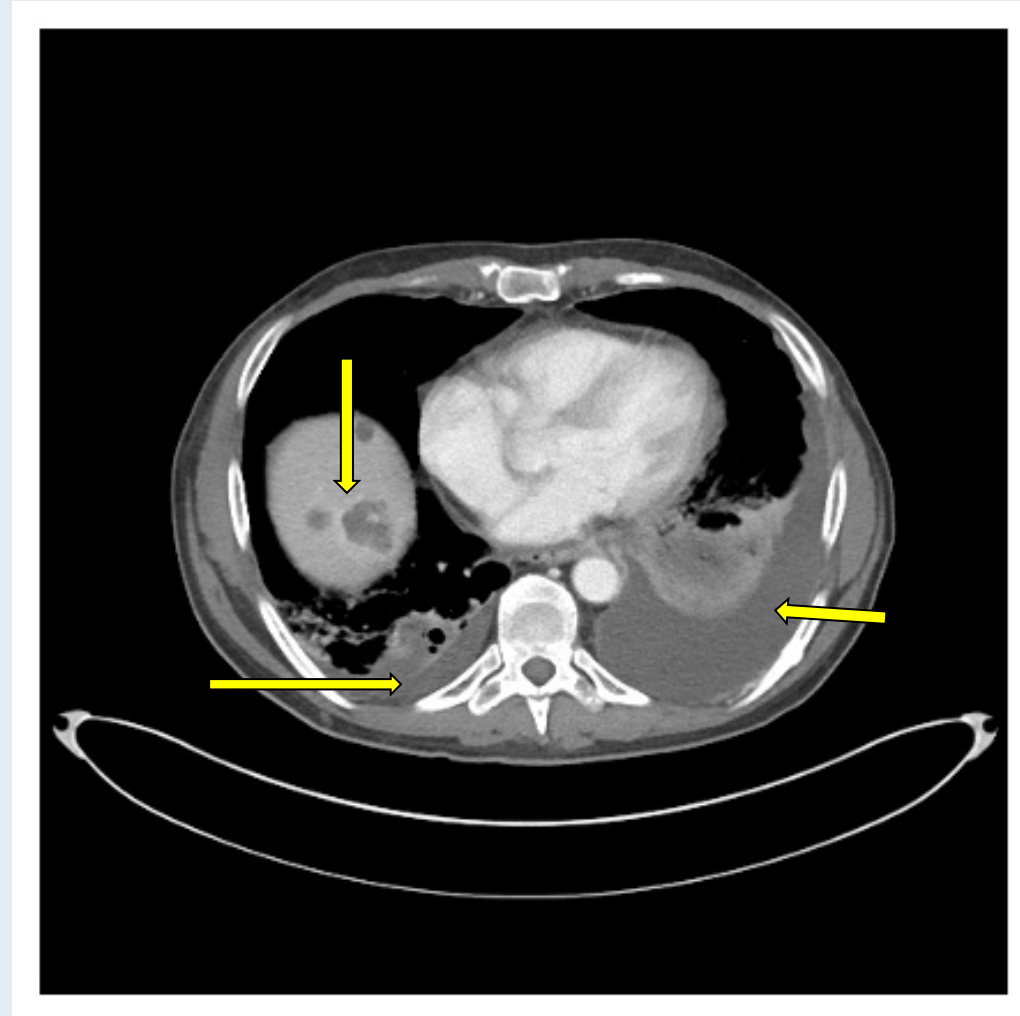
Dr Eric Jonasch

- PMH: polymyositis requiring treatment with rituximab
- Extensive metastases in the lung, pancreas, bone, lymph nodes, and liver detected 2 years post-nephrectomy of primary RCC

Case Presentation – Dr Jonasch: A 58-year-old man with metastatic RCC and a history of polymyositis (continued)



Dr Eric Jonasch



Case Presentation – Dr Jonasch: A 58-year-old man with metastatic RCC and a history of polymyositis (continued)



Dr Eric Jonasch

- PMH: polymyositis requiring treatment with rituximab
- Extensive metastases in the lung, pancreas, bone, lymph nodes, and liver detected 2 years post-nephrectomy of primary RCC
- ***Disease progression on axitinib, cabozantinib and lenvatinib/everolimus***
- ***Discontinued lenvatinib and pembrolizumab added***
- ***Colitis developed → pembrolizumab discontinued and restarted when colitis under control with treatment***

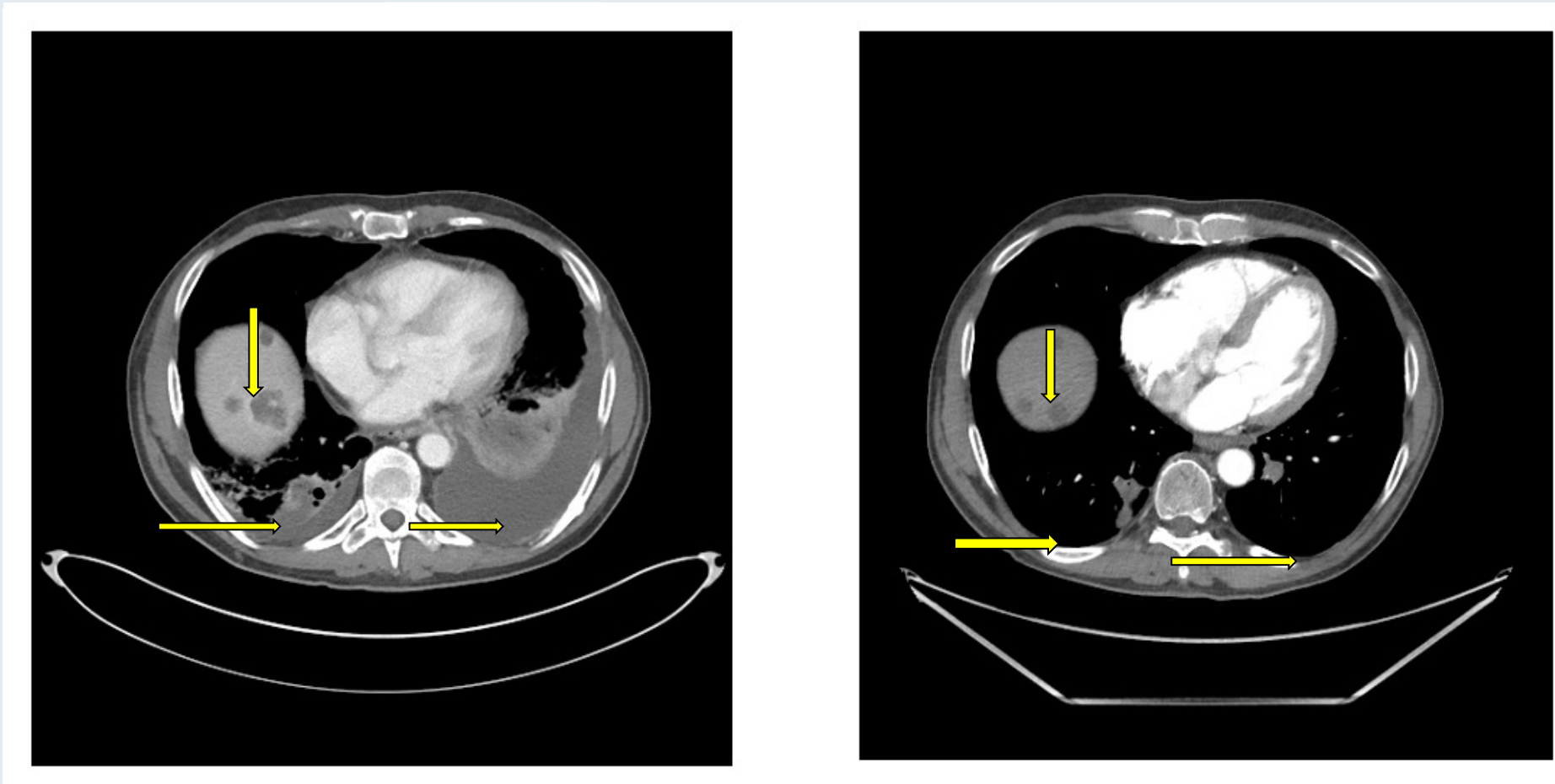
Questions

- ***What type of autoimmune past history would rise to the level that you would not consider using an IO agent, whether it be ipilimumab/nivolumab or pembrolizumab and initiate treatment with cabozantinib?***
- ***Would it be a past history of mild psoriasis? Would it be active lupus? Would it be a touch of RA at some point in the past? And how do you approach this? And how do you discuss this with your patients?***

Case Presentation – Dr Jonasch: A 58-year-old man with metastatic RCC and a history of polymyositis (continued)



Dr Eric Jonasch



Case Presentation – Dr Gupta: A 61-year-old woman with metastatic papillary RCC



Dr Ranju Gupta

- Diagnosed with papillary RCC, with liver, bone and adrenal metastases and tumor emboli in the left renal vein
- Ipilimumab/nivolumab, discontinued after 10 weeks due to PD
- 7/2019: Cabozantinib
- 12/2019: Added nivolumab to cabozantinib
- 9/2020: Switched to lenvatinib (14 mg) and everolimus (5 mg)

Questions

- What are your preferred first-line, second-line and later-line therapies for non-clear cell RCC?
- Do you have a preferred second-line treatment after ipilimumab/nivolumab?
- How do you manage tumor emboli in RCC? Should the patient have been started on anticoagulation?

Case Presentation – Dr Jonasch: A 67-year-old man with metastatic RCC



Dr Eric Jonasch

- PMH: Coronary artery bypass graft
- Develops sudden onset hematuria and imaging reveals large right renal mass
- Nephrectomy → postoperative imaging reveals multifocal bilateral pulmonary lesions
 - Asymptomatic

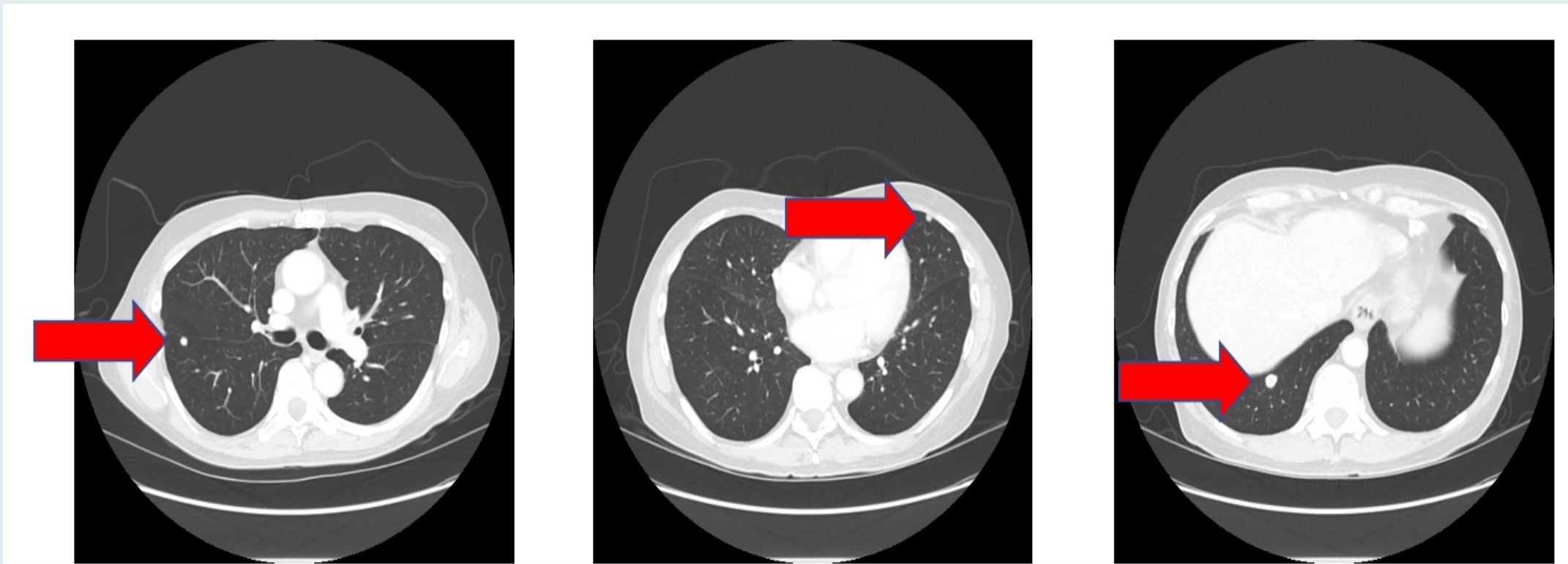
Questions

- What would you recommend for this patient? Would you recommend cytoreductive nephrectomy or initiation of systemic therapy?
- Does this patient need to start treatment immediately?

Case Presentation – Dr Jonasch: A 67-year-old man with metastatic RCC (continued)



Dr Eric Jonasch



Case Presentation – Dr Flores: An obese 61-year-old man with metastatic RCC



Dr Regina Flores

- History of hematuria that was self-limiting, obesity, HTN and atrial fibrillation (apixaban)
- Right renal mass 8.4 x 7.2-cm and bilateral pulmonary nodules
- Developed a TIA while being worked up and also found to be hypercalcemic, which was treated
- Plan: Discuss pros and cons of single-agent immunotherapy versus pembrolizumab/axitinib

Question

- What are your thoughts about the pros and cons of single-agent immunotherapy versus pembrolizumab/axitinib for this patient?

Case Presentation – Dr Jonasch: A 64-year-old man with clear cell RCC invasive into the renal vein



Dr Eric Jonasch

- Right renal mass found incidentally after presenting with abdominal pain and fever and diagnosis of diverticulitis
- Nephrectomy → Grade 3 clear cell RCC with renal vein invasion
- Post-operative imaging detects right parietal bone lesion

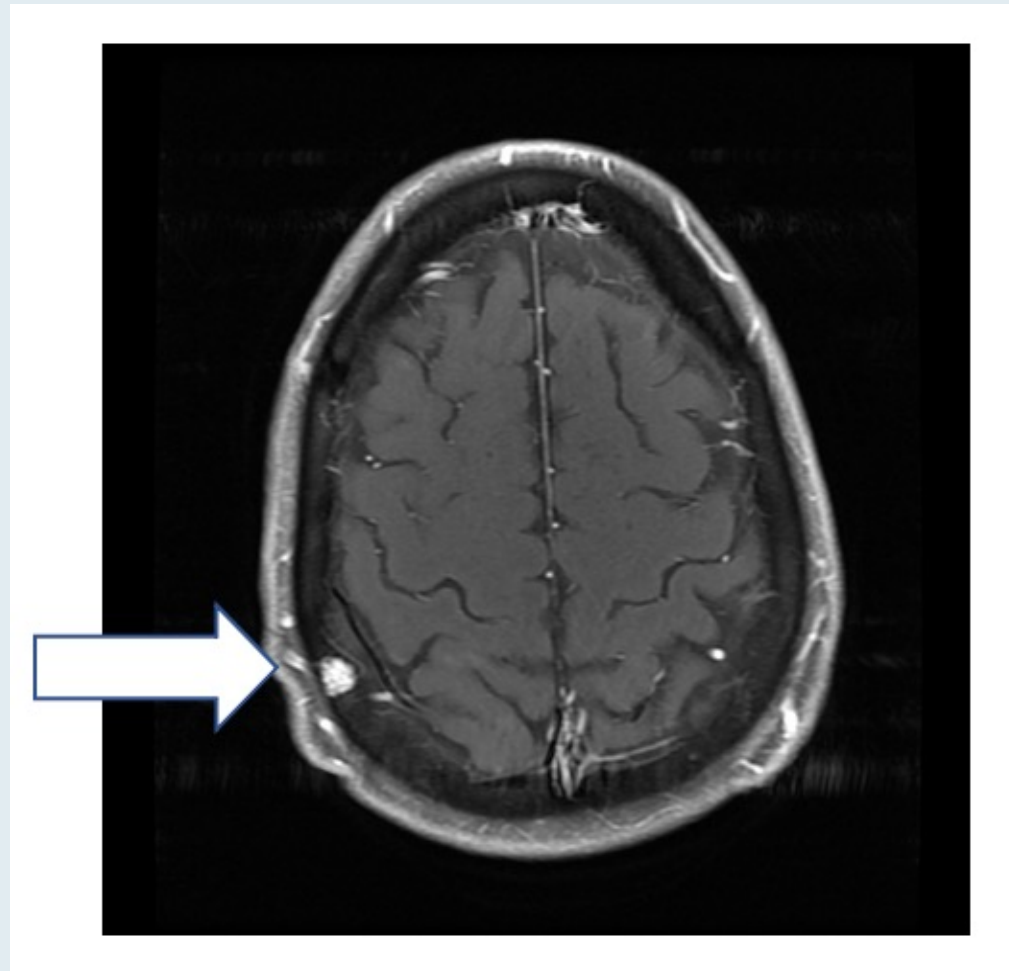
Questions

- What would you do next for this patient?

Case Presentation – Dr Jonasch: A 64-year-old man with clear cell RCC invasive into the renal vein (continued)



Dr Eric Jonasch



Case Presentation – Dr Jonasch: A 64-year-old man with clear cell RCC invasive into the renal vein (continued)



Dr Eric Jonasch

- Right renal mass found incidentally after presenting with abdominal pain and fever and diagnosis of diverticulitis
- Nephrectomy → Grade 3 clear cell RCC with renal vein invasion
- ***Benign parietal bone lesion***
- ***Adjuvant therapy not recommended***
- ***Observation x 2 years and ongoing***

Case Presentation – Dr Brooks: A 61-year-old man with metastatic clear cell RCC



Dr Philip Brooks

- 2013: Hematuria but no follow up until 2/2018
- Right radical nephrectomy, removal of part of the IVC and thrombectomy
 - T3bN0 clear cell RCC
- Mid-2019 follow up CT: Multiple pulmonary nodules (largest 16 x 13 mm) and a soft tissue mass to the right of the IVC measuring 3 cm
 - Asymptomatic
- Followed x 3 months but clear progression of pulmonary nodules
- 10/2019: Ipilimumab/nivolumab
 - Tolerated it very well but by the 4th dose of ipilimumab he developed hypothyroidism
 - Currently, receiving replacement thyroid and cortisol

Questions

- What are the treatment options for this asymptomatic patient?
- What are your thoughts about the use of nephrectomy in patients with metastatic disease?
- Would you delay treatment in order to get a patient vaccinated against COVID-19?

Meet The Professor with Prof Powles

MODULE 1: Case Presentations

- Dr Lamar: A 64-year-old woman with metastatic clear cell RCC
- Dr Jonasch: A 58-year-old man with metastatic RCC and a history of polymyositis
- Dr Gupta: A 61-year-old woman with metastatic papillary RCC
- Dr Jonasch: A 67-year-old man with metastatic RCC
- Dr Flores: An obese 61-year-old man with metastatic RCC
- Dr Jonasch: A 64-year-old man with clear cell RCC invasive into the renal vein
- Dr Brooks: A 61-year-old man with metastatic clear cell RCC

MODULE 2: Beyond the Guidelines

MODULE 3: Journal Club with Prof Powles

MODULE 4: Key Data Sets

Optimizing Front-Line Decision-Making for Advanced Renal Cell Carcinoma (RCC)

Regulatory and reimbursement issues aside, which first-line therapy would you recommend for a 65-year-old patient with a history of nephrectomy for clear cell renal cell carcinoma (RCC) who on routine follow-up 3 years later is found to have asymptomatic bone metastases (PS 0)?

1. Nivolumab/ipilimumab
2. Avelumab/axitinib
3. Pembrolizumab/axitinib
4. Pembrolizumab/lenvatinib
5. Nivolumab/cabozantinib
6. Tyrosine kinase inhibitor (TKI) monotherapy
7. Anti-PD-1/PD-L1 monotherapy
8. Other

Regulatory and reimbursement issues aside, which first-line therapy would you recommend for a 65-year-old patient with a history of nephrectomy for clear cell renal cell carcinoma (RCC) who on routine follow-up 3 years later is found to have asymptomatic bone metastases (PS = 0)?



Dr Choueiri

**Nivolumab/
cabozantinib**



Dr Motzer

**Nivolumab/
cabozantinib**



Dr Hutson

**Nivolumab/
cabozantinib**



Dr Plimack

**Pembrolizumab/
axitinib**



Dr Jonasch

**Nivolumab/
cabozantinib**



Prof Powles

**Pembrolizumab/
lenvatinib**



Dr McDermott

Nivolumab/ipilimumab



Dr Rini

**Pembrolizumab/
lenvatinib**

Regulatory and reimbursement issues aside, which first-line therapy would you recommend for a 65-year-old patient who presents with clear cell RCC with multiple painful bone metastases and hemoglobin (Hb) of 11.4 g/dL (PS 1)?

1. Nivolumab/ipilimumab
2. Avelumab/axitinib
3. Pembrolizumab/axitinib
4. Pembrolizumab/lenvatinib
5. Nivolumab/cabozantinib
6. TKI monotherapy
7. Anti-PD-1/PD-L1 monotherapy
8. Other

Regulatory and reimbursement issues aside, which first-line therapy would you recommend for a 65-year-old patient who presents with clear cell RCC with multiple painful bone metastases and hemoglobin (Hb) of 11.4 g/dL (PS = 1)?



Dr Choueiri

**Nivolumab/
cabozantinib**



Dr Motzer

Nivolumab/ipilimumab



Dr Hutson

**Nivolumab/
cabozantinib**



Dr Plimack

**Pembrolizumab/
lenvatinib**



Dr Jonasch

**Nivolumab/
cabozantinib**



Prof Powles

**Pembrolizumab/
axitinib**



Dr McDermott

**Pembrolizumab/
lenvatinib**



Dr Rini

**Pembrolizumab/
lenvatinib**

In general, which first-line therapy would you recommend for a 65-year-old patient who presents with metastatic clear cell RCC and for whom the use of immune checkpoint inhibitors is contraindicated?

1. Sunitinib
2. Pazopanib
3. Cabozantinib
4. Axitinib
5. Other

In general, which first-line therapy would you recommend for a 65-year-old patient who presents with metastatic clear cell RCC and for whom the use of immune checkpoint inhibitors is contraindicated?



Dr Choueiri

Cabozantinib



Dr Motzer

Cabozantinib



Dr Hutson

Cabozantinib



Dr Plimack

Pazopanib



Dr Jonasch

Sunitinib



Prof Powles

Pazopanib



Dr McDermott

Cabozantinib



Dr Rini

Cabozantinib

In general, how would you compare the efficacy of tivozanib to that of commercially available tyrosine kinase inhibitors (TKIs; eg, axitinib, cabozantinib, lenvatinib) in patients with relapsed metastatic RCC?



Dr Choueiri

I don't know (likely same as axitinib)



Dr Motzer

I don't know



Dr Hutson

Efficacy is about the same



Dr Plimack

Efficacy is about the same



Dr Jonasch

Efficacy is about the same



Prof Powles

Efficacy is about the same



Dr McDermott

Efficacy is about the same



Dr Rini

Efficacy is about the same

In general, how would you compare the tolerability of tivozanib to that of commercially available TKIs (eg, axitinib, cabozantinib, lenvatinib) in patients with relapsed metastatic RCC?



Dr Choueiri

Tivozanib is more tolerable



Dr Motzer

Tivozanib is more tolerable



Dr Hutson

Tivozanib is more tolerable



Dr Plimack

Tivozanib is more tolerable



Dr Jonasch

Tivozanib is more tolerable



Prof Powles

Tolerability is about the same



Dr McDermott

Tivozanib is more tolerable



Dr Rini

Tivozanib is more tolerable

Sequencing of Therapy for Patients with Relapsed/Refractory RCC; Novel Approaches under Investigation

In general, what would you recommend as second-line treatment for a 65-year-old patient (PS 0) with metastatic clear-cell RCC who receives first-line ipilimumab/nivolumab and experiences disease progression after 12 months?

1. Sunitinib
2. Pazopanib
3. Cabozantinib
4. Axitinib
5. Avelumab/axitinib
6. Pembrolizumab/axitinib
7. Nivolumab/cabozantinib
8. Other

In general, what would you recommend as second-line treatment for a 65-year-old patient (PS 0) with metastatic clear cell RCC who receives first-line ipilimumab/nivolumab and experiences disease progression after 12 months?



Dr Choueiri

Cabozantinib



Dr Motzer

Axitinib



Dr Hutson

Cabozantinib



Dr Plimack

**Pembrolizumab/
axitinib**



Dr Jonasch

Cabozantinib



Prof Powles

Cabozantinib



Dr McDermott

Cabozantinib



Dr Rini

Axitinib

In general, what would you recommend as second-line treatment for a 65-year-old patient (PS 0) with metastatic clear-cell RCC who receives first-line pembrolizumab/axitinib and experiences disease progression after 12 months?

1. Sunitinib
2. Pazopanib
3. Cabozantinib
4. Sorafenib
5. Lenvatinib/everolimus
6. Nivolumab/ipilimumab
7. Nivolumab/cabozantinib
8. Other

In general, what would you recommend as second-line treatment for a 65-year-old patient (PS 0) with metastatic clear cell RCC who receives first-line pembrolizumab/axitinib and experiences disease progression after 12 months?



Dr Choueiri

Cabozantinib



Dr Motzer

Cabozantinib



Dr Hutson

Cabozantinib



Dr Plimack

Cabozantinib



Dr Jonasch

Cabozantinib



Prof Powles

Cabozantinib



Dr McDermott

Cabozantinib



Dr Rini

Cabozantinib

In general, what would you recommend as second-line treatment for a 65-year-old patient (PS 0) with metastatic clear cell RCC who receives first-line nivolumab/cabozantinib and experiences disease progression after 12 months?

 Dr Choueiri	Lenvatinib + everolimus	 Dr Motzer	Lenvatinib + everolimus
 Dr Hutson	Lenvatinib + everolimus	 Dr Plimack	Lenvatinib + everolimus
 Dr Jonasch	Lenvatinib + everolimus	 Prof Powles	Axitinib
 Dr McDermott	Nivolumab/ipilimumab	 Dr Rini	Axitinib

Meet The Professor with Prof Powles

MODULE 1: Case Presentations

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- Dr Flores: An obese 61-year-old man with metastatic RCC
- Dr Jonasch: A 64-year-old man with clear cell RCC invasive into the renal vein
- Dr Brooks: A 61-year-old man with metastatic clear cell RCC

MODULE 2: Beyond the Guidelines

MODULE 3: Journal Club with Prof Powles

MODULE 4: Key Data Sets

Journal Club with Prof Powles

- Immunotherapy as curative therapy in advanced kidney and bladder cancer: Fantasy or reality?
- Molecular determinants of response to PD-L1 blockade across tumor types
- MK-6482, a HIF-2 α inhibitor, versus everolimus in heavily pretreated, ICI-resistant, advanced ccRCC
- Learning from crisis: A multicentre study of oncology telemedicine clinics introduced during COVID-19
- 2021 Updated European Association of Urology Guidelines on RCC: ICI-based combination therapies
- CLEAR: Depth of response and efficacy for selected subgroups receiving lenvatinib and pembrolizumab
- Differences between PD-1 and PD-L1 inhibitors in metastatic RCC: A systematic review and meta-analysis
- KEYNOTE-052: First-line pembrolizumab in cisplatin-ineligible patients with advanced urothelial cancer
- KEYNOTE-426: Hepatic toxicity in patients with advanced RCC receiving first-line pembrolizumab plus axitinib
- KEYNOTE-426: Pembrolizumab plus axitinib versus sunitinib as first-line therapy for advanced ccRCC

Immunotherapy As Curative Therapy in Advanced Kidney and Bladder Cancer: Fantasy or Reality?

Thomas Powles

Director of Barts Cancer Center.
Professor of Urology Cancer, Barts Cancer Institute.

ASCO 2021 Education Session

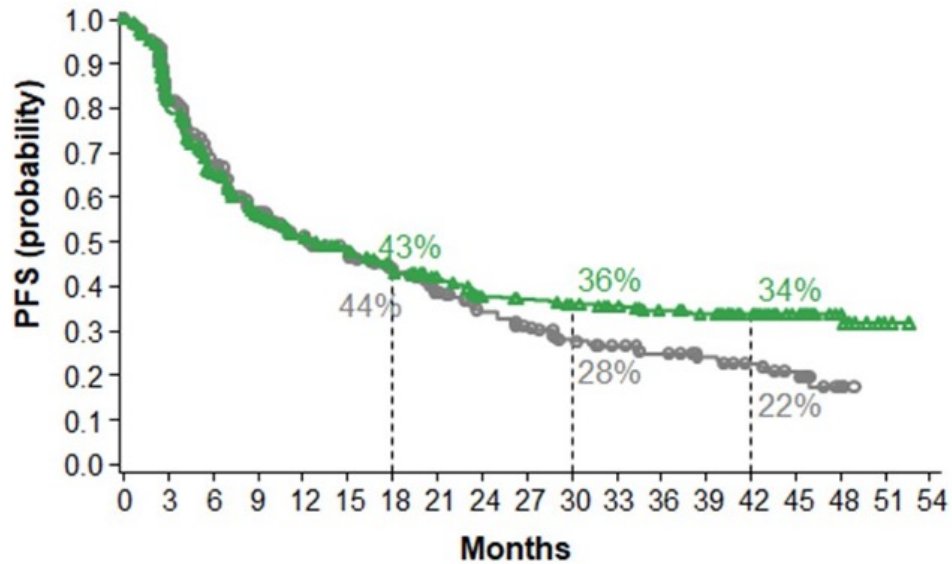


@tompowles1 @uromigos

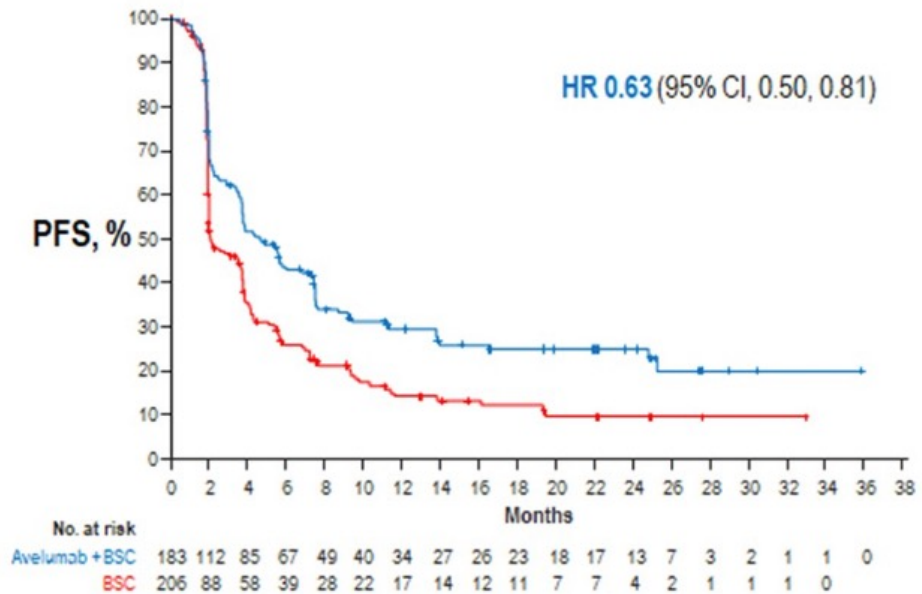


How many patients are we actually curing? Many of these are living with measurable disease

Ipilimumab and nivolumab
in advanced renal cancer (IMDC int/poor)

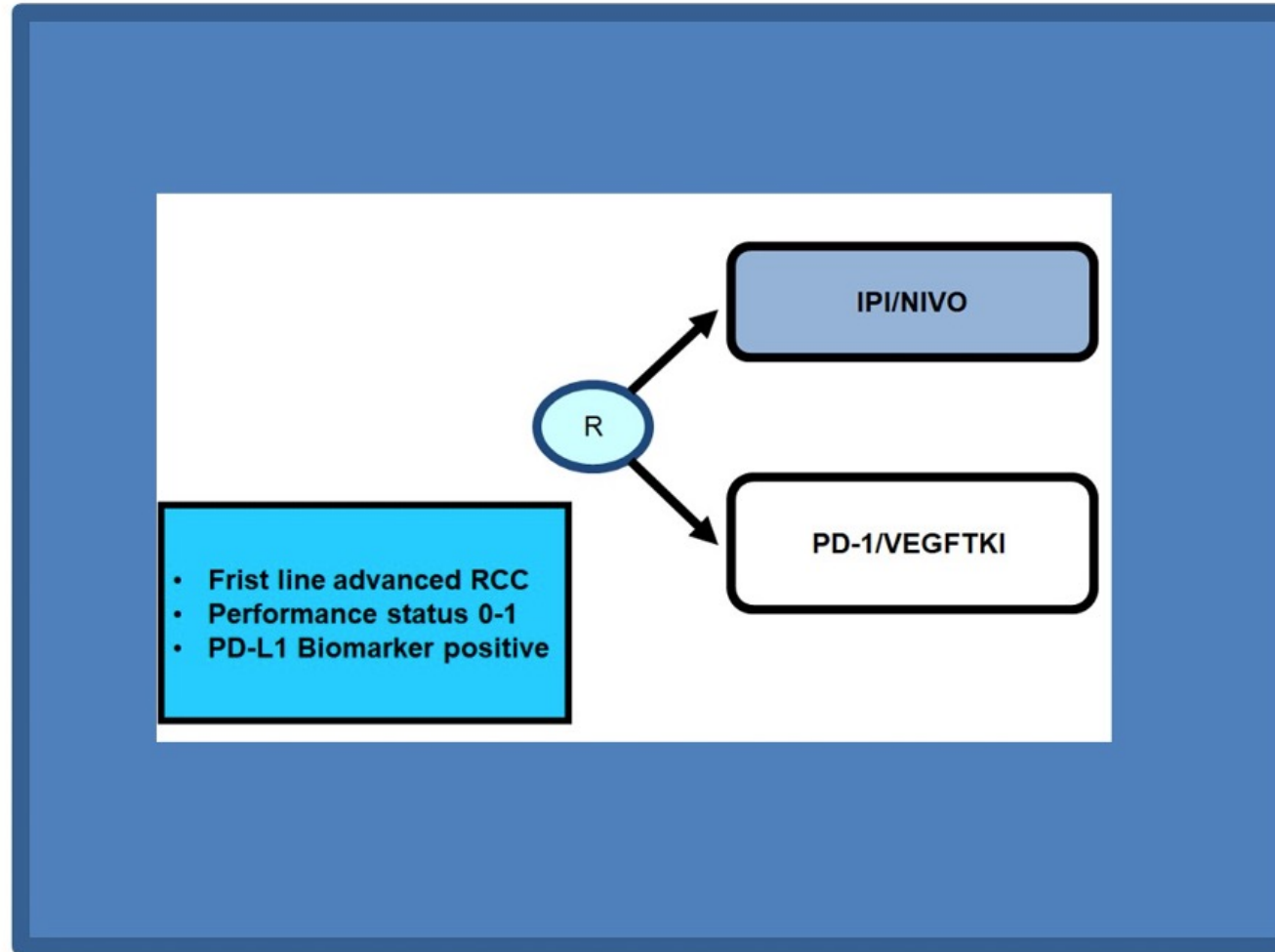


Maintenance avelumab
in UC patients not progressing on chemo.

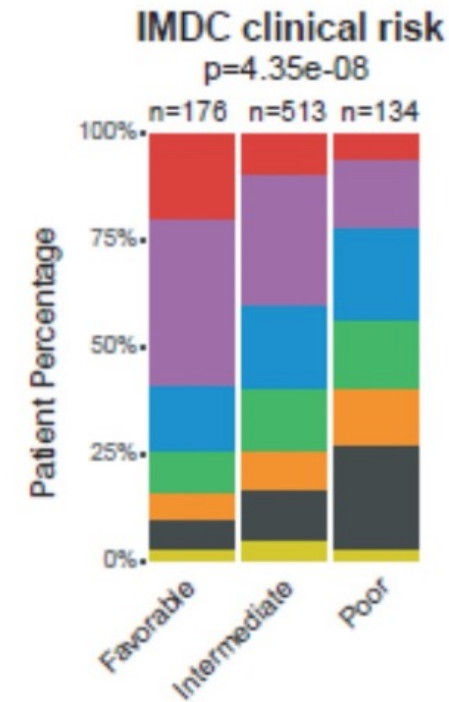
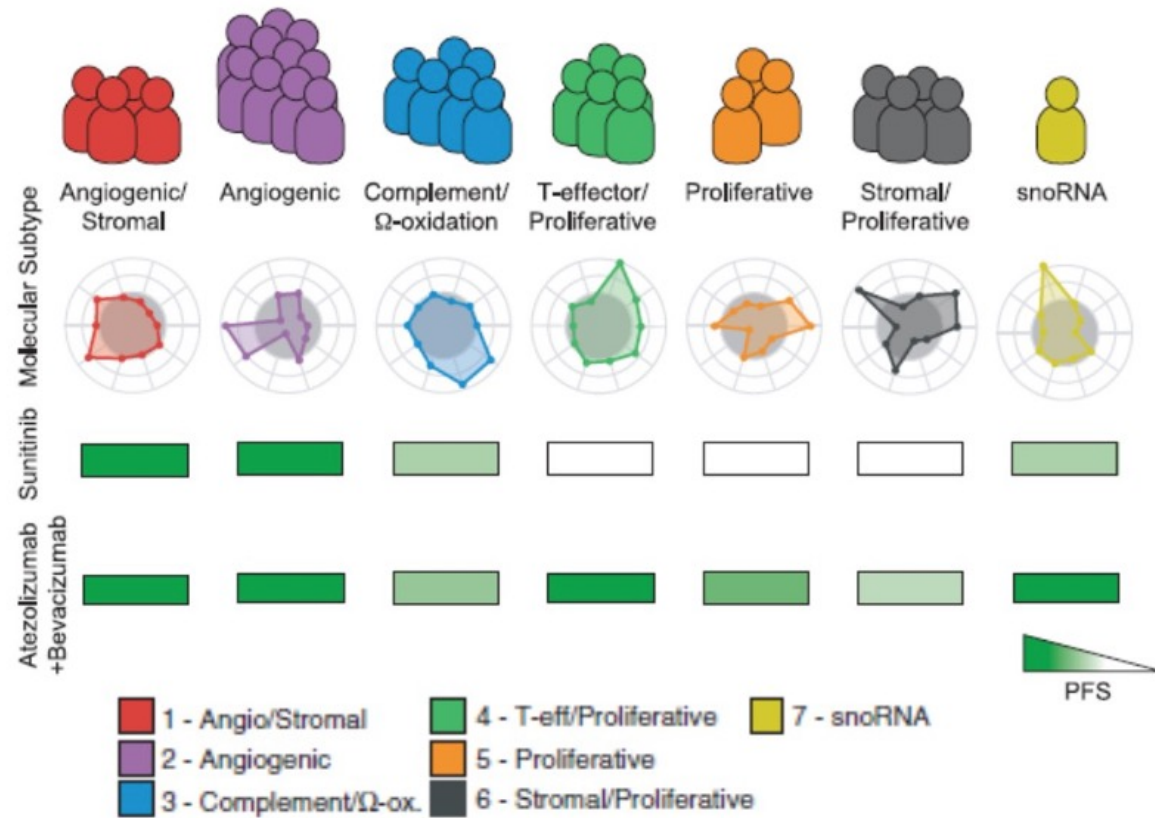


Albigues et al 2021, Powles et al 2020

Biomarker trial designs for kidney cancer: Who will do it?

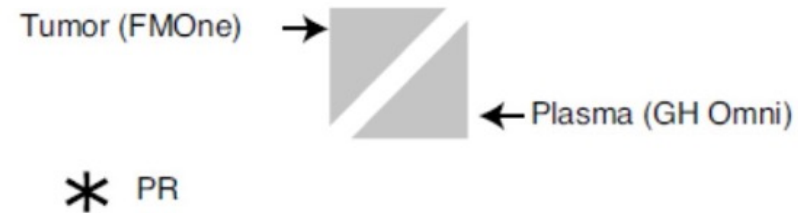
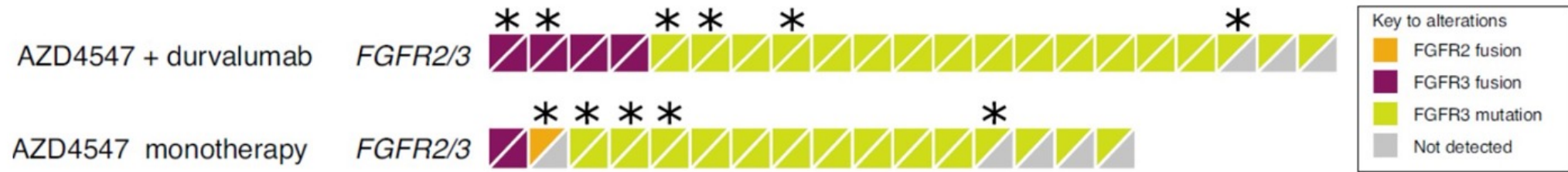


Molecular Subsets in Renal Cancer Determine Outcome to Checkpoint and Angiogenesis Blockade



Motzer Rini 2020

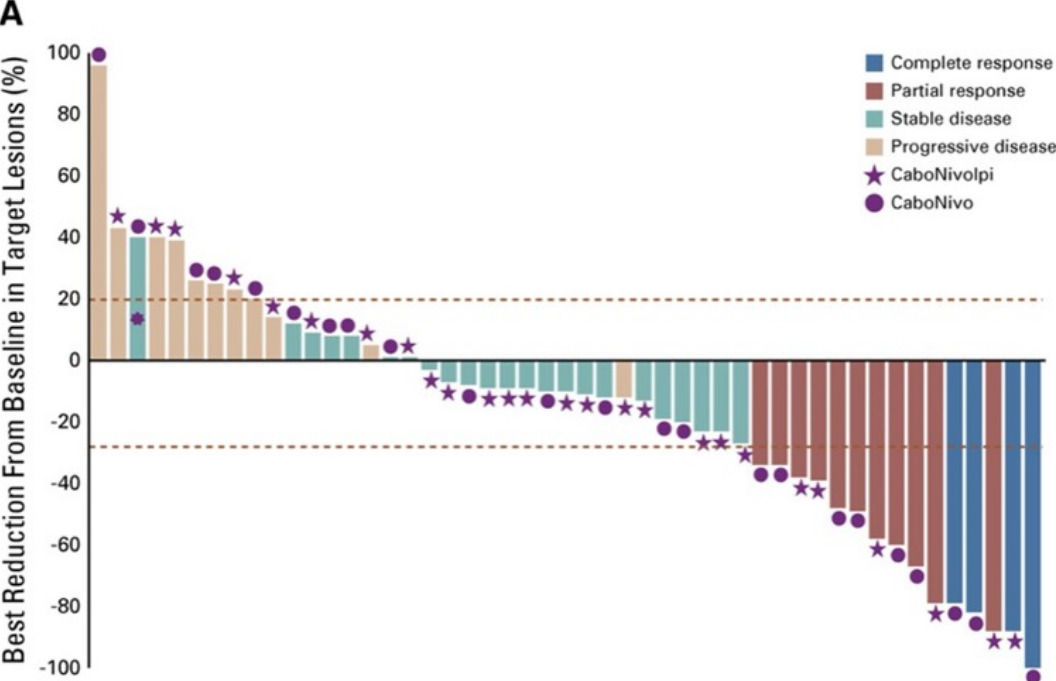
Circulating biomarker in urothelial cancer: FGFR DNA alterations from tissue and ctDNA strongly correlate



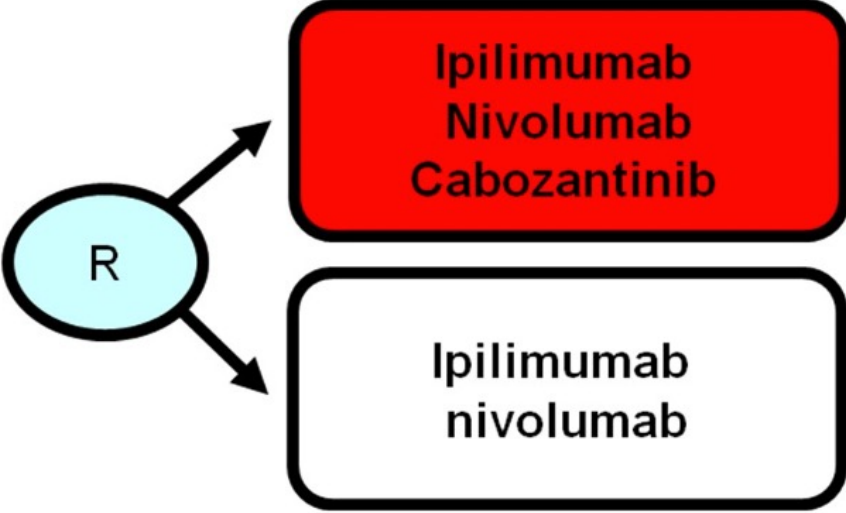
Carroll D ASCO 2019

Triplet therapy in clear cell renal cancer: will it improve cure?

Cabozantinib, ipilimumab and nivolumab in genito-urinary cancers.



COSMIC-313 trial












Apolo A JCO 2019

ARTICLE

<https://doi.org/10.1038/s41467-021-24112-w>

OPEN

Molecular determinants of response to PD-L1 blockade across tumor types

Romain Banchereau¹✉, Ning Leng¹, Oliver Zill ¹, Ethan Sokol², Gengbo Liu ¹, Dean Pavlick², Sophia Maund¹, Li-Fen Liu¹, Edward Kadel III ¹, Nicole Baldwin ³, Suchit Jhunjunwala¹, Dorothee Nickles¹, Zoe June Assaf¹, Daniel Bower¹, Namrata Patil¹, Mark McClelland¹, David Shames¹, Luciana Molinero¹, Mahrukh Huseni ¹, Shomyseh Sanjabi ¹, Craig Cummings¹, Ira Mellman ¹, Sanjeev Mariathasan ¹, Priti Hegde⁴ & Thomas Powles ⁵✉

MK-6482, a Hypoxia-Inducible Factor 2 α Inhibitor (HIF-2 α), versus Everolimus in Heavily Pretreated, Immune Checkpoint–Inhibitor-Resistant, Advanced Clear Cell Renal Cell Carcinoma (ccRCC): Phase III Study


Choueiri TK et al.

ASCO 2021;Abstract TPS368.

J Cancer Educ 2021:1-9



Learning from Crisis: a Multicentre Study of Oncology Telemedicine Clinics Introduced During COVID-19

Michael Grant^{1,2,3}  · Helen Hockings² · Maria Lapuente^{1,2} · Philip Adeniran^{1,2} · Rabiah Abbas Saud^{1,2} · Anjali Sivajothi^{1,2} · Jubel Amin^{1,2} · Shanthini M. Cruz² · Sukaina Rashid² · Bernadette Szabados^{1,2} · Paula Wells² · Ekaterini Boleti³ · Thomas B. Powles^{1,2}

available at www.sciencedirect.com
journal homepage: www.europeanurology.com



European Association of Urology

Eur Urol 2021;S0302-2838(21)00322-5



Platinum Opinion

The 2021 Updated European Association of Urology Guidelines on Renal Cell Carcinoma: Immune Checkpoint Inhibitor–based Combination Therapies for Treatment-naïve Metastatic Clear-cell Renal Cell Carcinoma Are Standard of Care

Jens Bedke^{a,b}, Laurence Albiges^c, Umberto Capitanio^{d,e}, Rachel H. Giles^f, Milan Hora^g, Thomas B. Lam^{h,i}, Börje Ljungberg^j, Lorenzo Marconi^k, Tobias Klatter^{l,m}, Alessandro Volpeⁿ, Yasmin Abu-Ghanem^o, Saeed Dabestani^p, Sergio Fernández Pello^q, Fabian Hofmann^r, Teele Kuusk^s, Rana Tahbaz^t, Thomas Powles^u, Axel Bex^{v,w,x,*}

Four ICI Combinations with Proven OS Benefit Form the New Standard First-Line Therapy for Metastatic ccRCC

	Standard of care	Alternative in patients who can not receive or tolerate immune checkpoint inhibitors
IMDC favourable risk	Nivolumab/cabozantinib [1b] Pembrolizumab/axitinib [1b] Pembrolizumab/lenvatinib [1b]	Sunitinib [1b] Pazopanib [1b]
IMDC intermediate and poor risk	Nivolumab/cabozantinib [1b] Pembrolizumab/axitinib [1b] Pembrolizumab/lenvatinib [1b] Nivolumab/ipilimumab [1b]	Cabozantinib [2a] Sunitinib [1b] Pazopanib* [1b]

Fig. 1 – Updated European Association of Urology guidelines recommendations for the first-line treatment of metastatic clear-cell renal cancer.

IMDC = The International Metastatic Renal Cell Carcinoma Database Consortium.

***pazopanib for intermediate-risk disease only.**

[1b] = based on a randomised controlled phase III trial.

[2a] = based on a well-designed study without randomisation, or a subgroup analysis of a randomised controlled trial.

ANALYSIS OF THE CLEAR STUDY IN PATIENTS WITH ADVANCED RENAL CELL CARCINOMA: DEPTH OF RESPONSE AND EFFICACY FOR SELECTED SUBGROUPS IN THE LENVATINIB-PLUS-PEMBROLIZUMAB AND SUNITINIB TREATMENT ARMS

Viktor Grünwald¹, Thomas Powles², Evgeny Kopyltsov³, Vadim Kozlov⁴, Teresa Alonso Gordo⁵, Masatoshi Eto⁶, Thomas Hutson⁷, Robert Motzer⁸, Eric Winquist⁹, Pablo Maroto¹⁰, Bhumsuk Keam¹¹, Giuseppe Procopio¹², Shirley Wong¹³, Bohuslav Melichar¹⁴, Frederic Rolland¹⁵, Mototsugu Oya¹⁶, Karla Rodriguez-Lopez¹⁷, Kenichi Saito¹⁸, Alan Smith¹⁹, Camillo Porta²⁰

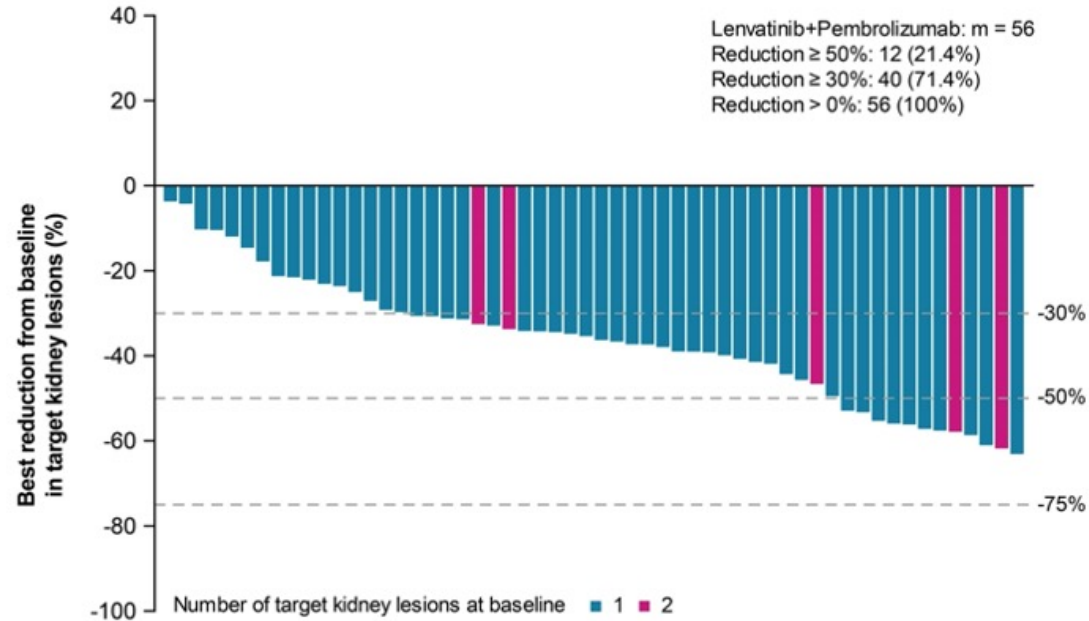
¹University Hospital Essen, Essen, Germany; ²The Royal Free NHS Trust, London, England, UK; ³State Institution of Healthcare "Regional Clinical Oncology Dispensary", Omsk, Russia; ⁴State Budgetary Health Care Institution "Novosibirsk Regional Clinical Oncology Dispensary", Novosibirsk, Russia; ⁵Hospital Universitario Ramón y Cajal, Madrid, Spain; ⁶Kyushu University, Fukuoka, Japan; ⁷Texas Oncology, Dallas, TX, USA; ⁸Memorial Sloan Kettering Cancer Center, New York, NY, USA; ⁹Western University, London, Ontario, Canada; ¹⁰Hospital de la Santa Creu i Sant Pau, Barcelona, Spain; ¹¹Seoul National University Hospital, Seoul, Korea; ¹²Fondazione IRCCS Istituto Nazionale dei Tumori di Milano, Milan, Italy; ¹³Western Health, VIC, Australia; ¹⁴Palacký University Medical School and Teaching Hospital, Olomouc, Czech Republic; ¹⁵Centre René Gauducheau Centre de Lutte Contre Le Cancer Nantes, Saint-Herblain, France; ¹⁶Keio University School of Medicine, Tokyo, Japan; ¹⁷Merck & Co., Inc., Kenilworth, NJ, USA; ¹⁸Eisai Inc., Woodcliff Lake, NJ, USA; ¹⁹Eisai Ltd., Hatfield, England, UK; ²⁰San Matteo University Hospital Foundation, Pavia, Italy.

June 4–8, 2021

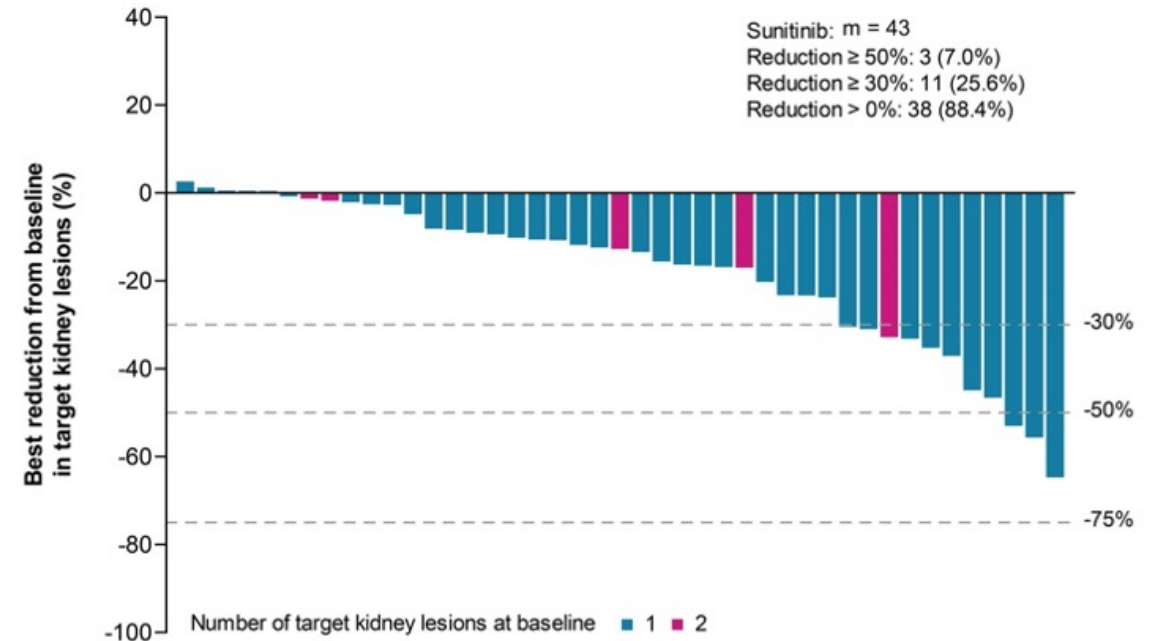
Abstract No. 4560

Depth of Response in Target Kidney Lesions

Lenvatinib plus Pembrolizumab



Sunitinib



Conclusion: Overall, these results show that lenvatinib plus pembrolizumab improved efficacy outcomes versus sunitinib across evaluable subgroups. Notably, all patients with a complete response to lenvatinib plus pembrolizumab at 6 months were alive at 2 years.

Maximum Tumor Shrinkage From Baseline in Target Kidney Lesions; tumors assessed by Independent Review Committee per RECIST v1.1

Presented By: Viktor Grünwald

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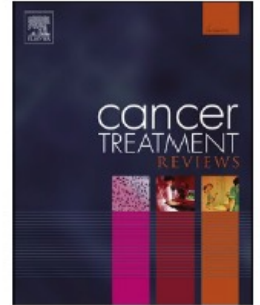


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Systematic or Meta-analysis Studies

Differences in oncological and toxicity outcomes between programmed cell death-1 and programmed cell death ligand-1 inhibitors in metastatic renal cell carcinoma: A systematic review and meta-analysis

Keiichiro Mori ^{a,b,1}, Benjamin Pradere ^{a,1}, Fahad Quhal ^{a,c}, Satoshi Katayama ^{a,d},
Hadi Mostafaei ^{a,e}, Ekaterina Laukhtina ^{a,f}, Victor M. Schuettfort ^{a,g}, David D'Andrea ^a,
Shin Egawa ^b, Karim Bensalah ^h, Manuela Schmidinger ⁱ, Thomas Powles ^j,
Shahrokh F. Shariat ^{a,f,k,l,m,n,o,*}



First-Line Pembrolizumab in Cisplatin-Ineligible Patients With Advanced Urothelial Cancer: Response and Survival Results Up to 5 Years From the KEYNOTE-052 Phase 2 Study

P. H. O'Donnell¹; A. V. Balar²; J. Vuky³; D. E. Castellano⁴; J. Bellmunt⁵; T. Powles⁶; D. F. Bajorin⁷; P. Grivas⁸; N. M. Hahn⁹; E. R. Plimack¹⁰; J. Z. Xu¹¹; J. L. Godwin¹¹; B. Homet Moreno¹¹; R. de Wit¹²

¹The University of Chicago, Chicago, IL, USA; ²Perlmutter Cancer Center, NYU Langone Health, New York, NY, USA; ³Oregon Health & Science University, Portland, OR, USA; ⁴Hospital Universitario 12 de Octubre, Madrid, Spain; ⁵Beth Israel Deaconess Medical Center, Harvard Medical School, Boston, MA, USA; ⁶Barts Cancer Institute, Queen Mary University of London, London, United Kingdom; ⁷Memorial Sloan Kettering Cancer Center, New York, NY, USA; ⁸University of Washington, Seattle, WA, USA; ⁹The Sidney Kimmel Comprehensive Cancer Center, Johns Hopkins Medicine, Baltimore, MD, USA; ¹⁰Fox Chase Cancer Center, Philadelphia, PA, USA; ¹¹Merck & Co., Inc., Kenilworth, NJ, USA; ¹²Erasmus MC Cancer Institute, Rotterdam, Netherlands

available at www.sciencedirect.com
journal homepage: euoncology.europeanurology.com



European Association of Urology

Eur Urol Oncol 2021:S2588-9311(21)00113-9



Characterization and Management of Treatment-emergent Hepatic Toxicity in Patients with Advanced Renal Cell Carcinoma Receiving First-line Pembrolizumab plus Axitinib. Results from the KEYNOTE-426 Trial

Brian I. Rini^{a,*}, Michael B. Atkins^b, Elizabeth R. Plimack^c, Denis Soulières^d,
Raymond S. McDermott^e, Jens Bedke^f, Sophie Tartas^g, Boris Alekseev^h, Bohuslav Melicharⁱ,
Yaroslav Shparyk^j, Chihiro Kondoh^k, Przemyslaw Langiewicz^l, Lori A. Wood^m,
Hans Hammersⁿ, Cynthia G. Silber^o, Barbara Haber^o, Erin Jensen^o, Mei Chen^o, Thomas Powles^p

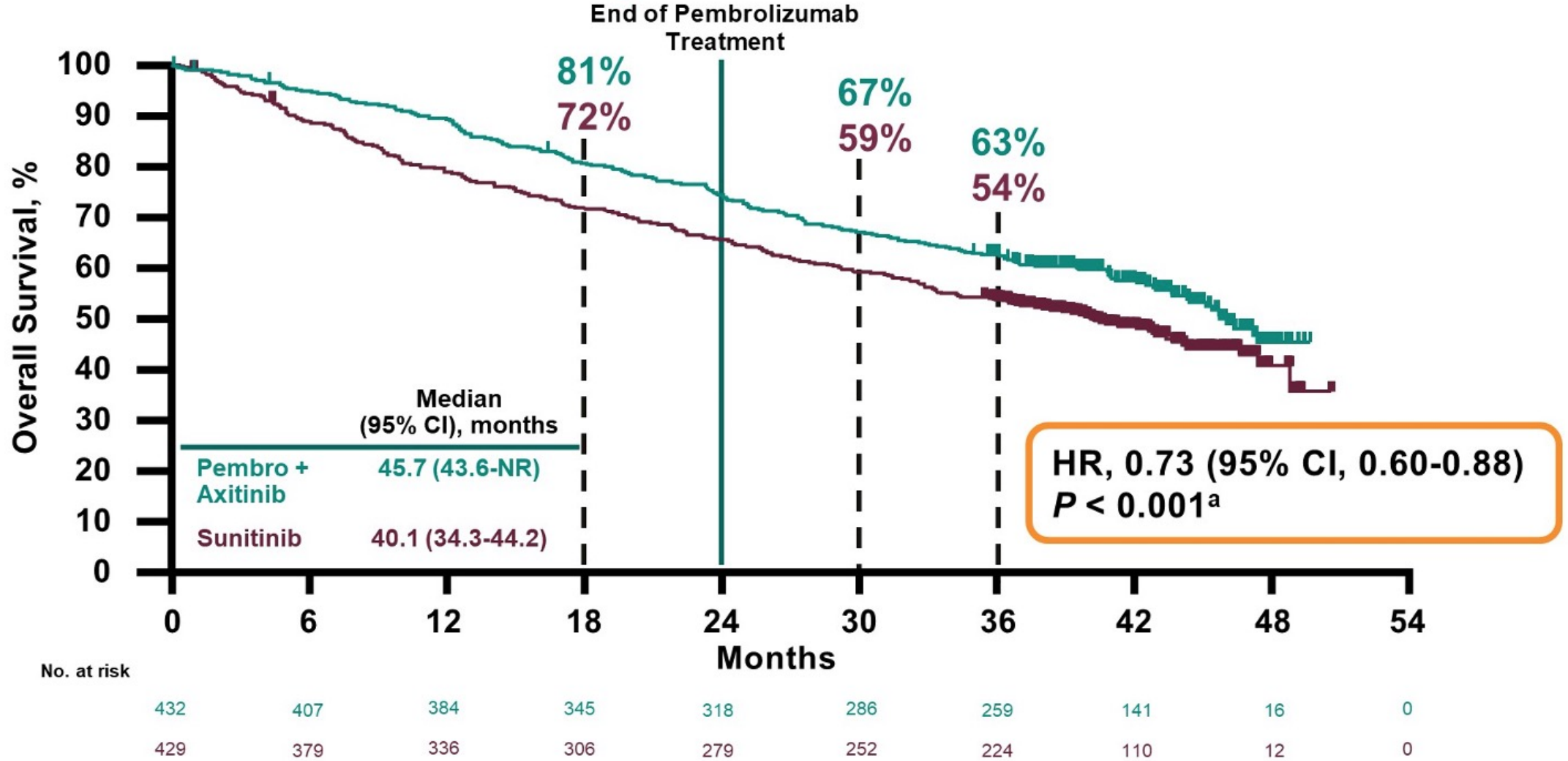
Pembrolizumab Plus Axitinib Versus Sunitinib as First-Line Therapy for Advanced Clear Cell Renal Cell Carcinoma: Results From 42-Month Follow-Up of KEYNOTE-426

B. I. Rini¹; E. R. Plimack²; V. Stus³; T. Waddell⁴; R. Gafanov⁵; F. Pouliot⁶; D. Nosov⁷; B. Melichar⁸; D. Soulieres⁹; D. Borchiellini¹⁰; I. Vynnychenko¹¹; R. S. McDermott¹²; S. J. Azevedo¹³; S. Tamada¹⁴; A. Kryzhanivska¹⁵; C. Li¹⁶; J. E. Burgents¹⁶; L. R. Molife¹⁷; J. Bedke¹⁸; T. Powles¹⁹

ASCO 2021; Abstract 4500

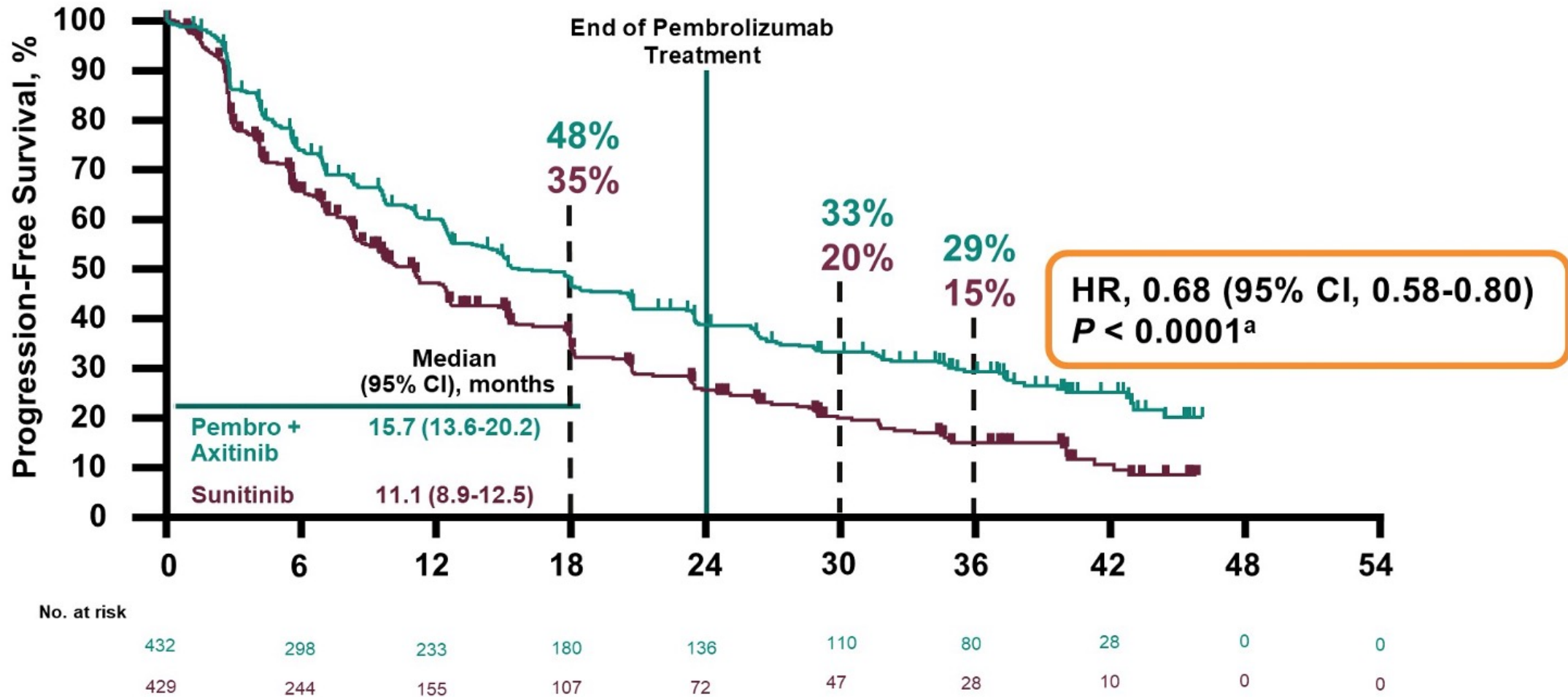
¹Vanderbilt-Ingram Cancer Center, Nashville, TN, USA; ²Fox Chase Cancer Center, Philadelphia, PA, USA; ³Dnipropetrovsk Medical Academy of Ministry of Health of Ukraine, Dnipro, Ukraine; ⁴The Christie NHS Foundation Trust, Manchester, United Kingdom; ⁵Russian Scientific Center of Roentgenoradiology, Moscow, Russia; ⁶CHU of Québec and Laval University, Québec City, QC, Canada; ⁷Central Clinical Hospital With Outpatient Clinic, Moscow, Russia; ⁸Palacky University Medical School and Teaching Hospital, Olomouc, Czech Republic; ⁹Centre Hospitalier de l'Universitaire de Montréal, Montréal, QC, Canada; ¹⁰Centre Antoine Lacassagne, Université Côte d'Azur, Nice, France; ¹¹Sumy State University, Sumy Regional Oncology Center, Sumy, Ukraine; ¹²Adelaide and Meath Hospital and University College Dublin, Dublin, Ireland; ¹³Hospital de Clínicas de Porto Alegre, Porto Alegre, Brazil; ¹⁴Osaka City University Hospital, Osaka, Japan; ¹⁵Ivano-Frankivsk National Medical University, Ivano-Frankivsk, Ukraine; ¹⁶Merck & Co., Inc., Kenilworth, NJ, USA; ¹⁷MSD UK, London, United Kingdom; ¹⁸Eberhard Karls Universität Tübingen, Tübingen, Germany; ¹⁹Barts Health NHS Trust and the Royal Free NHS Foundation Trust, Barts Cancer Institute, and Queen Mary University of London, London, United Kingdom

OS in the ITT Population



^aBecause superiority of pembrolizumab + axitinib was shown at the first interim analysis, no alpha was allocated to OS; only nominal *P* values are reported. Data cutoff: January 11, 2021.

PFS in the ITT Population



^aBecause superiority of pembrolizumab + axitinib was shown at the first interim analysis, no alpha was allocated to PFS; only nominal *P* values are reported. Data cutoff: January 11, 2021.

Meet The Professor with Prof Powles

MODULE 1: Case Presentations

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- Dr Jonasch: A 67-year-old man with metastatic RCC
- Dr Flores: An obese 61-year-old man with metastatic RCC
- Dr Jonasch: A 64-year-old man with clear cell RCC invasive into the renal vein
- Dr Brooks: A 61-year-old man with metastatic clear cell RCC


MODULE 2: Beyond the Guidelines

MODULE 3: Journal Club with Prof Powles

MODULE 4: Key Data Sets



Nivolumab plus ipilimumab versus sunitinib for first-line treatment of advanced renal cell carcinoma: extended 4-year follow-up of the phase III CheckMate 214 trial

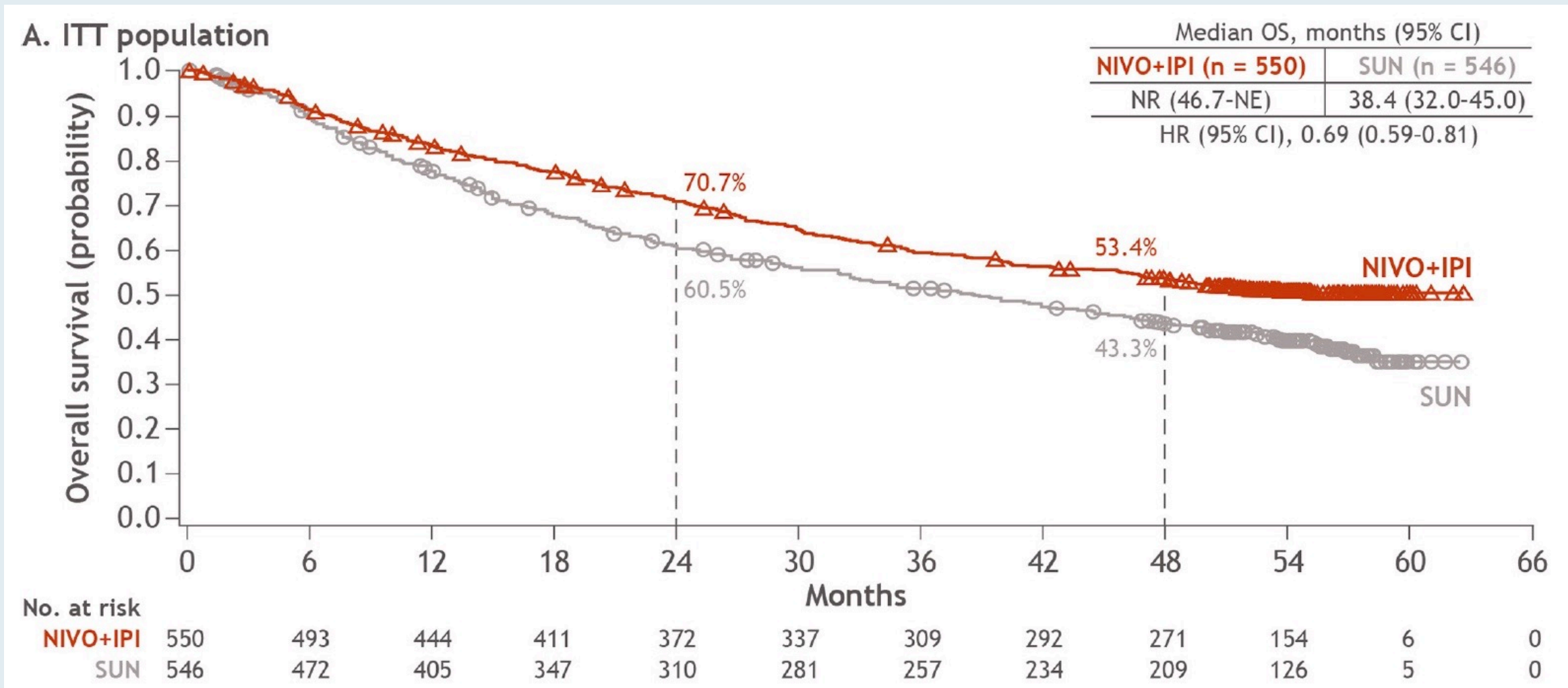
Laurence Albiges ¹, Nizar M Tannir,² Mauricio Burotto,³ David McDermott,^{4,5} Elizabeth R Plimack,⁶ Philippe Barthélémy,^{7,8} Camillo Porta ⁹, Thomas Powles,^{10,11} Frede Donskov,¹² Saby George,¹³ Christian K Kollmannsberger,¹⁴ Howard Gurney,^{15,16} Marc-Oliver Grimm,¹⁷ Yoshihiko Tomita,¹⁸ Daniel Castellano,¹⁹ Brian I Rini,²⁰ Toni K Choueiri,²¹ Shruti Shally Saggi,²² M Brent McHenry,²³ Robert J Motzer²⁴

ESMO Open 2020;5(6):e001079.

CheckMate 214: Overall Response and Best Response Rate per IRRC at 4 Years Minimum Follow-Up in ITT Population

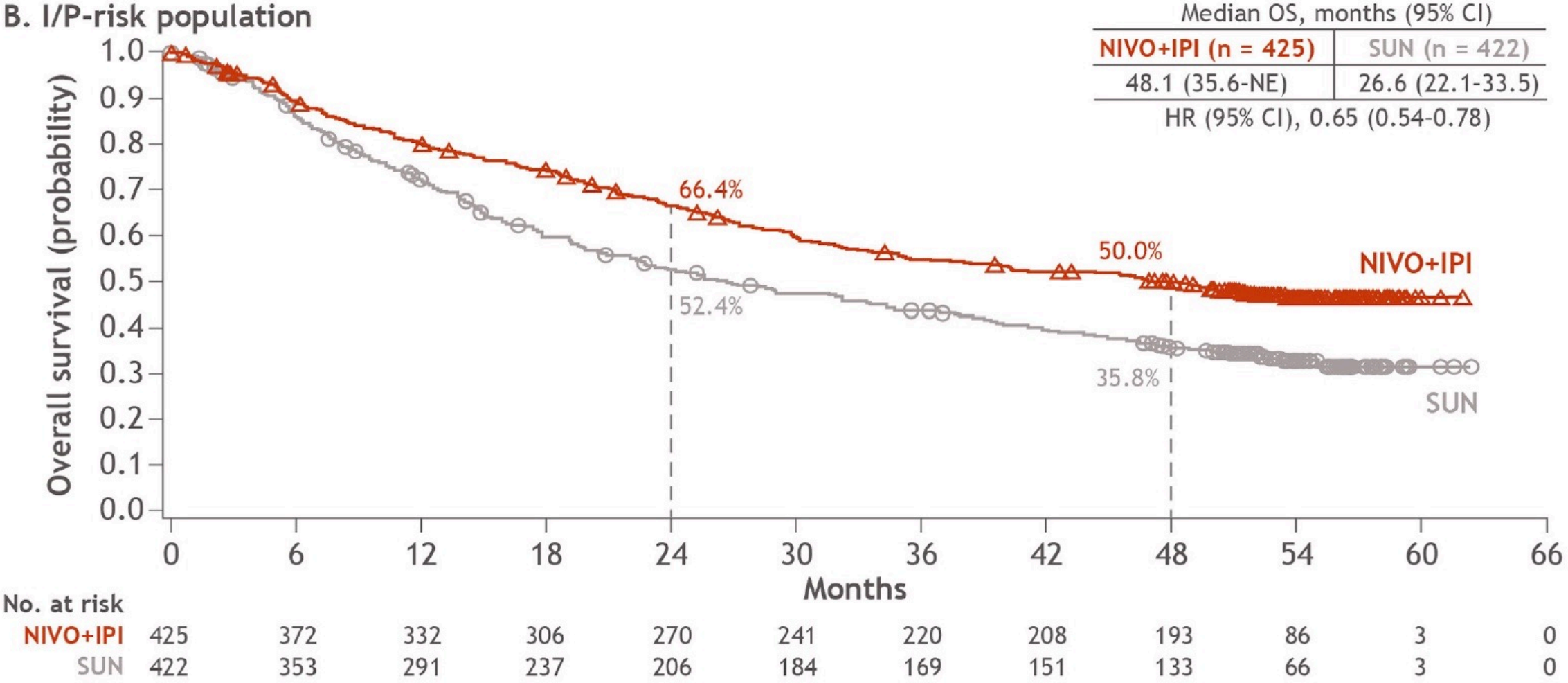
	Intent-to-Treat		Intermediate/Poor Risk		Favorable Risk	
	Nivo + Ipi (n = 550)	Sunitinib (n = 546)	Nivo + Ipi (n = 425)	Sunitinib (n = 422)	Nivo + Ipi (n = 125)	Sunitinib (n = 124)
Confirmed ORR	39.1%	32.4%	41.9%	26.8%	29.6%	51.6%
CR	10.7%	2.6%	10.4%	1.4%	12.0%	6.5%
PR	28.4%	29.9%	31.5%	25.4%	17.6%	45.2%
Stable disease	36.0%	42.1%	30.8%	44.3%	53.6%	34.7%
Progressive disease	17.6%	14.1%	19.3%	16.8%	12.0%	4.8%
Ongoing response	65.1%	52.0%	65.2%	49.6%	64.9%	56.3%

CheckMate 214: Overall Survival (ITT)



CheckMate 214: Overall Survival (Intermediate/Poor Risk)

B. I/P-risk population



Albiges L et al. *ESMO Open* 2020;5(6):e001079.

ORIGINAL ARTICLE

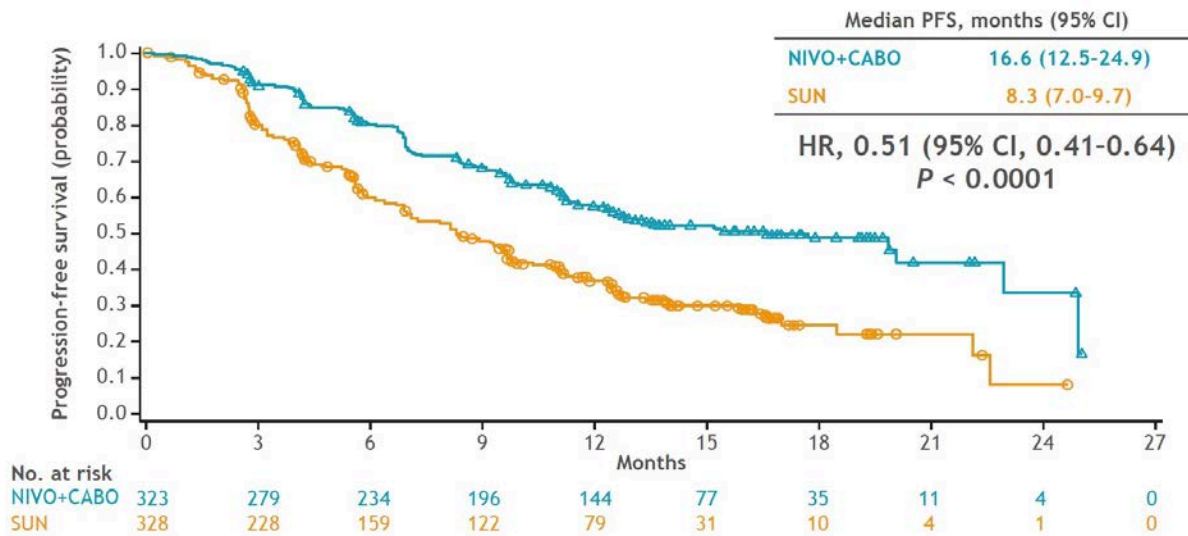
Nivolumab plus Cabozantinib versus Sunitinib for Advanced Renal-Cell Carcinoma

T.K. Choueiri, T. Powles, M. Burotto, B. Escudier, M.T. Bourlon, B. Zurawski, V.M. Oyervides Juárez, J.J. Hsieh, U. Basso, A.Y. Shah, C. Suárez, A. Hamzaj, J.C. Goh, C. Barrios, M. Richardet, C. Porta, R. Kowalyszyn, J.P. Feregrino, J. Żołnierek, D. Pook, E.R. Kessler, Y. Tomita, R. Mizuno, J. Bedke, J. Zhang, M.A. Maurer, B. Simsek, F. Ejzykowicz, G.M. Schwab, A.B. Apolo, and R.J. Motzer, for the CheckMate 9ER Investigators*

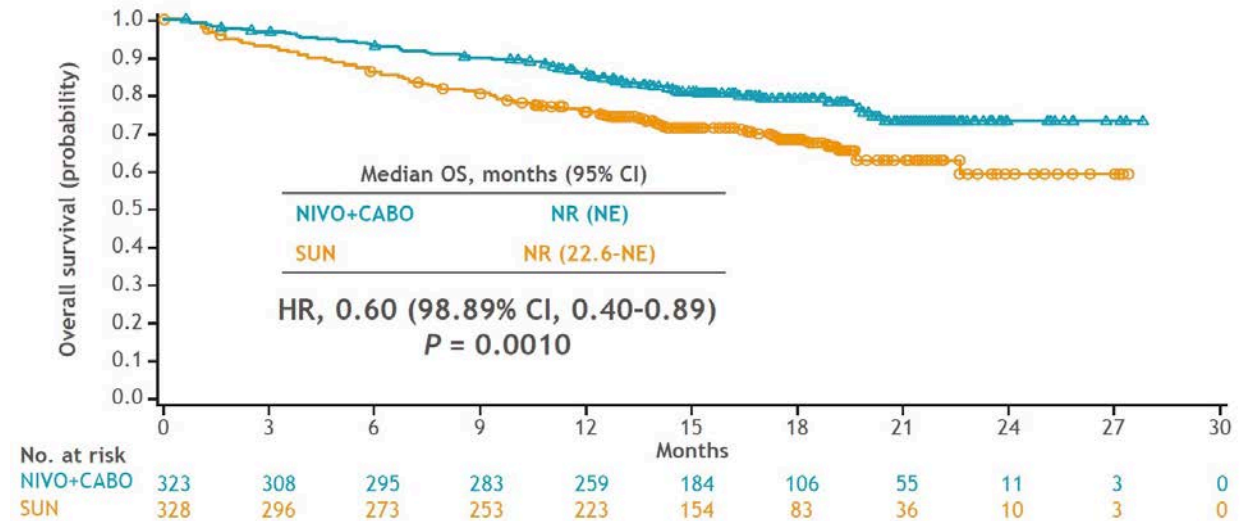
N Engl J Med 2021;384(9):829-41.

CheckMate 9ER Survival Analyses: Nivolumab/Cabozantinib for Previously Untreated Advanced RCC

Progression-free survival per BICR



Overall survival



ABSTRACT 4509: NIVOLUMAB PLUS CABOZANTINIB IN PATIENTS WITH NON-CLEAR CELL RENAL CELL CARCINOMA: RESULTS OF A PHASE 2 TRIAL



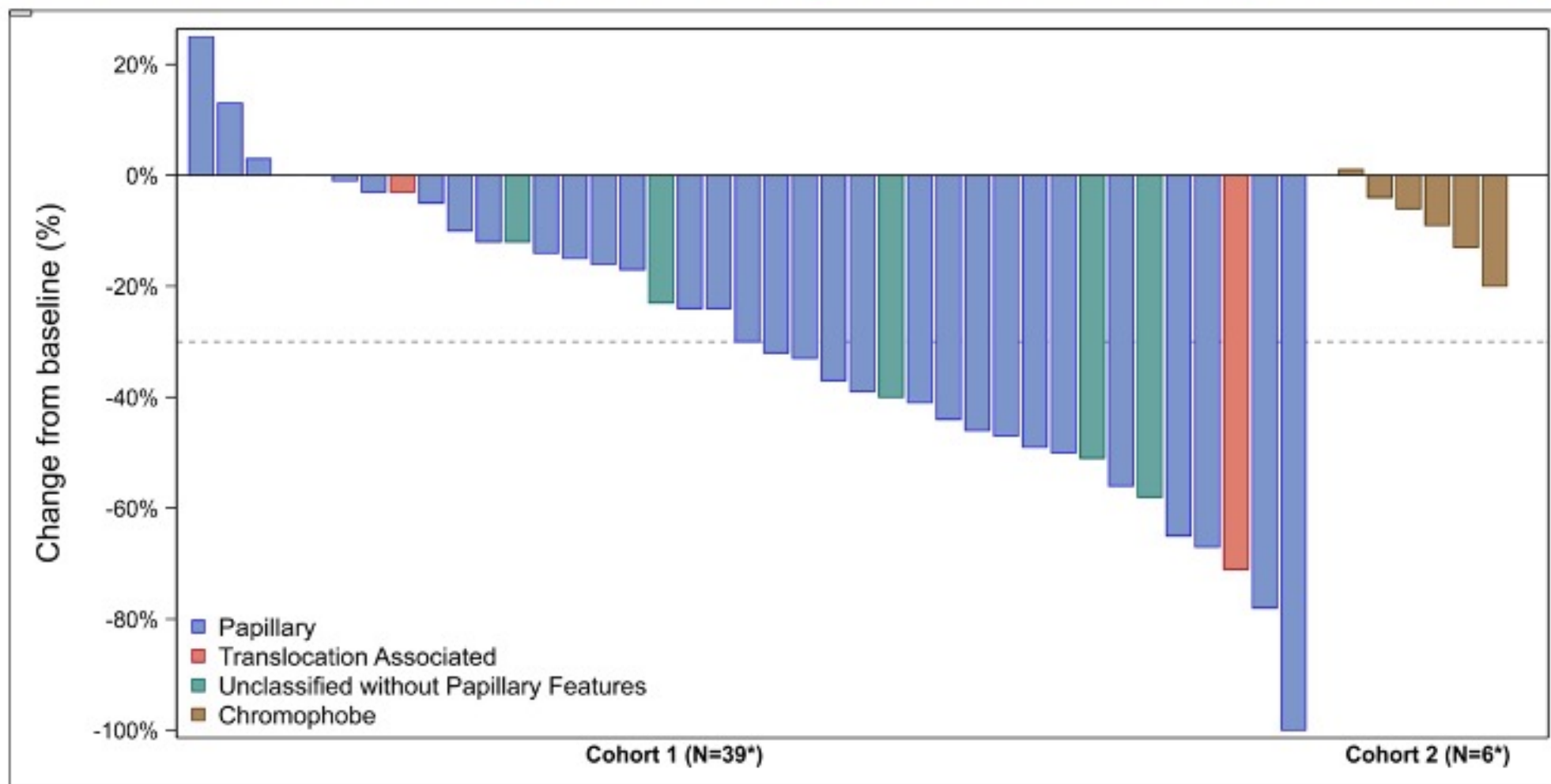
Memorial Sloan Kettering
Cancer Center™

Chung-Han Lee, Martin H Voss, Maria Isabel Carlo, Ying-Bei Chen, Ed Reznik, Andrea Knezevic, Robert A Lefkowitz, Natalie Shapnik, Diana Tassone, Chloe Dadoun, Mark Zucker, Neil J. Shah, Colette Ngozi Owens, Deaglan Joseph McHugh, David Henry Aggen, Andrew Leonard Laccetti, Ritesh Kotecha, Darren R. Feldman, Robert J. Motzer

June 6, 2021

Corresponding Author Contact:
Dr. Chung-Han Lee
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Maximum Change in Target Lesions by Histology

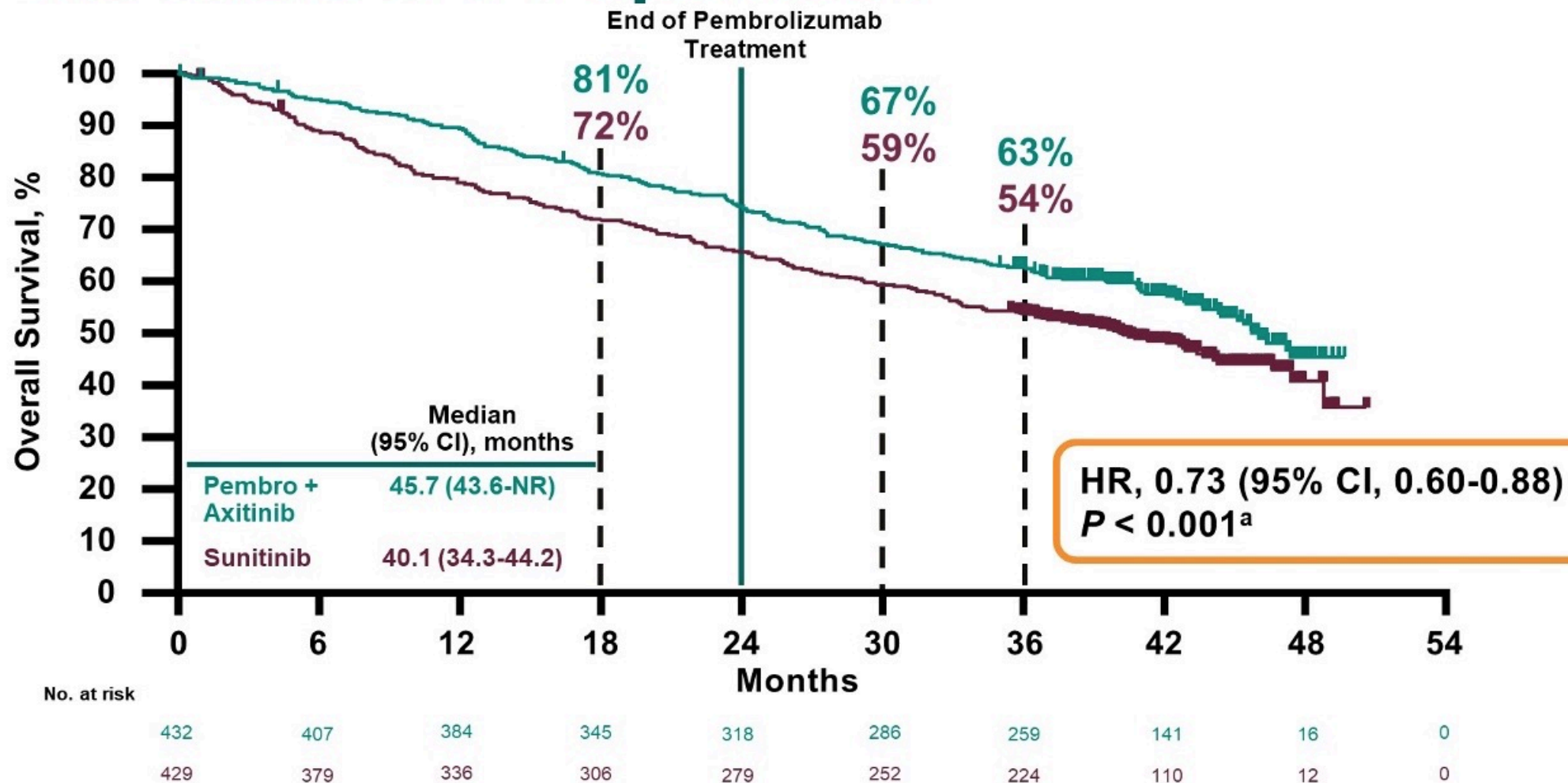


Pembrolizumab Plus Axitinib Versus Sunitinib as First-Line Therapy for Advanced Clear Cell Renal Cell Carcinoma: Results From 42-Month Follow-Up of KEYNOTE-426

B. I. Rini¹; E. R. Plimack²; V. Stus³; T. Waddell⁴; R. Gafanov⁵; F. Pouliot⁶; D. Nosov⁷; B. Melichar⁸; D. Soulieres⁹; D. Borchiellini¹⁰; I. Vynnychenko¹¹; R. S. McDermott¹²; S. J. Azevedo¹³; S. Tamada¹⁴; A. Kryzhanivska¹⁵; C. Li¹⁶; J. E. Burgents¹⁶; L. R. Molife¹⁷; J. Bedke¹⁸; T. Powles¹⁹

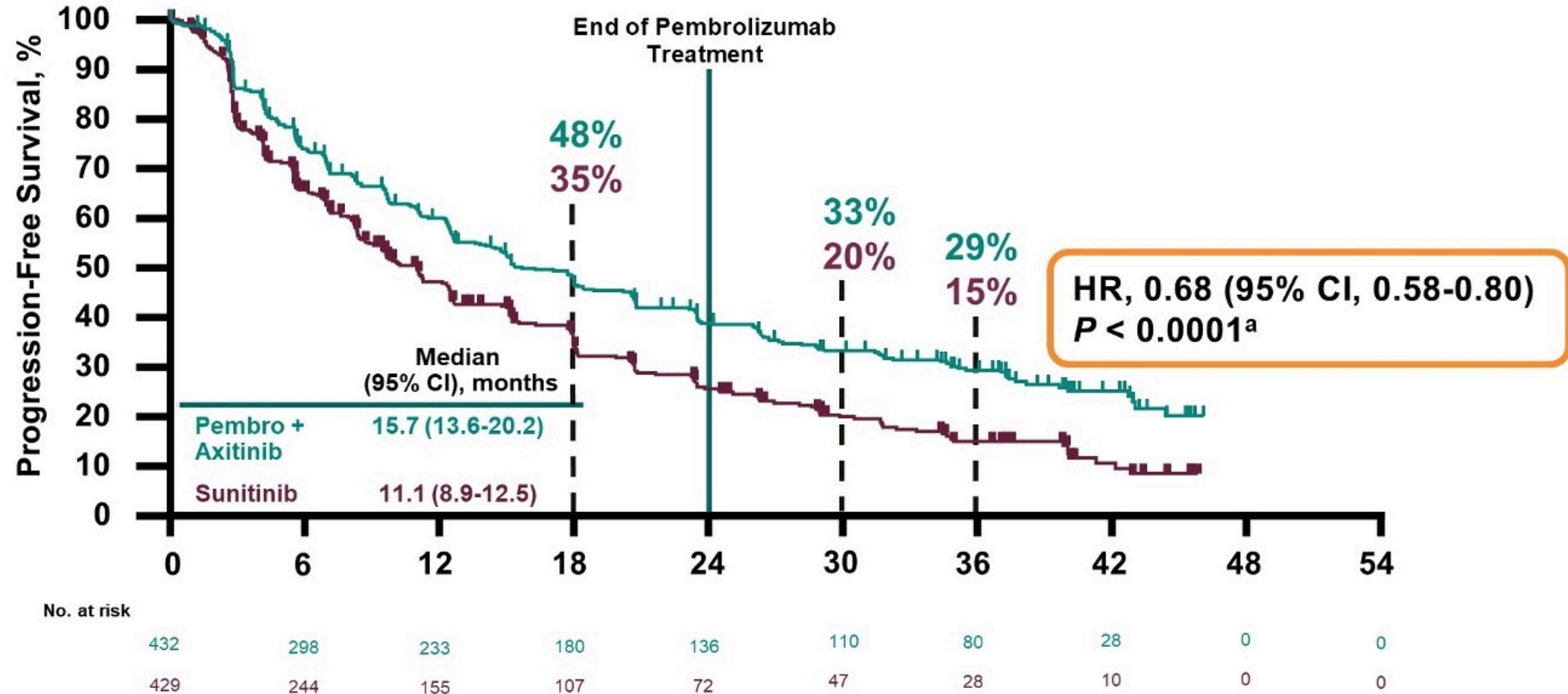
¹Vanderbilt-Ingram Cancer Center, Nashville, TN, USA; ²Fox Chase Cancer Center, Philadelphia, PA, USA; ³Dnipropetrovsk Medical Academy of Ministry of Health of Ukraine, Dnipro, Ukraine; ⁴The Christie NHS Foundation Trust, Manchester, United Kingdom; ⁵Russian Scientific Center of Roentgenradiology, Moscow, Russia; ⁶CHU of Québec and Laval University, Québec City, QC, Canada; ⁷Central Clinical Hospital With Outpatient Clinic, Moscow, Russia; ⁸Palacky University Medical School and Teaching Hospital, Olomouc, Czech Republic; ⁹Centre Hospitalier de l'Universitaire de Montréal, Montréal, QC, Canada; ¹⁰Centre Antoine Lacassagne, Université Côte d'Azur, Nice, France; ¹¹Sumy State University, Sumy Regional Oncology Center, Sumy, Ukraine; ¹²Adelaide and Meath Hospital and University College Dublin, Dublin, Ireland; ¹³Hospital de Clínicas de Porto Alegre, Porto Alegre, Brazil; ¹⁴Osaka City University Hospital, Osaka, Japan; ¹⁵Ivano-Frankivsk National Medical University, Ivano-Frankivsk, Ukraine; ¹⁶Merck & Co., Inc., Kenilworth, NJ, USA; ¹⁷MSD UK, London, United Kingdom; ¹⁸Eberhard Karls Universität Tübingen, Tübingen, Germany; ¹⁹Barts Health NHS Trust and the Royal Free NHS Foundation Trust, Barts Cancer Institute, and Queen Mary University of London, London, United Kingdom

OS in the ITT Population



^aBecause superiority of pembrolizumab + axitinib was shown at the first interim analysis, no alpha was allocated to OS; only nominal *P* values are reported. Data cutoff: January 11, 2021.

PFS in the ITT Population



^aBecause superiority of pembrolizumab + axitinib was shown at the first interim analysis, no alpha was allocated to PFS; only nominal P values are reported. Data cutoff: January 11, 2021.

ORIGINAL ARTICLE

Updated efficacy results from the JAVELIN Renal 101 trial: first-line avelumab plus axitinib versus sunitinib in patients with advanced renal cell carcinoma

T. K. Choueiri^{1*}, R. J. Motzer², B. I. Rini^{3†}, J. Haanen⁴, M. T. Campbell⁵, B. Venugopal⁶, C. Kollmannsberger⁷, G. Gravis-Mescam⁸, M. Uemura⁹, J. L. Lee¹⁰, M.-O. Grimm¹¹, H. Gurney¹², M. Schmidinger¹³, J. Larkin¹⁴, M. B. Atkins¹⁵, S. K. Pal¹⁶, J. Wang¹⁷, M. Mariani¹⁸, S. Krishnaswami¹⁹, P. Cislo²⁰, A. Chudnovsky²¹, C. Fowst¹⁸, B. Huang¹⁹, A. di Pietro²² & L. Albiges²³

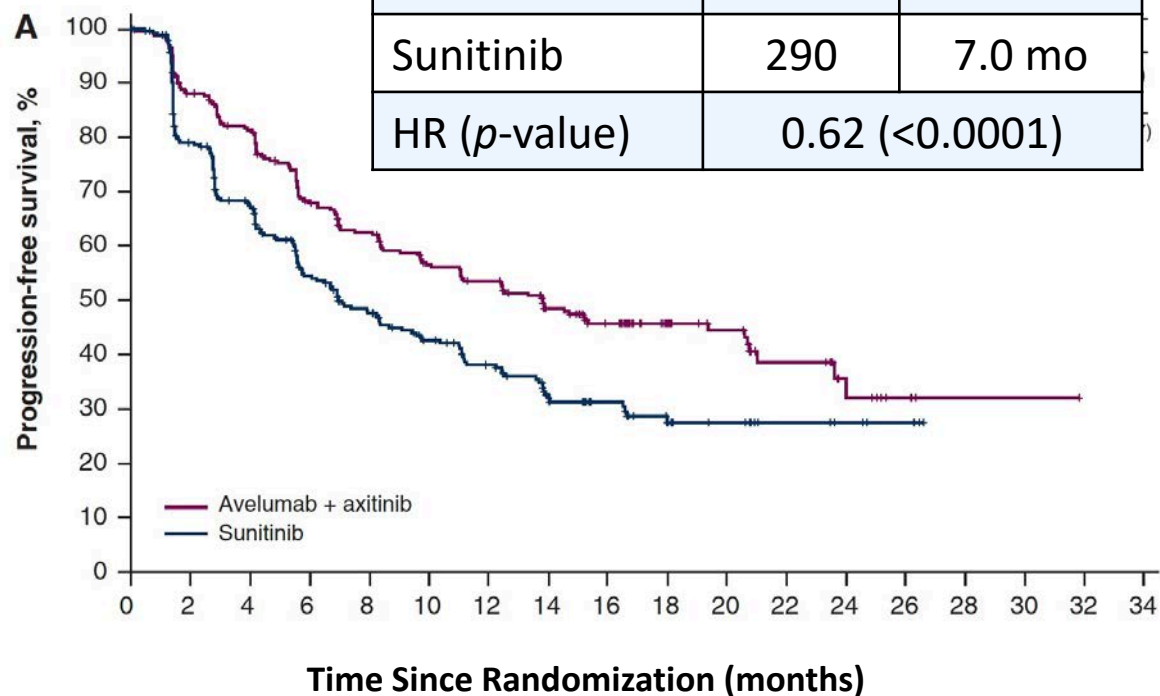
JAVELIN Renal 101: Overall Response and Best Response Rate in the PD-L1-Positive and Overall Populations

	PD-L1-positive		Overall	
	Avelumab + axitinib (n = 270)	Sunitinib (n = 290)	Avelumab + axitinib (n = 442)	Sunitinib (n = 444)
Confirmed ORR	55.9%	27.2%	52.5%	27.3%
CR	5.6%	2.4%	3.8%	2.0%
PR	50.4%	24.8%	48.6%	25.2%
Stable disease	27.0%	41.4%	28.3%	43.7%
Progressive disease	11.5%	22.4%	12.4%	19.4%
Ongoing response	55.6%	53.2%	54.3%	50.4%

JAVELIN Renal 101: PFS in the PD-L1-Positive and Overall Populations

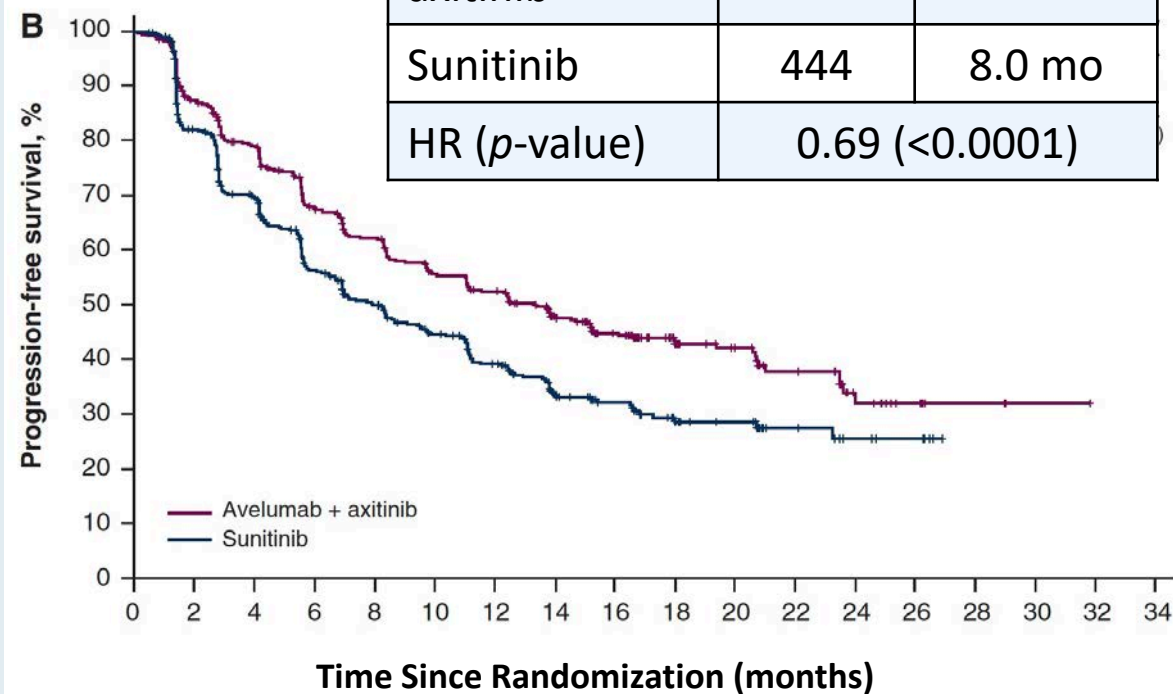
PD-L1 \geq 1% Population

	N	mPFS
Avelumab + axitinib	270	13.8 mo
Sunitinib	290	7.0 mo
HR (<i>p</i> -value)	0.62 (<0.0001)	



Overall Population

	N	mPFS
Avelumab + axitinib	442	13.3 mo
Sunitinib	444	8.0 mo
HR (<i>p</i> -value)	0.69 (<0.0001)	



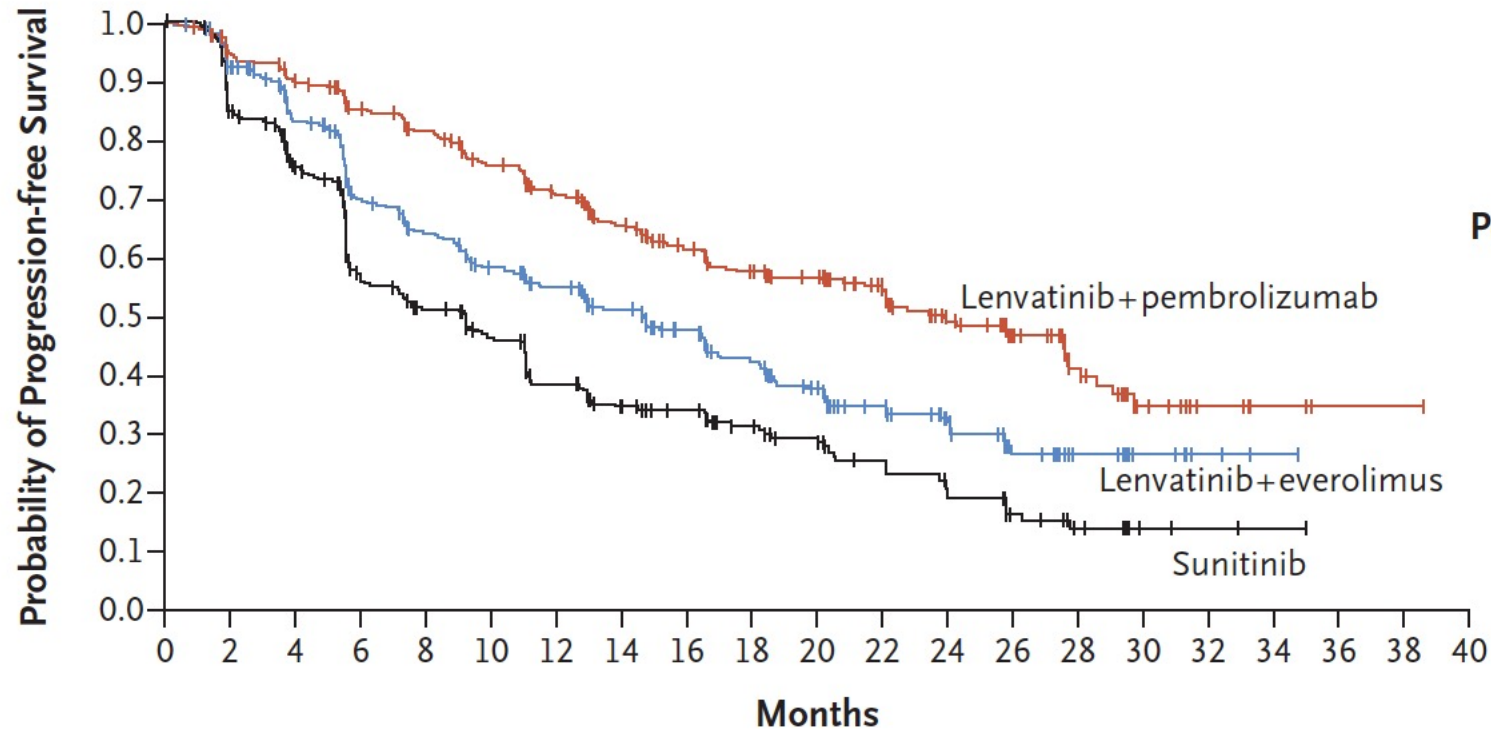
ORIGINAL ARTICLE

Lenvatinib plus Pembrolizumab or Everolimus for Advanced Renal Cell Carcinoma

R. Motzer, B. Alekseev, S.-Y. Rha, C. Porta, M. Eto, T. Powles, V. Grünwald, T.E. Hutson, E. Kopyltsov, M.J. Méndez-Vidal, V. Kozlov, A. Alyasova, S.-H. Hong, A. Kapoor, T. Alonso Gordo, J.R. Merchan, E. Winquist, P. Maroto, J.C. Goh, M. Kim, H. Gurney, V. Patel, A. Peer, G. Procopio, T. Takagi, B. Melichar, F. Rolland, U. De Giorgi, S. Wong, J. Bedke, M. Schmidinger, C.E. Dutcus, A.D. Smith, L. Dutta, K. Mody, R.F. Perini, D. Xing, and T.K. Choueiri, for the CLEAR Trial Investigators*

N Engl J Med 2021;[Online ahead of print].

CLEAR: Progression-Free Survival



	Median Progression-free Survival (95% CI) <i>mo</i>
Lenvatinib+ Pembrolizumab	23.9 (20.8–27.7)
Lenvatinib+ Everolimus	14.7 (11.1–16.7)
Sunitinib	9.2 (6.0–11.0)

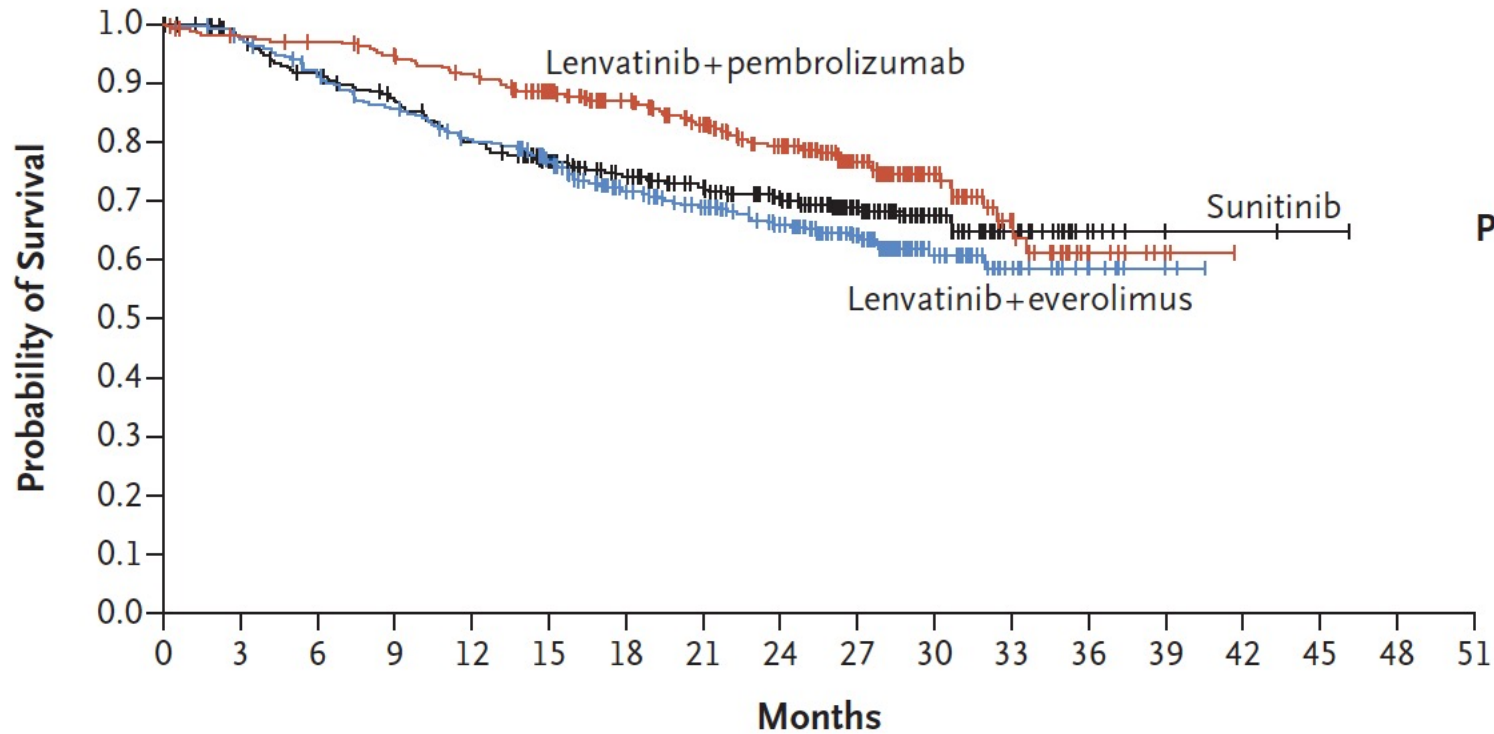
Hazard ratio for disease progression or death (lenvatinib+ pembrolizumab vs. sunitinib), 0.39 (95% CI, 0.32–0.49); P<0.001

Hazard ratio for disease progression or death (lenvatinib+ everolimus vs. sunitinib), 0.65 (95% CI, 0.53–0.80); P<0.001

No. at Risk

Lenvatinib+pembrolizumab	355	321	300	276	259	235	213	186	160	136	126	106	80	56	30	14	6	3	1	1	0
Lenvatinib+everolimus	357	305	259	207	185	163	149	125	105	85	70	53	37	20	13	7	3	1	0		
Sunitinib	357	262	218	145	124	107	85	69	62	49	42	32	25	16	9	3	2	1	0		

CLEAR: Overall Survival



	Median Overall Survival (95% CI) <i>mo</i>
Lenvatinib+ Pembrolizumab	NR (33.6–NE)
Lenvatinib+ Everolimus	NR (NE–NE)
Sunitinib	NR (NE–NE)

Hazard ratio for death (lenvatinib+ pembrolizumab vs. sunitinib), 0.66 (95% CI, 0.49–0.88); P=0.005

Hazard ratio for death (lenvatinib+ everolimus vs. sunitinib), 1.15 (95% CI, 0.88–1.50); P=0.30

No. at Risk

Lenvatinib+pembrolizumab	355	342	338	327	313	280	253	222	188	129	66	26	10	2	0		
Lenvatinib+everolimus	357	346	321	299	277	246	205	183	154	109	46	22	8	2	0		
Sunitinib	357	332	307	289	264	236	207	186	160	112	60	25	7	2	2	1	0

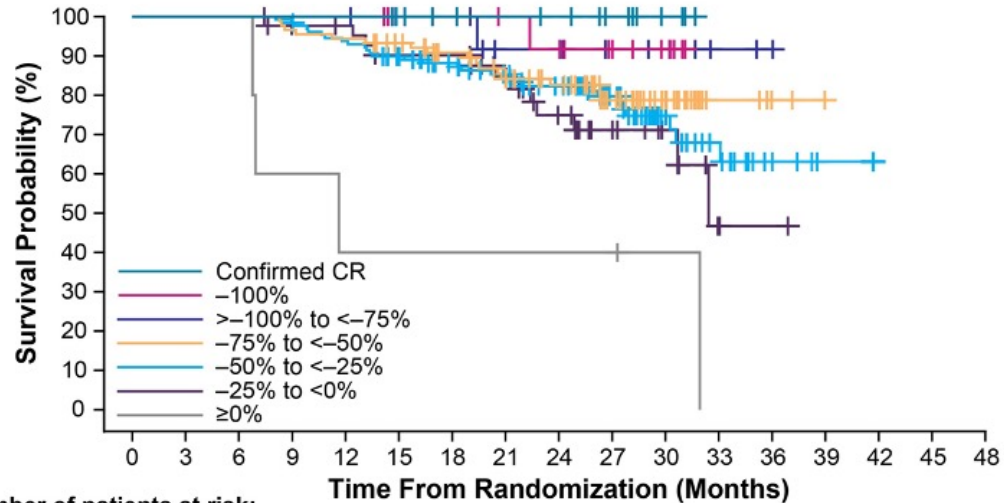
ANALYSIS OF THE CLEAR STUDY IN PATIENTS WITH ADVANCED RENAL CELL CARCINOMA: DEPTH OF RESPONSE AND EFFICACY FOR SELECTED SUBGROUPS IN THE LENVATINIB-PLUS-PEMBROLIZUMAB AND SUNITINIB TREATMENT ARMS

Viktor Grünwald¹, Thomas Powles², Evgeny Kopyltsov³, Vadim Kozlov⁴, Teresa Alonso Gordo⁵, Masatoshi Eto⁶, Thomas Hutson⁷, Robert Motzer⁸, Eric Winquist⁹, Pablo Maroto¹⁰, Bhumsuk Keam¹¹, Giuseppe Procopio¹², Shirley Wong¹³, Bohuslav Melichar¹⁴, Frederic Rolland¹⁵, Mototsugu Oya¹⁶, Karla Rodriguez-Lopez¹⁷, Kenichi Saito¹⁸, Alan Smith¹⁹, Camillo Porta²⁰

¹University Hospital Essen, Essen, Germany; ²The Royal Free NHS Trust, London, England, UK; ³State Institution of Healthcare “Regional Clinical Oncology Dispensary”, Omsk, Russia; ⁴State Budgetary Health Care Institution “Novosibirsk Regional Clinical Oncology Dispensary”, Novosibirsk, Russia; ⁵Hospital Universitario Ramón y Cajal, Madrid, Spain; ⁶Kyushu University, Fukuoka, Japan; ⁷Texas Oncology, Dallas, TX, USA; ⁸Memorial Sloan Kettering Cancer Center, New York, NY, USA; ⁹Western University, London, Ontario, Canada; ¹⁰Hospital de la Santa Creu i Sant Pau, Barcelona, Spain; ¹¹Seoul National University Hospital, Seoul, Korea; ¹²Fondazione IRCCS Istituto Nazionale dei Tumori di Milano, Milan, Italy; ¹³Western Health, VIC, Australia; ¹⁴Palacký University Medical School and Teaching Hospital, Olomouc, Czech Republic; ¹⁵Centre René Gauducheau Centre de Lutte Contre Le Cancer Nantes, Saint-Herblain, France; ¹⁶Keio University School of Medicine, Tokyo, Japan; ¹⁷Merck & Co., Inc., Kenilworth, NJ, USA; ¹⁸Eisai Inc., Woodcliff Lake, NJ, USA; ¹⁹Eisai Ltd., Hatfield, England, UK; ²⁰San Matteo University Hospital Foundation, Pavia, Italy.

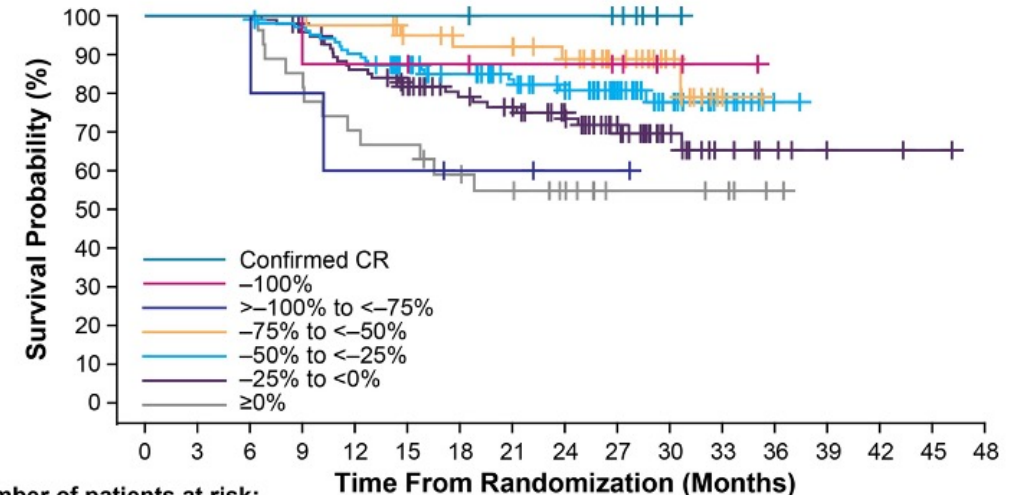
CLEAR: 6-Month OS Analysis by Depth of Response

Lenvatinib plus Pembrolizumab



Number of patients at risk:	Time From Randomization (Months)																
	0	3	6	9	12	15	18	21	24	27	30	33	36	39	42	45	48
Confirmed CR	16	16	16	16	14	12	11	10	7	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
-100%	20	20	20	17	14	12	11	8	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
>-100% to <-75%	16	16	16	13	13	9	9	6	5	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
-75% to <-50%	89	86	84	78	70	61	54	37	20	5	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
-50% to <-25%	129	128	120	108	96	88	76	53	23	14	5	1	0	0	0	0	0
-25% to <0%	44	40	39	35	35	29	21	13	8	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
≥0%	5	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Sunitinib



Number of patients at risk:	Time From Randomization (Months)																
	0	3	6	9	12	15	18	21	24	27	30	33	36	39	42	45	48
Confirmed CR	7	7	7	7	7	7	6	6	5	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
-100%	8	8	7	7	6	5	5	4	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
>-100% to <-75%	5	4	3	3	2	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
-75% to <-50%	40	40	39	35	32	32	28	19	10	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
-50% to <-25%	103	99	92	80	71	61	53	39	21	9	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
-25% to <0%	96	90	80	71	60	56	47	34	17	9	5	2	2	1	0	0	0
≥0%	27	23	19	18	15	13	10	5	5	4	1	0	0	0	0	0	0

Among patients treated with lenvatinib plus pembrolizumab, all those who had a complete response were alive at 2 years; survival rates were similar for patients who had more than 75% reduction in target lesions.

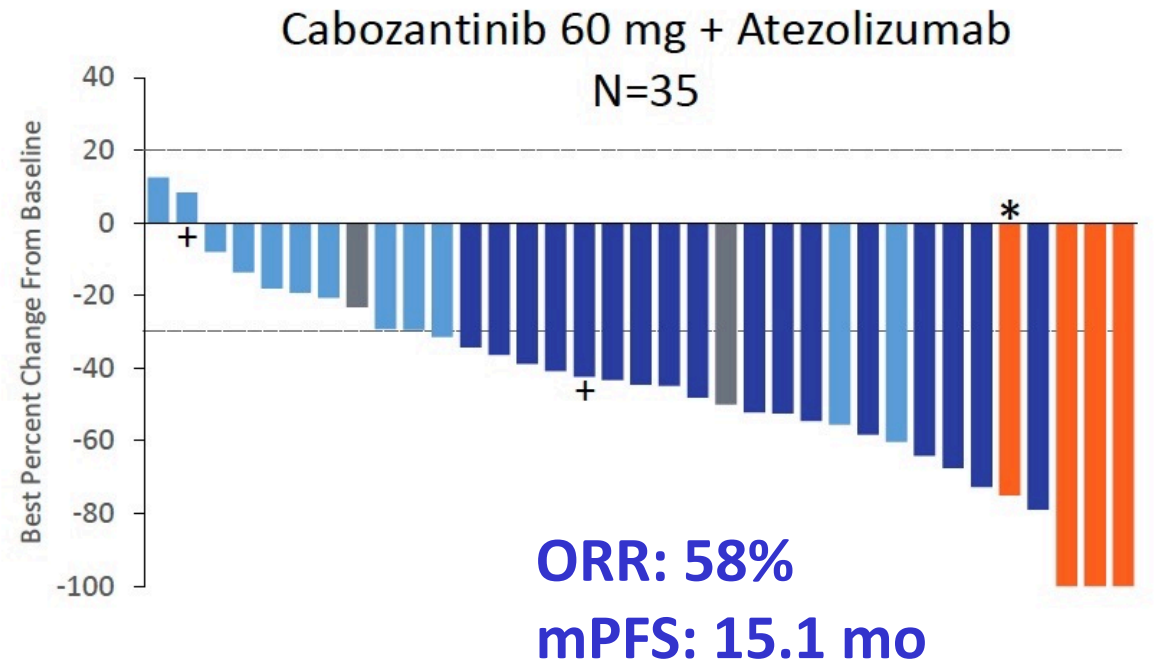
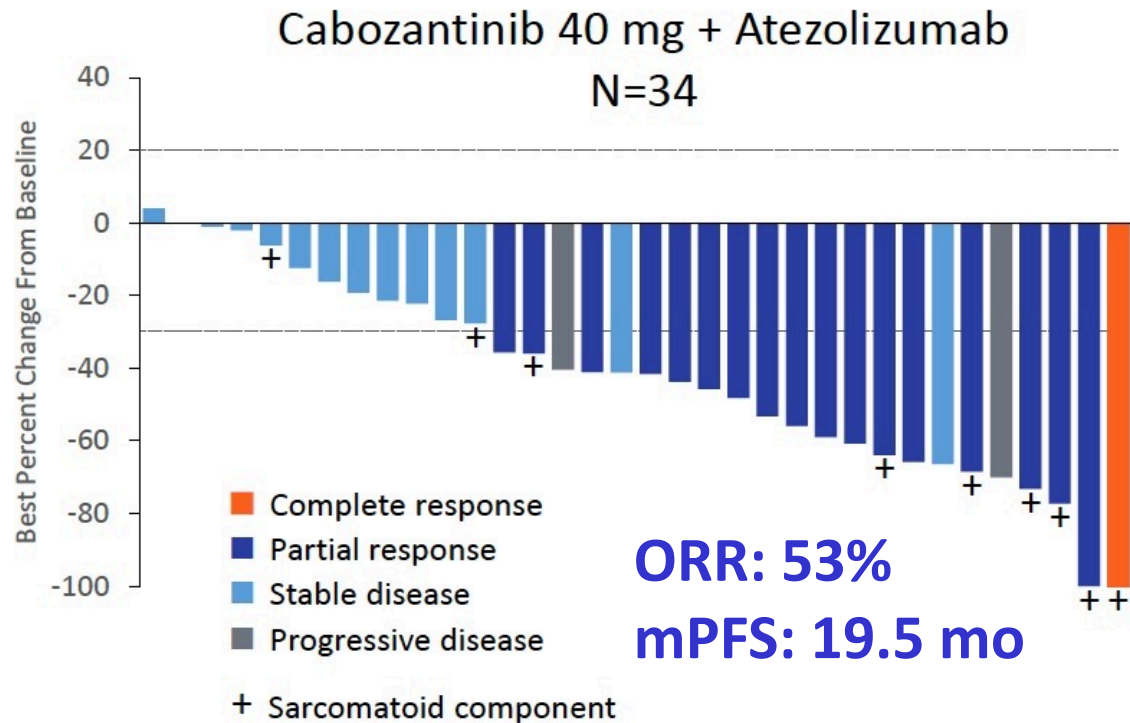
Tumors assessed by Independent Review Committee per RECIST v1.1

Cabozantinib (C) in Combination with Atezolizumab (A) as First-Line Therapy for Advanced Clear Cell Renal Cell Carcinoma (ccRCC): Results from the COSMIC-021 Study

Pal S et al.

ESMO 2020;Abstract 7020.

COSMIC-021: Cabozantinib/Atezolizumab for Previously Untreated Advanced ccRCC



Select Ongoing Phase III Clinical Trials for Previously Untreated Metastatic RCC

Study acronym	Target accrual	Randomization	Primary endpoint	Estimated primary completion
COSMIC-313	840	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Cabozantinib + nivolumab + ipilimumab (4 doses) → cabozantinib + nivolumab Placebo + nivolumab + ipilimumab (4 doses) → placebo + nivolumab 	PFS	Nov 2021
PDIGREE	1,046	<p>After induction nivolumab/ipilimumab</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Pts with CR → Nivolumab <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Pts with non-CR or non-PD, <i>randomized</i> → Nivolumab → Nivolumab + cabozantinib Pts with PD → Cabozantinib 	OS	Sept 2021

Sequencing of Therapy for Patients with Relapsed/Refractory RCC; Novel Approaches under Investigation

FDA Approves Tivozanib for Relapsed or Refractory Advanced RCC

Press Release: March 10, 2021

“On March 10, 2021, the Food and Drug Administration approved tivozanib, a kinase inhibitor, for adult patients with relapsed or refractory advanced renal cell carcinoma (RCC) following two or more prior systemic therapies.

Efficacy was evaluated in TIVO-3 (NCT02627963), a randomized (1:1), open-label, multicenter trial of tivozanib versus sorafenib in patients with relapsed or refractory advanced RCC who received two or three prior systemic treatments, including at least one VEGFR kinase inhibitor other than sorafenib or tivozanib.

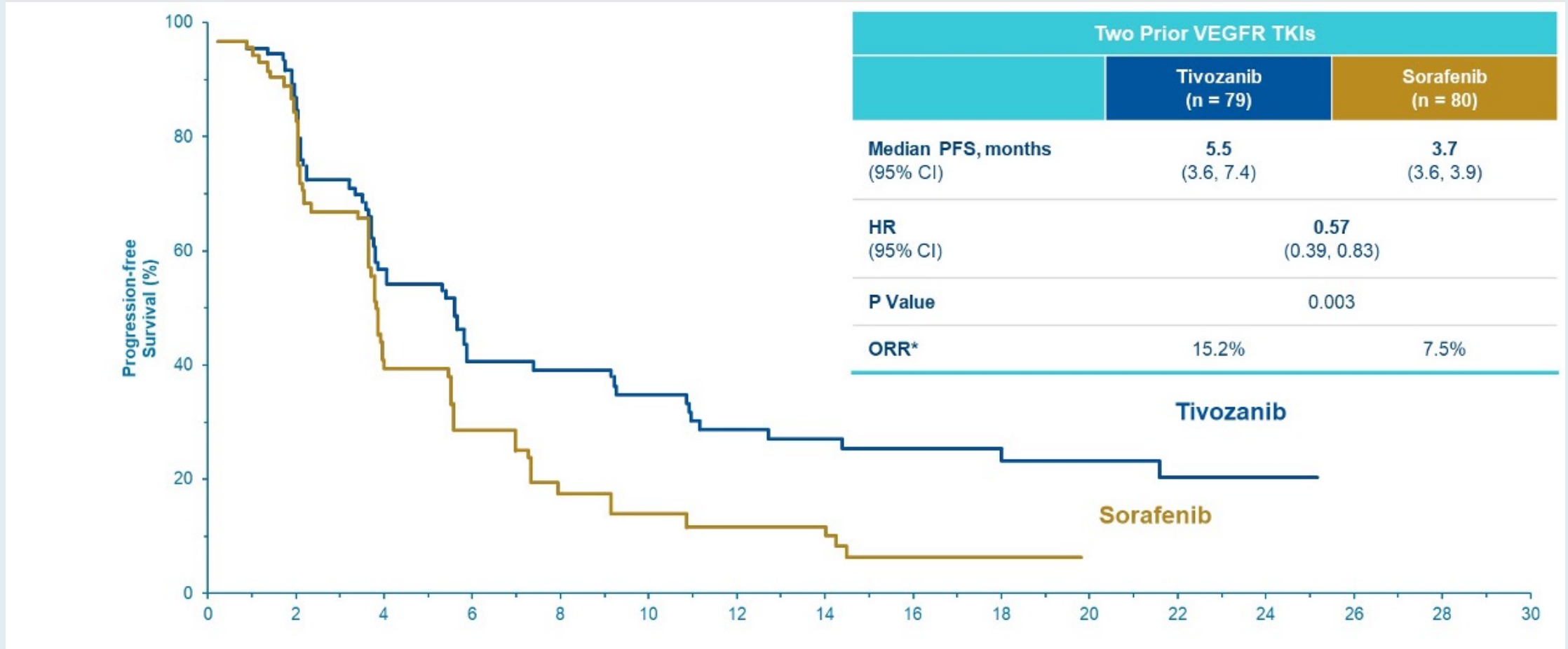
The recommended tivozanib dose is 1.34 mg once daily (with or without food) for 21 consecutive days every 28 days until disease progression or unacceptable toxicity.”

Tivozanib in Patients with Advanced Renal Cell Carcinoma (aRCC) Who Have Progressed After Prior Treatment of Axitinib: Results from TIVO-3

Rini BI et al.

Genitourinary Cancers Symposium 2021;Abstract 278.

TIVO-3: Progression-Free Survival and ORR in Patient Subgroup with 2 Prior TKIs



TIVO-3: Tivozanib After Axitinib

RCC Population	N (subjects)		mPFS (months)		HR	ORR	
	<u>Tivo</u>	<u>Sor</u>	<u>Tivo</u>	<u>Sor</u>		<u>Tivo</u>	<u>Sor</u>
ITT	175	175	5.6	3.9	0.73	18%	8%
3 rd Line Any Prior Axitinib	47	46	5.5	3.9	0.71	16%	6%
4 th Line Any Prior Axitinib	36	43	5.5	3.6	0.64	11%	10%
3 rd and 4 th Line Any Prior Axitinib	83	89	5.5	3.7	0.68	13%	8%

TIVO-3: Durability of Response and Updated Overall Survival of Tivozanib versus Sorafenib in Metastatic Renal Cell Carcinoma (mRCC)

Verzoni et al.

ASCO 2021;Abstract 4546.

“Tivozanib demonstrated clinically meaningful and statistically significant improvement in ORR and DoR with similar OS to sorafenib in patients with highly relapsed or refractory mRCC”

- *Median DoR was 20.3 months with tivozanib, twice that observed with sorafenib*

FDA Grants Priority Review to Belzutifan for von Hippel-Lindau Disease-Associated RCC

Press Release – March 16, 2021

“The FDA accepted a new drug application for belzutifan to treat von Hippel-Lindau disease-associated renal cell carcinoma and granted it priority review based on response rate results from a phase 2 trial.

A new drug application for belzutifan was accepted by the FDA and granted priority review for the treatment of patients with von Hippel-Lindau (VHL) disease-associated renal cell carcinoma (RCC), not requiring immediate surgery...

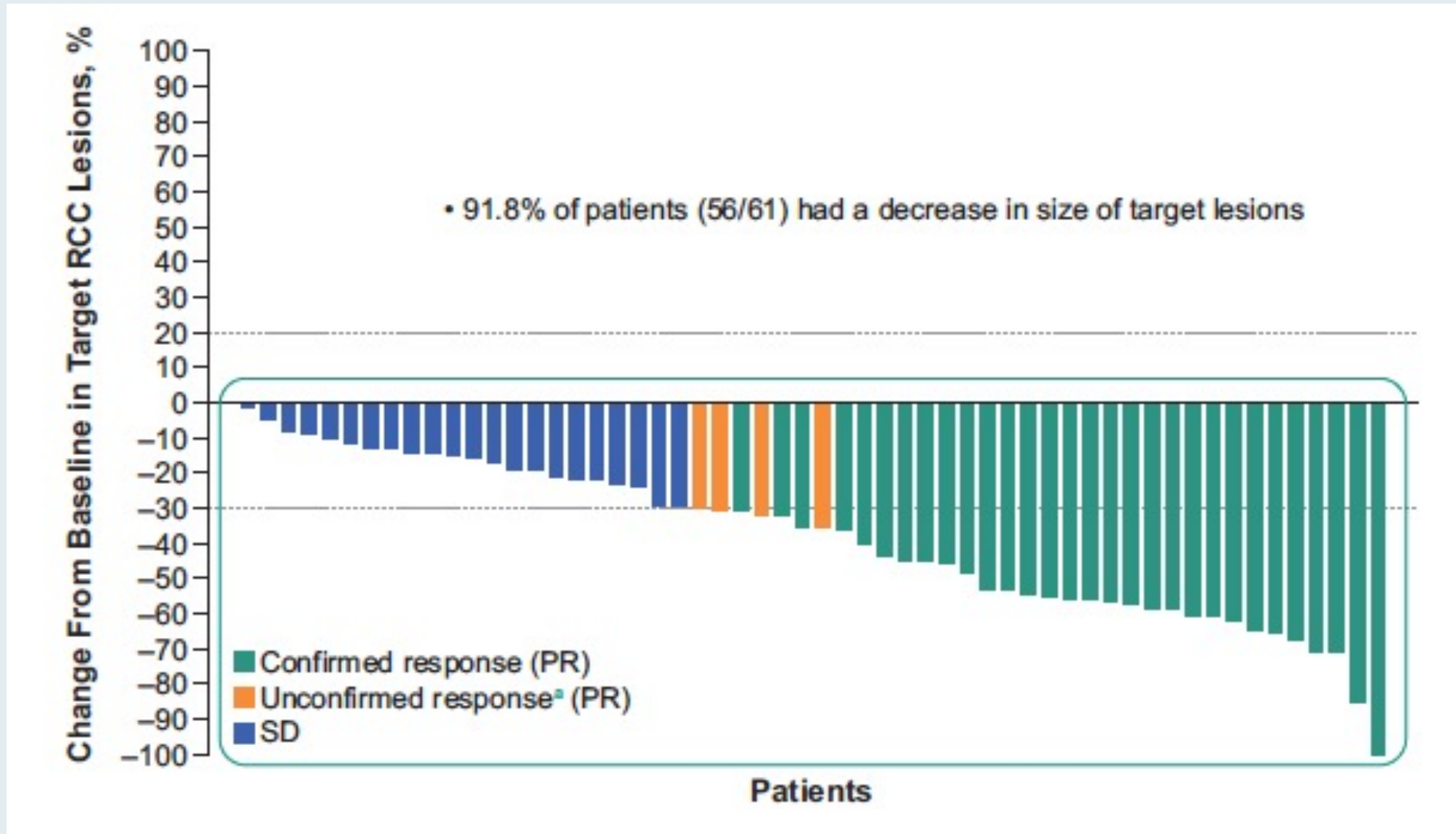
The application is based on results of a phase 2 trial, Study-004 (NCT03401788), of belzutifan in the treatment of VHL disease-associated RCC, with a primary end point of objective response rate and secondary measures of disease control rate, duration of response, time to response, progression-free survival, time to surgery, and safety. Patients treated on the trial must have had at least 1 measurable solid tumor localized to the kidneys and were not in need of immediate surgical intervention.”

Phase 2 Study of Belzutifan (MK-6482), an Oral Hypoxia-Inducible Factor 2 α (HIF-2 α) Inhibitor, for Von Hippel-Lindau (VHL) Disease-Associated Clear Cell Renal Cell Carcinoma (ccRCC)

Srinivasan R et al.

ASCO 2021;Abstract 4555.

Maximum Change from Baseline in Sum of Target RCC Lesions



Genitourinary Cancers Symposium 2021;Abstract 272.

Phase 2 Study of the Oral Hypoxia-Inducible Factor 2 α Inhibitor Belzutifan (MK-6482) in Combination With Cabozantinib in Patients With Advanced Clear Cell Renal Cell Carcinoma

Toni K. Choueiri¹; Todd M. Bauer²; David F. McDermott³; Edward Arrowsmith⁴; Ananya Roy⁵; Rodolfo Perini⁵; Donna Vickery⁵; Scott S. Tykodi⁶

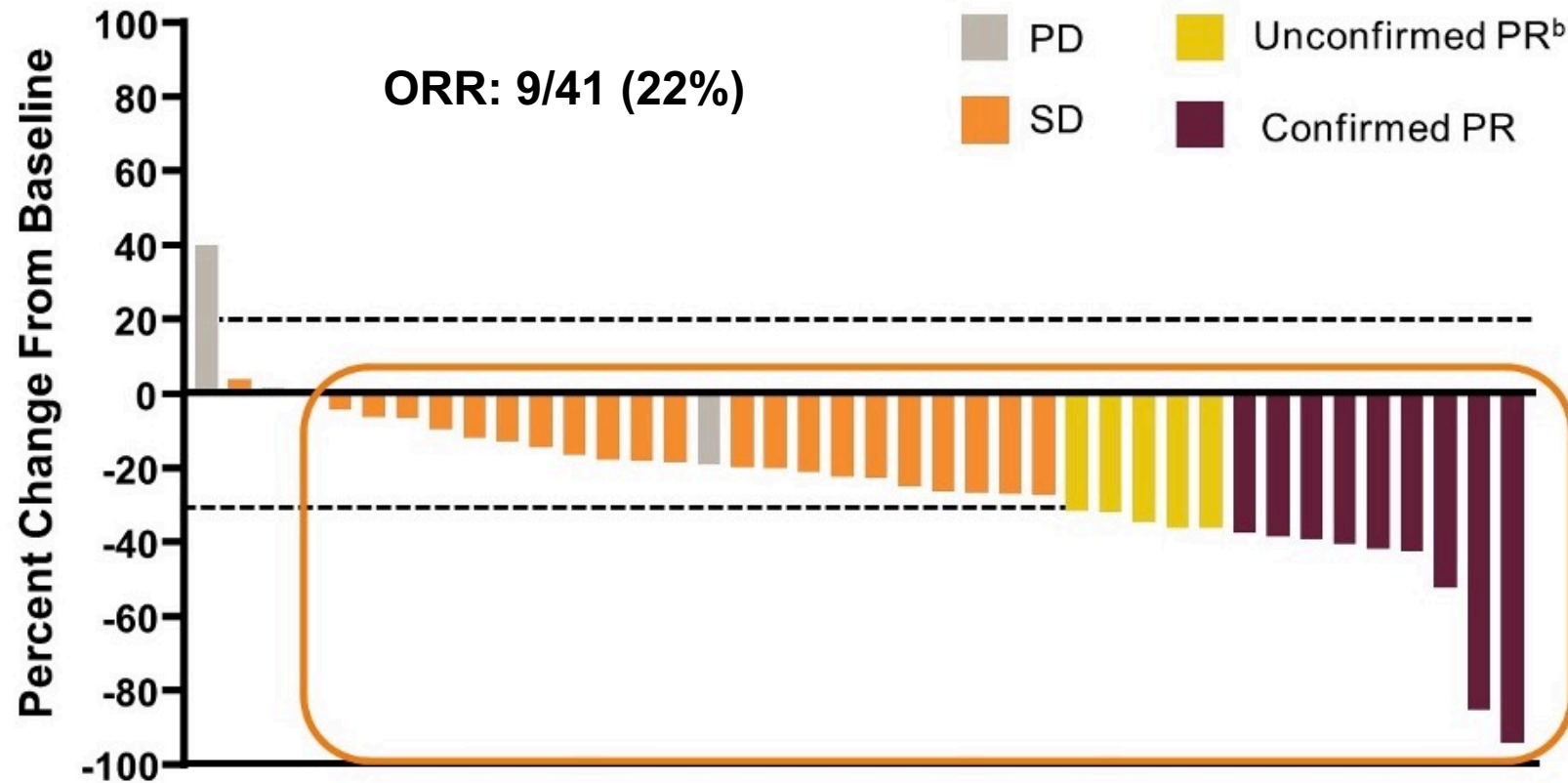
¹Dana-Farber Cancer Institute, Boston, MA, USA; ²Sarah Cannon Research Institute/Tennessee Oncology, Nashville, TN, USA;

³Beth Israel Deaconess Medical Center, Boston, MA, USA; ⁴Tennessee Oncology, Chattanooga, TN, USA;

⁵Merck & Co., Inc., Kenilworth, NJ, USA; ⁶University of Washington and Fred Hutchinson Cancer Research Center, Seattle, WA, USA

Best Tumor Change from Baseline

- 36 of 41 patients (88%) experienced a reduction in target lesion size^a



Summary of Adverse Events

n (%)	N = 52	n (%)	N = 52
Any grade treatment-emergent AE	52 (100)	Deaths due to a treatment-emergent AE	1 (2) ^c
Any grade treatment-related AE	51 (98)	Deaths due to a treatment-related AE	0 (0)
Related to belzutifan	51 (98)	Belzutifan dose reduced ^d	10 (19)
Related to cabozantinib	51 (98)	Cabozantinib dose reduced ^e	25 (48)
Grade 3-5 treatment-emergent AEs	35 (67)	Discontinued any drug due to a treatment-emergent AE	8 (15)
Grade 3 ^b treatment-related AEs	31 (60)	Discontinued belzutifan ^f	6 (12)
Related to belzutifan	17 (33)	Discontinued cabozantinib ^g	8 (15)
Related to cabozantinib	28 (54)		
Serious treatment-emergent AEs	16 (31)		
Serious treatment-related AEs	7 (13)		
Related to belzutifan	4 (8)		
Related to cabozantinib	4 (8)		

Treatment-Related Adverse Events

Treatment-Related AEs in ≥15% of Patients	Safety Analysis Set N = 52			
	Any Grade		Grade 3	
	Event, n	n (%)	Event, n	n (%)
Any	742	51 (98)	60	31 (60)
Anemia	92	40 (77)	8	6 (12)
Fatigue	67	35 (67)	10	6 (12)
Hand-foot syndrome	56	28 (54)	1	1 (2)
Diarrhea	49	23 (44)	2	2 (4)
Hypertension	52	23 (44)	15	12 (23)
Nausea	24	18 (35)	1	1 (2)
ALT increased	48	17 (33)	7	3 (6)
AST increased	34	17 (33)	2	2 (4)
Decreased appetite	22	15 (29)	1	1 (2)
Dysgeusia	19	12 (23)	1	1 (2)
Headache	12	10 (19)	0	0 (0)
Hypophosphatemia	18	9 (17)	2	2 (4)
Stomatitis	10	8 (15)	0	0 (0)

- There were no grade 4/5 treatment-related AEs
- Of all 742 AEs, 92% were grade 1 or 2 in severity
- Treatment-related hypoxia, considered an on-target AE for belzutifan, occurred in 2 patients (4%) (both were grade 3 AEs)

^aAll patients who received ≥1 dose of treatment. Data cutoff: October 15, 2020.

Expert Second Opinion — Investigators Discuss How They and Their Colleagues Navigate Emerging Clinical Research and Challenging Patients with Acute Myeloid Leukemia and Myelodysplastic Syndromes

Held in Conjunction with the 2021 Pan Pacific Lymphoma Conference

Monday, August 9, 2021

7:00 PM – 8:30 PM ET

Faculty

Krishna Gundabolu, MD

Richard M Stone, MD

Eunice S Wang, MD

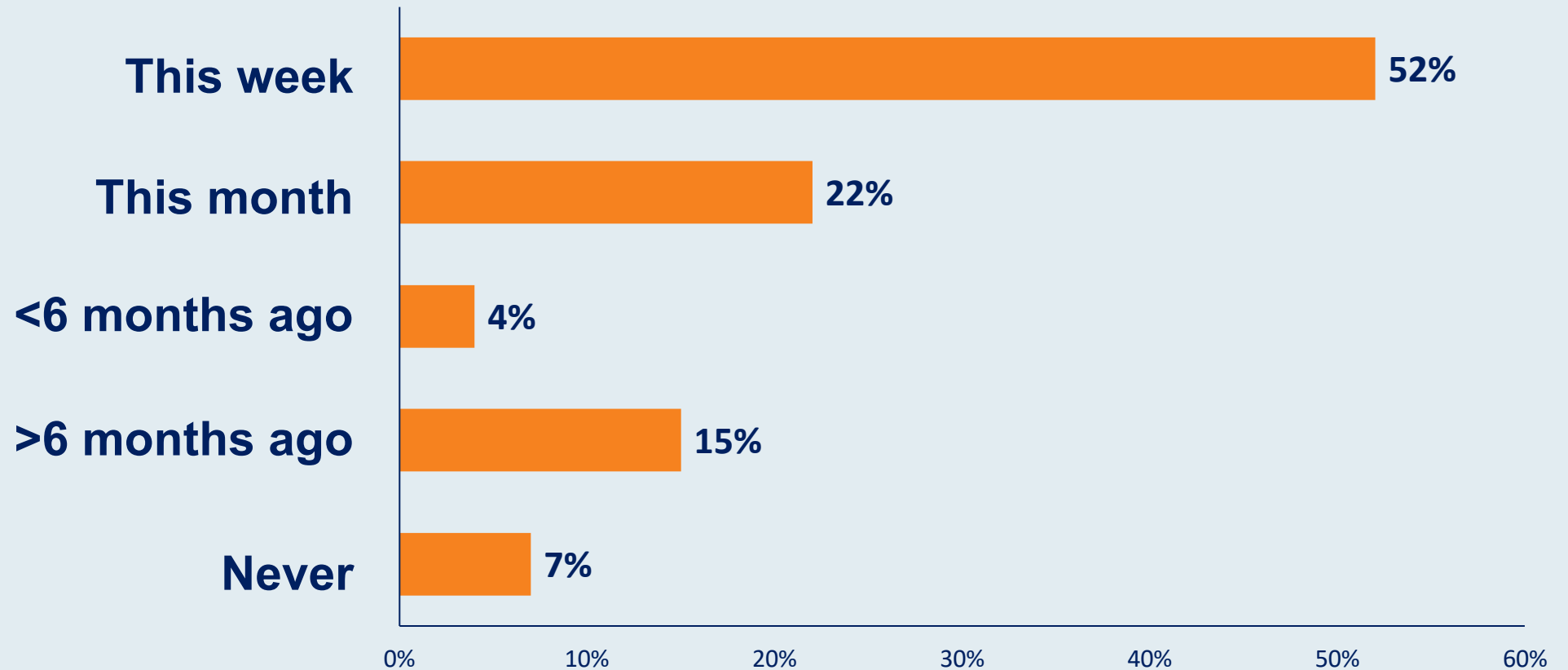
Moderator

Harry Paul Erba, MD, PhD

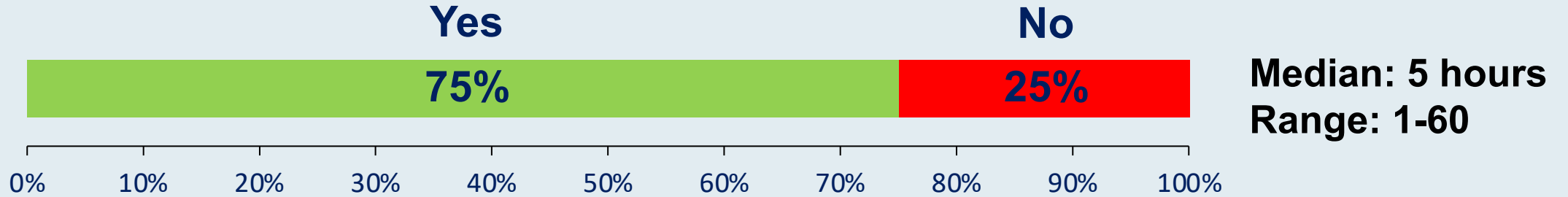
Thank you for joining us!

***CME and MOC credit information will be emailed
to each participant within 5 business days.***

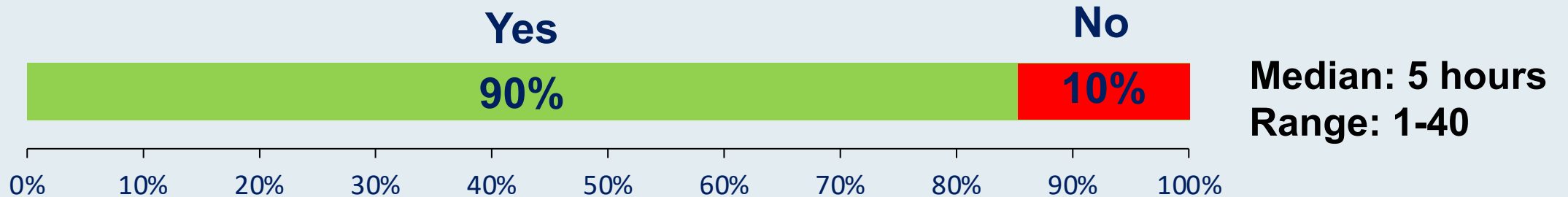
When was the last time that you presented, or had a case presented for you, at a local tumor board meeting?



In the past month have you listened to audio podcasts not related to medicine?



In the past month have you listened to oncology-related audio podcasts?



In the past month have you listened to RTP audio podcasts?

