Meet The ProfessorManagement of BRAF-Mutant Melanoma

Jason J Luke, MD

Director of the Cancer Immunotherapeutics Center
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Commercial Support

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Dr Love — Disclosures

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We Encourage Clinicians in Practice to Submit Questions

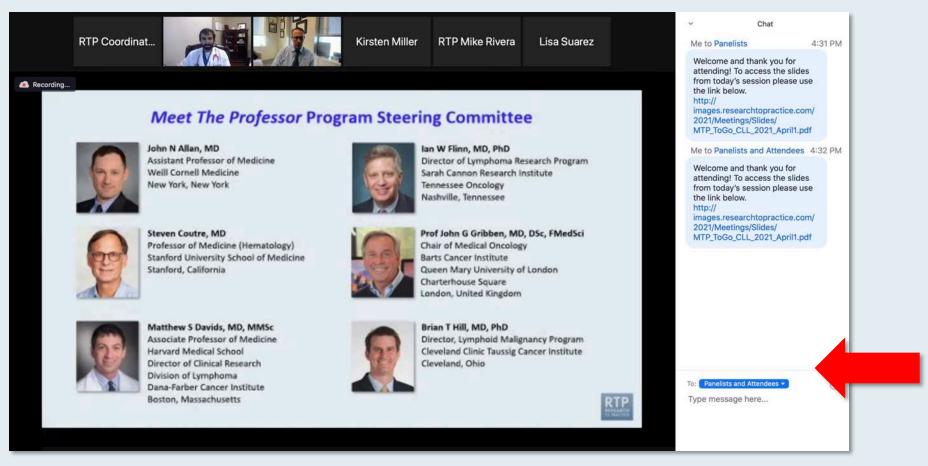


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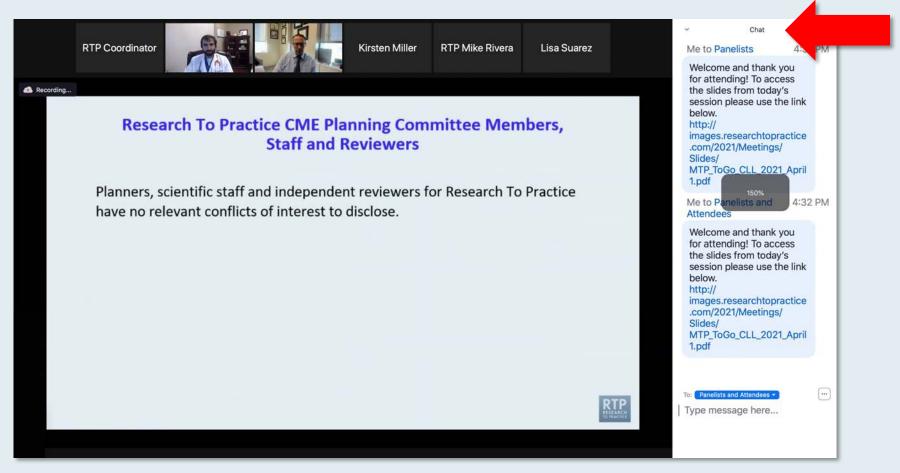


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ONCOLOGY TODAY

WITH DR NEIL LOVE

Management of HER2-Low Breast Cancer



DR IAN KROP

DANA-FARBER CANCER INSTITUTE









Meet The Professor

Optimizing the Management of Metastatic Castration-Resistant Prostate Cancer

Tuesday, November 30, 2021 5:00 PM - 6:00 PM ET

Faculty
A Oliver Sartor, MD



Meet The ProfessorOptimizing the Management of Acute Myeloid Leukemia

Wednesday, December 1, 2021 5:00 PM – 6:00 PM ET

Faculty
Andrew H Wei, MBBS, PhD



Meet The Professor

Optimizing the Selection and Sequencing of Therapy for Patients with HER2-Positive Breast Cancer

Thursday, December 2, 2021 5:00 PM - 6:00 PM ET

Faculty
Hope S Rugo, MD



What Clinicians Want to Know: Addressing Current Questions and Controversies in the Management of ER-Positive Breast Cancer

Tuesday, December 7, 2021 8:00 PM – 9:45 PM ET

Faculty

Aditya Bardia, MD, MPH Joyce O'Shaughnessy, MD Kevin Kalinsky, MD, MS

Moderator Erika Hamilton, MD



What Clinicians Want to Know: Addressing Current Questions and Controversies in the Management of HER2-Positive Breast Cancer

Wednesday, December 8, 2021 8:00 PM - 10:00 PM ET

Faculty

Carey K Anders, MD Sara Hurvitz, MD Virginia F Borges, MD, MMSc Ian E Krop, MD, PhD

Moderator Lisa Carey, MD



What Clinicians Want to Know: Addressing Current Questions and Controversies in the Management of Triple-Negative Breast Cancer

Thursday, December 9, 2021 8:00 PM - 9:45 PM ET

Faculty

Rita Nanda, MD Melinda Telli, MD Peter Schmid, FRCP, MD, PhD

Moderator Hope S Rugo, MD



What Clinicians Want to Know: Addressing Current Questions and Controversies in the Management of Chronic Lymphocytic Leukemia

Friday, December 10, 2021 7:30 AM – 9:30 AM ET

Faculty

Nitin Jain, MD

Anthony R Mato, MD, MSCE

Jennifer Woyach, MD

Moderator John N Allan, MD



What Clinicians Want to Know: Addressing Current Questions and Controversies in the Management of Hodgkin and Non-Hodgkin Lymphoma

Friday, December 10, 2021 11:30 AM – 1:30 PM ET

Faculty

Jeremy Abramson, MD Martin Dreyling, MD, PhD Loretta J Nastoupil, MD

Gilles Salles, MD, PhD

Moderator

Ann S LaCasce, MD, MMSc



What Clinicians Want to Know: Addressing Current Questions and Controversies in the Management of Multiple Myeloma

Friday, December 10, 2021 3:15 PM – 5:15 PM ET

Faculty

Larry D Anderson Jr, MD, PhD Irene M Ghobrial, MD Morie A Gertz, MD, MACP Peter Voorhees, MD

Moderator Robert Z Orlowski, MD, PhD



What Clinicians Want to Know: Addressing Current Questions and Controversies in the Management of Acute Myeloid Leukemia and Myelodysplastic Syndromes

Friday, December 10, 2021 7:00 PM – 9:00 PM ET

Faculty

Alice S Mims, MD, MSCR Alexander Perl, MD

Richard M Stone, MD Geoffrey L Uy, MD

Moderator
Harry Paul Erba, MD, PhD



Thank you for joining us!

CME and MOC credit information will be emailed to each participant within 5 business days.



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University of Pittsburgh
Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania



Meet The Professor Program Participating Faculty



Prof Georgina Long, AO, BSc, PhD, MBBS
Co-Medical Director
Professor of Medical Oncology and
Translational Research
Melanoma Institute Australia
Wollstonecraft, Australia



Mario Sznol, MD
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Leader, Melanoma Program
Co-Leader, Cancer Immunology Program
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Jeffrey S Weber, MD, PhD
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Moderator
Neil Love, MD
Research To Practice
Miami, Florida



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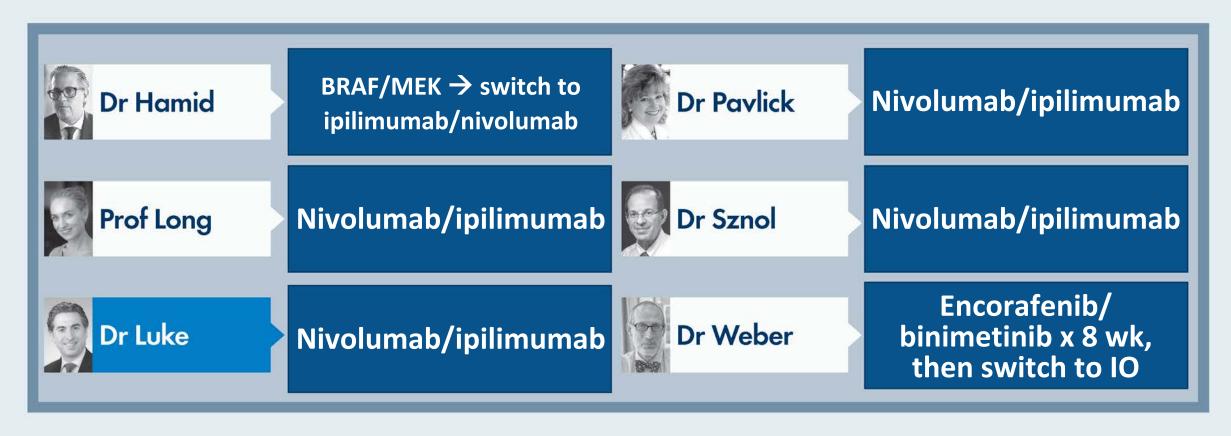
Syed F Zafar, MD
Florida Cancer Specialists and
Research Institute
Lee Health
Fort Myers, Florida



Evan J Lipson, MD
The Sidney Kimmel Comprehensive
Cancer Center
Baltimore, Maryland



What would you generally recommend as first-line treatment for a <u>symptomatic younger patient</u> with <u>extensive</u> BRAF-mutant metastatic melanoma?





Meet The Professor with Dr Luke

Introduction: DREAMseq Phase III Study

MODULE 1: Case Presentations

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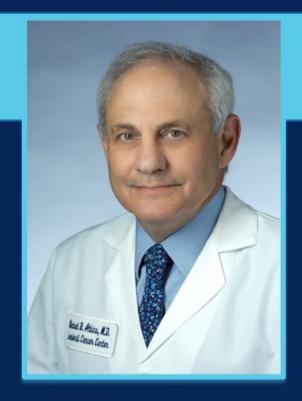
MODULE 4: Appendix – Key Data Sets



2021

Abstract 356154

DREAMseq (Doublet, Randomized Evaluation in Advanced Melanoma Sequencing) a Phase III Trial: ECOG-ACRIN EA6134



Michael Atkins, MD

Georgetown Lombardi Comprehensive Cancer Center

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Discussion

Discussion of Abstract 356154

Keith Flaherty, MD

Dana-Farber Cancer Institute/Harvard Medical School/Massachusetts General Hospital



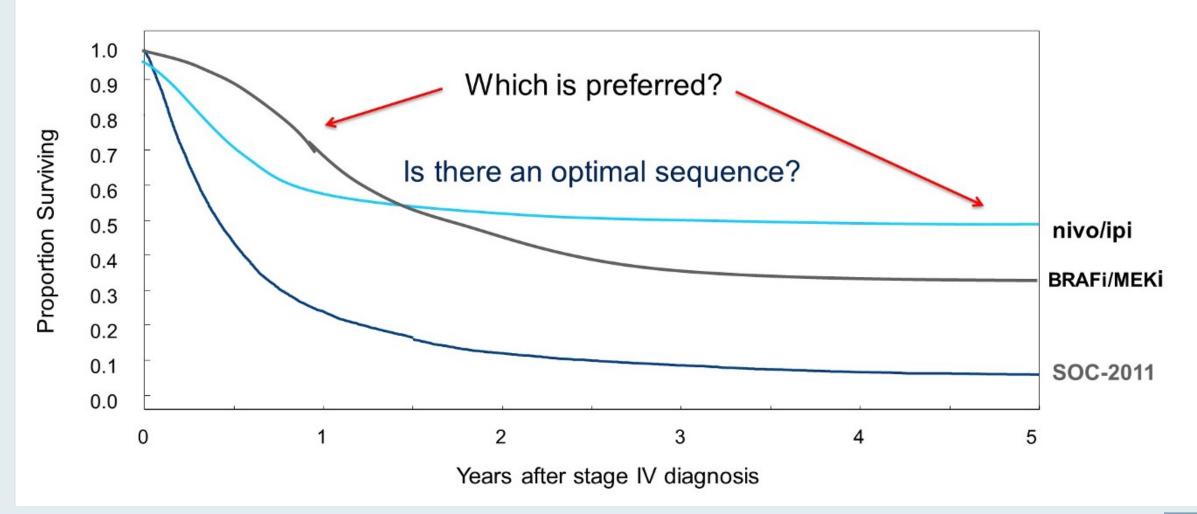
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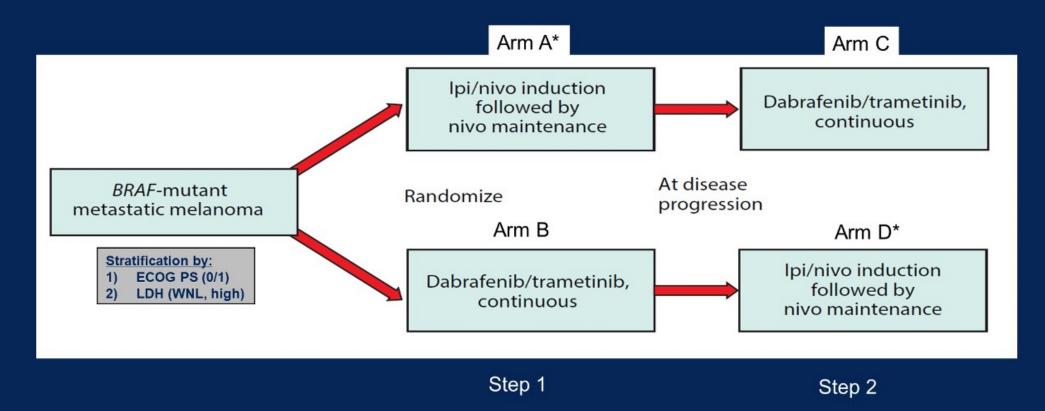


Treatment for BRAF Mutant Melanoma-2015





DREAMseq Trial Treatment Schema



*Nivo/Ipi Induction = 12 wks; nivo maintenance = 72 wks

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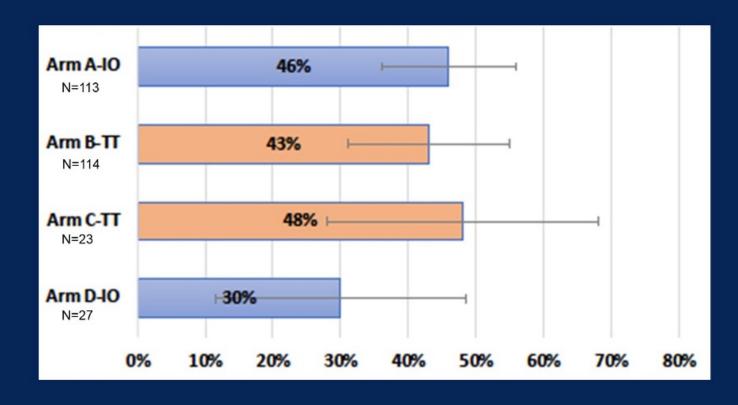




ORR (%) By Treatment Arm*

Step 1

Step 2



*Bars represent 95% CI

Data missing on ~ 15% of pts

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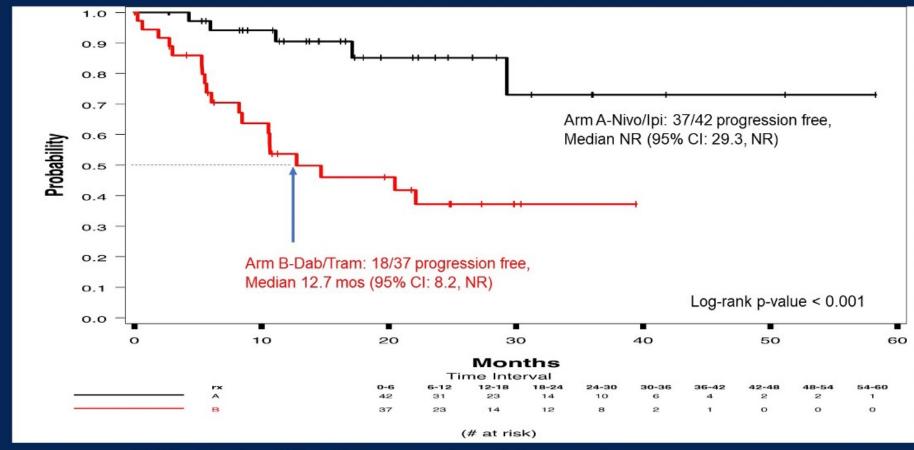
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Duration of Response (DOR)*: Step1



*DOR = time from PR or CR to progression or last assessed

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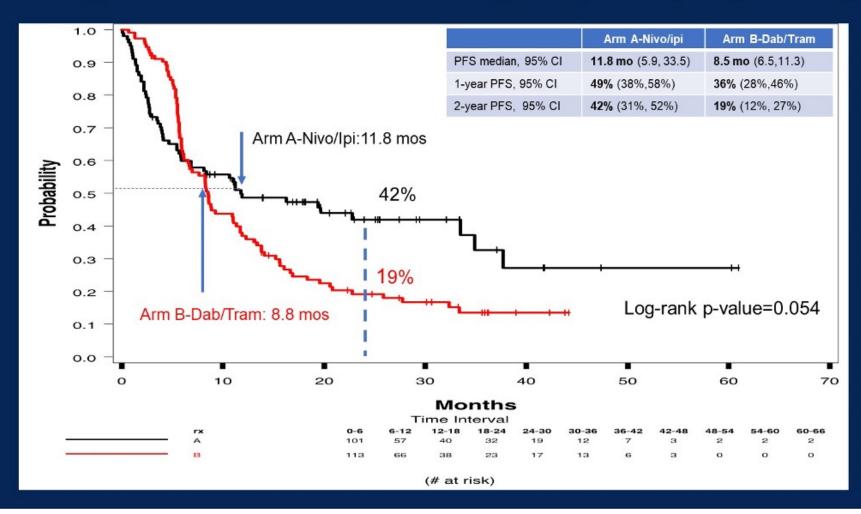
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Progression Free Survival (PFS): Step1 (n=214)



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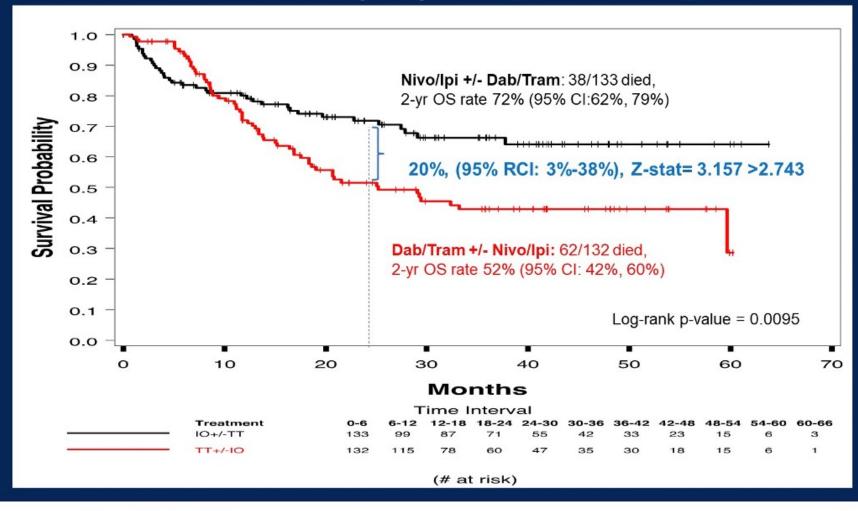
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Overall Survival (OS): Step 1 +/- Step 2



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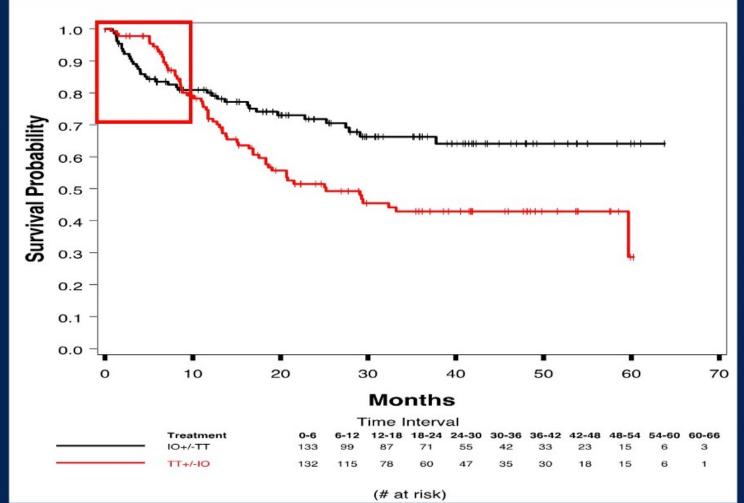
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Early Deaths (<10 mos) on Arm A-Nivo/ipi; N=24



Med OS: 3 mos (0.9-8.4 mos)

PS 1 (42%); **LDH-high** (58%); Stage M1c (71%)

Median Rx Duration < 6 weeks

Off Rx Reason

- · PD= 39%
- AE = 30%
- Death= 26%
- Other= 4%

Crossover to Arm C-TT = 0

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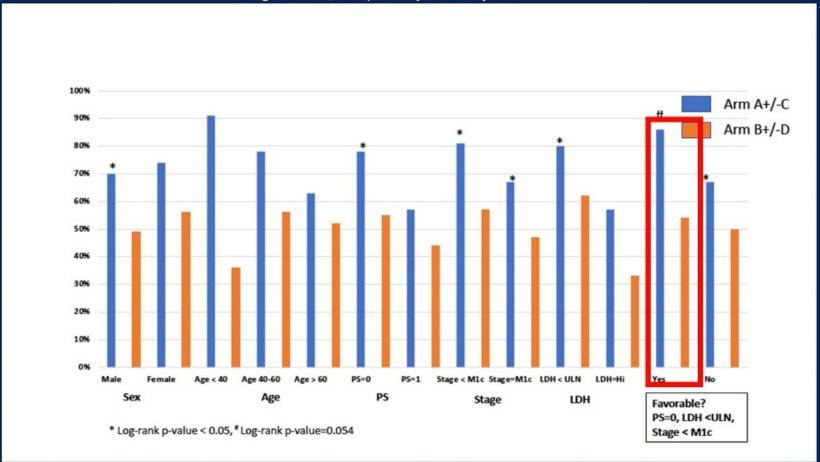
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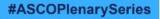
2-yr OS Rate Subgroup Analyses by Sequence

Log-rank test, multiple analysis not adjusted



All favor the sequence of Nivo/ipi to Dab/Tram over Dab/Tram to Nivo/ipi





PRESENTED BY: Michael B. Atkins, MD





Toxicity By Treatment Arm

Step 1

Step 2

	Arm A-IO	Arm B-TT	Arm C-TT	Arm D-IO
	(n=126)	(n=130)	(n=26)	(n=42)
Grade 3+ TRAEs	60%	52%	54%	50%
(95% CI)	(51%, 69%)	(43%, 61%)	(33%, 73%)	(34%, 66%)
Grade 5 AEs (CTEP)^	11	10	3	3
Grade 5 TRAE	2*	0	1#	0

^CTEP Grade 5 AEs = death from any cause within 30 days of last treatment

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^{*}Myocarditis, GI

[#] Thromboembolic-CVA

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MODULE 2: Journal Club with Dr Luke

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Case Presentation – Dr Lipson: A 55-year-old woman with metastatic melanoma and a BRAF V600K mutation



Dr Evan Lipson

- PMH: inflammatory bowel disease
- Diagnosed with Stage IV melanoma
- Low LDH
- Low metastatic tumor burden
- Mutation analysis: BRAF V600K-mutation positive

Question:

What treatment would you recommend?



Case Presentation – Dr Shameem: A 66-year-old man with metastatic melanoma and a BRAF V600E mutation



Dr Raji Shameem

- 2001: Cutaneous melanoma, s/p resection and adjuvant interferon
- 3/2021: Presents to the hospital with ataxic gait → MRI brain: Right cerebellar mass and surrounding vasogenic edema
- CT: Pulmonary nodules, osseous lesion, mediastinal adenopathy and soft tissue masses
- US-guided biopsy: Metastatic melanoma, V600E mutation
- Resection of cerebellar mass and brain RT



Case Presentation – Dr Shameem: A 66-year-old man with metastatic melanoma and a BRAF V600E mutation (continued)



Dr Raji Shameem

- 2001: Cutaneous melanoma, s/p resection and adjuvant interferon
- 3/2021: Presents to the hospital with ataxic gait → MRI brain: Right cerebellar mass and surrounding vasogenic edema
- CT: Pulmonary nodules, osseous lesion, mediastinal adenopathy and soft tissue masses
- US-guided biopsy: Metastatic melanoma, V600E mutation
- Resection of cerebellar mass and brain RT
- Nivolumab/ipilimumab, with excellent response
- Subsequent brain re-imaging: Negative

Questions

- How do you decide between immunotherapy versus BRAF/MEK inhibitor therapy for patients with brain metastases?
- If you decide on a BRAF/MEK combination, how do you decide which doublet to use?
- What has been your experience with encorafenib/binimetinib, especially with regard to pyrexia?



Atezolizumab/vemurafenib/cobimetinib triplet combination; vemurafenib-associated photosensitivity; "Brain fog" with BRAFi/MEKi combination therapy



Dr Evan Lipson



Case Presentation – Dr Zafar: A 69-year-old man with metastatic melanoma and a BRAF V600K mutation



Dr Syed Zafar

- 9/2017: Stage IIIB melanoma of the scalp, with positive lymph nodes and BRAF V600K mutation,
 s/p resection
- Adjuvant dabrafenib/trametinib x 6, stopped by patient due to fevers, malaise, asthenia, EKG issues
- 2018: Recurrent, locally advanced disease but no metastatic disease
- Pembrolizumab, without response, PD
- Encorafenib/binimetinib, with PR → PD

Question

• In a patient with metastatic melanoma and a BRAF V600K mutation, what are your thoughts about subsequent lines of therapy?



Case Presentation – Dr Guancial: A 79-year-old man with Stage IIIC melanoma with a BRAF V600E mutation



Dr Elizabeth Guancial

- PMH: Atrial fibrillation, TIA
- 9/2020: Stage IIIC melanoma, BRAF V600E mutation, s/p resection and bilateral SLNB
- Adjuvant nivolumab, with PD after a couple of months

Question

How do you choose between adjuvant immunotherapy versus a targeted therapy?



Case Presentation – Dr Lipson: A man in his late 40s with resectable melanoma



Dr Evan Lipson

- Presents with a large melanoma tumor on his left upper extremity
- BRAF mutation

Questions

- How would you approach initial treatment for this patient? Would you use a neoadjuvant therapy approach?
- Do you believe that immunotherapy or targeted therapy would be a better option?



Case Presentation – Dr Freedman: A 54-year-old man with metastatic melanoma and a BRAF mutation



Dr Allan Freedman

- 2003: Stage III superficial spreading melanoma (1.6 mm, Clark IV, no ulceration),
 s/p wide excision with no residual disease but 1 sentinel lymph node) -> Lymphadenectomy and adjuvant interferon
- 3/2018: Biopsy-proven metastatic melanoma in axillary nodes, s/p ALND (11/30 nodes positive)
- 7/2018: Nivolumab x 3 months \rightarrow New neck mass biopsy-proven melanoma (33/39 nodes positive)
- Dabrafenib/trametinib, with intermittent fevers, myalgias, headaches and fatigue

Questions

- Would it be reasonable to try a different BRAF/MEK combination in light of his fevers?
- How do you choose among the three BRAF/MEK combination regimens? Do the side effect profiles influence your choice?



Counseling patients with Stage IIIA melanoma about the risks and benefits of adjuvant immunotherapy; Risks and benefits of immunotherapy versus targeted therapy for high-risk melanoma



Dr Evan Lipson



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Multi-Center Phase I/II Open Label Study to Evaluate Safety and Efficacy in Participants with Metastatic BRAF-Mutant Melanoma Treated with Encorafenib with and without Binimetinib in Combination with Nivolumab and Low-dose Ipilimumab (QUAD 01: Quadruple Therapy in Melanoma)

Jameson-Lee M et al.

ASCO 2021; Abstract TPS9596.



QUAD 01 Trial Eligibility Criteria

KEY INCLUSION CRITERIA:

Cohort 1: Brain Metastases

- Metastatic melanoma involving brain (excluding leptomeningeal disease)
- ECOG ≤ 2
- CAN be on 4mg of dex if stable/decreasing dose
- No SRT or surgery w/in 3 weeks
- No seizures 10 days
- Prior whole-brain radiation excluded

Cohort 2: Elevated LDH with Liver Mets OR Bulky Disease

- ECOG ≤ 1
- LDH > 1x ULN with a) liver metastases OR b)SLD >44mm

- Histologically confirmed metastatic or unresectable BRAF^{V600E/K} mutant melanoma
- Greater than 6
 months from
 adjuvant therapy (if
 any given) and/or
 have recently
 started treatment
 with up to 6 weeks
 of targeted therapy



QUAD 01 Trial Schema

Phase I Groups:

- 2 groups, 12 patients each
- Concurrent enrollment
- Nominate Triple or Quad Therapy for Phase II

BRAF+PD1+CTLA4 Inhibition

BRAF+MEK+PD1+CTLA4 Inhibition

BRAF = encorafenib 300mg or 450 mg
MEK = binimetinib 45mg
PD1 = nivolumab 3mg/kg
CTLA4 = ipilimumab 1mg/kg

RP2R

for triple or quadruple therapy

Phase II Expansion:

30 patients each cohort

Cohort 1: Brain Metastases

Cohort 2: Elevated LDH w/ liver metastases OR SLD >44mm

Primary Endpoint: Recommended Phase II Regimen (RP2R) **Secondary Endpoints:** Overall response rate, progression free survival, overall survival



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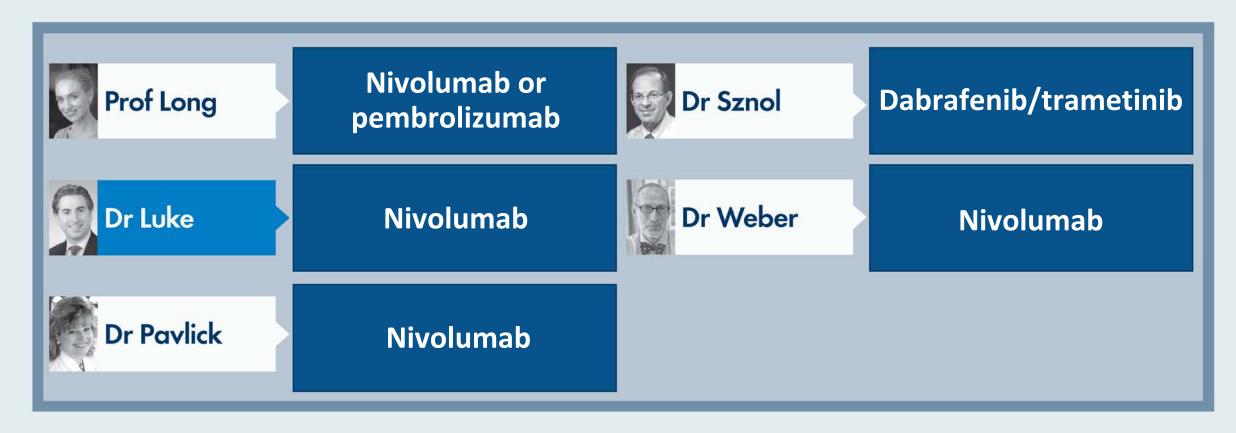


Have you administered or would you administer <u>neoadjuvant</u> BRAF-targeted therapy to a patient with borderline-resectable <u>BRAF-mutant</u> melanoma outside of a clinical trial setting?



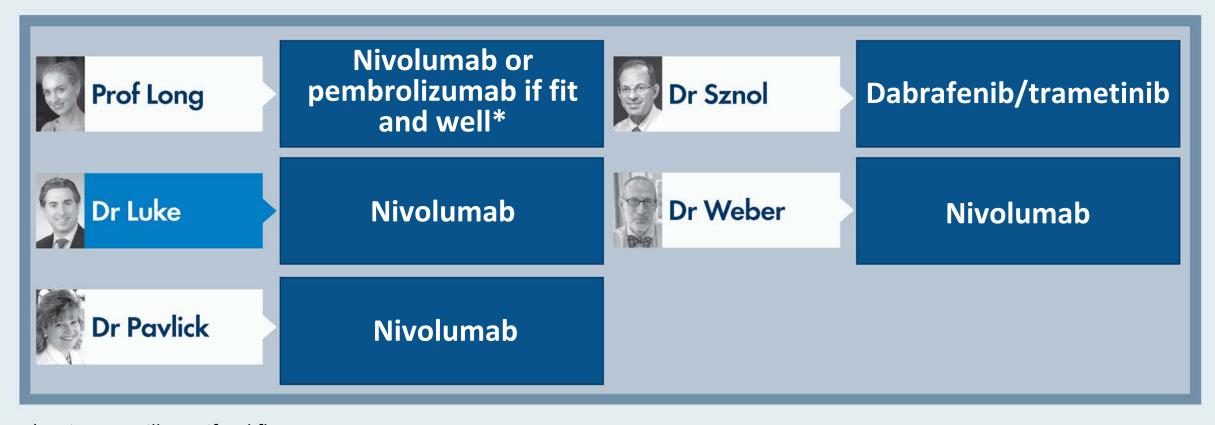


What is your usual approach to adjuvant systemic treatment, if any, for a <u>35-year-old</u> patient who is s/p complete surgical resection of <u>Stage IIIB</u> primary melanoma with a BRAF V600E mutation and <u>3 positive axillary nodes</u>?





What is your usual approach to adjuvant systemic treatment, if any, for an <u>80-year-old</u> patient who is s/p complete surgical resection of <u>Stage IIIB</u> primary melanoma with a BRAF V600E mutation and <u>3 positive axillary nodes</u>?



^{*}Active surveillance if red flags

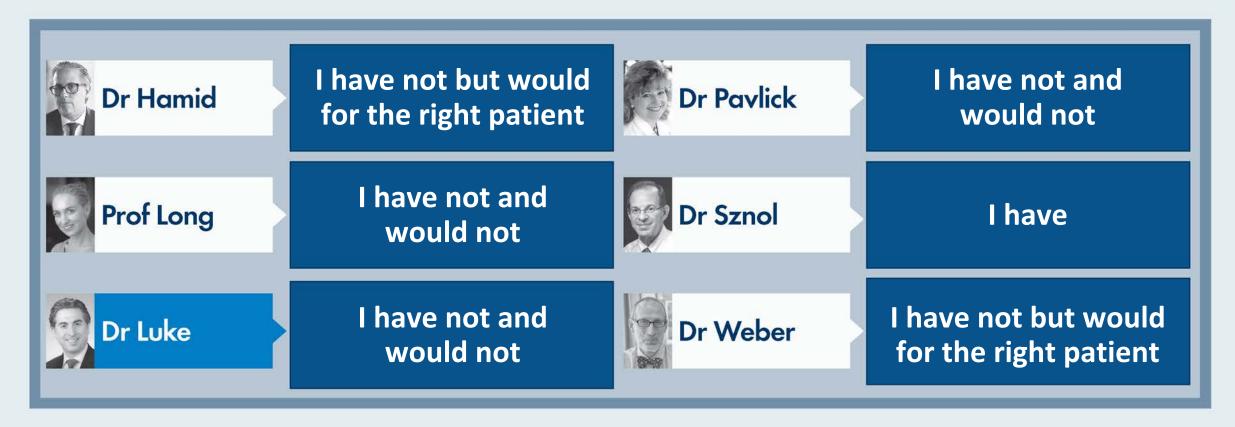


What is your usual approach to adjuvant systemic treatment, if any, for a <u>35-year-old</u> patient who is s/p complete surgical resection of <u>Stage IIC</u> primary melanoma with a BRAF V600E mutation?



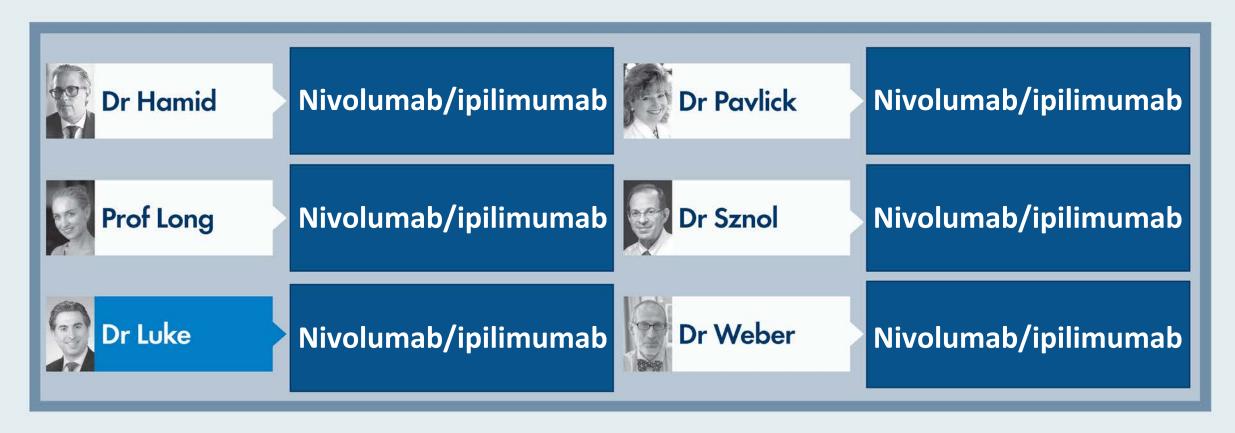


Have you administered or would you administer either encorafenib/binimetinib or vemurafenib/cobimetinib as adjuvant therapy to a patient with BRAF-mutant melanoma outside of a clinical trial setting?



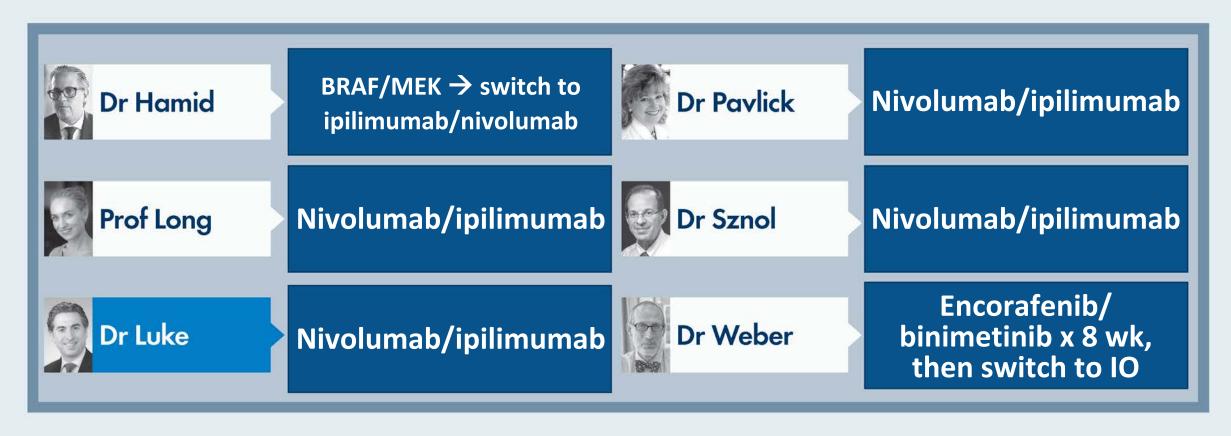


What would you generally recommend as first-line treatment for an <u>asymptomatic, clinically stable</u> younger patient with BRAF-mutant metastatic melanoma?



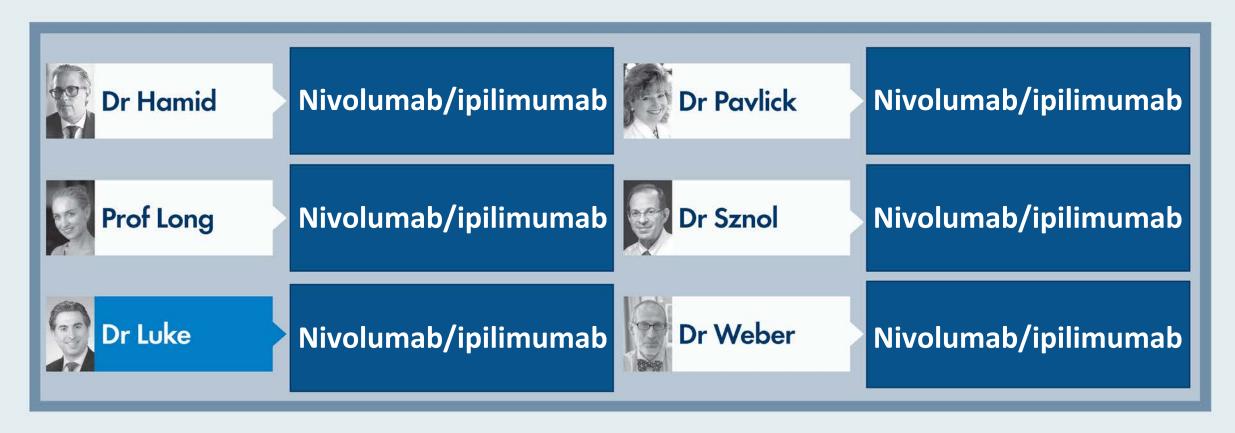


What would you generally recommend as first-line treatment for a <u>symptomatic younger patient</u> with <u>extensive</u> BRAF-mutant metastatic melanoma?



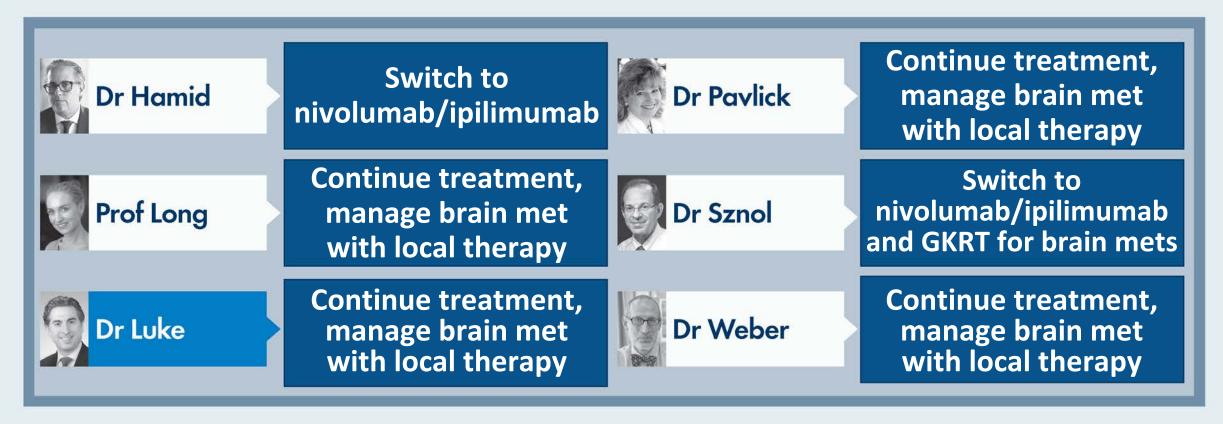


What would you generally recommend as initial treatment for an asymptomatic younger patient with BRAF-mutant melanoma with systemic metastases and multiple bilateral, small brain metastases that would require whole-brain radiation therapy?





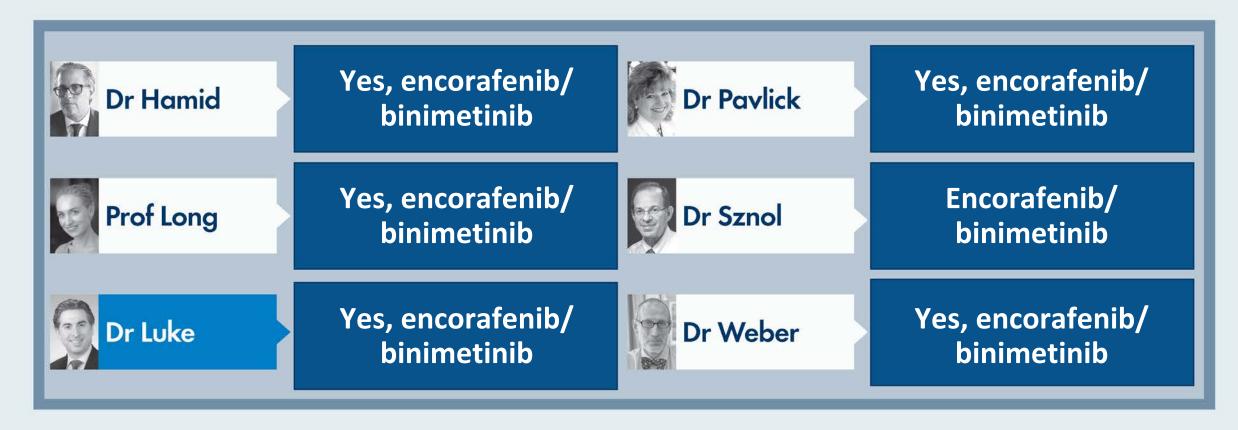
An asymptomatic younger patient with BRAF-mutant melanoma is receiving first-line encorafenib/binimetinib and develops a new solitary brain metastasis with no evidence of disease progression elsewhere. What would you generally recommend?







For a patient with metastatic BRAF-mutant melanoma to whom you have decided to administer a BRAF/MEK inhibitor combination, in general, do you have a preference as to which one?





Based on current clinical trial data and your personal experience, how would you compare the rapidity of response observed with BRAF/MEK inhibitor combination therapy to that of anti-PD-1 monotherapy in patients with metastatic melanoma?



Dr Hamid

BRAF/MEK inhibitor combination yields more rapid responses



Dr Pavlick

BRAF/MEK inhibitor combination yields more rapid responses



Prof Long





Dr Sznol

BRAF/MEK inhibitor combination yields more rapid responses



Dr Luke

About the same

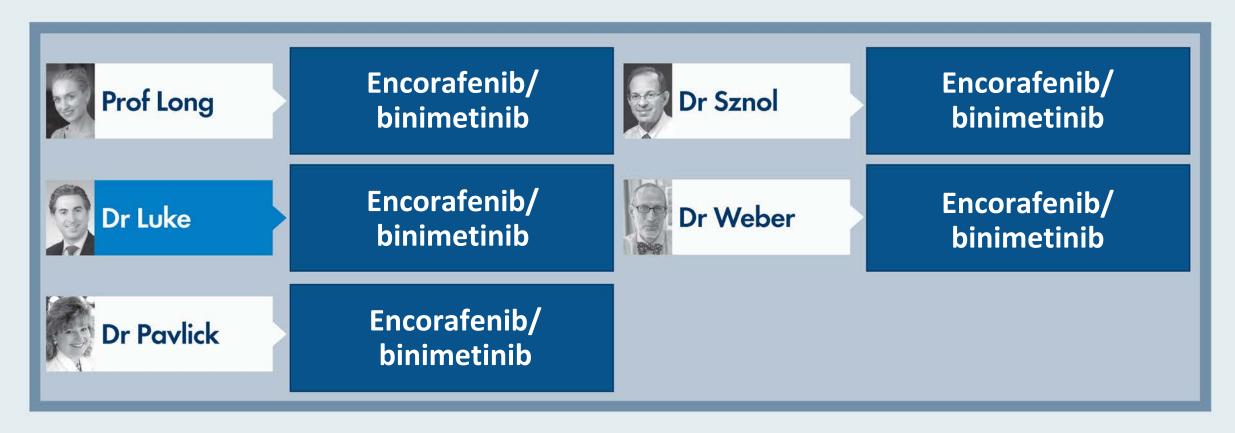


Dr Weber

BRAF/MEK inhibitor combination yields more rapid responses

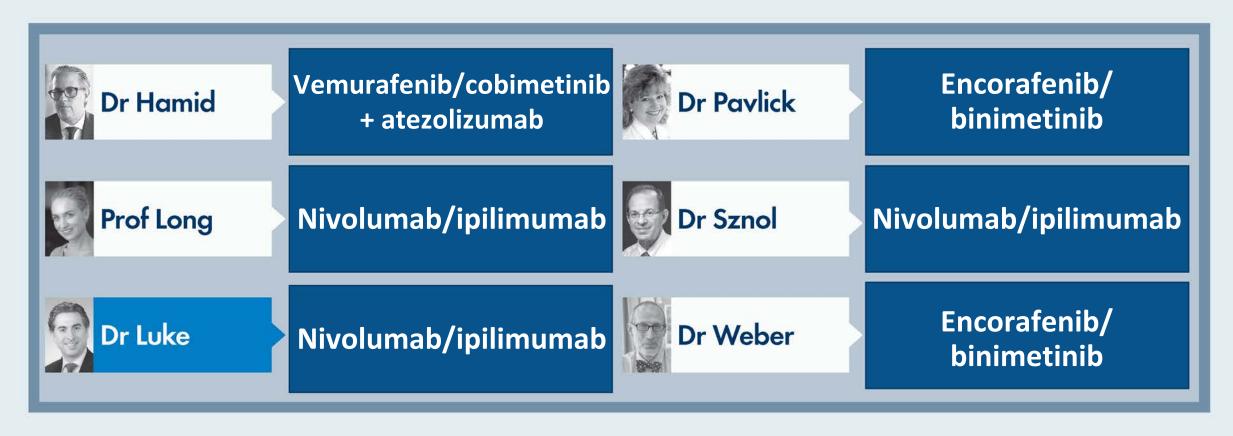


What is your most likely second-line treatment recommendation for a patient with BRAF-mutant metastatic melanoma who experiences mildly symptomatic disease progression on first-line nivolumab/ipilimumab?





What is your most likely treatment recommendation for a patient who undergoes resection of localized BRAF-mutant melanoma and receives an adjuvant <u>anti-PD-1 antibody</u> but presents with <u>highly symptomatic</u> metastatic disease <u>2 years later</u>?





Meet The Professor with Dr Luke

Introduction: DREAMseq Phase III Study

MODULE 1: Case Presentations

- Dr Lipson: A 55-year-old woman with metastatic melanoma and a BRAF V600K mutation
- Dr Shameem: A 66-year-old man with metastatic melanoma and a BRAF V600E mutation
- Dr Zafar: A 69-year-old man with metastatic melanoma and a BRAF V600K mutation
- Dr Guancial: A 79-year-old man with melanoma and a history of transient ischemic attacks
- Dr Lipson: A man in his late 40s with resectable melanoma
- Dr Freedman: A 54-year-old man with metastatic melanoma and a BRAF mutation

MODULE 2: Journal Club with Dr Luke

MODULE 3: Beyond the Guidelines

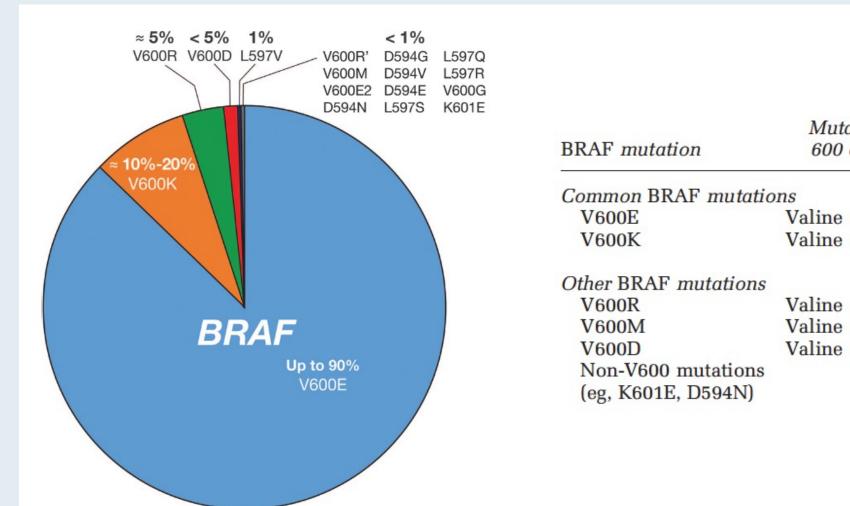
MODULE 4: Appendix – Key Data Sets



Localized Disease



Incidence and Types of BRAF Mutation in Melanoma



BRAF mutation	Mutation at codon 600 of BRAF gene	Incidence in BRAF-mutant melanoma, %	
Common BRAF mutation	ons		
V600E	Valine → glutamic acid	84.6	
V600K	Valine → lysine	7.7	
Other BRAF mutations			
V600R	Valine → arginine	1	
V600M	Valine → leucine	0.3	
V600D	Valine → aspartic acid	0.1	
Non-V600 mutations (eg, K601E, D594N)		< 1	



The NEW ENGLAND JOURNAL of MEDICINE

ESTABLISHED IN 1812

NOVEMBER 9, 2017

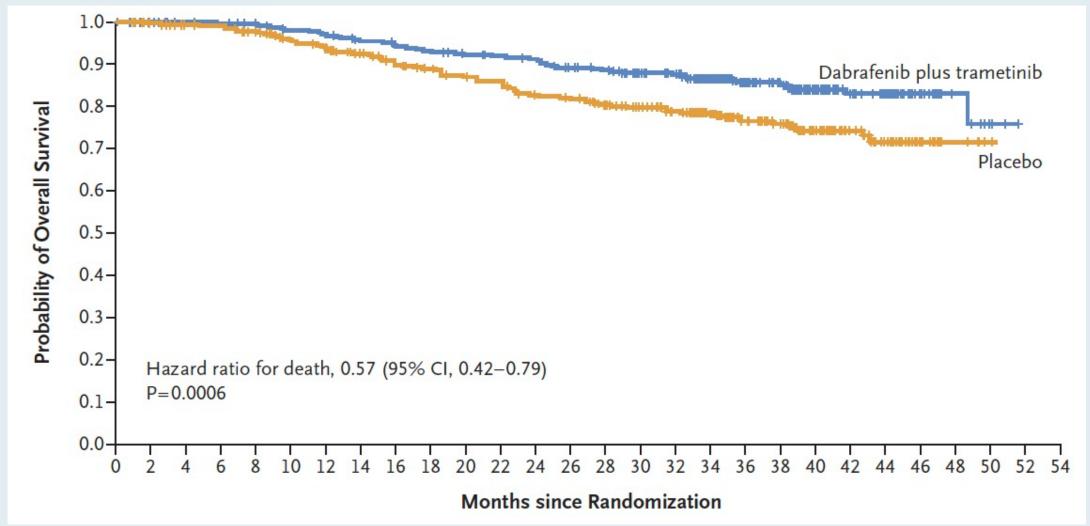
VOL. 377 NO. 19

Adjuvant Dabrafenib plus Trametinib in Stage III BRAF-Mutated Melanoma

G.V. Long, A. Hauschild, M. Santinami, V. Atkinson, M. Mandalà, V. Chiarion-Sileni, J. Larkin, M. Nyakas,
C. Dutriaux, A. Haydon, C. Robert, L. Mortier, J. Schachter, D. Schadendorf, T. Lesimple, R. Plummer, R. Ji,
P. Zhang, B. Mookerjee, J. Legos, R. Kefford, R. Dummer, and J.M. Kirkwood



COMBI-AD: Three-Year Overall Survival





COMBI-AD: Tolerability

	Dabrafenib/trametinib (N = 435)	Placebo (N = 432)
Discontinuation due to AE	26%	3%
Dose reduction due to AE	38%	3%
Dose interruption due to AE	66%	15%

AE = adverse event



N Engl J Med 2020;383:1139-48

The NEW ENGLAND JOURNAL of MEDICINE

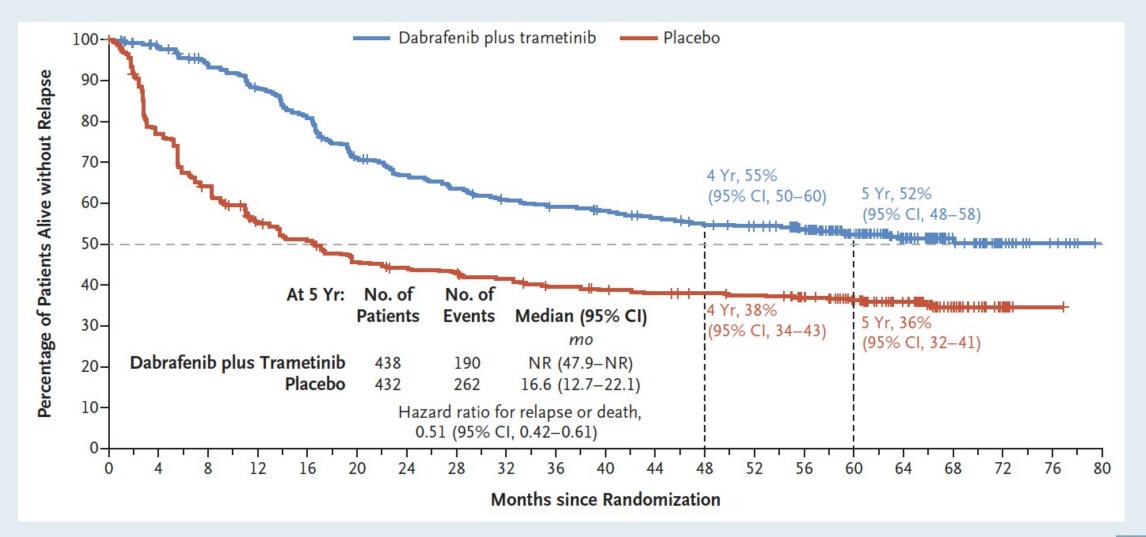
ORIGINAL ARTICLE

Five-Year Analysis of Adjuvant Dabrafenib plus Trametinib in Stage III Melanoma

R. Dummer, A. Hauschild, M. Santinami, V. Atkinson, M. Mandalà, J.M. Kirkwood, V. Chiarion Sileni, J. Larkin, M. Nyakas, C. Dutriaux, A. Haydon, C. Robert, L. Mortier, J. Schachter, T. Lesimple, R. Plummer, K. Dasgupta, E. Gasal, M. Tan, G.V. Long, and D. Schadendorf

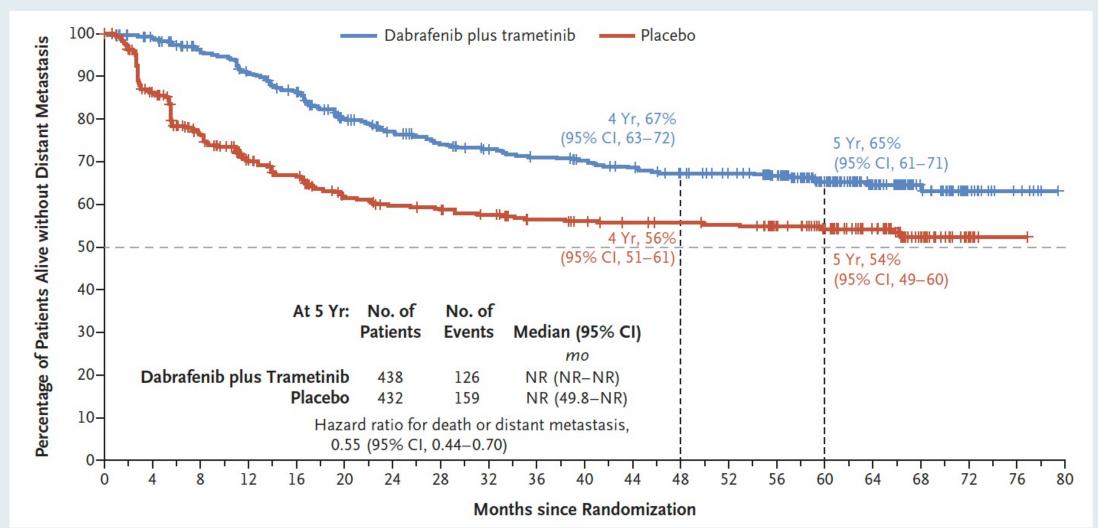


COMBI-AD: Five-Year Analysis of Relapse-Free Survival





COMBI-AD: Five-Year Analysis of Survival without Distant Metastases





FDA-Approved Adjuvant Immunotherapy Options for Melanoma

	FDA			HR (RFS)			Treatment	
Monotherapy	approval	Pivotal study	BRAF status	ITT	BRAF wt	BRAF mutant	discontinuation	
Pembrolizumab	2/14/19	KEYNOTE-054	All comers	0.59	0.61	0.59	14%	
Nivolumab	12/20/17	CheckMate 238	All comers	0.71	0.69	0.79	10%	
Ipilimumab	10/28/15	EORTC-18071	All comers	0.75	NR	NR	53%	

RFS = relapse-free survival; NR = not reported



Metastatic Disease



FDA-Approved BRAF/MEK Combination Options for First-Line Therapy for Melanoma with a BRAF V600 Mutation

Combination regimen	FDA approval	N	Pivotal study	Median OS	HR (OS)
Encorafenib + binimetinib vs vemurafenib	6/27/2018	276	COLUMBUS ¹	34.7 vs 21.4 mo	0.64
Dabrafenib + trametinib	11/20/2015	211 352	COMBI-d ² COMBI-v ²	4-y OS: 37% 5-y OS: 34%	NR
Cobimetinib + vemurafenib vs vemurafenib	11/10/2015	495	coBRIM ³	22.5 vs 17.4 mo 5-y OS: 31% vs 26%	0.80

OS = overall survival



¹ Dummer R et al. ASCO 2021; Abstract 9507. ² Robert C et al. *N Engl J Med* 2019; 381(7):626-36. ³ Ascierto PA et al. *Clin Cancer Res* 2021; [Online ahead of print].

Select Any-Grade Adverse Events with BRAFi/MEKi Doublet Regimens

	COMBI-V Dabrafenib/trametinib (N = 350)	CoBRIM Vemurafenib/cobimetinib (N = 209)	COLUMBUS Encorafenib/binimetinib (N = 192)
AE leading to discontinuation	16%	15%	13%
Rash	24%	41%	14%
Photosensitivity reactions	4%	34%	4%
Cutaneous SCC	1%	4%	3%
Basal cell carcinoma	1%	6%	2%
Diarrhea	34%	61%	36%
Pyrexia	55%	29%	18%
ALT/AST increase	26%	51%	19%
Blood CPK increase	3%	35%	23%
Cardiovascular*	39%	32%	17%
Ocular events	6%	24%	19%

^{*}QT interval prolongation, ejection fraction decrease, hypertension



Articles

Atezolizumab, vemurafenib, and cobimetinib as first-line treatment for unresectable advanced *BRAF*^{V600} mutation-positive melanoma (IMspire150): primary analysis of the randomised, double-blind, placebo-controlled, phase 3 trial

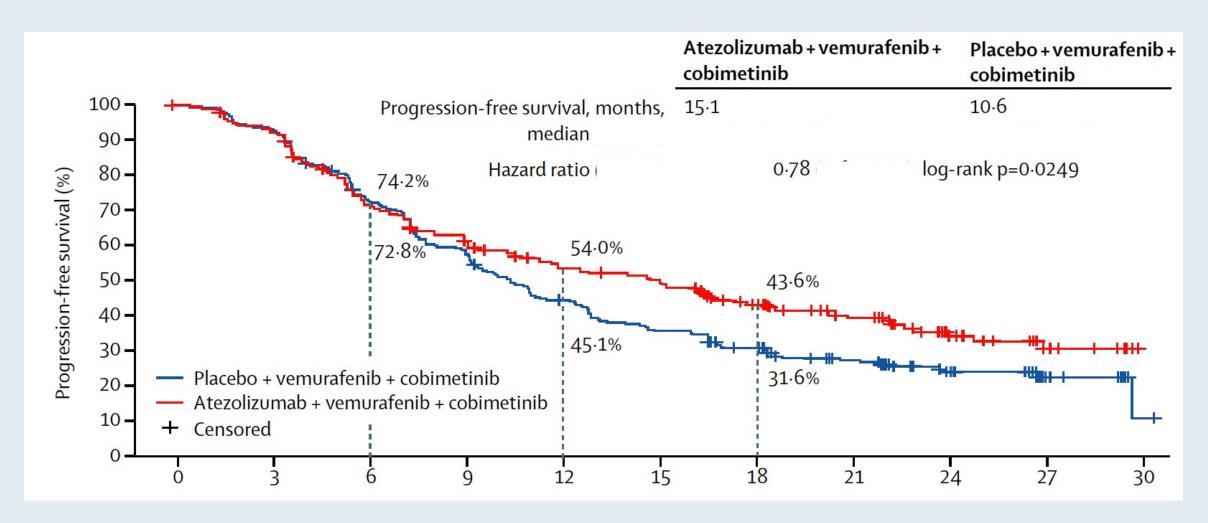


Ralf Gutzmer, Daniil Stroyakovskiy, Helen Gogas, Caroline Robert, Karl Lewis, Svetlana Protsenko, Rodrigo P Pereira, Thomas Eigentler, Piotr Rutkowski, Lev Demidov, Georgy Moiseevich Manikhas, Yibing Yan, Kuan-Chieh Huang, Anne Uyei, Virginia McNally, Grant A McArthur*, Paolo A Ascierto*

Lancet 2020;395:1835-44



IMspire 150: Investigator-Assessed PFS (ITT)



Time (months)

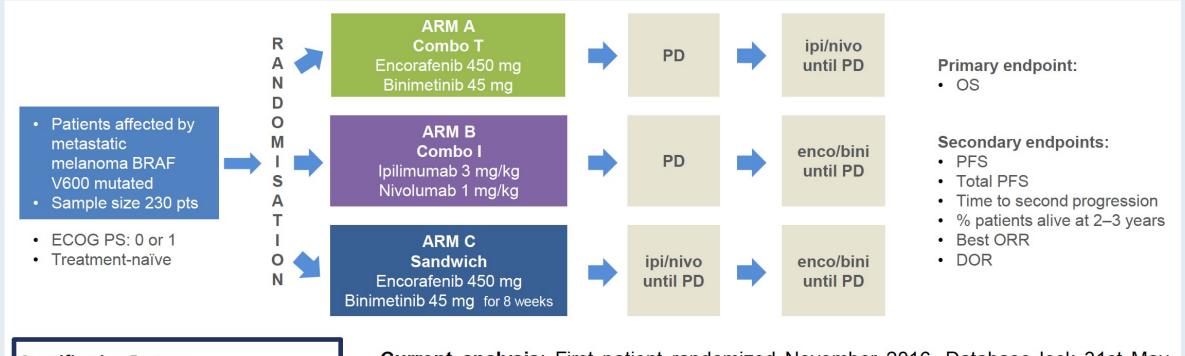


IMspire150: Selected Adverse Events

Adverse events (AEs)	Atezolizumab/ vemurafenib/ cobimetinib (n = 230)	Placebo/ vemurafenib/ cobimetinib (n = 281)
Grade 3 or 4 AEs	79%	73%
Increased blood creatine phosphokinase	20%	15%
Increased aminotransferase	8%	4%
Increased amylase	10%	7%
Increased aspartate aminotransferase	8%	4%
Immune-related AEs requiring steroids	63%	51%
Discontinuation of treatment due to AEs	13%	16%



SECOMBIT Phase II Study Design



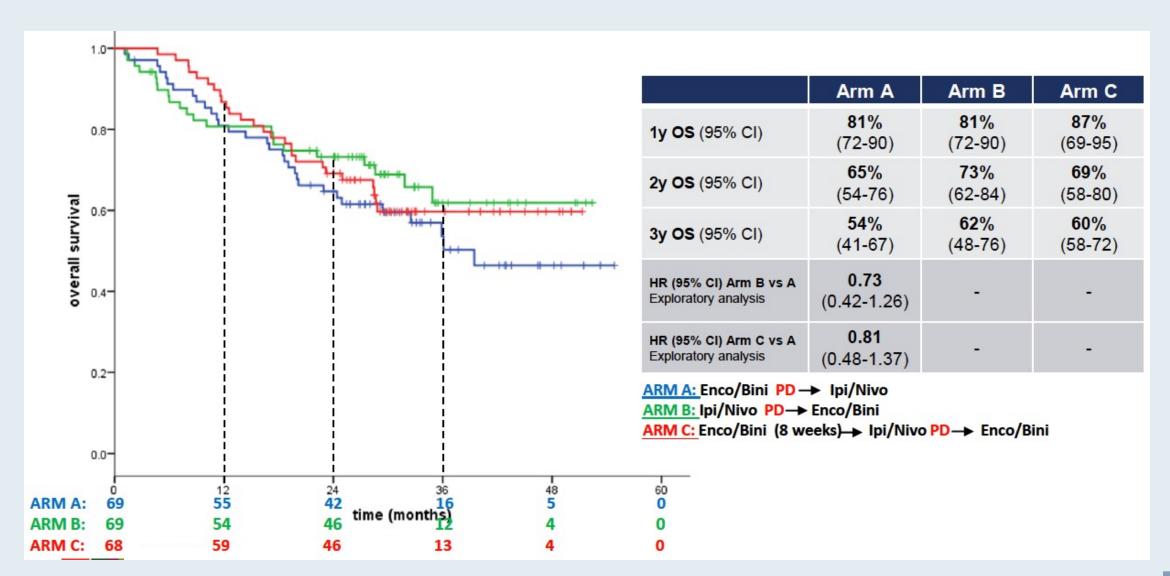
Stratification Factors:

- \rightarrow IIIb/c M1a M1b
- M1c with LDH ≤ 2ULN
- ➤ M1c with elevated LDH > 2 ULN

Current analysis: First patient randomized November 2016. Database lock 31st May 2021: 24- and 36-months PFS rate, total PFS at 24- and 36 months, OS at 24- and 36 months, Safety report. Duration of follow-up: the median follow-up estimated with the reverse Kaplan-Meier method is **32.2 months** (IQR= 27.9-41.6).



SECOMBIT: Overall Survival





SECOMBIT: Safety Overview

	ARM A (n = 69)		ARM B (n = 69)		ARM C (n = 68)	
Patients reporting event	Any grade Grade 3/4		Any grade	Grade 3/4	Any grade	Grade 3/4
Any Adverse Event n, (%)	65 (94) 41 (59)		68 (99)	51 (74)	59 (87)	35 (51)
Treatment-related AE*, n, (%)	60 (87) 27 (39)		63 (91)	41 (59)	57 (84)	26 (38)
Treatment-related AE* leading to discontinuation, n, (%)	7 (10)		7 (10)		6 (9)	

^{*} Certain, Probable, Possible relation only

- No new safety signals were observed as compared to the established safety profile of IPI+NIVO and ENCO+BINI respectively.
- No Treatment-related deaths



SECOMBIT: Adverse Events

	ARM A (69 pts)		ARM B	(69 pts)	ARM C (68 pts)	
	Any Grade	G3-G4	Any Grade	G3-G4	Any Grade	G3-G4
Fatigue/Asthenia n, (%)	30 (43)	1 (1)	21 (30)	4 (6)	20 (29)	2 (3)
CPK increase n, (%)	26 (38)	6 (9)	7 (10)	1 (1)	8 (12)	0
Diarrhoea n, (%)	22 (32)	3 (4)	28 (41)	4 (6)	20 (29)	4 (6)
Fever n, (%)	13 (19)	0	14 (20)	0	9 (13)	2 (3)
Nausea n, (%)	21 (30)	1 (1)	7 (10)	1 (1)	10 (15)	0
Pruritus n, (%)	6 (9)	0	19 (27)	0	17 (25)	0
Rash n, (%)	8 (11)	1 (1)	16 (23)	2 (3)	19 (28)	1 (1)
Hypothyroidism, n (%)	8 (11)	0	18 (26)	0	9 (13)	0
Transaminases increase n, (%)	21 (30)	3 (4)	12 (17)	10 (14)	16 (23)	5 (7)
Hyperthyroidism, n (%)	5 (7)	0	14 (20)	2 (3)	7 (10)	0
Myalgia/Arthralgia n, (%)	11 (16)	0	9 (13)	2 (3)	6 (9)	1 (1)
Blurred vision n, (%)	13 (19)	0	7 (10)	1 (1)	5 (7)	0
Lipase increase n, (%)	8 (11)	2 (3)	14 (20)	5 (7)	9 (13)	8 (12)



FDA-Approved First-Line Immunotherapy-Based Therapies for Melanoma

				HR (PFS)		
	FDA approval	Pivotal studies	BRAF status for study entry	ITT	BRAF wt	BRAF mutant
Pembrolizumab	9/4/14 12/18/15	KEYNOTE-001 KEYNOTE-006	All comers	0.58	0.57	0.44*
Nivolumab	9/4/14 12/20/17	CheckMate 037 CheckMate 067	All comers	0.53	0.47	0.71
Nivolumab + ipilimumab	9/30/15 1/23/16	CheckMate 067	All comers	0.42	0.41	0.44
Atezolizumab + cobimetinib and vemurafenib	7/30/20	IMspire150	BRAF V600 mutation	0.78	N/A	0.78

^{*} No prior BRAF inhibitor; pembro q3wk



Meet The Professor

Optimizing the Management of Metastatic Castration-Resistant Prostate Cancer

Tuesday, November 30, 2021 5:00 PM - 6:00 PM ET

Faculty
A Oliver Sartor, MD

Moderator Neil Love, MD



Thank you for joining us!

CME and MOC credit information will be emailed to each participant within 5 business days.

